

Women and Men in the Caribbean Community

Facts and Figures, 1998 - 2005



Caribbean Community Secretariat
Statistics Sub-Programme
May 2008

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The CARICOM Secretariat wishes to acknowledge and thank those Organisations and persons for their invaluable contribution in supplying the data either by means of printed publications or through direct contact. Among these are the National Statistical Offices of Member States. The Secretariat looks forward to the continued support of these Organisations in the preparation of future editions of this report.

The Secretariat also would like to thank the International Labour Organisation for its valuable support through its website.

Sincere thanks and appreciation are also extended to the Staff of the Statistics Sub-Programme for compiling and preparing this report.

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ABBREVIATIONS & ACRONYMS

CARICOM Caribbean Community

UN United Nations

UNFPA United Nations Population Fund

ICPD International Conference on Population and Development

MDG Millennium Development Goal

AG Antigua and Barbuda

BS The Bahamas

BB Barbados

BZ Belize

DM Dominica

GD Grenada

GY Guyana

JM Jamaica

MS Montserrat

KN St. Kitts and Nevis

LC Saint Lucia

VC St. Vincent and the Grenadines

SR Suriname

TT Trinidad and Tobago

AI Anguilla

BM Bermuda

TC Turks and Caicos Islands

VG British Virgin Islands

NOTES

Efforts were made to assess the degree of harmonization of the indicators.

Indicators that are fully harmonized represented by "H" imply that the conceptual and methodological differences among Member States / Associate Members are negligible.

Indicators that are partially harmonized represented by "PH", imply there is harmonization among some Member States/ Associate Members, but also substantive differences among some of those same states or others.

"NH", there is an absence of harmonization with regards to concepts and methodologies among Member States/ Associate Members

WE1: ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION, 1998 - 2005

PH

Concept and Definition

The Economically Active Population comprises all persons of either sex above a specified age who furnish the supply of labour for the production of economic goods and services, as defined by the 1993 System of National Accounts (1993)

SNA), during a specified reference period. (ILO 1982, 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians)

The Economically Active Population is also referred to as the following: "usually active" or "currently active" or "the labour force". The Economically Inactive Population on the other hand refers to the proportion of the population not in the labour force.

Note: The "Not Stated" category (Table 1.1) refers to those cases where it could not be determined whether a person should be placed in the Economically Active or Inactive Population.

Method of Computation

The Economically Active Population is equal to those persons who are employed plus the unemployed during the specified reference period.

Indicator Relevance

The Labour Force can be used to determine the size and composition of a country's human resources that are available for the production of goods and services and in making projections of potential labour availability and

requirements as well as labour force participation of the population in the future. It is therefore a key factor in the pursuance and achievement of economic growth of a country. The data gathered under this theme can be used in formulating policies relating to employment and training needs as well as social security systems. Labour force participation is to some extent dependent on the opportunities for employment that exist and the wages and salaries that are offered. This indicator is useful in assessing job creation and for the identification of employment opportunities as well as in determining the areas of skills that are required relative to the Human Resource Development strategies at the individual or country level.

The economically active population is compared to the total population for the derivation of various rates and measures of economic activity such as the crude participation rate, or, more specifically, to the population above the age prescribed for the measurement of the economically active population.

Data Assessment

At the national level there are differences with regard to the concept of the economically active population (see **Appendix 1**). Similarly there are differences

in the activity status of the unemployed and employed based on the extended definition used by some countries to measure the unemployed. For example there are differences in age groups across countries for inclusion in the labour force. There are also data quality issues depending on the source of the data, a survey versus a census. There is generally greater confidence in the quality of data derived from the regular labour force surveys than for the censuses. In Table 1.1 the *Not Stated* category is omitted.

Gender Dimension

Access to economic resources by women and men is reflected in their participation in the workforce, the types of jobs they have, their working hours,

the pay they receive and related social security. It has been observed that although the entry of women into the

labour force has been increasing, their participation rates are still lower than that of men. An area of concern is the issue of access to education and training of women and men and the implications for economic activity. Also it is noted that although women are primarily engaged in the care of family dependents, household/home-based work, part-time jobs, self employment and working in micro-enterprises, some of these activities may not be reflected in economic activity.

The level of education and qualification of women and men can also be correlated with the actual employment levels by occupation and industry, to gauge if there are any differentials among women and men.

Data Sources

Please refer to **Appendix 3** for the sources of data on the economically active population of Member States and Associate Members.

Evaluation

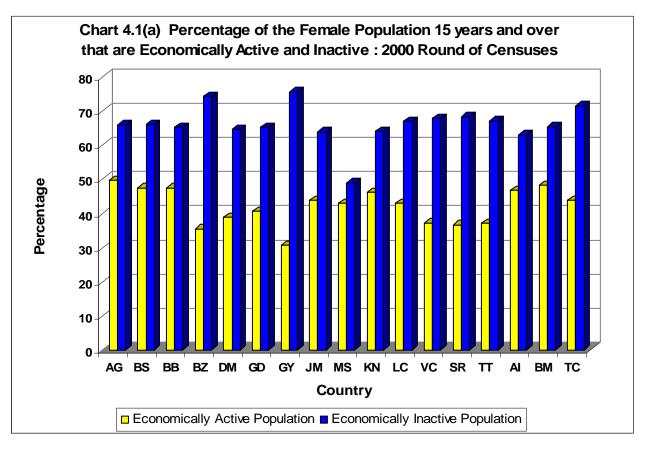
Tables 4.1 and **4.1(a)** present the total population 15 years and over for the 2000 Round of Censuses in Member States¹. The total economically active population for the fourteen Member States shown, amounted to *1.07* million women and *1.55* million men with a

percentage composition of 41 per cent women to 59 per cent men. The total economically active population of the three Associate Members was 26.1 thousand women and 29.2 thousand men. More men are economically active than women in all the Member States. with the exception of Antigua and Barbuda where the percentages of women and men are equal. On the other hand 67 per cent of the Economically Inactive Population was women and 33 per cent was men for Member States and Associate Members. Therefore for the 2000 Round the bias towards men in being economically active was reflected in the data.

In looking at the composition of the Labour Force in these Member States (**Table 4.1a**), the smallest gaps between women and men that are economically active were observed in the case of The Bahamas and Barbados (Women at 48 per cent and Men at 52 per cent) while the largest gaps was observed in Guyana (Women at 31 per cent and Men at 69 per cent) where more than twice as many men were in the labour force than women. Noticeable differences were noted in the cases of Belize (Women at 35 per cent and Men at 65 per cent) while for St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname and Trinidad and Tobago the composition of men exceed that of women by 26 per cent (Women at 37 per cent and Men at 63 per cent).

Table 4.2 shows the trends in the economic activity of the population 15 years and over during the period 1998-2005 based on available data. Only in four Member States, The Bahamas(2004), Jamaica, Saint Lucia and Trinidad and Tobago were data available for this period while Barbados, Belize and Bermuda had data for the period 1998-2002. All of the countries stated above recorded increases in the number of persons in the labour force except for Bermuda from 1999 and 2002 with a slight decline. Increases in the number of persons in the labour market were seen in The Bahamas in 1998 with the number of women and men in the labour force moving from 55,310 and 56,060 respectively to 86,055 and 90,275 in 2004. Other increases in the labour force were noted in the case of: Jamaica from 514,700 women (46 per cent) and 614,000 men (54 per cent) in 1998 to 529,150 women (44 per cent) and 661,900 men (56 per cent) in 2005; Saint Lucia from 32,850 women (45 per cent) and 39,350 men (55 per cent) in 1998 to 36,572 women (46 per cent) and 42,220 men (54 per cent) in 2004 and Trinidad and Tobago 213,900 women (38 per cent) and 344,700 men (62 per cent) in 1998 to 261,700 women (41 per cent) and 371,000 men (59 per cent) in 2005.

¹ For Jamaica and The Bahamas data from the Labour Force Surveys are presented.



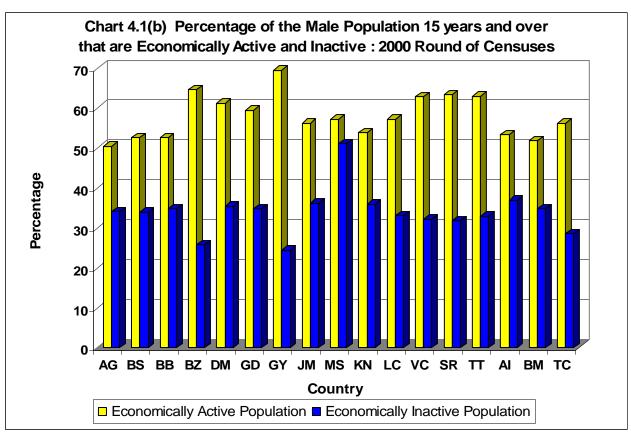


Table 4.1 Population 15 Years and over of the Economically Active and Economically Inactive Population: 2000 Round of Census

Population: 2000 Round of Census											
	Total	Populatio	n 15+		omically A		Economically Inactive				
MEMBER STATES					Population			opulation			
A.C.	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total		
AG 2001	24,810	21,000	45,810	16,432	16,665	33,097	7,940	4,092	12,032		
BS 2001	113,700	104,800	218,500	79,870	84,805	164,675	33,810	20,145	53,955		
BB 2000	103,150	92,259	195,409	62,047	68,487	130,534	37,774	20,115	57,889		
BZ 2000	71,105	71,431	142,536	31,797	57,822	89,619	39,308	13,609	52,917		
DM 2001	24,027	24,260	48,287	10,832	17,033	27,865	13,195	7,227	20,422		
GD											
2001 GY	29,412	28,918	58,330	14,256	20,846	35,102	15,156	8,072	23,228		
2002	243,696	240,341	484,037	83,073	188,653	271,726	160,623	51,688	212,311		
JM 2001	894,450	852,650	1,747,100	486,700	618,100	1,104,800	407,750	234,550	642,300		
MS 2001	1,560	1,875	3,435	861	1,146	2,007	698	727	1,425		
KN 2001	16,682	16,213	32,895	10,644	12,391	23,035	5,679	3,178	8,857		
LC 2001	56,637	53,295	109,932	29,735	39,592	69,327	26,724	13,202	39,926		
VC 2001	36,569	37,109	73,678	16,276	27,503	43,779	20,293	9,606	29,899		
SR 2004		154,836	309,014		109,627	173,111	84,168	39,166	123,334		
TT 2000		411,957	829,656		288,189	458,399	243,376	119,139	362,515		
2000	·	·	·	ŕ	•	·	•	119,139	302,313		
TOTAL MEMBER STATES	2,185,372	2,109,030	4,294,402	1,069,739	1,547,058	2,616,797	1,099,315	543,165	1,642,480		
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS											
AI 2001	4,182	4,015	8,197	2,827	3,222	6,049	1,355	793	2,148		
BM 2000	26,311	23,901	50,212	18,321	19,657	37,978	7,990	4,244	12,234		
TC 2001	7,033	7,160	14,193	4,946	6,329	11,275	2,087	831	2,918		
TOTAL ASSOCIATE MEMBERS	37,526	35,076			29,208	55,302		5,868	17,300		
TOTAL MEMBER STATES AND ASSOCIATE MEMBERS		2,144,106	4,367,004	1,095,833	1,576,266	2,672,099	1,110,747	549,033	1,659,780		

Notes: For some countries the components do not add up to the **Total Population 15+** due to the omission of the "**Not Stated**" category.

The Bahamas' and Jamaica's data was sourced from Labour Force Surveys.

Table 4.1(a) Percentage Composition of the Total Population 15 Years and over of the Economically Active and Economically Inactive Population: 2000 Round of Census

MEMBER	STATES	Total	Population	on 15+		mically A		Economically Inactive Population		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	54	46	100	50	50	100	66	34	100
BS	2001	52	48	100	49	51	100	63	37	100
ВВ	2000	53	47	100	48	52	100	65	35	100
BZ	2000	50	50	100	35	65	100	74	26	100
DM	2001	50	50	100	39	61	100	65	35	100
GD	2001	50	50	100	41	59	100	65	35	100
GY	2002	50	50	100	31	69	100	76	24	100
JM	2001	51	49	100	44	56	100	63	37	100
MS	2001	45	55	100	43	57	100	49	51	100
KN	2001	51	49	100	46	54	100	64	36	100
LC	2001	52	48	100	43	57	100	67	33	100
VC	2001	50	50	100	37	63	100	68	32	100
SR	2004	50	50	100	37	63	100	68	32	100
TT	2000	50	50	100	37	63	100	67	33	100
TOTAL MEME	BER STATES	51	49	100	41	59	100	67	33	100
ASSOCIATE	MEMBERS									
Al	2001	51	49	100	47	53	100	63	37	100
ВМ	2000	52	48	100	48	52	100	65	35	100
TC	2001	50	50	100	44	56	100	72	28	100
TOTAL ASSOCIATE MEMBERS		52	48	100	47	53	100	66	34	100
TOTAL MEMBER STATES AND ASSOCIATE MEMBERS		51	49	100	41	59	100	67	33	100

Table 4.2 Population 15 Years and over of the Economically Active and Economically Inactive Population: 1998 - 2005

Country	Year	Total	Populatio	on 15+		omically A		Economically Inactive Population			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG											
	2001	24,810	21,000	45,810	16,432	16,665	33,097	7,940	4,092	12,032	
BS											
	1998	•	99,943	205,157		56,060	111,370	49,904	43,883	93,787	
	1999	•	102,167	209,473	· ·	82,200	157,640	31,866	19,967	51,833	
	2001	113,700	104,800	218,500		84,805	164,675	33,830	19,995	53,825	
	2002	115,900	106,700	222,600		85,975	167,980		20,725	54,620	
	2003	118,300	108,900	227,200	· ·	87,920	173,795	32,425	20,980	53,405	
	2004	120,600	110,700	231,300	86,055	90,275	176,330	34,545	20,425	54,970	
ВВ	4000	407.000	00.700	004.000	00.000	74 700	400.000	40.000	05.000	05.000	
	1998	7	96,700	204,600	The state of the s	71,700	138,600		25,000	65,900	
	1999	7	97,400	205,900		72,900	139,700		24,300	65,800	
	2000	103,150	92,259	195,409	62,047	68,487	130,534	37,774	20,115	57,889	
	2001	110,100	98,700	208,800		75,000	145,300		23,800	63,500	
BZ	2002	110,400	99,000	209,400	69,300	74,100	143,400	41,100	24,900	66,000	
BZ	1998	75,695	71,310	147,005	30,670	56,035	86,705	45,025	15,275	60,300	
	1999	•	74,025	150,355	,	58,990	89,210	*	15,275	61,145	
	2000	71,105	71,431	142,536	31,797	57,822	89,619	39,308	13,609	52,917	
	2001	80,452	78,798	159,250		62,146	94,432	48,166	16,652	64,818	
	2002	•	80,568	164,352	30,862	63,310	94,172	52,922	17,258	70,180	
DM	2002	00,701	00,000	101,002	00,002	00,010	01,172	02,022	17,200	70,100	
-	1999	24,958	25,980	50,938	13,604	19,624	33,228	11,354	6,356	17,710	
	2001	24,027	24,260	48,287	10,832	17,033	27,865	13,195	7,227	20,422	
GD		, , ,	,	-, -	7.7.	,	,	- , - · ·	,	-,	
	1998	32,443	30,621	63,064	17,844	23,171	41,015	14,599	7,450	22,049	
	2001	29,412	28,918	58,330	14,256	20,846	35,102	15,156	8,072	23,228	
GY											
	2002	243,696	240,341	484,037	83,073	188,653	271,726	160,623	51,688	212,311	
JM											
	1998	•		1,727,326			1,128,700	378,630	219,996	598,626	
	1999	•		1,741,013			1,115,600	401,086	224,327	625,413	
	2000	•		1,730,391	493,700		1,108,900		252,424	621,491	
	2001	907,700		1,754,900	486,700		1,104,800	421,000	229,100	650,100	
	2002	942,750	895,500	1,838,250			1,208,600	402,500	227,150	629,650	
	2003	•		1,846,900			1,187,000	*	237,050	659,900	
	2004	•	904,967	1,857,867	531,333		1,194,800	*	241,500	663,067	
	2005	956,500	908,200	1,864,700	529,150	661,900	1,191,050	427,350	246,300	673,650	

Table 4.2 (a) Percentage Composition of the Population 15 Years and over of the Economically Active and Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	Total F	Population	on 15+		mically a		Economically Inactive Population		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	54	46	100	50	50	100	66	34	100
BS										
	1998		49	100	50	50	100	53	47	100
	1999		49	100	48	52	100	61	39	100
	2001		48	100	49	51	100	63	37	100
	2002		48	100	49	51	100	62	38	100
	2003		48	100	49	51	100	61	39	100
DD	2004	52	48	100	49	51	100	63	37	100
ВВ	1998	53	47	100	48	52	100	62	38	100
	1990		47	100	48	52	100	63	37	100
	2000		47	100 100	48	52	100 100	65	35	100 100
	2001	53	47	100	48	52 52	100	63	37	100
	2001		47	100	48	52	100	62	38	100
BZ	2002			100	.0	02	100	02	00	100
	1998	51	49	100	35	65	100	75	25	100
	1999		49	100	34	66	100	75	25	100
	2000		50	100	35	65	100	74	26	100
	2001	51	49	100	34	66	100	74	26	100
	2002	51	49	100	33	67	100	75	25	100
DM										
	1999	49	51	100	41	59	100	64	36	100
	2001	50	50	100	39	61	100	65	35	100
GD										
	1998		49	100	44	56	100	66	34	100
	2001	50	50	100	41	59	100	65	35	100
GY										
	2002	50	50	100	31	69	100	76	24	100
JM	1000	F0	40	100	46	<i>5</i> 4	100	60	27	100
	1998 1999		48 40	100 100	46 45	54	100 100	63	37	100 100
			48 50		l	55 55		64 50	36	
	2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	51 51 51 51	50 49 49 49 49	100 100 100 100 100 100	45 44 45 44 44	55 56 55 56 56	100 100 100 100 100 100	59 63 64 64 64 63	41 37 36 36 36 36 37	100 100 100 100 100 100

Table 4.2 Cont'd Population 15 Years and over of the Economically Active and Economically Inactive Population: 1998 - 2005

Country Year	Total	Populatio	n 15+		omically A Population			mically In	
	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS									
2001	1,560	1,875	3,435	861	1,146	2,007	698	727	1,425
KN	,,,,,	.,0.0	0,100		.,	_,			.,c
2001	16,682	16,213	32,895	10,644	12,391	23,035	5,679	3,178	8,857
LC									
1998	54,795	51,040	105,835	32,580	39,350	71,930	22,215	11,690	33,905
1999	56,500	49,035	105,535	35,175	37,895	73,070	21,325	11,140	32,465
2000	57,475	53,235	110,710	35,900	40,105	76,005	21,575	13,130	34,705
2001	56,637	53,295	109,932	29,735	39,592	69,327	26,724	13,202	39,926
2002		54,320	114,105	The state of the s	38,815	73,515		15,505	40,590
2003		58,573	119,530		44,035	82,072		14,538	37,458
2004	59,950	57,241	117,191	36,572	42,220	78,792	23,378	15,021	38,399
VC									
2001	36,569	37,109	73,678	16,276	27,503	43,779	20,293	9,606	29,899
SR	454470	454000	000 044	00.405	400.007	470 444	04.400	00.400	400.004
7004 TT	154,179	154,836	309,014	63,485	109,627	173,111	84,168	39,166	123,334
1998	455,500	457,800	913,300	213,900	344,700	558,600	241,600	113,100	354,700
1999	1	464,000	926,100	*	348,000	563,400		116,000	362,700
2000		411,957	829,656	170,210	288,189	<i>458,</i> 399	243,376	119,139	362,515
2001	,	471,200	941,700	-	352,100	568,500	254,100	119,100	373,200
2002	1	478,200	961,500	*	356,600	586,000	253,900	121,600	375,500
2003		490,000	970,300		365,200	603,100	242,400	124,800	367,200
2004	1	485,500	975,700	*	371,100	629,500	231,800	114,400	346,200
2005	495,700	484,800	980,500	261,700	371,000	632,700	234,000	113,800	347,800
40000UTE HEHDEDO									
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS AI									
2001	4,182	4,015	8,197	2,827	3,222	6,049	1,355	793	2,148
BM	4, 102	4,013	0, 131	2,027	3,222	0,049	1,333	133	2,140
1998	25,822	23,584	49,406	17,568	17,755	35,323			
1999		23,748	49,568		19,197	37,849			
2000		23,901	50,212	18,321	19,657	37,978	7,990	4,244	12,234
2001	- ·	24,085	50,295		19,301	37,597			
2002		23,811	50,044		19,411	37,815			
TC									
2001	7,033	7,160	14,193	4,946	6,329	11,275	2,087	831	2,918

Table 4.2 (a) Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Population 15 Years and over of the Economically Active and Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	Total F	Population	on 15+		mically a		Economically Inactive Population			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
	2001	45	55	100	43	<i>57</i>	100	49	51	100	
KN											
	2001	51	49	100	46	54	100	64	36	100	
LC											
	1998		48	100	45	55	100	66	34	100	
	1999	54	46	100	48	52	100	66	34	100	
	2000	52	48	100	47	53	100	62	38	100	
	2001	52	48	100	43	<i>57</i>	100	67	33	100	
	2002		48	100	47	53	100	62	38	100	
	2003	51	49	100	46	54	100	61	39	100	
	2004	51	49	100	46	54	100	61	39	100	
VC											
	2001	50	50	100	37	63	100	68	32	100	
SR											
	2004	50	50	100	37	63	100	68	32	100	
TT											
	1998		50	100	38	62	100	68	32	100	
	1999		50	100	38	62	100	68	32	100	
	2000	50	50	100	37	63	100	67	33	100	
	2001	50	50	100	38	62	100	68	32	100	
	2002		50	100	39	61	100	68	32	100	
	2003		50	100	39	61	100	66	34	100	
	2004		50	100	41	59	100	67	33	100	
	2005	51	49	100	41	59	100	67	33	100	
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS										
Al											
	2001	51	49	100	47	53	100	63	37	100	
ВМ											
	1998	52	48	100	50	50	100				
	1999		48	100	49	51	100				
	2000		48	100	48	52	100	65	35	100	
	2001		48	100	49	51	100				
	2002		48	100	49	51	100				
TC											
	2001	50	50	100	44	56	100	72	28	100	

Source: Based on Table 4.1(a)

WE2: COMPONENTS OF THE LABOUR FORCE: EMPLOYED, UNEMPLOYED AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, 1998 – 2005

PH

Concept and Definition

The Unemployed Labour Force is defined as all persons above a specified age who, during the reference period, were without work and were currently available for work and seeking work. Unemployed persons must have taken concrete steps

to seek paid employment or self employment. A key indicator derived from the data is the unemployment rate. (ILO, 1982 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians ICLS and International Labour Office, Key Indicators of the Labour Market 2001-2002, Geneva, 2002).

The Employed Labour Force comprises all persons above a specified age who during a specified brief period, either one week or one day, were in the following categories:

- paid employment:
- at work- persons who during the reference period performed some work for wage or salary, in cash or in kind;
- with a job but not at work- persons who, having already worked in their present job, were temporarily not at work during the reference period and had a formal attachment to their job.

Method of Computation

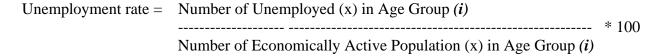
The total employed and unemployed are measured as defined above. Data for *Table 4.4* and *Table 4.5* were computed based on **Appendix 1, Table 4.9A**-

Unemployed Population.

In **Table 4.4** the unemployment rate by age group is calculated as follows:

The unemployment rate is the ratio of unemployed persons (numerator) in a specified age group to the total economically active population or labour force (denominator), expressed as a percentage. The age-specific unemployment rates is the unemployed persons of a specific age group to the economically active population or labour force of that same age group.

In **Table 4.5** the unemployment rate by age group is calculated as follows:



Indicator Relevance

The unemployment rate is probably the best-known labour market measure, together with the employment-to population ratio (KILM 2), it provides the broadest indicator of the labour market situation in economies that collect

information on the labour force. The unemployment rate is one of the indicators than can be used to gauge the performance of the economy. The overall unemployment rate for a country is a widely used measure of the degree of the under-utilization of its labour supply. Unemployment rates by specific groups, defined by age, sex, occupation or industry, are also useful in identifying groups of workers and sectors most vulnerable with regard to joblessness.

Another useful purpose served by the unemployment rate in an economy, when available on at least an annual basis, is the tracking of business cycles. When the unemployment rate is high, the economy may be in recession, economic conditions may be bad or the economy is unable to provide jobs for the available workers.

Internationally, the unemployment rate is frequently used to compare labour markets in different geopolitical regions of the world. To obtain a perspective on the possible consequence of differences in economic structures and policies, it may be useful to see, for example, how unemployment rates compare among countries in the region such as those built around tourism in contrast to those centered around agriculture and industry. This information is useful both at a particular point in time and for tracking changes over periods of time, such as over the course of economic cycles.

Data Assessment

Appendix 2 contains information on the degree of harmonisation of the unemployed labour force in the Region. Limitations to comparability of this indicator are centered around the reference period used, differences in age-group and the data sources.

²Another factor leading to the exclusion of persons from the unemployment count concerns the criterion that workers be available for work during the short reference period. A short reference period tends to exclude those who would need to make personal arrangements before starting work, such as women who are often responsible for household affairs related to caring of children and elderly relatives. They would probably be excluded from the unemployed category. Various economies have acknowledged this coverage problem and have extended the "availability" period to two (or more) weeks following the reference period. Even then, women – more than men – tend to be excluded from unemployment, probably because this period is still not sufficiently long to compensate for constraints that are more likely to affect them.

Gender Dimension The unemployment rate has often been higher for women than for men. Some of the possible reasons might be that women are more likely than men to exit and re-enter the labour force for family-related reasons; and there is a general "crowding" of women into fewer occupations than men so that women may find fewer opportunities for employment. Factors outside the labour market such as access to education and training, may also negatively affect the ability of women to find employment. Due to economic forces and labour market practices some occupations tend to be affected more than others.

Data Sources

Please refer to **Appendix 3** for the sources of data on the unemployed population of Member States and Associate Members.

² http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/gems/eeo/download/kilm08.pdf

Evaluation

Table 4.4 and **4.5** show the trends in unemployment rates by broad age groups for the period 1998-2004. Data for this period was available for only Saint Lucia and Trinidad and Tobago.

Data for 1998-2001/2002 was available for The Bahamas, Barbados, Belize and Jamaica. Generally unemployment rates for women exceeded that for men for all Member States where data was available for the period 1998-2004. Exceptions to this trend were observed in the data sourced from the census for Dominica 2001 (Women at 9.5 per cent and Men at 11.9 per cent), St. Kitts and Nevis (Women at 2.2 per cent and Men at 3.6 per cent) and Bermuda (Women at 3.7 per cent and Men at 4.2 per cent).

During the period 1998-2002, unemployment rates declined in five (5) countries, Barbados, Belize, Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago for both women and men. The greatest drop in the rates amongst the women was observed in the case of Dominica (1999-2001) 10 per cent; Belize (1998-2002) 6 per cent and Barbados (1998-2001) 5 per cent and Trinidad and Tobago (1998-2002) 4 per cent. The rates for men declined slightly with only Trinidad and Tobago registering any significant drop in rates with 3 per cent for the period. Overall The Bahamas recorded the lowest rates during the period. In the case of Belize, Grenada and Jamaica the rate of unemployment for women was more than double that of men.

For Barbados, the unemployment rate for the 2000 Census was lower than that in the years preceding and following the Census. In 1998 the unemployment rate for women was 16 per cent, in 1999 it was 13.2 per cent, in 2000 it was 7.3 per cent and in 2001, 11.8 per cent. For men the unemployment rate was 8.2 per cent in 1998, 7.5 per cent in 1999, 5.1 per cent in 2000 and 8 per cent in 2001. The overall rate of unemployment was 12 per cent in 1998, 10.2 per cent in 1999, 6.2 per cent in 2000 and 9.8 per cent in 2001.

The data for Belize reflected an unemployment rate of 33.3 for women and 13.1 percent for men, the highest for the period for each group. The unemployment rate for women was 20.6 per cent in 1998 and 15.3 per cent in 2002. For men the unemployment rate was 10.6 per cent in 1998 and 7.5 per cent in 2002. The overall unemployment rate was 14.1 per cent in 1998 and 10 per cent in 2002.

For Jamaica, the unemployment rate for women and men was 22.2 and 9.8 per cent respectively in 1998 and 21.0 and 10.2 per cent in 2001. The overall unemployment rate was 15.5 per cent in 1998 and 15 per cent in 2001.

During the period the unemployment rates in Saint Lucia was amongst the highest in the region, increasing from 26.0 and 18.0 per cent in 1998, to 28.0 and 17.2 per cent for women and men respectively in 2003. The overall unemployment rate was 21.6 per cent in 1998 and 22.2 per cent in 2003.

During the period 1998-2005, Trinidad and Tobago's unemployment rates declined steadily from 18.8 and 11.3 per cent women and men respectively in 1998 to 9.4 and 4.9 per cent in 2005. The rates in 1998 are twice those in 2005.

Table 4.4 shows what percentage of the total unemployment is unemployed in a given age bracket for the period 1998-2002. The trends indicate that most of the unemployed fall into the 15-24 age group in Belize, Guyana, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia and St. Vincent and the Grenadines and in the 25-44 age group in the other countries. Except for the Census years, the percentage of women that are unemployed generally exceed that of men in each age group for all the countries except for Dominica 1999 in 15-24 age group and Belize 1998-2002 in the 45-64 age group and Trinidad and Tobago 1998-2006 in the 15-24 age group and in 1998-2002 in the 45-64 age group.

Table 4.3 Economically Active Population 15 Years and over: 1998 – 2005

		Econo	mically A	Active	Emple	ved Deni	uletien	Unemployed Population		
Country	Year	P	opulatio	n	Emplo	yed Popu	liation	Unempi	byea Pop	ulation
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	16,432	16,665	33,097	14,987	15,330	30,317	1,445	1,335	2,780
BS										
	1998		56,060	111,370		52,740	103,270		3,320	8,100
	1999	•	82,200	157,640	*	77,245	145,350		4,955	12,290
	2001	79,870	84,805	164,675	*	79,080	153,310		5,725	11,365
	2002	•	85,975	167,980	-	78,415	152,700		7,560	15,280
	2003	•	87,920	173,795		79,140	154,965		8,780	18,830
	2004	86,055	90,275	176,330	76,560	81,780	158,340	9,495	8,495	17,990
ВВ										
	1998		71,700	138,600		65,800	122,000	*	5,900	16,600
	1999		72,900	139,700		67,400	125,400		5,500	14,300
	2000	62,047	68,487	130,534	57,488	64,987	122,475	4,559	3,500	8,059
	2001	70,300	75,000	145,300		69,000	131,000	8,300	6,000	14,300
D.7	2002	69,300	74,100	143,400	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	•••
BZ	1998	30,670	56,035	86,705	24,365	50,090	74,455	6,305	5,945	12,250
	1990	•	58,990	89,210	-	53,680	74,455		5,310	11,455
	2000	31,797	57,822	89,619	24,075 21,209	<i>50,237</i>	71,735	10,588	7,585	18,173
	2000	32,286	62,146	94,432	27,324	58,547	85,871	-	3,599	8,561
	2001	•	63,310	94,172		58,582	84,720		4,728	9,452
	2002	•	70,095	110,786		64,878	98,589		5,217	12,197
DM	2000	40,001	70,000	110,700	00,711	04,070	30,003	0,000	0,217	12,107
2	1999	13,604	19,624	33,228	10,962	17,060	28,022	2,642	2,564	5,206
	2001	10,832	17,033	27,865	9,808	15,003	24,811	1,024	2,030	3,054
GD		10,000	,		,,,,,,	,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_,,	-,
	1998	17,844	23,171	41,015	14,056	20,731	34,787	3,788	2,440	6,228
	2001	14,256	20,846	35,102	12,741	18,875	31,616	1,515	1,971	3,486
GY										
	2002	83,073	188,653	271,726	70,538	169,426	239,964	12,535	19,227	31,762
JM										
	1998	514,700	614,000	1,128,700	400,600	553,700	954,300	114,100	60,300	174,400
	1999	•		1,115,600		551,900	936,800		64,800	178,800
	2000	•		1,108,900		552,500	935,600		62,700	173,300
	2001	486,700		1,104,800	384,650	554,750	939,400		63,350	165,400
	2002	540,250		1,208,600			1,037,150		65,800	171,450
	2003	•		1,187,000			1,047,750	*	53,550	139,250
	2004	531,333		1,194,800	*		1,055,200		52,600	139,600
	2005	529,150	661,900	1,191,050	445,550	611,350	1,056,900	83,600	50,550	134,150

Table 4.3(a) Cont'd Percentage Composition of The Economically Active Population 15 Years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	Total F	Population	on 15+		mically <i>i</i>			Economically Inactive Population			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total		
AG												
	2001	54	46	100	50	50	100	66	34	100		
BS												
	1998		49	100	50	50	100	53	47	100		
	1999		49	100	48	52	100	61	39	100		
	2001		48	100	49	51	100	63	37	100		
	2002		48	100	49	51	100	62	38	100		
	2003		48	100	49	51	100	61	39	100		
	2004	52	48	100	49	51	100	63	37	100		
ВВ												
	1998		47	100	48	52	100	62	38	100		
	1999		47	100	48	52	100	63	37	100		
	2000		47	100	48	52	100	65	35	100		
	2001		47	100	48	52	100	63	37	100		
BZ	2002	53	47	100	48	52	100	62	38	100		
ΒZ	1998	51	49	100	35	65	100	75	25	100		
	1998		49 49	100	34	66	100	75 75	25 25	100		
	2000	50	50	100 100	35	65	100 100	74	26	100 100		
	2000	51	4 9	100	34	66	100	7 4 74	2 6	100		
	2001		49	100	33	67	100	75	25	100		
DM	2002	01	.0	100	00	0.	100			100		
J	1999	49	51	100	41	59	100	64	36	100		
	2001	50	50	100	39	61	100	65	35	100		
GD												
	1998	51	49	100	44	56	100	66	34	100		
	2001	50	50	100	41	59	100	65	35	100		
GY												
	2002	50	50	100	31	69	100	76	24	100		
JM												
	1998		48	100	46	54	100	63	37	100		
	1999		48	100	45	55	100	64	36	100		
	2000		50	100	45	55	100	59	41	100		
	2001		49	100	44	56	100	63	37	100		
	2002		49	100	45	55	100	64	36	100		
	2003		49	100	44	56	100	64	36	100		
	2004	51	49	100	44	56	100	64	36	100		
	2005	51	49	100	44	56	100	63	37	100		

Table 4.3 Cont'd Economically Active Population 15 Years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country Year		omically A		Emplo	yed Popu	lation	Unempl	oyed Pop	ulation
•	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS									
200	1 861	1,146	2,007	793	972	1,765	68	174	242
KN		.,	_,		0.1_	.,			
200	1 10,644	12,391	23,035	10,253	11,870	22,123	391	521	912
LC									
199	8 32,580	39,350	71,930	24,110	32,275	56,385	8,470	7,075	15,545
199	9 35,175	37,895	73,070	28,020	31,830	59,850	7,155	6,065	13,220
200	0 35,900	40,105	76,005	28,435	35,035	63,470	7,465	5,070	12,535
200	1 29,735	39,592	69,327	26,269	33,706	59,975	3,466	5,886	9,352
200	· ·	38,815	73,515	*	32,105	58,525		6,710	14,990
200		44,035	82,072		36,479	63,869		7,556	18,203
200	4 36,572	42,220	78,792	27,428	34,838	62,266	9,144	7,382	16,526
VC									
200	1 16,276	27,503	43,779	13,247	21,274	34,521	3,029	6,229	9,258
SR									
200	63,485	109,627	173,111	54,768	101,919	156,687	8,717	7,708	16,424
TT	040.000	044700	550.000	470.000	005.000	470.000	40.000	00.400	70.400
199		344,700	558,600		305,600	479,200		39,100	79,400
199	1	348,000	563,400		310,600	489,800		37,400	73,600
200	1 1	288,189	458,399	-	269,923	424,428	15,705	18,266	33,971
200	1	352,100	568,500		321,200	505,900		30,900	62,600
200	1	356,600	586,000	•	328,900	525,100	•	27,700	60,900
200		365,200	603,100		334,100	541,900	•	31,100	61,200
200		371,100	629,500		348,700	580,800 590,000		22,400	48,700
200	5 261,700	371,000	632,700	237,100	352,900	590,000	24,600	18,100	42,700
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS									
Al									
200	1 2,827	3,222	6,049	2,629	3,015	5,644	198	207	405
BM									
199		17,755	35,323						
199		19,197	37,849						
200		19,657	37,978	17,914	19,063	36,977	407	594	1,001
200		19,301	37,597						
200	2 18,404	19,411	37,815						
TC									
200	1 4,946	6,329	11,275	4,383	5,797	10,180	563	532	1,095

Table 4.3(a) Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Economically Active Population 15 Years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		mically a		Employ	yed Popu	ulation	Unemployed Population		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	43	<i>57</i>	100	45	55	100	28	72	100
KN										
	2001	46	54	100	46	54	100	43	<i>57</i>	100
LC										
	1998		55	100	43	57	100	54	46	100
	1999		52	100	47	53	100	54	46	100
	2000		53	100	45	55	100	60	40	100
	2001	43	57	100	44	56	100	37	63	100
	2002		53	100	45	55	100	55	45	100
	2003		54	100	43	57	100	58	42	100
V6	2004	46	54	100	44	56	100	55	45	100
VC	2001	37	63	100	38	62	100	33	67	100
SR										
	2004	37	63	100	35	65	100	53	47	100
TT										
	1998	38	62	100	36	64	100	51	49	100
	1999	38	62	100	37	63	100	49	51	100
	2000	37	63	100	36	64	100	46	54	100
	2001	38	62	100	37	63	100	51	49	100
	2002	39	61	100	37	63	100	55	45	100
	2003	39	61	100	38	62	100	49	51	100
	2004	41	59	100	40	60	100	54	46	100
	2005	41	59	100	40	60	100	58	42	100
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	2001	47	53	100	47	53	100	49	51	100
вм										
	1998	50	50	100						
	1999	49	51	100						
	2000	48	52	100	48	52	100	41	59	100
	2001	49	51	100						
	2002	49	51	100						
TC										
	2001	44	56	100	43	57	100	51	49	100

Table 4.4 Percent of Total Unemployed Population by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005 (Out of total women and men by age group)

	Year	% of unemployed			% of unemployed		
Country		in age group 15-24			in age group 25-44		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG							
	2001	19.4	18.1	37.4	26.9	19.8	46.8
BS							
	1998	29.8	15.4	45.2	24.8	18.6	43.4
	1999	24.2	14.0	38.2	29.2	15.8	45.0
	2001	17.6	22.4	40.1	26.1	17.8	44.0
	2002	20.3	17.0	37.3	25.6	21.8	47.4
ВВ							
	1998	19.3	15.1	34.3	36.7	15.1	51.8
	1999	21.0	16.1	37.1	31.5	16.1	47.6
	2000	21.5	20.2	41.7	27.3	16.7	44.0
	2001	18.9	17.5	36.4	28.7	16.8	45.5
BZ							
	1998	27.3	25.3	52.7	20.9	16.4	37.3
	1999	28.7	22.1	50.8	20.2	14.4	34.6
	2000	29.7	21.2	50.9	21.3	13.1	34.4
	2001	27.0	19.6	46.6	26.2	13.4	39.6
	2002	24.6	26.5	51.1	21.7	16.7	38.4
DM							
	1999	15.8	24.8	40.6	25.6	17.9	43.5
	2001	15.8	24.0	39.8	14.7	32.1	46.8
GD							
	1998	26.7	22.3	49.0	28.8	12.5	41.2
	2001	20.1	24.3	44.5	18.3	22.8	41.1
GY							
	2002	20.4	27.9	48.3	15.5	23.0	38.5
JM		.			22.4	40.0	
	1998	34.5	20.9	55.4	26.1	10.3	36.4
	1999	33.6	20.8	54.4	26.3	11.2	37.5
	2000	30.5	20.3	50.8	28.6	12.3	40.9
	2001	29.3	21.6	50.8	27.8	12.0	39.8

Table 4.4 Cont'd Percent of Total Unemployed Population by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005 (Out of total women and men by age group)

0	V		unemplo	-		unemplo	-		unemplo	•
Country	Year	Women	group 4 Men	5-64 Total	Women	e group (Men	Total	Women	age grou Men	ps Total
		women	WEII	TOTAL	women	WEII	TOLAI	women	MEH	TOLAI
AG										
	2001	5.5	8.6	14.1	0.2	1.5	1.7	52.0	48.0	100.0
BS										
	1998	4.2	5.7	9.9	0.3	1.2	1.5	59.0	41.0	100.0
	1999	5.0	6.6	11.7	1.2	3.9	5.1	59.7	40.3	100.0
	2001	5.6	9.5	15.1	0.3	0.6	0.9	49.6	50.4	100.0
	2002	4.6	9.3	13.9	-	1.4	1.4	50.5	49.5	100.0
ВВ	4000	0.4	- 4	40.0				04.5	05.5	400.0
	1998	8.4	5.4	13.9	-	-	-	64.5	35.5	100.0
	1999	9.1	6.3	15.4	-	-	-	61.5	38.5	100.0
	2000	7.6	6.4	14.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	56.6	43.4	100.0
D.7	2001	10.5	7.7	18.2	-	-	-	58.0	42.0	100.0
BZ	1998	2.9	5.6	8.4	0.4	1.2	1.6	51.5	48.5	100.0
	1996	4.3	5.6 7.4	0.4 11.7	0.4		2.8	53.6	46.5 46.4	100.0
	2000	4.3 6.0	7.4 5.9	11.7 11.9	0.4 1.3	2.4 1.5	2.0 2.8	53.6 58.3	40.4 41.7	100.0 100.0
	2000	4.3	6.3	10.6	0.5	2.8	3.2	58.0	42.0	100.0
	2001	4.3 2.9	5.4	8.3	0.5	2.6 1.5	2.2	50.0	50.0	100.0
DM	2002	2.9	3.4	0.3	0.0	1.0	2.2	30.0	30.0	100.0
Din.	1999	9.4	6.5	15.9	_	_	_	50.7	49.3	100.0
	2001	2.8	9.8	12.6	0.2	0.6	0.8	33.5	66.5	100.0
GD	2007	2.0	0.0	12.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	00.0	00.0	100.0
	1998	5.4	3.7	9.1	_	0.7	0.7	60.8	39.2	100.0
	2001	4.7	8.5	13.3	0.3	0.9	1.2	43.5	56.5	100.0
GY										
	2002	3.1	8.2	11.3	0.5	1.4	1.9	39.5	60.5	100.0
JM										
	1998	4.6	3.1	7.7	0.2	0.3	0.5	65.4	34.6	100.0
	1999	3.2	3.4	6.5	0.6	0.9	1.5	63.8	36.2	100.0
	2000	4.1	3.1	7.2	0.6	0.6	1.2	63.8	36.2	100.0
	2001	4.2	3.5	7.6	0.4	1.3	1.7	60.9	39.1	100.0
	2001	4.1	3.7	7.9	0.4	1.0	1.5	61.7	38.3	100.0

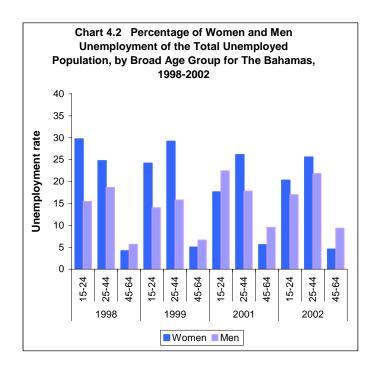
Note: Data in table represents Percent unemployment of total women and total men

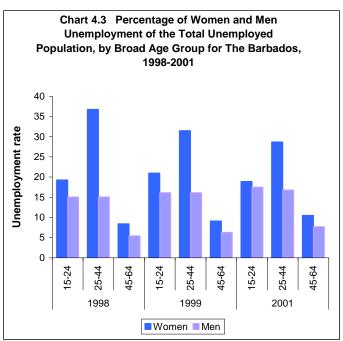
Table 4.4 Cont'd Percent of Total Unemployed Population by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005 (Out of total women and men by age group)

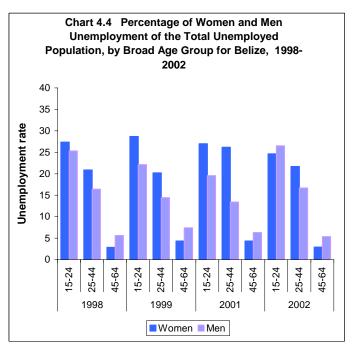
Country	Year		unemploy e group 15			unemploy e group 25	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS							
0	2001	9.9	10.3	20.2	13.2	31.8	45.0
KN							
	2001	21.2	25.0	46.2	17.3	24.0	41.3
LC							
	1998	25.3	24.7	50.0	23.6	14.3	37.9
	1999	26.8	24.0	50.8	22.5	13.4	35.8
	2000	26.2	23.3	49.5	28.2	12.5	40.7
	2001	16.8	26.5	43.3	16.1	24.8	41.0
	2002	20.5	19.0	39.5	24.4	16.1	40.5
	2003	20.7	14.9	35.6	27.3	16.8	44.0
\/O	2004	19.5	20.6	40.1	26.4	15.4	41.8
VC	0004	40.0	00.0	45.0	440	00.0	40.4
SR	2001	16.0	29.3	45.3	14.2	28.9	43.1
3K	2004	19.2	18.7	37.9	28.7	22.6	51.2
TT	2004	13.2	10.7	37.3	20.7	22.0	J1.2
• • •	1998	19.6	21.8	41.4	25.1	20.4	45.5
	1999	20.4	22.7	43.1	22.1	21.7	43.9
	2000	21.7	24.9	46.6	20.1	21.2	41.3
	2001	21.2	23.0	44.2	24.0	19.6	43.6
	2002	21.5	20.4	41.9	26.6	16.7	43.3
	2003	20.9	19.4	40.4	19.1	19.6	38.7
	2004	23.0	24.4	47.4	21.6	14.2	35.7
	2005	22.5	19.9	42.4	24.6	14.8	39.3
	2006	24.1	16.5	40.6	25.1	15.6	40.6
ASSOCIATE ME	-MBFRS						
Al							
	2001	22.0	14.8	36.8	19.5	21.7	41.2
ВМ							
	2000	12.4	20.6	33.0	17.0	20.6	37.5
TC							
	2001	15.2	13.8	28.9	30.5	26.8	57.4

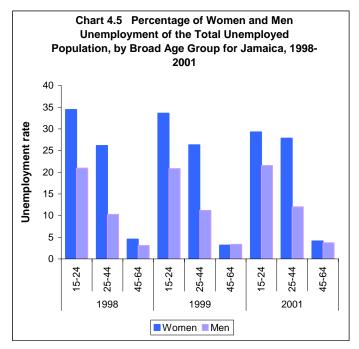
Table 4.4 Cont'd Percent of Total Unemployed Population by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005 (Out of total women and men by age group)

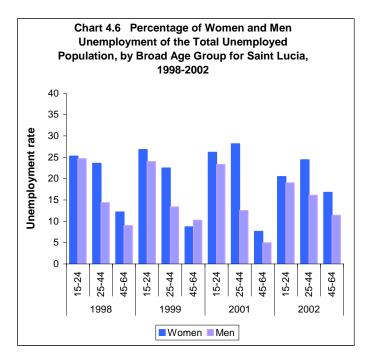
_			unemplo	-		unemplo	-		unemplo	-
Country	Year		e group 4			e group (age grou	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	4.5	25.2	29.8	0.4	4.5	5.0	28.1	71.9	100.0
KN										
	2001	4.3	7.6	11.8	0.1	0.5	0.7	42.9	57.1	100.0
LC										
	1998		4.9	10.2	0.3	1.6	1.9	54.5	45.5	100.0
	1999	4.2	6.5	10.7	0.6	2.1	2.7	54.1	45.9	100.0
	2000	4.4	3.5	7.9	0.8	1.1	2.0	59.6	40.4	100.0
	2001	3.4	9.9	13.2	0.8	1.7	2.4	37.1	62.9	100.0
	2002		5.7	13.6	2.4	4.0	6.4	55.2	44.8	100.0
	2003		7.1	15.4	2.2	2.8	5.0	58.5	41.5	100.0
	2004	7.9	6.3	14.2	1.6	2.4	4.0	55.3	44.7	100.0
VC										
	2001	2.3	8.5	10.9	0.2	0.5	0.7	32.7	67.3	100.0
SR										
	2004	5.2	5.6	10.8				53.1	46.9	100.0
TT										
	1998		6.7	12.6	0.1	0.4	0.5	50.8	49.2	100.0
	1999	6.5	6.4	12.9	0.1	-	0.1	49.2	50.8	100.0
	2000	4.3	7.5	11.8	0.0	0.2	0.2	46.2	53.8	100.0
	2001	5.3	6.4	11.7	0.2	0.3	0.5	50.6	49.4	100.0
	2002	6.2	8.2	14.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	54.5	45.5	100.0
	2003		11.8	20.8	0.2	-	0.2	49.2	50.8	100.0
	2004	9.2	7.4	16.6	0.2	-	0.2	54.0	46.0	100.0
	2005	10.5	7.7	18.3	-	-	-	57.6	42.4	100.0
	2006	10.8	7.0	17.8	1.0	-	1.0	61.0	39.0	100.0
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	4.9	10.1	15.1	2.5	4.4	6.9	48.9	51.1	100.0
вм										
	2000	7.5	12.8	20.3	0.7	0.9	1.6	40.7	59.3	100.0
TC										
	2001	5.6	6.4	12.0	0.2	1.6	1.7	51.4	48.6	100.0

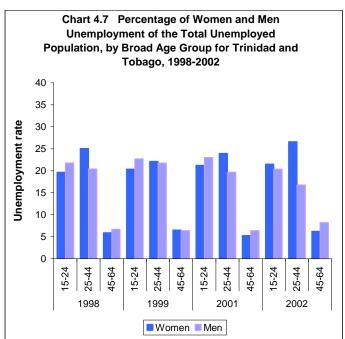


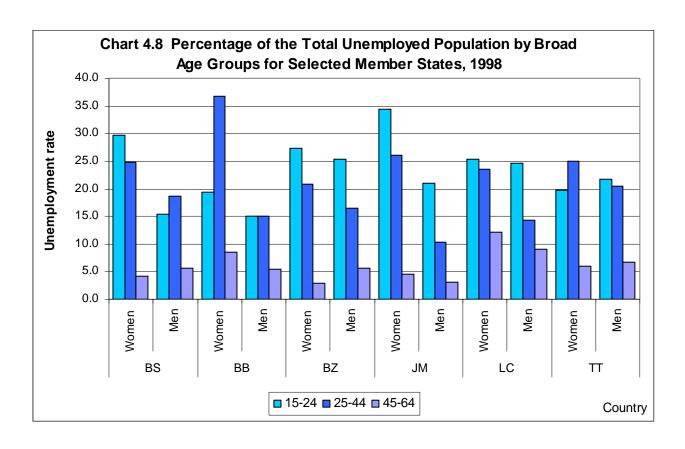


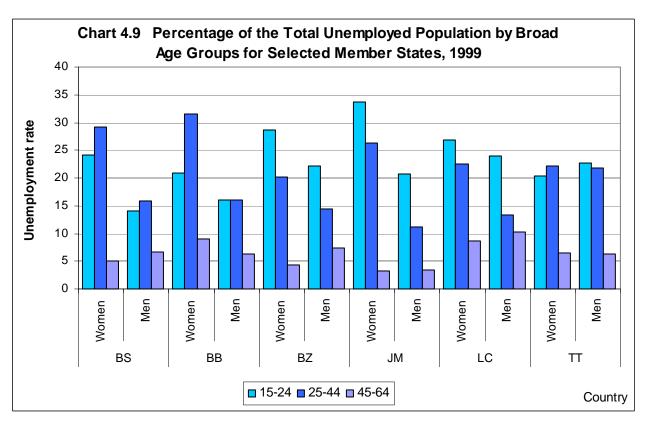


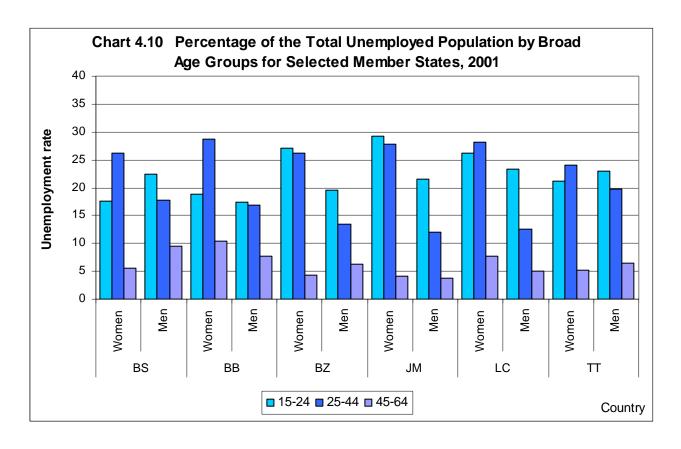












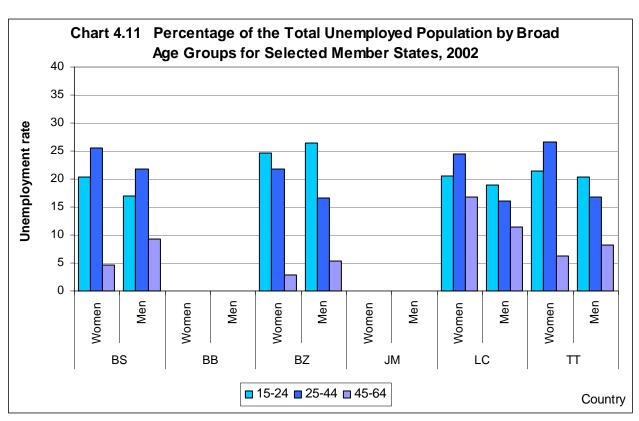


Table 4.5 Unemployment Rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2005

Country	Year		15 - 24			25 - 44			45 - 64	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	21.6	18.3	19.8	7.6	6.0	6.9	4.1	6.1	5.1
BS										
	1998		10.9	16.8	6.0	4.7	5.4	3.4	4.2	3.8
	1999		10.6	15.8	8.0	4.3	6.2	4.2	4.5	4.3
	2001	16.6	14.0	15.1	6.1	4.5	5.3	3.7	5.8	4.8
	2002	21.9	17.9	19.9	8.2	7.0	7.6	3.9	6.9	5.5
ВВ										
	1998		19.8	24.4	15.6	6.4	11.0	8.5	4.8	6.5
	1999		17.7	21.8	11.9	5.9	8.8	7.5	4.6	6.0
	2000	18.7	14.7	16.6	6.2	3.7	4.9	3.6	2.6	3.1
	2001	25.7	20.5	22.9	10.8	6.2	8.5	7.1	4.9	6.0
BZ										
	1998		18.9	25.1	15.9	8.0	11.1	7.7	5.8	6.3
	1999		15.4	22.5	14.8	6.1	9.3	11.1	7.1	8.2
	2000	49.4	22.4	32.9	24.5	8.5	14.3	24.6	10.3	14.6
	2001	25.3	10.1	15.5	13.1	3.9	7.2	7.0	4.3	5.1
	2002	27.7	14.9	19.2	12.2	5.2	7.7	5.4	3.8	4.3
DM										
	1999		33.9	34.2	18.5	9.6	13.4	15.0	6.5	9.7
	2001	25.6	26.0	25.8	7.3	10.7	9.3	3.5	7.0	5.7
GD										
	1998	39.4	25.4	31.5	19.1	6.9	12.5	9.4	4.3	6.4
	2001	22.0	19.1	20.3	8.3	7.3	7.7	5.6	6.2	6.0
GY										
	2002	31.1	20.5	23.9	11.2	7.3	8.5	5.9	6.6	6.4
JM										
	1998		23.9	34.1	17.0	6.1	11.3	8.2	4.2	5.9
	1999	48.2	24.2	35.0	17.9	6.8	12.0	6.0	4.6	5.2
	2000	44.5	23.8	33.0	18.9	7.1	12.6	7.5	4.0	5.5
	2001	42.9	25.3	32.8	17.8	6.3	11.6	6.6	4.2	5.2
	2001	44.2	24.6	33.0	17.9	6.6	11.9	6.7	4.6	5.5

Table 4.5 Cont'd Unemployment Rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2005

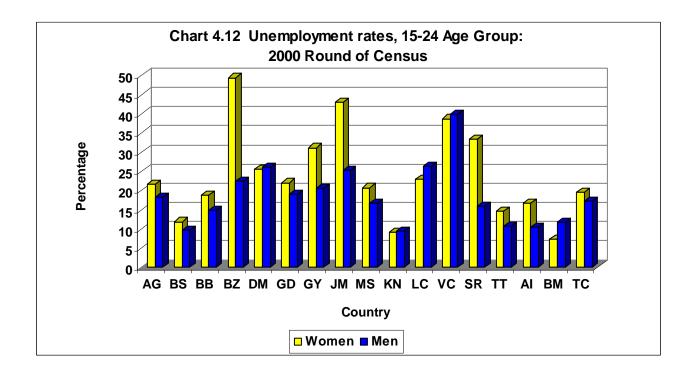
Country	Year		65+		Total /	All age gr	oups
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG							
	2001	1.4	5.1	4.0	8.8	8.0	8.4
BS							
	1998		5.8	3.5	8.6	5.9	7.3
	1999	0.0	4.7	2.9	9.7	6.0	7.8
	2001	0.0	2.1	1.3	7.1	6.8	6.9
ВВ	2002	0.0	5.6	3.6	9.4	8.8	9.1
ВВ	1998	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.0	8.2	12.0
	1999	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.2	7.5	10.2
	2000	1.7	0.9	1.2	7.3	5.1	6.2
	2001	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.8	8.0	9.8
BZ							
	1998	7.6	6.1	6.4	20.6	10.6	14.1
	1999	7.0	7.8	7.7	20.3	9.0	12.8
	2000	36.2	12.1	17.4	33.3	13.1	20.3
	2001	5.6	7.1	6.8	15.4	5.8	9.1
	2002	7.8	5.0	5.4	15.3	7.5	10.0
DM							
	1999	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.4	13.1	15.7
00	2001	2.0	2.1	2.1	9.5	11.9	11.0
GD	1998	0.0	3.9	2.5	21.2	10.5	15.2
	2001	2.5	3.9 4.2	2.5 3.6	10.6	9.5	9.9
GY	2001	2.0	7.4	3.0	10.0	3.0	3.3
	2002	6.4	5.4	5.6	15.1	10.2	11.7
JM							
	1998	2.2	1.3	1.6	22.2	9.8	15.5
	1999	6.5	4.2	4.9	22.9	10.5	16.0
	2000	6.2	2.7	3.9	22.4	10.2	15.6
	2001	3.9	4.2	4.1	21.0	10.2	15.0

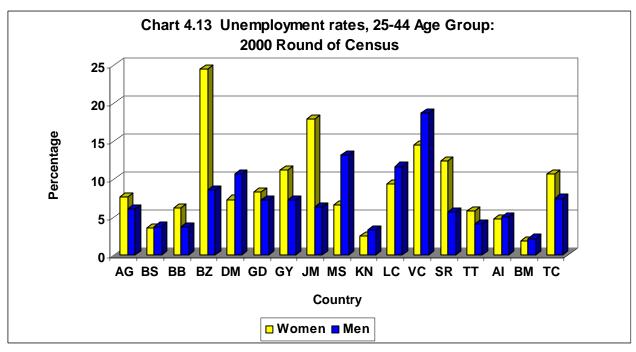
Table 4.5 Cont'd Unemployment Rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2005

Country	Year		15 - 24			25 - 44			45 - 64 Men 16.6 2.5 9.0 10.2 5.0 11.1 11.4 12.9 10.1 14.3 3.6 6.3 5.4 2.7 4.2 5.0 6.8 3.3 3.0 1.9	
,		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	20.7	16.6	18.4	6.7	13.1	10.2	4.6	16.6	11.9
KN										
	2001	9.0	9.3	9.2	2.6	3.3	2.9	1.8	2.5	2.2
LC	4000	54.0	00.4	44.0	04.0	40.0	40.5	40.0	0.0	40.4
	1998		38.1	44.0	21.2	12.2	16.5	12.2		10.4
	1999 2000		33.1 32.2	36.6 36.1	15.8 18.6	10.0 8.1	13.0 13.3	8.7 7.6		9.6 6.2
	2000 2001	22.8	26.2	24.8	9.3	11.6	10.6	7.6 5.6		8.9
	2007		33.3	36.6	20.6	12.4	16.3	16.8		14.0
	2002		30.2	39.4	23.6	13.9	18.6	20.3		16.0
	2004		37.1	40.8	21.8	12.7	17.2	16.7		12.9
VC	_00.	.0.0	0							
	2001	38.7	39.8	39.4	14.5	18.6	17.0	7.0	14.3	11.7
SR										
	2004	33.3	15.8	21.5	12.3	5.7	8.2	5.4	3.6	4.3
TT										
	1998		23.3	27.0	16.3	9.0	11.9	11.2		7.9
	1999	30.9	21.9	25.4	13.6	9.0	10.8	10.9		7.2
	2000	14.5	10.6	12.1	5.8	4.1	4.8	3.0		2.8
	2001	28.0	19.1	22.6	12.5	6.8	9.1	6.7		5.0
	2002	26.4	17.4	21.1	13.2	5.7	8.7	7.0		5.7
	2003 2004	23.7 19.7	16.3 15.6	19.4 17.4	9.7 8.1	6.7	7.9	9.0 6.5		7.6
	2004		10.7	17.4	8.0	3.8 3.6	5.6 5.5	6.5 6.4		4.5 4.3
	2005		7.3	10.1	5.9	2.8	4.1	4.8		3.0
	2000	13.7	7.5	10.1	3.9	2.0	4.1	4.0	1.5	3.0
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	16.6	10.3	13.3	4.8	5.0	4.9	3.5	5.4	4.6
BM	***									
T0	2000	7.2	11.7	9.4	1.9	2.2	2.1	1.3	2.0	1.6
TC	2004	10.6	47.0	40.4	10.7	7.4	0.0	6.7	<i>5</i> 2	<i>E</i> 0
	2001	19.6	17.2	18.4	10.7	7.4	8.9	6.7	5.2	5.8

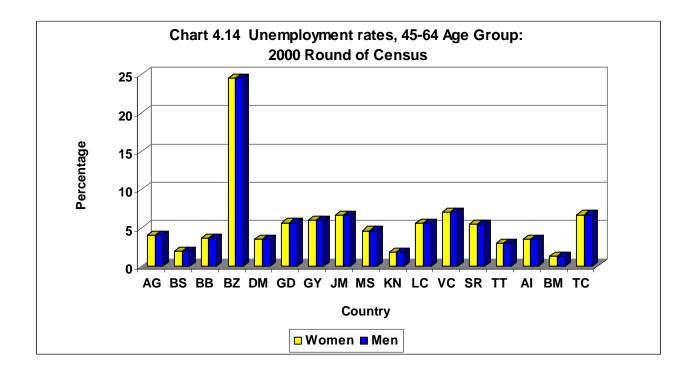
Table 4.5 Cont'd Unemployment Rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2005

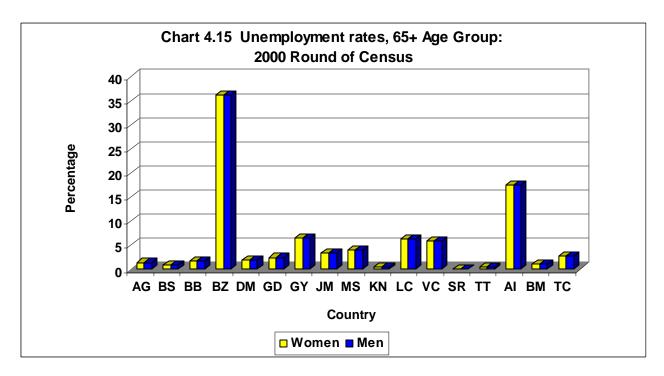
Country	Year		65+		Total /	All age gr	oups
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS							
	2001	4.0	26.8	18.2	7.9	15.2	12.1
KN							
	2001	0.5	1.2	0.9	3.7	4.2	4.0
LC							
	1998		10.1	8.8	26.0	18.0	21.6
	1999		12.3	10.2	20.3	16.0	18.1
	2000		5.0	5.6	20.8	12.6	16.5
	2001	6.4	8.5	7.7	11.7	14.9	13.5
	2002		18.2	17.4	23.9	17.3	20.4
	2003		16.3	17.7	28.0	17.2	22.2
	2004	15.8	14.9	15.2	25.0	17.5	21.0
VC							
0.7	2001	5.9	6.4	6.3	18.6	22.6	21.1
SR	0004				40.7	7.0	0.5
TT	2004	•••	•••	•••	13.7	7.0	9.5
TT	1998	4.5	4.9	4.8	18.8	11.3	14.2
	1990		0.0	1.1	16.8	10.7	13.1
	2000	0.5	0.0 0.9	0.8	7.1	5.2	5.9
	2000	3.8	3.2	3.4	14.4	8.7	10.9
	2001		1.8	2.4	14.5	7.8	10.4
	2002		0.0	1.1	12.7	8.5	10.4
	2004	3.7	0.0	1.2	10.2	6.0	7.7
	2005		0.0	0.0	9.4	4.9	6.7
	2000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.0	0.7
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS						
Al							
	2001	17.5	15.0	15.8	7.0	6.4	6.7
ВМ							
	2000	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.2	3.0	2.6
TC							
	2001	2.9	10.7	8.3	11.4	8.4	9.7





Source: Based on Table 4.4





Source: Based on Table 4.4

WE3: MDG 8: DEVELOP A GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR DEVELOPMENT Unemployment Rate Of Young People Aged 15-24 Years.

Target 16: In Co-operation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth

Concept and Definition

According to the standard UN definition, youth comprises the age-group between fifteen to twenty-four inclusive. In practice, the operational definition of youth varies widely from country to country depending on cultural, institutional and

political factors. The youth unemployment rate is youth unemployment as a percentage of the youth labour force. (UN Millennium Development Goals Data and Trends 2002).

Indicator Relevance

It is widely believed that by providing opportunities to young people the goal of eradicating poverty worldwide by the year 2015 can be achieved. Target 16 under

this goal supports this view and states: "In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth".

This indicator provides an estimate of the labour market situation facing this group. The youth unemployment rate alone, however by itself cannot be fully used to gauge the ability of youths to meet their full productive capacities, but rather it should be combined with other indicators such as measures of underemployment, the informal sector, educational access and labour force participation, amongst others.

Data Assessment

With the exception of Belize and Jamaica where the starting age for labour force activity is *14 years*, national definitions of *youth* in the CARICOM Region are generally consistent with International Standards. At the national level the

variations in the coverage of the unemployed mentioned earlier on page 11 of this report would be similar.

Gender Dimension

Youth Unemployment also leads to frustration and idleness, contributing to drug abuse, gang violence, other forms of interpersonal conflict, and risky behaviours.

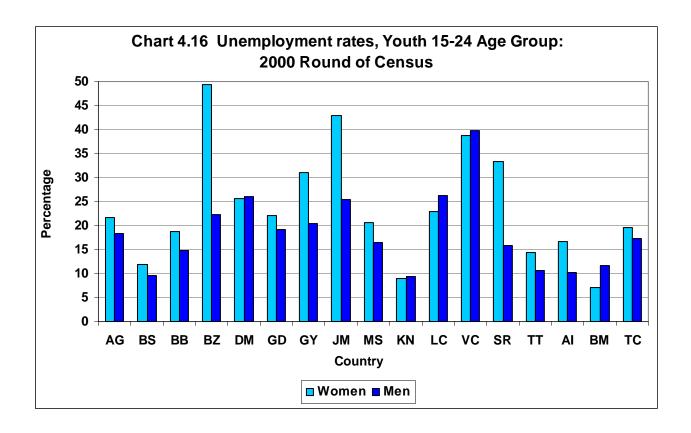
Data Sources

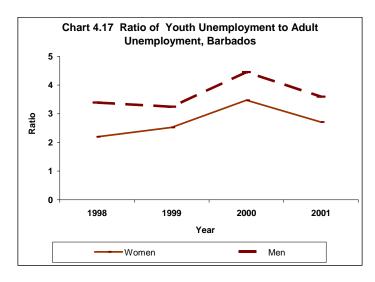
Please refer to **Appendix 3** for the sources of data used to compile this indicator.

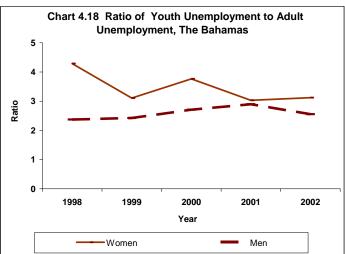
Evaluation

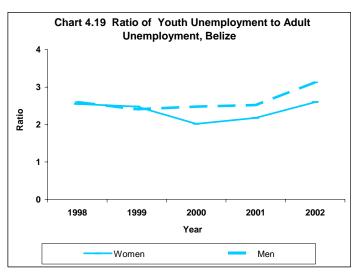
Table 4.6 compares the youth and adult unemployment rates for the period **1998-2005**. The trends indicate that youths were at least 2.8 times likely to be unemployed than adults while unemployment rates for women were higher than

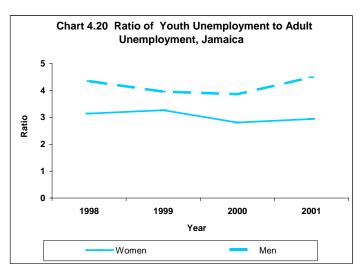
men. This is consistent with the general trend in most developing countries where youth unemployment triples adult unemployment. The largest gap was observed in Anguilla where in 2001 youth unemployment amongst young women and men exceeded adult unemployment amongst women and men by 4.3 and 5.5 times respectively. The smallest gap amongst young versus older women was observed in Dominica, Saint Lucia and Bermuda where on average the chances of a young woman as against an adult woman being unemployed was 2:1. In the case of young men the ratio was approximately 1:1 for Montserrat and 2:1 for Anguilla.

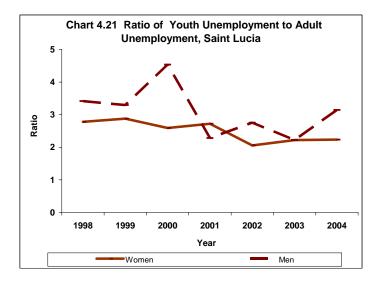


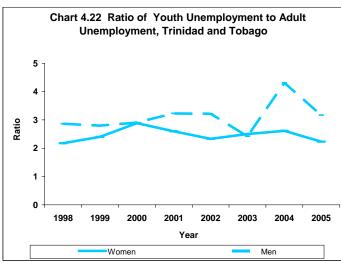












For the 2000 Round of Census Bermuda and St. Kitts and Nevis recorded the lowest youth with 7.2 per cent for women and 11.7 per cent for men, St. Kitts and Nevis Women 9.0 per cent and Men 9.3 per cent and adult unemployment rates Bermuda Women 1.7 per cent and Men 2.1 per cent. The highest unemployment rates among young women and men were recorded in Belize (Women 49.4 per cent and Men 22.4 per cent) and St. Vincent and the Grenadines (Women 38.7 per cent and Men 39.8 per cent) respectively. Jamaica (Women 42.9 per cent and Men 25.3 per cent).

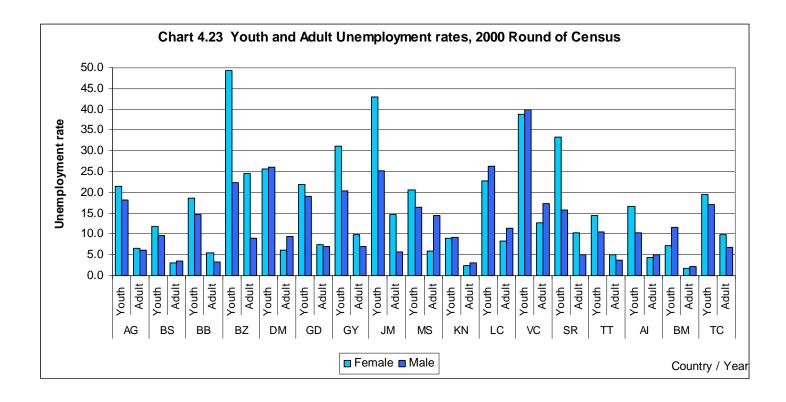


Table 4.6 Youth and Adult Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		15 - 24			25-64	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG							
<i>.</i> .	2001	21.6	18.3	19.8	6.6	6.0	6.3
BS							
	1998	23.1	10.9	16.8	5.4	4.6	5.0
	1999	22.0	10.6	15.8	7.1	4.4	5.7
	2001	16.6	14.0	15.1	5.5	4.9	5.2
	2002	21.9	17.9	19.9	7.0	7.0	7.0
ВВ							
	1998	29.6	19.8	24.4	13.5	5.9	9.6
	1999	26.5	17.7	21.8	10.5	5.5	7.9
	2000	18.7	14.7	16.6	5.4	3.3	4.3
	2001	25.7	20.5	22.9	9.5	5.7	7.6
BZ							
	1998	35.9	18.9	25.1	14.1	7.3	9.7
	1999	34.7	15.4	22.5	14.0	6.4	9.0
	2000	49.4	22.4	32.9	24.5	9.0	14.4
	2001	25.3	10.1	15.5	11.6	4.0	6.6
	2002	27.7	14.9	19.2	10.6	4.8	6.7
DM							
	1999	34.8	33.9	34.2	17.4	8.5	12.2
	2001	25.6	26.0	25.8	6.2	9.5	8.2
GD							
	1998	39.4	25.4	31.5	16.4	6.1	10.6
	2001	22.0	19.1	20.3	7.5	7.0	7.2
GY							
	2002	31.1	20.5	23.9	9.8	7.1	7.9
JM							
	1998	46.0	23.9	34.1	14.6	5.5	9.7
	1999	48.2	24.2	35.0	14.8	6.1	10.1
	2000	44.5	23.8	33.0	15.9	6.2	10.6
-	2001	44.2	24.6	33.0	14.7	6.0	10.0

Table 4.6 Cont'd Youth and Adult Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		15 - 24		25-64				
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total		
MS									
0	2001	20.7	16.6	18.4	6.0	14.5	10.8		
KN									
	2001	9.0	9.3	9.2	2.4	3.0	2.7		
LC									
	1998	51.8	38.1	44.0	18.6	11.2	14.7		
	1999	40.4	33.1	36.6	14.0	10.0	12.0		
	2000	40.4	32.2	36.1	15.6	7.1	11.2		
	2001	22.8	26.2	24.8	8.4	11.5	10.1		
	2002	40.2	33.3	36.6	19.5	12.1	15.7		
	2003	50.4	30.2	39.4	22.7	13.6	17.9		
VC	2004	45.5	37.1	40.8	20.3	11.8	15.9		
VC	2001	38.7	39.8	39.4	12.6	17.4	15.6		
SR	2001	30.7	33.0	33.4	12.0	17.7	13.0		
On	2004	33.3	15.8	21.5	10.3	5.1	7.1		
TT						-			
	1998	32.6	23.3	27.0	15.0	8.1	10.8		
	1999	30.9	21.9	25.4	12.9	7.8	9.7		
	2000	14.5	10.6	12.1	5.0	3.7	4.2		
	2001	28.0	19.1	22.6	10.8	5.9	7.8		
	2002	26.4	17.4	21.1	11.3	5.4	7.7		
	2003	23.7	16.3	19.4	9.5	6.7	7.8		
	2004	19.7	15.6	17.4	7.5	3.6	5.2		
	2005	16.6	10.7	13.2	7.5	3.4	5.1		
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS								
Al									
	2001	16.6	10.3	13.3	4.4	5.1	4.8		
ВМ									
	2000	7.2	11.7	9.4	1.7	2.1	1.9		
TC									
	2001	19.6	17.2	18.4	9.8	6.9	8.1		

WE4: LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE BY AGE GROUP, 1998 – 2004

LH

Concept and Definition

The labour force participation rate is a measure of the proportion of an economy's working-age population that is economically active; it provides an indication of the relative size of the supply of labour available for the production of goods and services. The breakdown of the labour force by sex and age group gives a profile of the distribution of the economically active population within a country. (ILO)

The Labour Force Participation Rate is the ratio of the Total Labour Force over the Total Non-Institutional Population 15 years and over. The labour force is the sum of the number of persons employed and the number of persons unemployed. Thus, the measurement of the labour force participation rate requires the measurement of both employment and unemployment.

Method of Computation

The labour force participation rate is calculated by expressing the number of persons in the labour force as a percentage of the working-age population. The

labour force is the sum of the number of persons employed and the number unemployed. The working-age population is the population above a certain age, prescribed for the measurement of economic characteristics.

The total employed and unemployed are measured as defined above. Data for *Table 4.7* and *Table 4.8* were computed based on **Appendix 1: Table 4.1** – Population 15 Years and over and **Table 4.2** – Labour Force.

In **Table 4.7** the labour force participation rate is calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Economically Active Population (x) in Age Group (i)

------* * 100

Total Non- Institutional Population 15 years and over (i)

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

In **Table 4.8** the labour force participation rate is calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Economically Active Population (x) in Age Group (*i*)

------** * 100

Non- Institutional Population (x) 15 years and over (*i*)

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

Indicator Relevance The Labour Force participation rate is a primary indicator of the level of labour market activity within a country. This indicator plays a key role in determining the size and composition of a country's human resources and making projections of a country's future labour supply.

Data Assessment

Since this indicator is expressed as a percentage, two components (labour force and the total population) are affected by data comparability. The effect of comparability of the labour force would be the same as Indicator 1, while the comparability of population data is affected by the concepts, scope and coverage used by member states. (refer to Chapter 1 Population, Households and Families, pg. 10). National data on labour force participation rates may not be comparable owing to differences in concepts and methodologies. The single most important contributor to data comparability is the nature of the data source. Labour force data obtained from population censuses are often based on a restricted number of questions on the economic characteristics of individuals. The resulting data, therefore, are generally not consistent with corresponding labour force survey data and may vary considerably from one economy to another, depending on the number and type of questions included in the census.

Employment and unemployment data from administrative records, such as social security systems and employment exchanges, are by-products of administration processes and, as such, depend heavily on national legislation and regulations. They are, therefore, highly vulnerable to changes that are entirely outside the statistician's control, resulting in breaks in the consistency of the time series. Moreover, they often suffer from shortcomings such as limited coverage and content, inflexible concepts and definitions, and restricted access due to legal and administrative constraints.

While the resulting statistics may provide rough estimates of the labour force, they are not likely to be comparable across economies, owing to the non-comparability of the individual sources and the different ways in which they may be combined. For international comparisons of labour force data, the most comprehensive source is National labour force surveys which tend to be similar in several essential features, and data derived from them are likely to be more comparable than data obtained from other sources or from a combination of different sources. Nevertheless, despite their strengths, labour force survey data may contain non-comparable elements in terms of scope and coverage, mainly because of differences in the inclusion or exclusion of rural areas, and the incorporation or non-incorporation of conscripts. Also, there are variations in national definitions of the labour force, particularly with respect to the statistical treatment of contributing family workers and the unemployed.

Non-comparability may also arise from differences in the age limits used in measuring the economically active population. Some economies have adopted non-standard upper age limits for inclusion in the labour force, with a cut-off point at 65 or 70 years, which will affect broad comparisons as well as those at the higher age levels. Finally, differences in the dates to which the data refer, as well as the method of averaging over the year for data ostensibly referring to the same period, may contribute to the non-comparability of the resulting statistics.¹

Gender Dimension

The gap between women and men's participation in the labour force is wide in many countries of the region. Women and men do not have equal access to paid work over their lifespan. Due to pregnancy, care for children and other family and household

duties women are forced to leave their jobs and in some cases active participation in the labour force all together. It is for this reason that there are steeper declines in the participation rates for women as opposed to men in the broad age groups 25-44; 45-64 and 65+. This trend also supports the fact that men are less involved in family and household responsibilities.

Women and Men in the Caribbean Community: Facts and Figures, 1998-2005

http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/gems/eeo/download/kilm01.pdf

Data Sources

Please refer to **Appendix 3** for the sources of data used to compile this indicator.

Evaluation

Table 4.7 and 4.8 presents Labour Force Participation rates by Broad Age Groups. Traditionally more men than women have been economically active, the gap between men and women available for the production of goods and services has been steadily closing over the eview for the total labour force for some Member countries, there are relatively lower

period under review for the total labour force for some Member countries, there are relatively lower participation rates for most Member States for the age group 15-24 as compared to the broad age group 45-64. In the 15-24 age group most persons are either still in school or are not actively seeking work and therefore would not be included in the labour force. This is followed by a steep rise between 25-44 range in the rates for both women and men after which the rates begin to decline steadily between 45-64 and 65+ as the retirement age approaches.

Overall Barbados had the highest proportion of its population that were either working or actively seeking work amongst the countries that had data available for the period 1998-2004. The highest labour force participation rates among women were recorded amongst the Associate Member States, followed by The Bahamas and Antigua and Barbuda. In 6 countries, Belize, Dominica, Guyana, St. Kitts, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname and Trinidad and Tobago, the percentage of the working age population for women actively involved in the production of economic goods and services was below 50 per cent. In all the countries, with the exception of Grenada and Montserrat 58 per cent, St. Kitts and Nevis 57 per cent, in 2001 and Suriname 63 per cent in 2004, men were at least 70 per cent likely to have participated in the labour force. In the case of Belize, Guyana and Suriname men are at least twice as likely than women to have either had a job, sought work or available for work during the period 1998-2004.

The largest disparity in labour force participates rates in any single year was observed in 2002 in Guyana with 44 per cent, in 1998 & 2002 in Belize with 41 per cent, in 2001 St. Vincent and the Grenadines with 30 per cent, in 2001 Trinidad and Tobago with 29 per cent and in 2004 Suriname with 26 per cent. In the case of Belize the difference in rates fell from 41 per cent in 1998 to 22 per cent in 2000; in that very year the rates for women and men declined by 14 per cent and 32 per cent respectively and stands out as among the largest single drop in rates amongst the member states for the period.

Between 1998-2004 the gap between women and men's participation showed very little change. In fact in the case of Belize and Jamaica, the difference in the rates in 1998 were the same as those in 2002 while a similar occurrence was noted in the Bahamas between 1999-2004. Only in the case of Saint Lucia, Barbados and Trinidad and Tobago was there evidence to suggest that the gap in economic participation rates was in fact narrowing while in the case of Dominica and Grenada for the period 1998-2001, the gap widened. In 1998, participation rates for women in Saint Lucia lagged behind their male counterparts by 19 percent but by 2004 the lag had decreased to 14 per cent a drop of 5 percentage points over a seven year period. In Barbados and Trinidad and Tobago this decline was less pronounced, with a decline of 2 and 1 percentage points respectively for the period 1998-2002.

The largest change of participation rates in any given year was recorded in the Bahamas where between 1998-1999, the rates of women increased by 18 per cent compared to 24 per cent for men. While there was drop in the rates for Belize 1999-2000 (Women 15 per cent; Men 32 per cent), Dominica 1999-2001 (Women 15 per cent; Men 12 per cent), and Grenada where the rates for both women and men the rates dropped by 16 per cent.

According to **Table 4.7** the 25-44 age group had the largest share of the total labour force while the 65+ category had the lowest for all the Member States and Associate Members. Generally with the exception of Belize, Grenada, Saint Lucia and Trinidad and Tobago, the participation rates of women and men in the Member States and Associate Members who are between the ages of 25-44 years are approximately 3-4 times higher than those who are between the ages of 15-24 years and 2-3 times those who are in the age group 45-64 years.

Table 4.7 Percent of Total Labour Force by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		our Force	_		our Force	_		our Force	_
		Women	Men _	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	7.5	8.3	15.8	29.7	27.6	57.3	11.3	11.9	23.2
BS										
	1998	9.4	10.3	19.6	29.9	28.6	58.5	9.1	9.8	18.9
	1999	8.6	10.3	18.9	28.3	28.4	56.8	9.5	11.5	21.0
	2001	7.3	11.0	18.4	29.7	27.6	57.3	10.3	11.2	21.5
	2002	8.4	8.6	17.1	28.4	28.2	56.6	10.7	12.3	22.9
	2003	8.7	9.7	18.4	27.9	26.9	54.8	11.4	12.2	23.6
	2004	8.3	9.1	17.4	27.2	26.7	53.9	12.2	13.6	25.9
ВВ	4000	7.0	0.4	40.0	00.0	00.4	50.0	44.0	40.0	05.5
	1998	7.8	9.1	16.9	28.2	28.4	56.6	11.9	13.6	25.5
	1999	8.1	9.3	17.4	27.0	28.1	55.0	12.5	14.0	26.4
	2000	7.1	8.5	15.6	27.0	28.1	55.1	13.0	14.9	27.8
	2001	7.2 7.0	8.4 8.5	15.6	26.2 26.3	26.7 26.2	52.9 52.4	14.5 14.5	15.6 16.0	30.0
BZ	2002	7.0	8.5	15.5	20.3	20.2	52.4	14.5	16.0	30.5
DΣ	1998	10.8	18.9	29.7	18.6	29.0	47.6	5.3	13.7	18.9
	1999	10.6	18.4	29.0	17.5	30.3	47.8	5.0	13.7	18.5
	2000	12.2	19.2	31.4	17.6	31.1	48.7	5.0	11.6	16.6
	2001	9.7	17.6	27.2	18.2	31.5	49.6	5.6	13.3	18.8
	2002	8.9	17.8	26.8	17.9	32.3	50.2	5.4	14.0	19.4
DM	2002	0.0		20.0	17.0	02.0	00.2	0.1	1 1.0	10.1
-	1999	7.1	11.5	18.6	21.7	29.1	50.9	9.9	15.8	25.7
	2001	6.8	10.1	16.9	22.0	32.9	54.9	8.9	15.2	24.1
GD										
	1998	10.3	13.3	23.6	22.8	27.4	50.2	8.7	13.0	21.7
	2001	9.1	12.7	21.8	22.0	31.0	53.0	8.3	13.6	22.0
GY										
	2002	7.7	15.9	23.6	16.1	37.1	53.2	6.1	14.5	20.6
JM										
	1998	11.6	13.5	25.1	23.8	26.0	49.7	8.6	11.5	20.2
	1999	11.2	13.8	24.9	23.5	26.4	49.9	8.5	11.7	20.2
	2000	10.7	13.3	24.0	23.7	26.9	50.6	8.5	11.9	20.5
	2001	9.8	13.3	23.1	23.2	26.8	50.0	9.3	12.2	21.5

Table 4.7 (a) Percent of Total Labour Force by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005

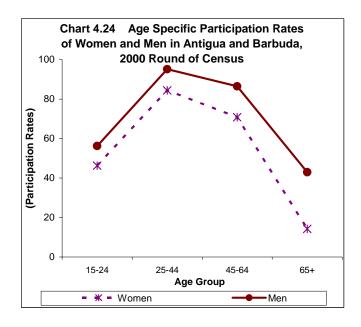
Country	Year		our Force	_		our Force	e in age	Total All	Age Grou	ıp (15+)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	48.6	47.9	96.4	1.1	2.7	3.8	49.6	50.4	100.0
BS										
	1998	48.4	48.7	97.0	1.3	1.7	3.0	49.7	50.3	100.0
	1999	46.4	50.2	96.6	1.5	1.9	3.4	47.9	52.1	100.0
	2001	47.4	49.9	97.2	1.1	1.6	2.8	48.5	51.5	100.0
	2002	47.5	49.1	96.6	1.3	2.1	3.4	48.8	51.2	100.0
	2003	48.1	48.7	96.8	1.3	1.9	3.2	49.4	50.6	100.0
	2004	47.7	49.4	97.1	1.1	1.8	2.9	48.8	51.2	100.0
BB										
	1998	47.9	51.0	98.9	0.4	0.7	1.1	48.3	51.7	100.0
	1999	47.5	51.3	98.9	0.3	0.9	1.1	47.8	52.2	100.0
	2000	47.0	51.5	98.5	0.5	1.0	1.5	47.5	52.5	100.0
	2001	47.8	50.7	98.5	0.6	1.0	1.5	48.4	51.6	100.0
	2002	47.8	50.7	98.5	0.6	1.0	1.5	48.3	51.7	100.0
BZ										
	1998	34.6	61.6	96.2	0.8	3.0	3.8	35.4	64.6	100.0
	1999	33.1	62.2	95.2	0.8	4.0	4.8	33.9	66.1	100.0
	2000	34.8	62.0	96.7	0.7	2.5	3.3	35.5	64.5	100.0
	2001	33.4	62.3	95.7	0.8	3.5	4.3	34.2	65.8	100.0
	2002	32.2	64.2	96.3	0.6	3.1	3.7	32.8	67.2	100.0
DM								40.0		
	1999	38.7	56.4	95.1	2.3	2.6	4.9	40.9	59.1	100.0
	2001	37.6	58.3	95.9	1.3	2.8	4.1	38.9	61.1	100.0
GD	4000	44.0	50.7	05.5	4 7	0.0	4.5	40.5	F0 F	400.0
	1998	41.8	53.7	95.5	1.7	2.8	4.5	43.5	56.5	100.0
OV	2001	39.5	57.3	96.7	1.2	2.1	3.3	40.6	59.4	100.0
GY	2002	20.0	67.5	07.4	0.7	4.0	2.6	20.6	60.4	400.0
JM	2002	29.9	67.5	97.4	0.7	1.9	2.6	30.6	69.4	100.0
JIVI	1998	44.0	51.0	95.0	1.6	3.4	5.0	45.6	54.4	100.0
	1996	44.0	51.0 51.8	95.0 95.0	1.5	3.4 3.5	5.0	45.6 44.7	54.4 55.3	100.0
	2000	43.2 42.9	51.8 52.2	95.0 95.1	1.5 1.6	3.5 3.3		44.7 44.5	55.5	100.0
							4.9			
	2001	42.3	52.4	94.7	1.6	3.7	5.3	43.9	56.1	100.0

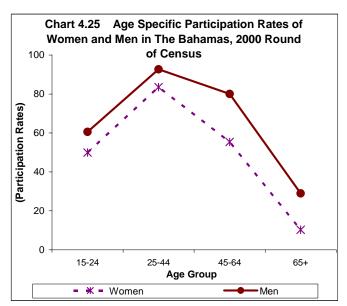
Table 4.7 Percent of Total Labour Force by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005

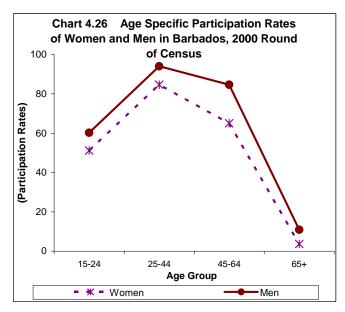
Country	Year		our Force	_		our Force	_		our Force	_
Country	i cai	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
		Womon	111011	Total	Womon	1011	Total	TTOINGH	mon	Total
MS	0004	5.0		40.0	040	00.0	50.0	44.0	40.0	00.0
KN	2001	5.8	7.5	13.3	24.0	29.2	53.2	11.9	18.3	30.2
KIN	2001	9.3	10.6	19.9	26.8	29.1	55.8	9.3	12.2	21.5
LC										
	1998	10.5	14.0	24.5	24.1	25.5	49.6	9.5	11.7	21.2
	1999	12.0	13.1	25.1	25.6	24.3	49.9	8.7	11.4	20.2
	2000	10.7	11.9	22.6	25.0	25.5	50.5	9.5	11.7	21.1
	2001	9.9	13.6	23.6	23.3	28.8	52.1	8.1	12.0	20.1
	2002	10.4	11.6	22.0	24.2	26.6	50.7	9.6	10.1	19.8
	2003	9.1	11.0	20.0	25.6	26.7	52.4	9.2	12.2	21.4
	2004	9.0	11.6	20.6	25.4	25.5	50.9	9.9	13.1	23.0
VC										
0.0	2001	8.7	15.6	24.3	20.7	32.9	53.5	7.0	12.6	19.7
SR	2004	<i>.</i>	44.0	46.7	22.4	27.0	50.4	0.4	447	22.0
TT	2004	5.5	11.3	16.7	22.1	37.3	59.4	9.1	14.7	23.8
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1998	8.6	13.3	21.8	21.8	32.3	54.1	7.5	15.1	22.6
	1999	8.6	13.6	22.2	21.3	31.5	52.8	7.8 7.8	15.5	23.3
	2000	8.9	13.9	22.8	20.5	30.3	50.8	8.5	16.3	24.8
	2001	8.2	13.1	21.3	20.9	31.2	52.1	8.6	16.5	25.1
	2002	8.5	12.1	20.6	21.0	30.8	51.7	9.2	17.0	26.2
	2003	9.0	12.1	21.1	20.0	29.9	49.9	10.1	17.5	27.6
	2004	9.0	12.1	21.1	20.6	28.5	49.1	11.0	17.4	28.5
	2005	9.1	12.5	21.7	20.7	27.7	48.4	11.2	17.2	28.4
ASSOCIATE M	IEMBEDS									
AI	ILMIDLING									
	2001	8.9	9.6	18.5	27.4	29.0	56.4	9.5	12.6	22.2
ВМ										
	1999	5.3	4.7	10.0	26.9	27.3	54.2	15.4	16.1	31.5
	2000	5.0	5.2	10.2	25.7	27.3	53.0	15.7	16.8	32.5
	2001	4.3	4.1	8.4	25.9	27.4	53.3	16.7	17.2	33.9
	2002	4.2	3.5	7.7	25.6	27.4	53.0	17.1	17.7	34.9
TC										
	2001	7.5	7.8	15.3	27.7	35.0	62.7	8.1	11.9	20.0

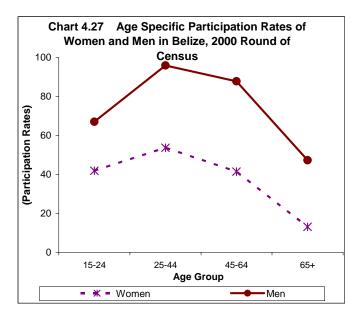
Table 4.7 (a) Percent of Total Labour Force by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2005

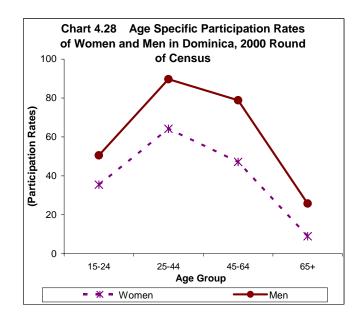
Country	Year	% of Labour Force in age group 15 - 64				our Force group 65+	in age	Total All Age Group (15+)		
,		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IIIO	2001	41.7	55.1	96.7	1.2	2.0	3.3	42.9	57.1	100.0
KN										
	2001	45.3	51.9	97.2	0.9	1.9	2.8	46.2	53.8	100.0
LC										
	1998	44.1	51.2	95.3	1.2	3.5	4.7	45.3	54.7	100.0
	1999	46.4	48.8	95.2	1.8	3.1	4.8	48.1	51.9	100.0
	2000	45.1	49.1	94.2	2.1	3.7	5.8	47.2	52.8	100.0
	2001	41.3	54.4	95.7	1.6	2.7	4.3	42.9	57.1	100.0
	2002 2003	44.2 43.9	48.3 49.9	92.5 93.8	3.0 2.5	4.5 3.7	7.5 6.2	47.2 46.3	52.8 53.7	100.0 100.0
	2003	43.9	50.2	94.5	2.5	3. <i>1</i> 3.4	5.5	46.3	53. <i>1</i> 53.6	100.0
VC	2004	44.5	30.2	34.5	2.1	J. 4	5.5	40.4	33.0	100.0
••	2001	36.4	61.0	97.5	0.7	1.8	2.5	37.2	62.8	100.0
SR										
	2004	36.7	63.3	100.0	-	-	-	36.7	63.3	100.0
TT										
	1998	37.9	60.6	98.5	0.4	1.1	1.5	38.3	61.7	100.0
	1999	37.8	60.6	98.3	0.5	1.2	1.7	38.2	61.8	100.0
	2000	37.9	60.5	98.4	0.5	1.1	1.6	38.3	61.7	100.0
	2001	37.7	60.8	98.5	0.5	1.1	1.5	38.1	61.9	100.0
	2002	38.7	59.9	98.6	0.5	1.0	1.4	39.1	60.9	100.0
	2003	39.0	59.5	98.5	0.4	1.1	1.5	39.4	60.6	100.0
	2004	40.6	58.0	98.7	0.4	0.9	1.3	41.0	59.0	100.0
	2005	40.9	57.5	98.4	0.4	1.2	1.6	41.4	58.6	100.0
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	45.8	51.3	97.1	0.9	2.0	2.9	46.7	53.3	100.0
ВМ	4000	47.0	40.4	05.7	4 =	2.2	4.0	40.0	50 7	100.0
	1999	47.6	48.1	95.7	1.7	2.6	4.3	49.3	50.7	100.0
	2000	46.5	49.3	95.8	1.8	2.6	4.4	48.2	51.8	100.0
	2001	46.9	48.7	95.6	1.7	2.6	4.4	48.7	51.3	100.0
TC	2002	46.9	48.6	95.5	1.8	2.7	4.5	48.7	51.3	100.0
10	2001	43.2	54.7	98.0	0.6	1.4	2.0	43.9	56.1	100.0
~	2001		34.7	90.0	0.0	1.4	2.0	43.9	30.1	100.0

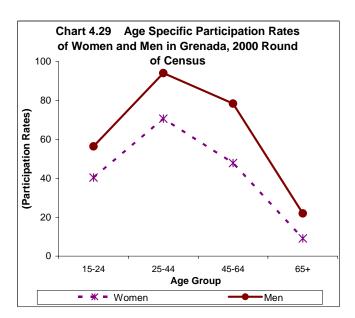


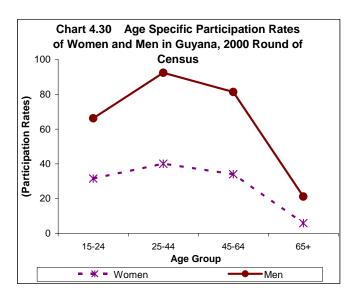


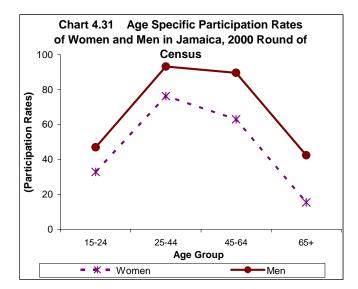


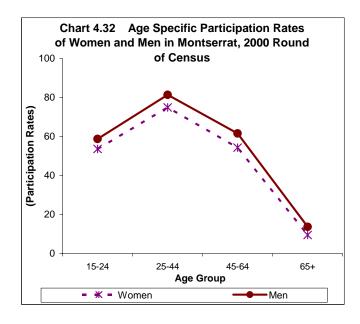


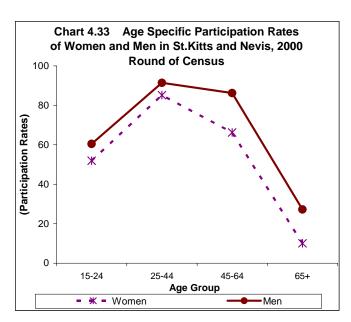


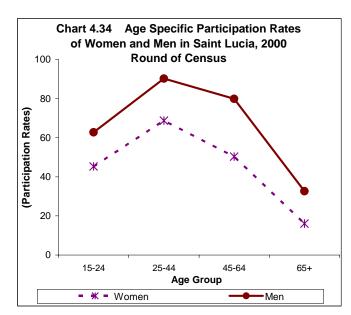


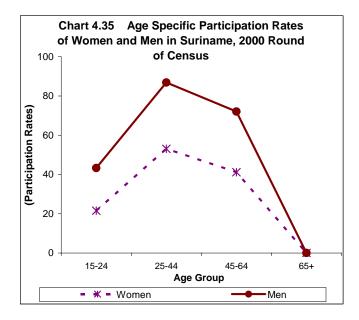


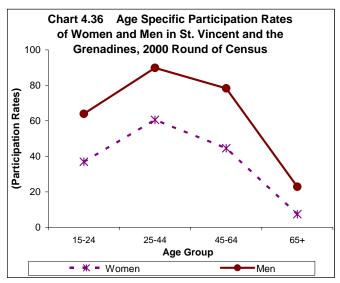


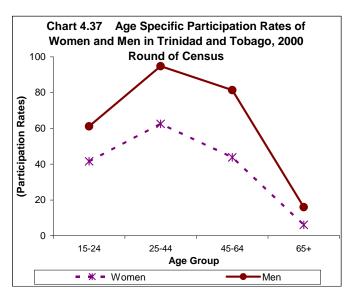


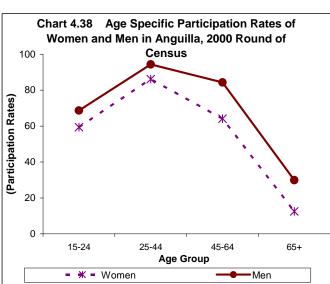


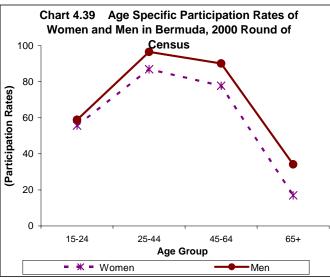












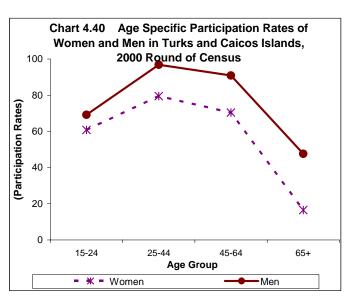


Table 4.8 (a) Labour Force Participation rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year		15 - 24			25 - 44		45 - 64			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG											
	2001	46.3	56.2	51.0	84.4	95.1	89.3	70.8	86.5	78.1	
BS											
	1998		43.7	42.0	67.5	67.1	67.3	23.5	30.9	27.0	
	1999		61.9	57.5	88.6	92.4	90.5	30.7	47.1	38.5	
	2001		70.6	58.6	92.3	92.1	92.2	32.0	39.2	35.4	
	2002		56.0	55.1	88.9	95.2	91.9	33.8	46.8	40.0	
	2003		64.4	60.8	89.6	92.8	91.2	34.3	50.6	42.0	
	2004	54.6	60.3	57.4	87.9	93.0	90.3	34.5	54.9	44.1	
BB											
	1998		65.3	60.5	89.3	95.6	92.3	63.7	85.5	73.7	
	1999		65.7	60.4	87.7	96.3	91.9	66.4	84.1	74.7	
	2000		60.2	55.7	84.7	94.1	89.2	65.1	84.7	74.2	
	2001		62.6	59.4	88.4	96.3	92.2	69.8	86.3	77.4	
	2002	54.1	62.2	58.3	87.5	95.7	91.4	70.0	85.8	77.5	
BZ											
	1998		61.6	48.1	52.9	97.1	73.2	36.1	90.2	63.7	
	1999		61.9	48.5	50.6	97.0	72.7	35.8	90.8	64.2	
	2000	41.9	67.0	54.4	53.7	96.0	74.7	41.5	87.8	65.8	
	2001		60.1	46.4	51.6	96.6	73.2	39.3	89.7	65.0	
	2002	29.6	60.4	44.9	48.1	96.2	71.0	35.7	89.9	63.3	
DM											
	1999		64.3	56.7	76.0	93.1	84.9	56.3	86.4	71.7	
	2001	35.4	50.5	43.2	64.2	89.7	77.4	47.2	78.9	63.3	
GD	4000	50.0	00.4	00.5	70.0	05.0	00.0	50.4	04.0	07.4	
	1998		68.4	60.5	78.6	95.2	86.8	53.1	81.6	67.1	
6 1/	2001	40.4	56.4	48.4	70.7	94.1	82.7	47.9	78.4	63.1	
GY	0000	04.0	00.0	40.0	40.4	00.4	00.0	04.4	04.0	57.0	
INA	2002	31.6	66.2	48.8	40.1	92.4	66.3	34.1	81.3	57.6	
JM	1000	40 F	E4 2	46.0	70.2	05.0	06.0	65.6	90.3	77.0	
	1998		51.3	46.8	79.3	95.2	86.8	65.6	89.2	77.2	
	1999		51.2	45.6	77.3	94.8	85.6	63.6	88.7	76.1	
	2000		49.5	43.8	88.6	88.7	88.7	62.5	89.3	75.7	
	2001	33.0	47.1	39.9	76.4	93.3	84.6	63.1	89.7	75.8	

Table 4.8 (a) Cont'd Labour Force Participation rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		15 - 64			65+		Total All Age Group (15+)			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG											
	2001	72.0	83.1	77.1	14.3	43.0	26.8	66.2	79.4	72.2	
BS											
	1998	55.5	57.6	56.5	10.4	21.8	15.2	52.6	56.1	54.3	
	1999	74.0	82.4	78.1	12.8	28.1	19.2	70.3	80.5	75.3	
	2001		83.7	79.1	10.7	24.5	16.4	70.2	80.9	75.4	
	2002	75.1	82.6	78.8	13.6	32.1	21.3	70.8	80.6	75.5	
	2003	77.0	83.2	80.0	13.5	38.2	24.0	72.6	80.7	76.5	
	2004	76.1	84.2	80.0	12.1	36.8	22.5	71.4	81.5	76.2	
BB											
	1998		85.8	79.9	2.7	7.0	4.5	62.0	74.1	67.7	
	1999		85.7	79.7	2.1	8.8	4.9	61.6	74.8	67.8	
	2000	71.7	83.7	77.5	3.7	10.9	6.6	60.2	74.2	66.8	
	2001	75.7	85.6	80.5	4.4	11.0	7.1	63.9	76.0	69.6	
	2002	75.0	84.9	79.8	4.2	10.5	6.8	62.8	74.9	68.5	
BZ											
	1998		81.4	61.5	11.7	45.1	28.2	40.5	78.6	59.0	
	1999		82.0	61.7	11.5	55.3	33.6	39.6	79.7	59.3	
	2000	47.1	83.4	65.3	13.1	47.3	30.0	44.7	80.9	62.9	
	2001	42.4	81.3	61.6	12.3	51.5	32.6	40.1	78.9	59.3	
	2002	39.1	81.6	59.8	8.7	44.0	26.6	36.8	78.6	57.3	
DM											
	1999		83.7	74.0	16.2	24.4	19.7	54.5	75.5	65.2	
	2001	52.2	76.6	64.7	9.0	25.8	16.3	45.1	70.2	57.7	
GD											
	1998		83.7	73.9	11.0	25.5	17.2	55.0	75.7	65.0	
	2001	55.5	78.7	67.2	9.1	21.9	14.6	48.5	72.1	60.2	
GY											
	2002	36.3	82.3	59.2	5.9	21.2	13.0	34.1	78.5	56.1	
JM	4000	00.5	70.0	00.0	40.1	40.4	04.0	57. 0	70.0	05.0	
	1998		76.6	69.3	18.4	46.4	31.2	57.6	73.6	65.3	
	1999		76.4	68.1	16.7	45.9	30.0	55.4	73.3	64.1	
	2000		73.9	68.4	17.0	43.2	28.7	57.2	70.9	64.1	
	2001	56.5	74.1	65.1	15.5	42.5	27.9	51.5	70.6	60.7	

Table 4.8 (a) Cont'd Labour Force Participation rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country Year		15 - 24			25 - 44		45 - 64			
	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS										
2001	53.7	58.8	56.4	74.9	81.4	78.3	54.3	61.6	58.5	
KN										
2001	51.9	60.5	56.1	85.1	91.4	88.3	66.2	86.2	76.3	
LC	E4 4	64.0	57.0	90.6	04.4	07.0	E0.0	07.6	74.0	
1998	51.1	64.2	57.8	80.6	94.4	87.2	58.8	87.6	71.8	
1999	56.1	64.6	60.2	81.6	95.4	87.8	60.4	85.1	72.3	
2000		61.5	59.4	83.4	95.3	89.0	61.2	85.4	72.6	
2001	45.3	62.8	54.0	68.8	90.2	79.2	50.4	79.9	64.7	
2002	47.5	56.5	51.8	78.8	90.6	84.6	62.1	80.8	70.5	
2003	56.0	62.6	59.4	83.4	92.7	87.9	58.1	83.5	70.3	
2004 VC	52.2	62.0	57.3	83.1	93.3	87.9	60.8	82.6	71.5	
2001	36.9	63.9	50.6	60.6	89.9	75.7	44.5	78.3	61.6	
SR										
2004	21.6	43.3	32.6	53.1	86.9	70.3	41.2	72.1	56.0	
TT										
1998	40.9	61.1	51.2	64.0	95.2	79.6	41.2	79.5	60.7	
1999	40.4	61.6	51.1	64.0	95.1	79.5	42.1	79.3	61.2	
2000	41.6	61.2	51.7	62.6	94.8	<i>78.5</i>	43.8	81.4	62.9	
2001	39.5	60.0	50.0	64.5	94.8	79.8	42.4	81.3	61.8	
2002	41.5	57.6	49.7	65.4	95.5	80.5	44.6	81.5	63.1	
2003	44.6	59.6	52.1	66.7	95.2	81.3	47.6	79.3	63.8	
2004	47.0	60.5	53.9	69.3	96.5	82.9	54.3	81.9	68.4	
2005	48.3	64.6	56.6	71.1	95.6	83.4	53.7	82.2	68.0	
2006	47.8	60.1	54.0	73.1	95.2	84.3	53.3	81.7	67.8	
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS										
Al										
2001	59.4	68.7	63.9	86.2	94.4	90.2	64.1	84.3	74.3	
BM	5 0.0	40.4	50.	60.0	00.0	00.5	60.0	64-	60 -	
1999	56.2	49.4	52.8	88.0	93.2	90.5	83.2	94.7	88.7	
2000	55.7	58.9	57.3	87.0	96.6	91.7	77.8	90.1	83.7	
2001	44.8	42.2	43.5	84.5	92.9	88.6	86.6	97.5	91.8	
2002	44.1	37.7	40.9	83.7	93.9	88.7	88.5	101.6	94.7	
TC 2001	60.8	69.1	64.8	79.5	96.8	88.3	70.4	90.9	81.3	

Table 4.8 (a) Cont'd Labour Force Participation rate by Broad Age Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year		15 - 64		65+			Total All Age Group (15+)			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
	2001	64.4	70.2	67.6	9.6	13.7	11.8	55.2	61.2	58.5	
KN											
	2001	71.6	81.7	76.7	10.0	27.2	17.4	63.8	76.4	70.0	
LC	4000	00.0	00.0	740	40.7	00.0	05.7	50.5	77.4	00.0	
	1998		82.3	74.0	12.7	39.9	25.7	59.5	77.1	68.0	
	1999		82.5	75.3	17.5	38.6	26.8	62.3	77.3	69.2	
	2000		82.1	76.0	18.4	35.8	26.6	62.5	75.3	68.7	
	2001	57.5	79.3	68.1	16.0	32.6	23.5	52.4	74.3	63.0	
	2002		77.4	70.9	22.7	38.9	30.2	58.0	71.5	64.4	
	2003		81.9	75.8	21.4	36.0	28.3	62.4	75.2	68.7	
1/0	2004	69.1	81.1	75.0	17.6	31.6	24.2	61.0	73.8	67.2	
VC	2001	49.5	79.3	64.7	7.4	22.9	14.2	44.5	74.1	59.4	
SR	2001	49.5	79.3	04.7	7.4	22.5	14.2	44.5	74.1	33.4	
OIX	2004	41.2	70.8	56.0				41.2	70.8	56.0	
TT	2004	7712	70.0	00.0				7112	70.0	00.0	
	1998	51.7	81.3	66.6	4.7	14.8	9.5	46.9	75.3	61.1	
	1999		81.1	66.5	5.4	15.7	10.2	46.6	75.0	60.8	
	2000		81.0	66.4	6.1	16.0	10.7	47.0	<i>75.</i> 3	61.2	
	2001		81.1	66.3	5.2	14.2	9.4	46.4	75.0	60.7	
	2002		80.8	66.9	5.0	12.8	8.5	47.5	74.6	60.9	
	2003	54.8	80.6	67.9	4.8	14.2	9.2	49.5	74.5	62.2	
	2004		82.0	70.5	4.9	14.3	8.9	52.7	76.4	64.5	
	2005		82.9	71.3	4.4	16.2	9.5	52.8	76.5	64.5	
	2006	60.2	81.6	71.0	4.4	11.5	7.6	53.6	74.8	64.2	
ASSOCIATE ME	MDEDE										
ASSOCIATE ME	INIDERS										
Al	2001	74.4	85.8	80.0	12.5	29.9	20.6	67.6	80.2	73.8	
ВМ											
	1999	81.3	86.2	83.7	17.6	37.5	25.8	72.2	80.8	76.4	
	2000		88.5	83.6	17.0	34.2	24.0	69.6	82.2	75.6	
	2001		85.7	82.1	17.0	36.6	25.2	69.8	80.1	74.8	
	2002		86.9	82.8	17.7	38.4	26.3	70.2	81.5	75.6	
TC											
	2001	73.8	90.4	82.2	16.5	47.6	30.3	70.3	88.4	79.4	

WE5: EMPLOYED POPULATION BY STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT, 1998 – 2004

The concept of *Status in Employment* describes the relationship of the employed person to their employment in the following categories:

- (1) Employees are all those workers who hold paid employment jobs.
- (2) Employers are those workers who, working on their own account or with one or a few partners, hold the type of job defined as a "self-employment job" and, in this capacity have engaged one or more persons to work for them as employees.
- (3) Own-account workers are workers who, working on their own account or with one or more partners, hold a self-employment job and have not engaged on a continuous basis any "employees" to work for them during the reference period.
- (4) Members of producers' cooperatives are workers who hold a "self-employment" job in a cooperative producing goods and services.
- (5) Contributing family workers are those workers who hold a "self-employment" job in a market-oriented establishment operated by a related person living in the same household, who cannot be regarded as a partner, because their degree of commitment to the operation of the establishment, in terms of working time or other factors to be determined by national circumstances, is not at a level comparable to that of the head of the establishment.
- (6) Workers not classifiable by status include those for whom insufficient relevant information is available, and/or who cannot be included in any of the preceding categories.³

(ILO – Refer to http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/class/icse.htm)

According to the International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE), the basic criteria used to define the groups of the classification are the types of economic risk, an element of which is the strength of the attachment between the person and the job, and the type of authority over establishments and other workers which the job holders have or will have.

Employed persons can be classified by *Status in Employment* according to the following rules:

- a person with only one classifiable job during the reference period should be classified to the status in employment group of that job;
- a person with two or more jobs during the reference period should be classified to the status in employment group of that set of equally classified jobs at which he/she has worked the longest hours, or which has provided the highest income from employment during that period (or which can be expected to provide the highest income from work carried out in that period, if payment can only be expected in the future) 4

This formal job attachment should be determined in the light of national circumstances, according to one or more of the following criteria.

^{3 (}ILO – Refer to http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/class/icse.htm)

⁴ Ibid.

Method of Computation

Data for *Table 4.9* and *Table 4.10* were computed based on **Appendix 1: Table 4.5** – Employed Population by Status in Employment.

In **Table 4.9** the percent of total employed population by Status in Employment are calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Employed Population by Status in Employment (x)
----- * 100 **Total** Employed Population (x) 15 years and over (*i*)

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

In **Table 4.10** the labour force participation rate is calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Employed Population by Status in Employment (x)
------** * 100
Employed Population (x) 15 years and over

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

Indicator Relevance

This indicator provides information on the employed based on whether they own their own business, work for others

It answers such questions as what proportions run their own enterprises, with or without hired labour and what

proportion work without pay within the family unit. Further the status of employment is useful for understanding both the dynamics of the labour market and the development level of economies. (ILO)

Data Assessment

Appendix 2 Table 4.17 (page 275) contains information on the classification systems used in the Member States and Associate Members. The 1993 ILO Classification introduces the new category of "contributing family workers" that replaces the category previously used "unpaid family workers". The new definition introduces the concept of

partners in the family enterprise thus allowing women who work on an equal level with their husbands to be counted as own-account workers. This category only allowed one member of the family to be counted as own-account workers while the others were regarded as unpaid family workers. The treatment of this category of workers can lead to women being under counted since it was felt the work they were doing was housework which is classified as inactive, thus excluding these women from the labour force altogether. At the national level most countries still use unpaid family workers which will affect the quality of the data and affect data comparability.

Gender Dimension

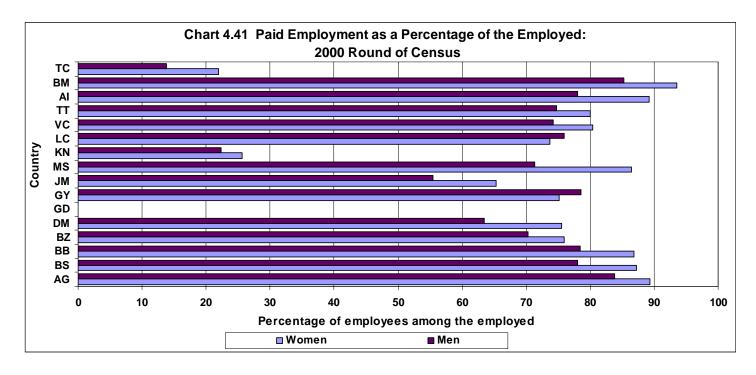
The status of "contributing family workers" alluded to above is of particular relevance to gender statistics. Due to the added responsibility of caring for the family, women are much more likely than men to engage in many activities, some non-economic, that

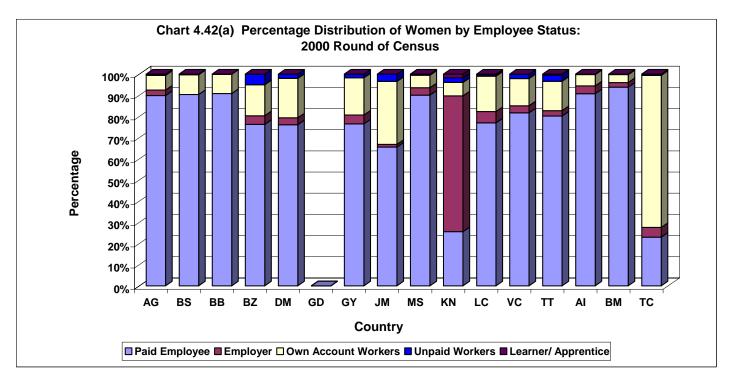
are not captured even under the revised classification.

Evaluation

In **Table 4.10** Paid Employment has consistently occupied the largest share of the employed labour force averaging at least 65 per cent Women and 60 per cent Men amongst the Member States for the period 1998-2004. The Associate Members, Anguilla and Bermuda along with

Barbados recorded the highest proportion in this category with over (Women 90 per cent; Men 80 per cent). In St. Kitts and Nevis and in the Turks and Caicos Islands the category Employers exceeded that of Paid Employers percentages with 25.6 per cent women and 22.4 per cent Men for St. Kitts and Nevis. Jamaica had the highest proportion of Own Account Workers in the region (Women 30 per cent; Men 39 per cent) and recorded the lowest proportion amongst the paid employees with (Women 66 per cent; Men 56 per cent), while Trinidad and Tobago was second. On average Own account workers account form the second largest proportion averaging at least 15 per cent (Women) and over 20 per cent Men. Throughout the period women who are paid employees in Barbados and the Bahamas make up at least 85 per cent and 78 per cent respectively but rank among the lowest in the region as employers.





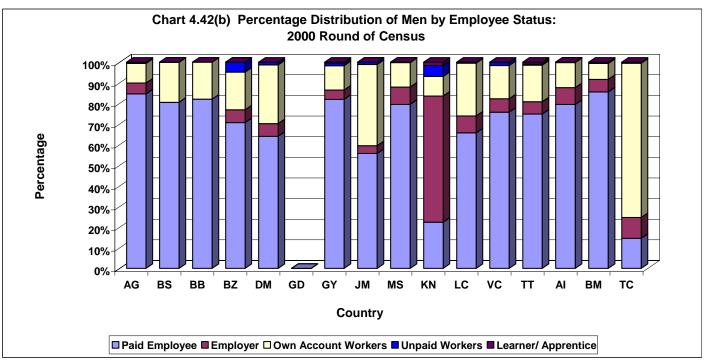


Table 4.9 Percent of Total Employed Population by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Paid	d Employ	ee	E	Employer		Own Account Worker			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG											
	2001	45.2	41.4	86.6	1.3	2.6	3.9	3.5	4.6	8.1	
BS											
	1998	43.0	41.9	84.9	-	-	-	5.0	9.5	14.5	
	1999	41.3	41.9	83.2	-	-	-	5.0	10.6	15.6	
	2001	43.7	41.9	85.6	-	-	-	4.4	9.5	13.9	
	2002	43.3	40.7	84.1	-	-	-	4.8	10.2	15.0	
	2003	40.3	41.4	81.7	-	-	-	6.3	11.0	17.3	
20	2004	52.1	23.5	75.6	-	-	-	8.9	14.6	23.5	
ВВ	4000	41.5	45.0	86.5	0.2	0.4	0.7	3.9	8.0	11.9	
	1998 1999	41.9	43.7	85.5	0.2	0.4	0.7	3.9 4.2	9.3	13.5	
	2000	40.9	43.7 41.5	82.4							
	2000	42.8	42.7	85.5	0.2	0.5	0.6	 4.2	9.2	13.4	
	2001	42.8	42.7	85.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	4.3	9.3	13.6	
BZ	2002	12.10		00.0	U	0.2	0.0		0.0	.0.0	
	1998	22.9	43.7	66.6	1.5	7.0	8.5	5.8	14.9	20.7	
	1999	22.1	42.8	65.0	1.0	7.2	8.2	6.7	16.6	23.3	
	2000	22.5	49.4	72.0	1.2	4.4	5.6	4.3	12.8	17.1	
	2001	23.1	46.3	69.4	1.2	5.4	6.5	6.2	14.0	20.2	
	2002	23.2	45.8	69.1	1.2	5.4	6.6	5.2	15.2	20.4	
DM											
	1999	25.7	32.9	58.6	1.0	3.0	4.1	11.2	23.7	34.9	
	2001	29.9	38.4	68.2	1.3	3.7	5.0	7.3	17.0	24.4	
GD											
	1998	23.2	54.4	77.5	1.3	3.0	4.3	5.3	7.8	13.2	
GY											
	2002	32.5	45.3	77.8	2.0	2.8	4.7	5.1	10.4	15.5	
JM		c= -	6.4 -	50 6		•	2.5			6- 1	
	1998	27.5	31.5	59.0	0.7	2.1	2.8	12.1	23.3	35.4	
	1999	26.6	32.3	58.9	0.7	2.0	2.7	12.3	23.4	35.7	
	2000	26.5	32.4	59.0	0.7	2.0	2.7	12.3	23.6	35.9	
	2001	26.8	32.1	58.9	0.6	2.3	2.9	12.1	23.7	35.8	
	2002	28.9	33.7	62.7	0.7	1.6	2.3	11.1	22.1	33.2	

Table 4.9 Cont'd Percent of Total Employed Population by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Unp	aid Work	ers	Learne	er/ Appre	ntice	N	ot Stated	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.7
BS										
	1998	0.2	0.0	0.3	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.3
	1999	0.2	0.0	0.2	-	-	-	0.3	0.6	0.9
	2001	0.1	0.0	0.1	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.4
	2002	0.3	0.0	0.4	-	-	-	0.2	0.4	0.5
	2003	0.1	0.1	0.2	-	-	-	0.2	0.4	8.0
	2004	0.4	0.0	0.4	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5
BB										
	1998	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5
	1999	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2
	2000								•••	
	2001	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	-	0.1	0.1
	2002	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2
BZ	4000	4.5	0.0	4.4				0.0	0.4	0.4
	1998	1.5	2.6	4.1	-	-	-	0.0	0.1	0.1
	1999	1.1 1.5	2.3	3.4 4.9	-	-	-	0.0 0.1	0.1	0.1
	2000	1. 5 1.6	3.4 2.0	4.9 3.7	-	-	<i>-</i> -	0.1 0.1	0.4 0.1	0.5 0.1
	2001 2002	1.0	2.0	3.7	-	- -	- -	0.1	0.1	0.1
DM	2002	1.5	2.4	3.1	-	<u>-</u>		0.0	0.2	0.2
DIVI	1999	0.7	0.8	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.7
	2001	0.8	0.7	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.8
GD	2001	0.0	0.1		0.0	0. .	011	0.2	0.0	0.0
05	1998	0.5	0.9	1.4	-	0.3	0.3	0.5	2.8	3.3
GY	1000								_	
	2002	0.9	1.0	1.9	0.0	0.1	0.1	_	-	-
JM										
	1998	1.4	0.7	2.2	-	-	-	0.2	0.3	0.5
	1999	1.2	0.9	2.2	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	0.5
	2000	1.2	0.8	2.0	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.5
	2001	1.4	0.6	2.0	-	-	-	0.1	0.3	0.4
	2002	1.0	0.4	1.5	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.4

Table 4.9 Cont'd Percent of Total Employed Population by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Paid	d Employ	ee	E	mployer		Own A	ccount W	/orker
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	38.1	39.9	78.0	1.5	4.2	5.7	2.5	6.0	8.5
KN										
	2001	12.1	11.8	23.9	30.3	32.3	62.6	3.0	5.0	8.0
LC										
	1998		34.1	65.1	1.8	4.4	6.3	8.9	16.7	25.6
	1999 2000		32.2 32.4	66.1 64.1	1.6	4.2	5.9 5.4	9.5	15.3 17.1	24.8 27.8
	2000 2001	31.6 33.3	32.4 34.3	67.6	1.4 2.3	4.0 4.3	5.4 6.6	10.7 7.2	17.1 13.4	27.8 20.6
	2007	33.3	34.3	67.6	2.3	4.3	6.6	7.2	13.4	20.6
	2003	32.3	37.3	69.6	1.5	4.0	5.5	7.1	13.2	20.3
	2004	32.2	34.7	66.9	1.9	4.0	5.8	7.4	13.7	21.1
VC										
	2001	30.9	45.8	76.7	1.3	3.9	5.2	4.9	9.7	14.6
SR										
	2004									
TT		00.4	4- 0							
	1998		47.8	76.9	0.8	3.4	4.2	4.7	11.2	15.9
	1999 2000	29.1 29.6	47.3 47.0	76.4 76.7	0.9 1.0	3.2 3.8	4.1 4.7	5.2 5.1	11.5 11.1	16.7 16.2
	2000	29.3	47.0 47.1	76.7 76.4	1.2	4.1	5.2	5.1 5.1	11.4	16.5
	2001	30.8	46.5	77.3	1.0	4.0	4.9	4.6	11.2	15.8
	2002	00.0	, , , ,		110					
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	1999		43.6	86.3	1.5	4.8	6.2	2.7	4.8	7.4
	2001	41.5	41.7	83.3	1.7	4.3	6.0	2.4	6.4	8.8
ВМ	2000	45.3	44.0	89.3	1.1	3.1	4.2	1.8	4.0	5.8
TC	2000	45.3	44.0	ō9.3	1.1	3.1	4.2	1.8	4.0	5.8
	2001	9.5	7.8	17.3	1.9	5.5	7.4	29.6	40.3	69.9

Table 4.9 Cont'd Percent of Total Employed Population by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country Year	Unp	aid Work	ers	Learne	er/ Appre	ntice	N	ot Stated	I
	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS									
2001	0.2	0.1	0.3	-	-	-	1.8	5.7	7.5
KN			0.0	0.0	0.0	4 7			
2001	1.1	2.8	3.8	0.8	0.9	1.7	-	-	-
LC 1998	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.5	1.1	1.6
1999		0.0	1.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.6
2000		0.3	0.9	-	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.1	1.6
2001		0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.9	2.7	4.6
2002		0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.9	2.7	4.6
2003		0.4	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.8	2.0	3.8
2004	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.2	2.2	3.2	5.4
VC									
2001	0.8	0.9	1.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	1.1	1.7
SR									
2004									•••
тт									
1998		0.4	1.9	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
1999		0.5	1.8	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2000		0.4	1.4	0.2	0.6	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.2
200		0.3	1.1	0.2 0.3	0.5	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
2002	0.7	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.1
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS									
Al									
1999	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2001		0.1	0.2	_	_	_	0.8	0.9	1.7
ВМ									
2000	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3
TC									
2001	0.2	0.1	0.4	-	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7

Table 4.10 Percentage Distribution of the Employed by Status in Employment: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Paid	d Employ	ee	E	Employer		Own A	ccount W	orker/
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	89.4	83.8	86.6	2.6	5.2	3.9	6.9	9.4	8.1
BS										
	1998	88.9	81.1	84.9				10.4	18.4	14.5
	1999		78.9	83.2				10.8	19.9	15.6
	2001	90.3	81.1	85.6				9.1	18.3	13.9
	2002	89.1	79.3	84.1				9.9	19.9	15.0
	2003		78.2	81.7				13.3	20.8	17.3
	2004	84.9	60.8	75.6				14.5	37.9	23.5
ВВ										
	1998		83.3	86.5	0.5	0.8	0.7	8.4	14.9	11.9
	1999		81.3	85.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	9.0	17.4	13.5
	2000	86.9	78.5	82.4	•••	•••	•••	8.7	17.2	13.2
	2001	90.5	81.0	85.5	0.3	0.9	0.6	8.9	17.5	13.4
	2002	90.5	81.1	85.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	9.0	17.7	13.6
BZ			24.2			40.0		40.0	24.2	
	1998		64.0	66.6	4.6	10.3	8.5	18.3	21.8	20.7
	1999		62.1	65.0	3.4	10.4	8.2	21.5	24.1	23.3
	2000	75.9	70.3	72.0	4.1	6.2	5.6	14.6	18.2	17.1
	2001	71.8	68.3	69.4	3.6	7.9	6.5	19.3	20.7	20.2
DM	2002	75.0	66.4	69.1	3.9	7.8	6.6	16.7	22.1	20.4
DM	4000	65.6	54.0	58.6	2.6	5.0	11	28.6	38.9	24.0
	1999	75.6	63.4	68.2	3.2	5.0 6.1	4.1 5.0	18.5	28.2	34.9 24.4
GD	2001	75.0	03.4	00.2	3.2	0. 1	5.0	10.5	20.2	24.4
GD	4000	75.2	78.6	77.5	4.1	4.3	4.3	17.3	11.3	13.2
GY	1998	10.2	70.0	11.5	4.1	4.5	4.5	17.5	11.5	10.2
Gi	2002	80.2	76.2	77.8	4.9	4.6	4.7	12.6	17.4	15.5
JM	2002	00.2	70.2	77.0	7.3	7.0	7.7	12.0	17.4	10.0
0101	1998	65.5	54.3	59.0	1.7	3.6	2.8	28.8	40.2	35.4
	1999		54.8	58.9	1.7	3.4	2.7	29.8	39.7	35.7
	2000		54.9	59.0	1.6	3.4	2.7	29.9	40.0	35.9
	2000	65.4	54.4	58.9	1.4	3.9	2.9	29.6	40.1	35.8
	2001		58.2	62.7	1.7	2.7	2.3	26.5	38.1	33.2

Table 4.10 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed by Status in Employment: 1998 - 2004

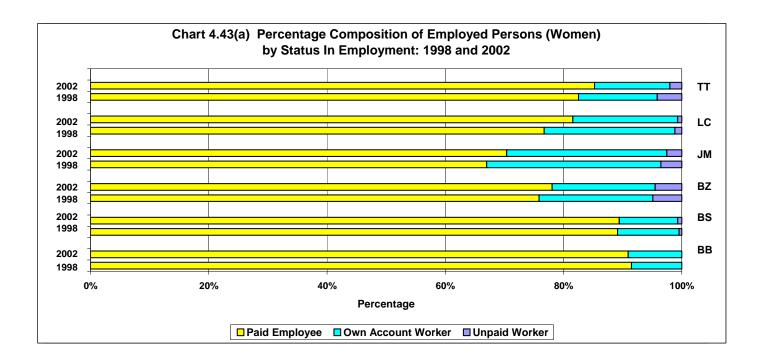
Country	Year	Unp	aid Work	ers	Learn	er/ Appre	ntice	N	ot Stated	l
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.9	0.7
BS										
	1998		0.1	0.3				0.2	0.4	0.3
	1999		0.1	0.2		•••		0.7	1.1	0.9
	2001		0.0	0.1		•••		0.6	0.5	0.4
	2002		0.1	0.4				0.4	0.7	0.5
	2003		0.3	0.2				0.4	0.8	8.0
	2004	0.6	0.1	0.4		•••		0.8	1.2	0.5
ВВ										
	1998		0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5
	1999		0.0	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2
	2000	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	4.3	4.3
	2001	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1
	2002	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
BZ										
	1998		3.8	4.1		•••		0.1	0.2	0.1
	1999		3.3	3.4		•••		0.1	0.1	0.1
	2000		4.8	4.9		•••		0.4	0.5	0.5
	2001		3.0	3.7				0.2	0.1	0.1
	2002	4.3	3.5	3.7				0.1	0.3	0.2
DM										
	1999		1.4	1.6	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.7
	2001	2.0	1.2	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.9	0.8
GD										
	1998	1.7	1.2	1.4	0.0	0.4	0.3	1.7	4.1	3.3
GY										
	2002	2.3	1.7	1.9	0.0	0.1	0.1			
JM										
	1998		1.3	2.2				0.5	0.6	0.5
	1999		1.6	2.2				0.7	0.4	0.5
	2000		1.3	2.0				0.6	0.4	0.5
	2001		1.0	2.0				0.3	0.5	0.4
	2002	2.5	0.7	1.5				0.4	0.3	0.4

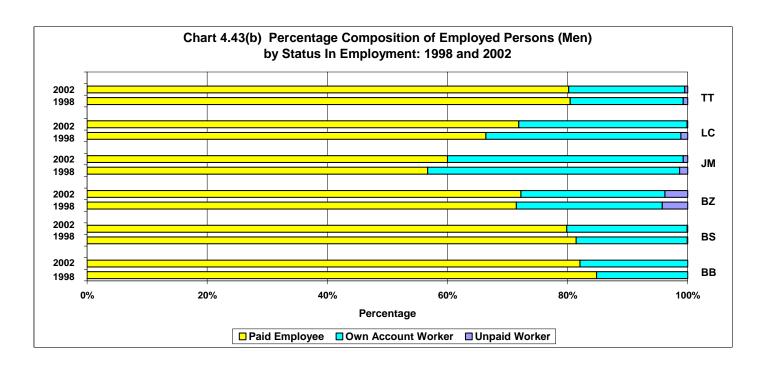
Table 4.10 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed by Status in Employment: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Paid	d Employ	ee	E	Employer		Own A	ccount W	orker/
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										_
	2001	86.5	71.4	78.0	3.4	7.5	5.7	5.7	10.7	8.5
KN										
	2001	25.6	22.4	23.9	64.1	61.2	62.6	6.3	9.5	8.0
LC										
	1998		79.8	152.2	4.3	10.4	14.7	20.9	39.0	59.9
	1999		68.9	141.3	3.5	9.0	12.5	20.4	32.7	53.0
	2000		72.4	143.0	3.1	9.0	12.1	23.8	38.1	61.9
	2001	73.8	75.9	149.7	5.1	9.5	14.6	16.0	29.6	45.6
	2002	73.8	75.9	149.7	5.1	9.5	14.6	16.0	29.6	45.6
	2003		87.0	162.4	3.4	9.4	12.8	16.6	30.8	47.4
	2004	73.0	78.8	151.8	4.2	9.0	13.2	16.8	31.1	47.9
VC			- 40					40.0	4= 0	440
OD.	2001	80.5	74.3	76.7	3.3	6.4	5.2	12.6	15.8	14.6
SR	2004									
TT	2004			•••					•••	
11	1998	80.2	75.0	76.9	2.2	5.3	4.2	13.0	17.5	15.9
	1996	79.4	73.0 74.7	76.4	2.2	5.5 5.1	4.2	14.1	18.2	16.7
	2000	80.0	74.7	76.7	2.6	6.0	4.7	13.8	17.7	16.7 16.2
	2000	80.0	74.3	76.4	3.2	6.4	5.2	14.0	17.9	16.5
	2001	82.4	74.2	77.3	2.6	6.4	4.9	12.3	17.9	15.8
	2002	02.1	7 1.2	77.0	2.0	0.1	1.0	12.0	17.0	10.0
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	1999	91.2	82.0	86.3	3.1	9.0	6.2	5.7	9.0	7.4
	2001	89.2	78.1	83.3	3.6	8.0	6.0	5.2	11.9	8.8
ВМ										
	2000	93.6	85.3	89.3	2.2	6.1	4.2	3.7	7.7	5.8
тс										
	2001	22.0	13.7	17.3	4.4	9.6	7.4	68.7	70.7	69.9

Table 4.10 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Unp	aid Work	ers	Learn	er/ Appre	ntice	N	ot Stated	l
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	0.5	0.2	0.3				4.0	10.3	7.5
KN										
	2001	2.2	5.3	3.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
LC										
	1998		1.4	2.5	0.2	0.6	0.8	1.2	2.6	3.7
	1999	1.6	0.7	2.3	0.8	0.3	1.1	1.3	2.0	3.4
	2000		0.7	2.1	0.0	0.6	0.6	1.1	2.4	3.5
	2001	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.7	4.2	5.9	10.1
	2002 2003	0.6 0.5	0.1 0.9	0.7 1.3	0.3 0.1	0.4 0.4	0.7 0.5	4.2 4.1	5.9 4.6	10.1 8.8
	2003	0.5	0.9	1.3	0.1	0.4	0.5	5.0	7.3	12.3
VC	2004	0.7	0.0	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	5.0	1.3	12.3
VC	2001	2.0	1.5	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.5	1.9	1.7
SR	2001	2.0	1.0	,,,	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.0	,,,
	2004									
TT										
	1998	4.0	0.7	1.9	0.5	1.5	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	1999	3.5	0.8	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	2000	2.9	0.6	1.4	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.2	0.2	0.2
	2001	2.2	0.4	1.1	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1
	2002	1.9	0.5	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.1
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	1999		0.0	0.0						
211	2001	0.3	0.2	0.2				1.7	1.7	1.7
ВМ	0000	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TC	2000	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
10	2001	0.6	02	04	0.0	0.3	02	0.6	0.7	0.7
-	2001	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.7





WE6: EMPLOYED POPULATION BY OCCUPATION, 1998 -2004

PH

Concept and Definition

The concept of the employed population by occupation refers to the kind of work done during the reference period by the person employed, irrespective of the industry or the status in employment of the person. Refer to WE2 pg 10.

Persons are classified by occupations through their relationship to a job in the following categories: (please refer to the ILO website)

http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/download/res/isco.pdf

An occupation is a group of jobs or positions having common or closely related responsibilities and duties and occurring in the representative establishment throughout the Country. The basic criterion used in classifying workers by occupational categories is on the basis of the type of work performed irrespective of the branch or industry to which the jobs belonged. Effective January 1990, the revised International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-88), at the four digits level was adapted. (Trinidad and Tobago, CSSP Labour Force Report 2002)

Method of Computation

Data for *Table 4.12* and *Table 4.14* were computed based on **Appendix 1: Table 4.9** A – Employed Population by Occupational Group.

In **Table 4.12** the percent of total employed population by Occupational Group are calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Employed Population by Occupational Group (x)
----- * 100

Total Employed Population (x) 15 years and over (i)

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

In **Table 4.14** the percent of total employed population by Occupational Group are calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Employed Population by Occupational Group (x)
------** * 100
Employed Population (x) 15 years and over

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

Indicator Relevance

This indicator provides a profile of jobs in the economy and also provides information of a person's job (a set of tasks and duties which are carried out by, or can be assigned to, one person)

Data Assessment

Appendix 2 Table 4.15 (page 272) contains information on the classification systems used in the Member States and Associate Members. Most of the countries conform to the International Standards used. Due to differences in national circumstances and

survey methodologies, the data does not capture to the same extent, in all countries, women who work in the informal sector or as home-based workers. Moreover, this indicator does not reflect other important work that women contribute to the family often without pay. There are therefore problems of coverage with regard to occupation by gender.

Gender Dimension

¹Reducing gender inequality in the labour market – manifested by occupational segregation, gender wage gaps, women's disproportionate representation in informal employment and unpaid work and higher unemployment rates – is

essential to increasing women's economic security, defeating poverty and fostering sustainable development and growth. Women and men have always traditionally worked in differential occupational groups. Women however often have the extra responsibility of caring for family members and therefore face greater constraints than men in the amount of time and effort they can put into paid employment on a continuous basis and in enhancing their education and upgrading their skills and qualifications. These factors affect career advancement and prevent women from capitalizing on opportunities for promotion. Although they are engaged in many sectors of the economy – including the informal sector and unpaid subsistence work – women are not as well integrated into the monetary economy as men. Even where women have made significant gains in paid employment, labour markets remain strongly segregated, often to the disadvantage of women. The extent and pattern of this segregation vary across countries in relation to the social, cultural and economic circumstances in each country. Occupational segregation is often accompanied by lower pay and worse working conditions in female occupations.

Data Sources

Please refer to **Appendix 3** for the sources of data of employed labour force by occupational group.

Amongst the Member States, the largest distribution of women amongst the occupational groupings were spread mainly between those that work as the Service Shop and Market Sales Vendors, Clerks and those in Elementary type occupations.

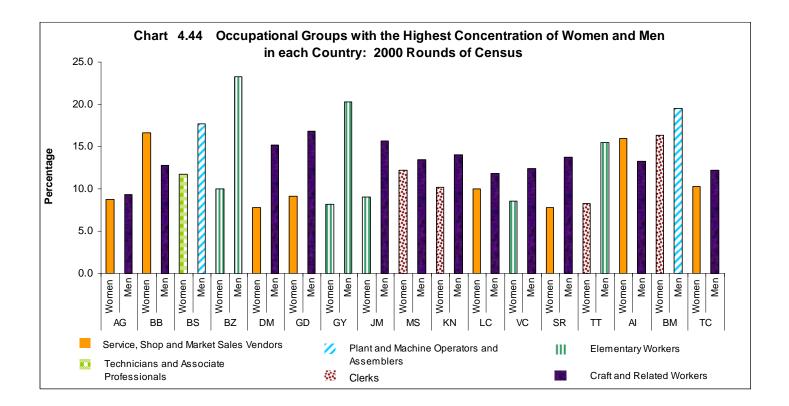
The category Service and Sales Workers accounted for between 7.8 per cent in the case of Dominica and Suriname to 16 and 16.4 per cent for Anguilla and Barbados respectively of total women's employment. Eight countries had the highest proportion of women employed in this category. Amongst the four countries which recorded the highest percentage of employment in Elementary Occupations, Belize with 10.0 percent had the highest proportion, followed by Jamaica 8.8 per cent, St. Vincent and the Grenadines 8.6 per cent and Guyana 8.1 per cent. Montserrat, St. Kitts and Nevis, Trinidad and Tobago and Bermuda had the highest percentage in the Clerical occupational group with 12.2; 10.2; 8.2 and 16.3 per cent respectively. The only member state that recorded the highest concentration in the Professional category was The Bahamas in the area of Technicians and Associate Professionals with 7.7 per cent.

¹ Hhttp://unstats.un.org/unsd/mi/goals_2005/goal_3.pdfH pg.6

Male dominated occupations were either in the groups of Craft and Related Workers, Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers and Elementary Workers. Most men are employed as Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers in The Bahamas (17.7 per cent) and Bermuda (19.5 per cent) and as Elementary Workers in Belize (10 per cent), Guyana (8.1 per cent) and Trinidad and Tobago (15.5 percent). The category Craft and Related Workers attracted the highest concentration of male workers in the remaining 12 countries, with percentages of at least 12 percent in all the countries with the exception of Antigua and Barbuda.

Generally more men than women are employed in occupations where their sex composition is either less than 50 per cent or above 70 per cent. Women are more likely than men to be employed in occupations where their sex composition is between 50-70 per cent. In six countries, women account for at least 15 percent of the total employment in occupations where their sex composition is less than 50 per cent while for men this distribution applies to seven countries. In 7 countries Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, The Bahamas, Saint Lucia, Trinidad and Tobago, Anguilla and Bermuda at least 20 per cent of women work in occupations where they enjoy the majority share (50-70%). Similarly 20 per cent of men work in occupations where they are in the majority in the following countries: Belize, St. Kitts and Nevis, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, St. Vincent and the Grenadines and Turks and Caicos Islands.

Generally a higher proportion of men than women work in occupations where the sex composition is in excess of 70 per cent. In Guyana more than half of all men who work are employed in occupations where they are heavily concentrated, enjoying a share in excess of 70 per cent. At least 25 per cent of all men who work, do so in occupations where their composition is in excess of 70 per cent. These occupations are primarily, construction workers, miners and other Trade-type positions, and fall into the category Craft and Related Workers.



With reference to *Chart 4.44* the following trends were observed amongst those occupational groups that attracted the **highest concentration** of women and men in each country:

- Most women work as Service Shop and Market Sales Workers while most Men work as Craft and Related Workers in 8 countries namely: Antigua and Barbuda; Barbados; Dominica; Grenada; Saint Lucia; Suriname; Anguilla and Turks and Caicos Islands.
- Elementary Workers attracted the highest percentage of the employed amongst both women and men in Belize and Guyana.
- Professional grouping did not rank amongst the highest in any of the countries with the exception of The Bahamas where the women who worked as Technicians and Associate Professionals attracted the highest proportion with 11.8 per cent.

Table 4.11(a) Occupations with the Highest Concentration of Women and Men by Country, 2000 Round of Census

Sex	Occupational Groups	Countries
Women		
	Service, Shop and Market Sales Workers	AG; BB; DM; GD; LC; SR; AI; TC.
	Elementary Workers	BZ; GY; JM; VC;
	Clerks	MS; KN; TT; BM
	Technicians and Associate Professionals	BS
Men		
	Craft and Related Workers	AG; BB; DM; GD; JM; MS; KN; LC; VC; SR; AI;TC
	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	BS; BM
	Elementary Workers	BZ; GY; TT

Table 4.11(b) Percentage distribution of Women and Men according to their Concentration/Composition in their occupations, 2000 Round of Census

Percent of the Total Employed in Occupational Groups with:

Countries	Low to r concen (< 5	tration	Medi concen (50-7	tration	High concentration (> 70%)		
	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	
AG	9.5	17.0	21.3	1.6	7.7	13.2	
BB	9.7	21.1	26.0	10.4	10.2	20.4	
BS	13.9	17.2	22.9	0.0	11.4	0.0	
BZ	16.2	6.3	8.9	33.4	0.0	30.5	
DM	14.3	15.3	17.7	10.4	7.5	34.7	
GD	16.5	14.6	0.0	15.2	7.2	28.8	
GY	12.4	6.6	0.0	8.4	0.0	55.2	
JM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
MS	10.2	18.4	0.0	19.1	12.2	20.9	
KN	26.2	14.1	8.5	21.4	18.5	16.6	
LC	22.6	16.9	26.2	5.2	6.1	23.6	
VC	23.0	6.6	5.4	25.0	7.3	28.1	
SR	14.2	13.9	19.1	20.6	0.0	28.6	
TT	13.8	14.6	21.9	21.5	0.0	26.8	
Al	9.3	14.9	25.0	13.0	11.5	0.0	
BM	1.5	23.3	26.0	0.0	16.3	28.1	
TC	18.4	11.0	14.7	24.4	6.2	16.9	

Notes: Percentages calculated was based on data in *Table 4.12* and *Table 4.13*.

The data represents the sum total of the percentages of the women employed in Occupational groups where the sex composition is < 50%; 50-70% and >70%. See *Appendix 2 Table 4.10* on page 244-245.

Table 4.12 Per cent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		rs, Senior (Managers	Officials,	Pro	ofessional	's		cians, Ass ofessiona	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	1.3	1.6	3.0	2.2	1.8	3.9	3.9	3.2	7.1
ВВ										
	1998		3.3	5.3	5.2	3.5	8.7	2.4	4.2	6.6
	1999		3.0	5.4	5.0	3.2	8.1	2.6	4.1	6.7
	2000	3.2	4.5	7.6	9.4	9.0	18.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2001 2002	3.4 3.3	4.8 4.6	8.3 7.9	6.8 7.0	4.7 4.5	11.5 11.5	3.3 3.3	4.9 5.1	8.2 8.3
BS	2002	ა.ა	4.0	7.9	7.0	4.5	11.5	3.3	5.1	0.3
ВЗ	1998	1.8	3.9	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.7	6.7	15.5
	1999		4.2	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	7.4	16.7
	2001	3.7	5.5	9.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.8	7.7	19.5
	2002		5.8	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.3	7.2	18.5
	2003	3.3	4.9	8.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.4	6.6	16.9
	2004	3.4	4.6	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.2	7.5	18.7
BZ										
	1998	3.9	9.5	13.3	0.8	1.4	2.2	5.4	3.6	9.0
	1999		11.7	17.0	1.3	1.3	2.5	4.7	4.3	9.0
	2000	2.1	3.3	5.5	1.4	1.8	3.2	4.6	4.4	9.0
	2001	4.4	9.6	14.0	1.3	1.5	2.7	3.9	3.8	7.7
DM	2002	3.8	6.4	10.2	1.5	1.9	3.4	4.2	3.6	7.8
DIVI	1999	3.9	2.8	6.7	1.2	1.5	2.7	5.6	4.2	9.7
	2001	3.9	2.9	6.8	1.7	2.0	3.7	6.1	4.4	10.5
GD		0.0		0.0						1010
	1998	3.0	3.1	6.1	0.9	1.2	2.1	5.3	4.4	9.6
	2001	3.0	3.1	6.1	1.0	1.5	2.4	5.6	4.8	10.4
GY										
	2002	0.7	2.1	2.8	1.3	1.2	2.5	4.8	3.0	7.8
JM										4
	1998		•••			•••		9.1	6.8	15.9
	1999		•••			•••		9.0	6.9	15.9
	2000 2001		•••	•••		•••	•••	9.3 8.9	6.8 7.0	16.1 15.8
	2001		•••			•••		10.5	7.0 7.5	18.1
	2002			••••			•••	10.5	7.5	10.1

Table 4.12 Cont'd Per cent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		Clerks			Shop and les Vendo			ure, Fores nery Work	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	7.7	1.8	9.5	8.7	4.9	13.6	0.2	0.8	1.0
ВВ	1998	9.9	2.6	12.5	10.0	6.6	16.5	0.3	1.9	2.2
	1999	9.6	2.6	12.5	10.5	6.5	17.0	0.3	1.8	2.2
	2000	9.0 10.2	2.6 2.5	12.1 12.7	16.6	9.6	26.2	0.4	2.3	2.2 2.7
	2000	9.2	2.3 2.4	11.5	11.4	9.0 6.6	18.0	0.4	2.0	2.7
	2001	8.9	2.4	11.3	11.4	6.4	18.1	0.3	2.0	2.3
BS	2002	0.9	2.4	11.5	11.0	0.4	10.1	0.4	2.0	2.4
БО	1998	13.0	3.0	15.9	12.4	8.7	21.1	0.1	4.0	4.1
	1999	12.3	2.8	15.0	12.0	7.4	19.4	0.1	3.6	3.8
	2001	11.4	1.9	13.2	11.1	7.6	18.7	0.1	2.6	2.8
	2002	11.6	2.4	14.0	11.9	7.9	19.8	0.3	3.0	3.3
	2003	11.0	2.0	13.1	13.5	8.2	21.7	0.1	1.8	1.9
	2004	11.2	1.6	12.8	13.3	7.9	21.2	0.1	2.4	2.5
BZ										
	1998	4.5	2.0	6.6	5.7	5.1	10.8	0.2	7.9	8.1
	1999	3.8	2.0	5.9	5.3	4.6	9.9	0.2	8.0	8.1
	2000	4.2	1.9	6.2	4.6	5.0	9.5	0.4	10.0	10.4
	2001	4.5	1.9	6.4	4.9	4.5	9.4	0.9	6.8	7.7
	2002	4.8	1.7	6.5	7.2	6.4	13.5	0.1	9.8	9.9
DM										
	1999	5.4	1.8	7.2	6.2	4.7	10.9	4.8	19.6	24.4
	2001	7.5	2.1	9.6	7.8	5.9	13.7	2.7	15.2	17.8
GD										
	1998	7.2	2.1	9.4	7.8	7.6	15.5	2.6	8.4	11.0
	2001	7.2	2.0	9.2	9.1	7.9	17.0	1.0	6.7	7.7
GY										
	2002	4.7	2.3	7.0	6.4	8.4	14.8	1.4	9.6	11.1
JM										
	1998							3.4	15.8	19.2
	1999							3.0	16.0	19.0
	2000							3.2	15.7	18.9
	2001							3.2	15.7	18.9
	2002							3.2	14.7	17.9

Table 4.12 Cont'd Per cent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Craft and	d Related	Workers	Plant and And	Machine C I Assemble	•	Element	ary Occu	pations
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	1.0	9.3	10.3	0.2	3.1	3.3	6.6	5.3	11.9
ВВ	1998	1.7	12.2	13.9	2.1	5.8	8.0	11.8	13.2	25.0
	1999	1.7	13.7	15.7	1.7	5.8	7.4	11.8	12.7	24.5
	2000	1.7	12.8	14.4	1.6	5.3	6.9	2.9	6.0	8.9
	2001	1.6	11.6	13.2	1.5	5.4	7.0	9.7	10.2	19.9
	2002	1.5	11.4	12.8	1.5	5.4	6.8	9.7	10.7	20.4
BS										
	1998	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	16.5	18.4	10.3	8.6	18.9
	1999	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	17.9	19.8	8.8	9.3	18.1
	2001	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	17.7	19.7	8.1	8.4	16.5
	2002	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	16.8	18.2	7.8	7.8	15.6
	2003 2004	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	1.7 1.6	16.8 16.8	18.6 18.4	8.7 7.5	10.4 10.7	19.1 18.2
BZ	2004	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	10.0	10.4	7.5	10.7	10.2
52	1998	1.9	9.8	11.7	0.7	7.0	7.7	8.5	22.0	30.6
	1999	1.3	9.8	11.1	0.6	6.5	7.1	8.5	20.9	29.3
	2000	1.5	13.2	14.7	0.8	7.3	8.1	10.0	23.3	33.2
	2001	1.6	10.3	11.9	1.0	7.0	8.0	9.7	22.1	31.8
	2002	1.5	11.8	13.2	0.6	7.1	7.7	7.4	20.3	27.6
DM										
	1999	2.9	11.8	14.6	0.3	4.8	5.1	8.6	9.2	17.8
GD	2001	2.2	14.6	16.8	0.3	5.0	5.3	7.4	8.4	15.8
GD	1998	3.3	16.9	20.2	0.5	5.3	5.8	8.6	6.7	15.4
	2001	1.7	16.8	18.5	0.8	5.2	6.0	9.1	10.7	19.7
GY	2007		70.0	70.0	0.0	U.L	0.0	0.7	10.7	10.1
	2002	1.6	14.6	16.3	0.4	8.6	9.0	8.1	20.2	28.4
JM										
	1998							9.0	7.4	16.4
	1999							9.9	7.7	17.6
	2000							9.0	7.9	17.0
	2001		•••					9.0	8.0	17.0
	2002							8.7	7.4	16.1

Table 4.12 Cont'd Per cent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

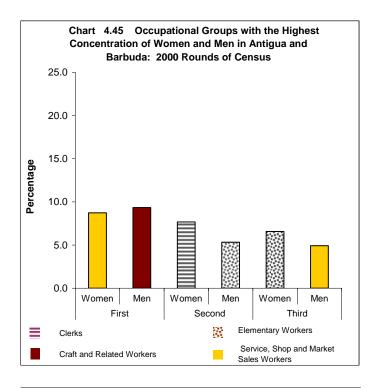
Country	Year	Legislator	rs, Senior Managers	1	Pro	ofessiona	ıls		cians, Ass ofessiona	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IZM	2001	3.5	5.4	8.9	4.9	3.8	8.8	5.1	6.3	11.4
KN	2001	3.9	4.3	8.3	4.7	4.6	9.2	3.9	3.4	7.3
LC										
	1998		2.4	6.4	3.7	2.8	6.4	2.4	3.1	5.5
	1999		3.0	6.9	4.2	2.3	6.5	2.4	2.1	4.6
	2000		3.6	8.0	3.8	3.1	6.9	2.5	2.7	5.2
	2001	2.4	2.5	4.9	4.3	2.7	7.0	2.3	2.7	5.0
	2002	2.9	2.4	5.2	4.8	2.9	7.7	2.2	2.4	4.5
	2003		2.9	7.3	4.5	3.1	7.6	2.6	2.5	5.1
VC	2004	3.3	3.0	6.3	5.4	3.3	8.7	1.8	2.3	4.1
VC	2001	3.1	3.1	6.2	5.4	4.6	10.0	2.5	2.6	5.0
SR										
	2004	2.1	4.3	6.4	5.2	2.3	7.5	3.2	4.4	7.6
π										
	1998		3.9	6.4	1.3	2.0	3.4	6.0	5.1	11.1
	1999	2.8	3.9	6.8	1.4	1.9	3.3	6.0	4.8	10.8
	2000	2.8	4.4	7.2	1.3	1.6	2.9	5.7	4.9	10.5
	2001	3.0	4.6	7.6	1.4	1.8	3.2	5.8	5.2	11.0
ACCOCIATE ME	2002	2.9	4.8	7.7	1.4	1.9	3.3	7.0	5.4	12.4
ASSOCIATE ME	WBERS									
ΛI	2001	3.4	3.1	6.5	5.6	4.2	9.8	4.3	5.8	10.1
ВМ										
	1999	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.2	7.4	12.6	10.4	8.2	18.6
	2000	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	6.5	11.0	11.5	9.4	20.9
	2001	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	7.9	13.5	10.6	8.5	19.1
	2002	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	7.9	13.8	10.9	8.7	19.6
TC			_			_	_			_
	2001	4.5	7.2	11.7	4.5	3.5	7.9	4.3	5.2	9.5

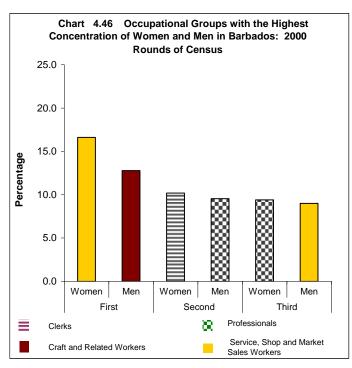
Table 4.12 Cont'd Per cent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

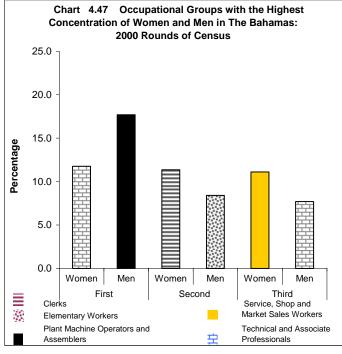
Country	Year		Clerks			Shop and les Vendo		_	ure, Fores ery Work	•
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	2001	12.2	2.0	14.3	7.4	5.1	12.5	0.4	3.4	3.8
KN	2001	10.2	3.4	13.7	8.3	2.7	11.0	0.4	2.6	3.0
LC										
	1998	5.7	1.8	7.5	9.4	7.7	17.1	4.9	13.7	18.5
	1999	6.7	1.9	8.6	11.4	6.4	17.8	5.1	11.7	16.8
	2000	6.7	1.9	8.6	9.4	6.4	15.8	4.9	11.8	16.7
	2001	6.1	1.6	7.8	10.0	6.9	16.9	1.9	7.8	9.7
	2002	5.1	1.3	6.4	7.5	6.3	13.7	2.9	6.8	9.6
	2003	5.1	1.7	6.8	7.0	6.4	13.5	3.7	7.9	11.6
	2004	5.7	1.3	7.0	6.4	6.4	12.8	4.1	9.4	13.6
VC										
	2001	7.3	2.0	9.4	7.2	7.3	14.5	1.9	9.4	11.3
SR										
	2004	6.2	4.0	10.2	7.8	7.5	15.3	1.4	7.5	8.9
TT	4000			44.0						
	1998	8.3	2.9	11.3	7.1	7.4	14.5	0.4	2.9	3.4
	1999	8.1	2.7	10.8	7.2	7.1	14.3	0.4	2.9	3.4
	2000	8.2	2.7	10.9	8.0	7.1	15.1	0.4	2.9	3.3
	2001	8.2	2.9	11.1	7.6	6.6	14.2	0.5	3.2	3.7
ACCOCIATE ME	2002	8.6	3.0	11.6	7.0	6.4	13.4	0.3	2.7	3.0
ASSOCIATE ME	WEKS									
Al	2001	11.5	3.4	14.9	16.0	7.3	23.3	0.4	4.3	4.8
ВМ	2001	, ,,,	U. ,		70.0	,,,	20.0	U , ,		
·	1999	17.4	3.3	20.7	14.7	13.2	28.0	0.1	2.2	2.4
	2000	16.3	2.8	19.1	14.5	11.2	25.6	0.1	2.1	2.2
	2001	17.0	3.1	20.1	13.8	12.8	26.6	0.1	2.3	2.4
	2002	16.7	3.0	19.7	13.5	12.8	26.3	0.1	2.3	2.5
TC										
	2001	6.2	1.3	7.5	10.3	6.2	16.5	0.0	1.9	2.0

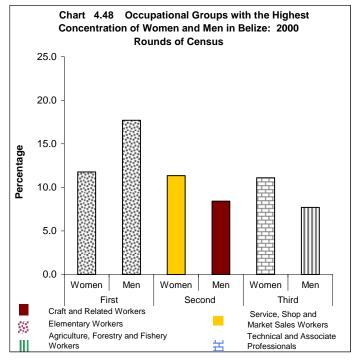
Table 4.12 Cont'd Per cent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

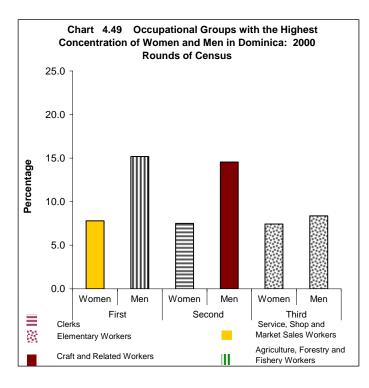
Country	Year	Craft and	d Related	Workers	Plant and And	Machine C Assemble		Element	ary Occu	pations
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	1.0	13.5	14.5	0.2	4.0	4.2	7.6	7.4	15.0
KN										
	2001	2.1	14.0	16.1	4.4	6.2	10.6	6.9	10.9	17.8
LC										
	1998		11.3	14.2	1.6	5.2	6.7	7.3	7.2	14.4
	1999	2.8	11.7	14.6	1.7	5.4	7.1	7.6	7.2	14.8
	2000	3.1	12.2	15.3	1.4	4.9	6.4	8.2	7.5	15.7
	2001	1.8	11.8	13.6	1.4	4.0	5.4	5.8	5.6	11.4
	2002	2.6	12.3	14.9	2.0	4.7	6.7	6.5	6.6	13.1
	2003	2.6	12.5	15.1	1.2	4.4	5.6	5.4	7.4	12.8
	2004	1.7	10.4	12.0	1.2	3.7	4.9	7.1	6.3	13.5
VC										
	2001	1.2	12.4	13.6	0.4	6.3	6.7	8.6	11.9	20.5
SR										
	2004	0.8	13.8	14.6	0.2	7.3	7.5	6.5	11.9	18.3
TT										
	1998	2.0	15.0	17.0	1.1	8.4	9.5	7.5	16.0	23.5
	1999	2.1	15.2	17.3	1.0	8.5	9.6	7.6	16.2	23.8
	2000	2.1	15.2	17.3	1.1	8.7	9.8	7.4	15.5	22.9
	2001	2.0	15.3	17.3	0.9	8.5	9.3	7.0	15.3	22.3
	2002	2.0	15.1	17.1	0.9	8.4	9.3	7.3	14.8	22.0
ASSOCIATE ME										
Al										
	2001	0.9	13.3	14.2	0.2	3.9	4.1	3.5	7.2	10.7
ВМ										
	1999	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	16.4	17.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2000	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	19.5	21.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2001	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.8	18.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2002	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	16.7	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
TC	2002	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	10.7	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
. •	2001	0.5	12.2	12.7	0.2	2.8	3.0	8.9	11.9	20.9
	2001	0.0	12.2	14.1	0.2	2.0	3.0	0.5	11.3	20.3

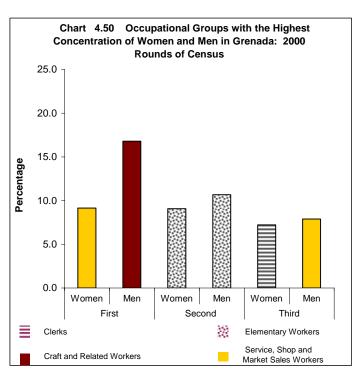


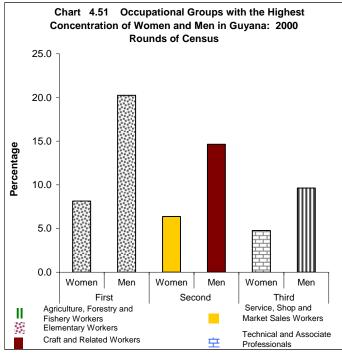


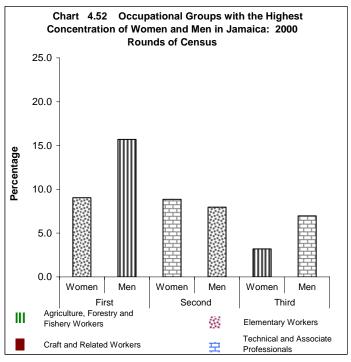


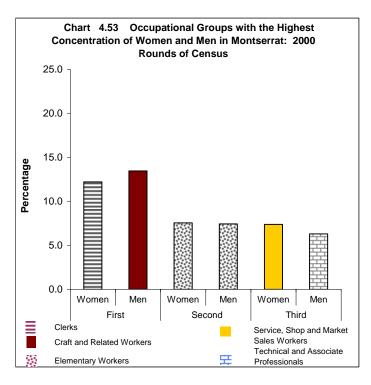


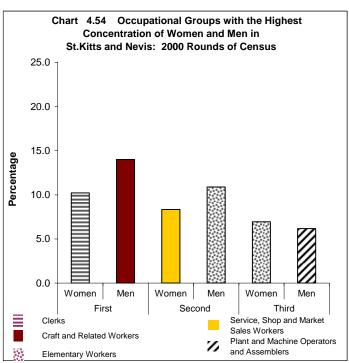


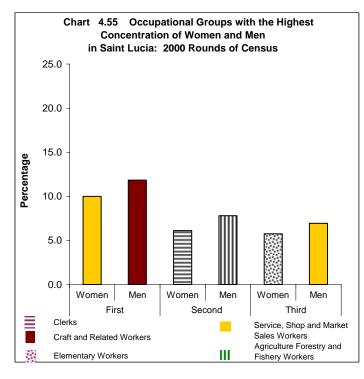


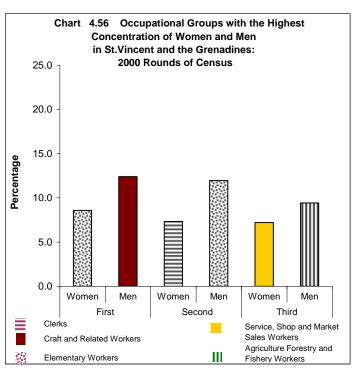


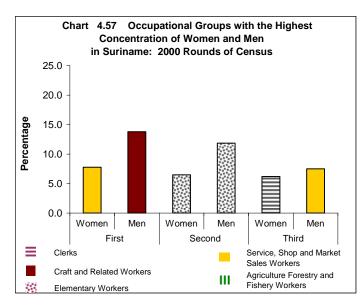


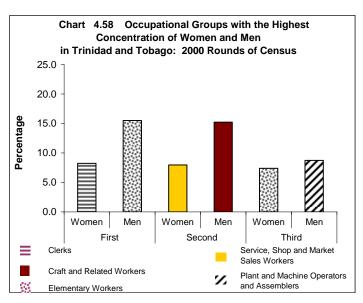


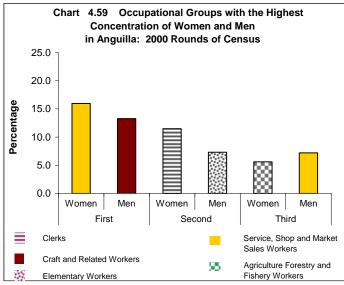


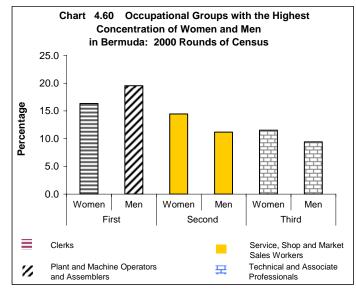












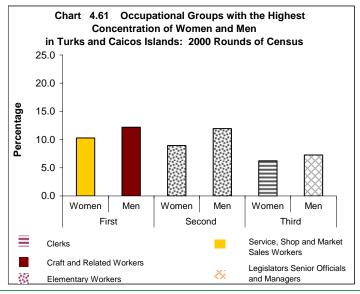


Table 4.13 Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Occupational Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	_	lators, S als, Mana		Pro	ofessiona	als		ians, As ofessiona	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	4.2	5.1	4.6	6.9	5.5	6.2	12.1	10.1	11.1
ВВ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	4.5 5.4 6.8 7.3 7.1	6.1 5.5 8.4 9.1 8.7	5.3 5.4 7.6 8.3 7.9	11.3 10.7 20.0 14.4 14.8	6.5 5.9 17.0 8.9 8.6	8.7 8.1 18.4 11.5 11.5	5.2 5.7 0.0 6.9 6.9	7.8 7.6 0.0 9.3 9.6	6.6 6.7 0.0 8.2 8.3
BS	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	3.6 4.6 7.5 7.6 8.2 6.8 7.0	7.6 8.0 10.5 10.8 11.4 9.7 8.8	5.7 6.4 9.1 9.2 9.8 8.3 8.0	 12.7 	 6.7 	9.5 	18.1 19.9 12.9 24.3 23.3 21.2 23.1	13.0 13.9 8.6 14.9 14.1 12.9 14.5	15.5 16.7 10.6 19.5 18.5 16.9 18.7
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	12.2 17.2 7.2 13.7 12.3	13.9 17.0 4.8 14.1 9.2	13.3 17.0 5.5 14.0 10.2	2.6 4.1 4.7 3.9 4.8	2.0 1.8 2.5 2.1 2.8	2.2 2.5 3.2 2.7 3.4	17.1 15.3 15.6 12.2 13.6	5.2 6.2 6.2 5.6 5.2	9.0 9.0 9.0 7.7 7.8
DM	1997 1999 2001	7.9 9.9 9.8	4.2 4.6 4.8	5.8 6.7 6.8	4.8 3.0 4.2	3.9 2.5 3.3	4.3 2.7 3.7	12.5 14.2 15.3	5.2 6.8 7.4	8.4 9.7 10.5
GD	1998 2001	7.4 7.5	5.2 5.1	6.1 6.1	2.3 2.4	2.0 2.4	2.1 2.4	13.0 14.1	7.3 7.9	9.6 10.4
GY	2002	2.4	3.0	2.8	4.2	1.7	2.5	16.1	4.3	7.8
JM	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	 		 	 	 		21.8 21.9 22.6 21.7 25.0	11.7 11.7 11.5 12.3 13.0	15.9 15.9 16.1 16.1 18.1

Table 4.13 Cont'd Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Occupational Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year		Clerks		Service, Sal	Shop and es Vendo		Agricultu Fish	ure, Fore ery Worl	-
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	24.2	5.7	14.9	27.5	15.4	21.5	0.6	2.4	1.5
ВВ	1998	21.5	4.9	12.5	21.6	12.2	16.5	0.7	3.5	2.2
	1999	20.7	4.8	12.1	22.6	12.2	17.0	0.9	3.4	2.2
	2000	21.7	4.8	12.7	35.4	18.0	26.2	0.9	4.3	2.7
	2001	19.4	4.5	11.5	24.1	12.5	18.0	0.6	3.8	2.3
	2002	18.7	4.6	11.3	24.8	12.1	18.1	0.8	3.8	2.4
BS	1998	26.8	5.8	15.9	25.7	16.8	21.1	0.2	7.7	4.1
	1999	26.2	5.3	15.0	25.6	13.9	19.4	0.3	6.8	3.8
	2000	22.2	3.1	12.2	24.0	14.7	19.1	0.2	3.4	1.9
	2001	23.5	3.6	13.2	22.9	14.7	18.7	0.3	5.1	2.8
	2002	23.8	4.7	14.0	24.5	15.3	19.8	0.7	5.9	3.3
	2003	22.5	4.0	13.1	27.6	16.0	21.7	0.3	3.5	1.9
	2004	23.2	3.1	12.8	27.5	15.2	21.2	0.2	4.7	2.5
BZ	1998	14.2	3.0	6.6	18.1	7.4	10.8	0.7	11.5	8.1
	1999	12.4	2.9	5.9	17.2	6.6	9.9	0.5	11.6	8.1
	2000	14.3	2.8	6.2	15.4	7.1	9.5	1.5	14.2	10.4
	2001	14.1	2.8	6.4	15.1	6.6	9.4	2.7	10.0	7.7
	2002	15.4	2.5	6.5	23.2	9.2	13.5	0.3	14.2	9.9
DM	1997	12.5	3.3	7.3	19.8	8.7	13.6	11.1	26.7	19.9
	1999	13.8	3.0	7.2	15.9	7.7	10.9	12.3	32.2	24.4
	2001	19.0	3.4	9.6	19.7	9.7	13.7	6.7	25.1	17.8
GD	1998	17.9	3.6	9.4	19.4	12.8	15.5	6.5	14.1	11.0
	2001	18.2	3.3	9.2	23.0	13.1	17.0	2.5	11.2	7.7
GY	2002	15.9	3.3	7.0	21.6	12.0	14.8	4.9	13.7	11.1
JM	1998	15.5	3.4	8.5	23.9	11.5	16.7	8.1	27.3	19.2
	1999	15.7	3.4	8.4	22.6	10.8	15.7	7.2	27.2	19.0
	2000	16.3	4.0	9.0	23.8	11.3	16.4	7.7	26.6	18.9
	2001	16.4	3.0	8.5	25.3	11.4	17.1	7.9	26.0	18.6
	2002	15.8	3.2	8.5	24.8	11.3	17.0	7.7	25.3	17.9

Table 4.13 Cont'd Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Occupational Groups: 1998 - 2004

					Plant	and Mad	hino	1		
		Craft and	Related	Workers		erators A		Element	arv Occı	ıpations
Country	Year			77 07 1107 0		ssembler			,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
AG	2001	3.0	29.3	16.2	0.7	9.7	5.2	20.7	16.7	18.7
ВВ	2001	3.0	23.3	10.2	0.7	9.1	J.Z	20.7	10.7	10.7
	1998	3.8	22.5	13.9	4.7	10.8	8.0	25.8	24.4	25.0
	1999		25.6	15.7	3.6	10.7	7.4	25.6	23.6	24.5
	2000	3.5	24.1	14.4	3.4	10.0	6.9	6.2	11.2	8.9
	2001	3.4	22.1	13.2	3.2	10.3	7.0	20.5	19.3	19.9
	2002	3.1	21.6	12.8	3.1	10.2	6.8	20.5	20.3	20.4
BS										
	1998				3.9	32.0	18.4	21.3	16.6	18.9
	1999				4.1	33.7	19.8	18.8	17.5	18.1
	2000	2.5	26.8	15.3	1.0	8.2	4.8	16.5	16.7	16.6
	2001		•••		4.1	34.3	19.7	16.7	16.3	16.5
	2002				3.0	32.7	18.2	16.1	15.2	15.6
	2003		•••	•••	3.6	32.9	18.6	17.8	20.3	19.1
BZ	2004		•••		3.3	32.6	18.4	15.5	20.8	18.2
DZ .	1998	6.1	14.4	11.7	2.2	10.3	7.7	26.9	32.3	30.6
	1999		14.2	11.1	1.9	9.5	7.1	27.3	30.2	29.3
	2000	4.9	18.8	14.7	2.6	10.4	8.1	33.5	33.1	33.2
	2001	4.8	15.2	11.9	3.1	10.3	8.0	30.1	32.6	31.8
	2002		17.0	13.2	1.9	10.3	7.7	23.8	29.3	27.6
DM										
	1997	5.6	23.6	15.8	0.7	7.9	4.8	24.0	15.6	19.2
	1999		19.4	14.6	0.7	7.9	5.1	21.9	15.2	17.8
	2001	5.6	24.1	16.8	0.8	8.2	5.3	18.8	13.8	15.8
GD										
	1998		28.5	20.2	1.3	8.8	5.8	21.4	11.3	15.4
CV	2001	4.2	27.8	18.5	1.9	8.7	6.0	22.9	17.7	19.7
GY	2002	5.6	20.8	16.3	1.4	12.2	9.0	27.6	28.7	28.4
JM	2002	3.0	20.0	10.3	1.4	12.2	9.0	27.0	20.7	20.4
0141	1998	5.7	24.1	16.4	3.6	9.1	6.8	21.4	12.8	16.4
	1999		24.8	16.8	3.2	8.9	6.6	24.0	13.1	17.6
	2000		24.7	16.8	2.2	8.5	5.9	22.0	13.4	17.0
	2001		24.0	16.3	1.9	9.4	6.3	21.6	13.9	17.0
	2002		25.0	16.2	1.9	9.4	6.2	20.6	12.8	16.1

Table 4.13 Cont'd Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Occupational Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	_	lators, S als, Mana		Pro	ofessiona	als		ians, As ofessiona	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
WIO .	2001	8.0	9.6	8.9	11.2	6.8	8.8	11.6	11.3	11.4
KN										
	2001	8.5	8.1	8.3	10.1	8.5	9.2	8.4	6.4	7.3
LC										
	1998	9.5	4.1	6.4	8.6	4.8	6.4	5.5	5.4	5.5
	1999	8.5	5.6	6.9	8.9	4.4	6.5	5.2	4.0	4.6
	2000	9.9	6.5	8.0	8.5	5.5	6.9	5.6	4.8	5.2
	2001	5.6	4.5	4.9	9.8	4.8	7.0	5.3	4.8	5.0
	2002	6.4	4.3	5.2	10.7	5.3	7.7	4.8	4.4	4.5
	2003	10.0	5.2	7.3	10.5	5.4	7.6	6.1	4.4	5.1
	2004	7.4	5.3	6.3	12.2	5.9	8.7	4.1	4.2	4.1
VC	2001	8.0	5.1	6.2	14.1	7.4	10.0	6.4	4.2	5.0
SR										
	2004	6.1	6.6	6.4	14.8	3.6	7.5	9.1	6.8	7.6
TT										
	1998	7.0	6.1	6.4	3.6	3.2	3.4	16.5	8.0	11.1
	1999	7.7	6.2	6.8	3.9	2.9	3.3	16.3	7.6	10.8
	2000	7.6	6.9	7.2	3.4	2.6	2.9	15.3	7.7	10.5
	2001	8.2	7.2	7.6	3.9	2.9	3.2	15.9	8.2	11.0
	2002	7.8	7.6	7.7	3.9	3.0	3.3	18.6	8.6	12.4
ASSOCIATE MEM	BERS									
Al	2001	7.3	5.9	6.5	12.0	7.8	9.8	9.2	10.9	10.1
ВМ										
	1999				10.6	14.6	12.6	21.1	16.2	18.6
	2000				9.3	12.5	11.0	23.8	18.3	20.9
	2001				11.6	15.3	13.5	21.7	16.6	19.1
	2002				12.1	15.4	13.8	22.4	16.9	19.6
тс	2001	10.4	12.7	11.7	10.4	6.1	7.9	9.9	9.2	9.5

Table 4.13 Cont'd Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Occupational Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year		Clerks		Service, Sal	Shop and es Vendo		Agricultu Fish	ıre, Fore ery Worl	•
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIS	2001	27.7	3.7	14.3	16.8	9.1	12.5	0.9	6.1	3.8
KN								0.10		
	2001	22.1	6.4	13.7	18.0	5.0	11.0	1.0	4.8	3.0
LC										
	1998		3.2	7.5	22.1	13.5	17.1	11.4	23.9	18.5
	1999	14.3	3.6	8.6	24.3	12.0	17.8	10.9	22.1	16.8
	2000	14.9	3.4	8.6	20.9	11.6	15.8	10.9	21.4	16.7
	2001	14.0	2.9	7.8	22.8	12.4	16.9	4.4	13.9	9.7
	2002	11.2	2.4	6.4	16.6	11.4	13.7	6.4	12.3	9.6
	2003		3.0	6.8	16.4	11.3	13.5	8.7	13.8	11.6
	2004	13.0	2.4	7.0	14.5	11.5	12.8	9.4	16.9	13.6
VC	2001	19.1	3.3	9.4	18.8	11.9	14.5	4.9	15.3	11.3
SR										
	2004	17.7	6.2	10.2	22.2	11.5	15.3	4.0	11.5	8.9
TT	4000	00.0	4.0	44.0	40.5	44.7	445	4.0	4.0	0.4
	1998		4.6	11.3	19.5	11.7	14.5	1.2	4.6	3.4
	1999		4.3	10.8	19.6	11.3	14.3	1.2	4.6	3.4
	2000	22.3	4.2	10.9	21.5	11.3	15.1	1.1	4.5	3.3
	2001	22.3	4.6	11.1	20.9	10.3	14.2	1.3	5.0	3.7
40000VATE 445	2002	23.0	4.8	11.6	18.7	10.2	13.4	0.7	4.4	3.0
ASSOCIATE ME	MBEKS									
AI	2001	24.6	6.4	14.9	34.3	13.7	23.3	1.0	8.1	4.8
ВМ	2001	24.0	0.4	1410	04.0	10.1	20.0	7.0	0.1	7.0
	1999	35.3	6.5	20.7	29.9	26.0	28.0	0.3	4.4	2.4
	2000	33.7	5.3	19.1	29.8	21.7	25.6	0.2	4.0	2.2
	2001	34.9	6.0	20.1	28.4	24.9	26.6	0.3	4.4	2.4
	2002	34.4	5.8	19.7	27.8	24.9	26.3	0.3	4.6	2.5
TC	2002	J	0.0	. 5			_5.0	3.0		
	2001	14.4	2.2	7.5	23.9	11.0	16.5	0.1	3.4	2.0

Table 4.13 Cont'd Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Occupational Groups: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Craft and			Ope As	and Maderators A	nd rs	Element		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIO	2001	2.3	24.1	14.5	0.4	7.2	4.2	17.2	13.3	15.0
KN					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				.010	70.0
	2001	4.5	26.1	16.1	9.5	11.5	10.6	15.0	20.3	17.8
LC										
	1998	6.6	19.8	14.2	3.6	9.0	6.7	17.0	12.5	14.4
	1999	6.1	22.1	14.6	3.6	10.1	7.1	16.3	13.6	14.8
	2000	6.9	22.1	15.3	3.2	8.9	6.4	18.2	13.6	15.7
	2001	4.0	21.1	13.6	3.1	7.1	5.4	13.1	10.0	11.4
	2002	5.7	22.4	14.9	4.4	8.5	6.7	14.4	12.0	13.1
	2003	6.2	21.8	15.1	2.9	7.6	5.6	12.6	12.9	12.8
	2004	3.9	18.5	12.0	2.7	6.6	4.9	16.2	11.3	13.5
VC	2001	3.1	20.1	13.6	1.1	10.3	6.7	22.3	19.4	20.5
SR										
	2004	2.2	21.2	14.6	0.6	11.2	7.5	18.6	18.2	18.3
TT										
	1998		23.6	17.0	3.0	13.2	9.5	20.8	25.1	23.5
	1999	5.7	24.0	17.3	2.8	13.5	9.6	20.7	25.6	23.8
	2000	5.7	24.1	17.3	3.0	13.9	9.8	20.0	24.6	22.9
	2001	5.5	24.1	17.3	2.3	13.3	9.3	19.3	24.1	22.3
	2002	5.3	24.1	17.1	2.3	13.4	9.3	19.5	23.6	22.0
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al	2001	2.0	24.8	14.2	0.4	7.4	4.1	7.5	13.5	10.7
ВМ										
	1999				2.8	32.3	17.8			
	2000				2.9	37.9	21.0			
	2001				3.1	32.7	18.3			
	2002				3.0	32.5	18.1			
тс	2001	1.1	21.4	12.7	0.5	4.9	3.0	20.8	21.0	20.9

Table 4.14 Percentage Composition of the Employed by Occupational Group: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Legislator I	s, Senior Managers	Officials,	Pro	ofessiona	ls		cians, As ofessiona	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2004	45.4	546	400.0	55.0	44.0	400.0	F4.0	45.4	400.0
BB	2001	45.4	54.6	100.0	55.2	44.8	100.0	54.6	45.4	100.0
66	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	38.5 45.6 41.6 41.7 42.2	61.5 54.4 58.4 58.3 57.8	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	59.4 60.8 51.1 59.3 60.8	40.6 39.2 48.9 40.7 39.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	36.3 39.3 40.2 39.3	63.8 60.7 59.8 60.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
BS	2002	72.2	07.0	100.0	00.0	00.2	100.0	00.0	00.7	100.0
	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	31.1 34.0 39.4 39.9 40.4 40.4 42.8	68.9 66.0 60.6 60.1 59.6 59.6 57.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	63.4 	36.6 	 100.0 	56.5 55.8 57.6 60.4 61.0 61.2 59.9	43.5 44.2 42.4 39.6 39.0 38.8 40.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	29.0 31.2 39.0 31.6 37.4	71.0 68.8 61.0 68.4 62.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	37.2 50.0 44.0 46.6 43.4	62.8 50.0 56.0 53.4 56.6	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	60.3 52.6 51.5 51.0 54.0	39.7 47.4 48.5 49.0 46.0	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
DM	1997 1999 2001	59.3 58.1 57.1	40.7 41.9 42.9	100.0 100.0 100.0	48.0 43.5 45.5	52.0 56.5 54.5	100.0 100.0 100.0	64.9 57.2 57.7	35.1 42.8 42.3	100.0 100.0 100.0
GD	1998 2001	49.3 49.0	50.7 51.0	100.0 100.0	43.0 39.7	57.0 60.3	100.0 100.0	54.7 53.9	45.3 46.1	100.0 100.0
GY	2002	25.4	746	400.0	F4.4	40.0	400.0	64.0	20.0	400.0
JM	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	 	74.6 		 	48.9 		57.4 56.6 57.7 55.0 58.3	39.0 42.6 43.4 42.3 45.0 41.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

Table 4.14 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed by Occupational Group: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year		Clerks			Shop and les Vendo		_	ure, Fores nery Work	•
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
40										
AG	2001	80.9	19.1	100.0	64.0	36.0	100.0	20.0	80.0	100.0
ВВ	2007	00.5	10.1	100.0	04.0	00.0	100.0	20.0	00.0	100.0
	1998	78.9	21.1	100.0	60.2	39.8	100.0	14.8	85.2	100.0
	1999	78.9	21.1	100.0	61.5	38.5	100.0	17.9	82.1	100.0
	2000	80.1	19.9	100.0	63.5	36.5	100.0	14.8	85.2	100.0
	2001 2002	79.5 78.6	20.5 21.4	100.0 100.0	63.4 64.8	36.6 35.2	100.0 100.0	13.3 16.1	86.7 83.9	100.0 100.0
BS	2002	70.0	Z1. 4	100.0	04.0	33.2	100.0	10.1	03.9	100.0
	1998	81.3	18.7	100.0	58.9	41.1	100.0	2.5	97.5	100.0
	1999	81.4	18.6	100.0	62.0	38.0	100.0	3.8	96.2	100.0
	2000	86.6	13.4	100.0	59.7	40.3	100.0	4.7	95.3	100.0
	2001	85.9	14.1	100.0	59.3	40.7	100.0	5.2	94.8	100.0
	2002	82.7	17.3	100.0	60.3	39.7	100.0	10.0	90.0	100.0
	2003 2004	84.3 87.3	15.7 12.7	100.0 100.0	62.2 62.8	37.8 37.2	100.0 100.0	6.6 4.7	93.4 95.3	100.0 100.0
BZ	2004	07.5	12.1	100.0	02.0	57.2	100.0	7.7	33.3	100.0
	1998	68.9	31.1	100.0	53.1	46.9	100.0	2.6	97.4	100.0
	1999	65.5	34.5	100.0	53.9	46.1	100.0	1.9	98.1	100.0
	2000	68.6	31.4	100.0	48.0	<i>52.0</i>	100.0	4.3	95.7	100.0
	2001	70.3	29.7	100.0	52.0	48.0	100.0	11.4	88.6	100.0
DM	2002	73.6	26.4	100.0	53.0	47.0	100.0	1.0	99.0	100.0
Divi	1997	74.2	25.8	100.0	63.5	36.5	100.0	24.2	75.8	100.0
	1999	74.9	25.1	100.0	57.0	43.0	100.0	19.8	80.2	100.0
	2001	78.4	21.6	100.0	57.0	43.0	100.0	14.9	85.1	100.0
GD	4000			4000		40.0	400.0		 0	100.0
	1998 2001	77.4 78.6	22.6 21.4	100.0 100.0	50.7 53.7	49.3 46.3	100.0 100.0	23.8 13.0	76.2 87.0	100.0
GY	2001	70.0	21.4	100.0	53.7	40.3	100.0	13.0	67.0	100.0
0.	2002	66.8	33.2	100.0	43.0	57.0	100.0	13.0	87.0	100.0
JM										
	1998	76.6	23.4	100.0	60.0	40.0	100.0	17.6	82.4	100.0
	1999	76.4	23.6	100.0	59.3	40.7	100.0	15.6	84.4	100.0
	2000	74.0	26.0	100.0	59.5	40.5	100.0	16.7	83.3	100.0
	2001 2002	79.0 78.0	21.0 22.0	100.0 100.0	60.6 61.4	39.4 38.6	100.0 100.0	17.4 18.1	82.6 81.9	100.0 100.0
	2002	70.0	22.0	100.0	01.4	30.0	100.0	10.1	01.9	100.0

Table 4.14 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed by Occupational Group: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Legislators, Senior Officials, Managers			Professionals			Technicians, Associate Professionals		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	0004	00.5	00 =	100.0		40.5	400.0	440		400.0
KN	2001	39.5	60.5	100.0	56.5	43.5	100.0	44.8	55.2	100.0
KIN	2001	47.5	52.5	100.0	50.6	49.4	100.0	53.1	46.9	100.0
LC										
	1998	63.1	36.9	100.0	57.2	42.8	100.0	43.2	56.8	100.0
	1999	57.2	42.8	100.0	64.1	35.9	100.0	53.4	46.6	100.0
	2000	55.4	44.6	100.0	55.5	44.5	100.0	48.8	51.2	100.0
	2001	49.2	50.8	100.0	61.2	38.8	100.0	46.4	53.6	100.0
	2002	55.0	45.0	100.0	62.7	37.3	100.0	47.4	52.6	100.0
	2003	59.4	40.6	100.0	59.3	40.7	100.0	51.1	48.9	100.0
	2004	52.3	47.7	100.0	61.9	38.1	100.0	43.9	56.1	100.0
VC										
00	2001	49.5	50.5	100.0	54.4	45.6	100.0	48.9	51.1	100.0
SR	2004	33.0	67.0	100.0	68.8	31.2	100.0	41.8	58.2	100.0
TT	2004	33.0	67.0	100.0	00.0	31.2	100.0	41.0	30.2	100.0
"	1998	39.7	60.3	100.0	39.1	60.9	100.0	54.0	46.0	100.0
	1999	41.9	58.1	100.0	43.5	56.5	100.0	55.3	44.7	100.0
	2000	39.2	60.8	100.0	43.8	<i>56.2</i>	100.0	53.8	46.2	100.0
	2001	39.8	60.2	100.0	43.7	56.3	100.0	52.8	47.2	100.0
	2002	37.8	62.2	100.0	43.7	56.3	100.0	56.2	43.8	100.0
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS										
Al										
	2001	52.0	48.0	100.0	57.4	42.6	100.0	42.4	<i>57.</i> 6	100.0
ВМ										
	1999				41.3	58.7	100.0	55.9	44.1	100.0
	2000				41.1	58.9	100.0	55.0	45.0	100.0
	2001			•••	41.7	58.3	100.0	55.3	44.7	100.0
	2002				42.8	57.2	100.0	55.6	44.4	100.0
TC				400.0			400.0			400.0
	2001	38.2	61.8	100.0	56.1	43.9	100.0	44.9	55.1	100.0

Table 4.14 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		Clerks			Shop and les Vendo		_	ure, Fores nery Work	•
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	2001	85.7	14.3	100.0	59.1	40.9	100.0	10.4	89.6	100.0
KN	2001	74.8	25.2	100.0	75.7	24.3	100.0	14.6	85.4	100.0
LC										
	1998	75.9	24.1	100.0	55.1	44.9	100.0	26.2	73.8	100.0
	1999	78.0	22.0	100.0	64.1	35.9	100.0	30.3	69.7	100.0
	2000	77.9	22.1	100.0	59.3	40.7	100.0	29.2	70.8	100.0
	2001	78.8	21.2	100.0	59.0	41.0	100.0	19.7	80.3	100.0
	2002	79.3	20.7	100.0	54.4	45.6	100.0	29.8	70.2	100.0
	2003	75.1	24.9	100.0	52.3	47.7	100.0	32.2	67.8	100.0
	2004	81.1	18.9	100.0	49.7	50.3	100.0	30.4	69.6	100.0
VC										
	2001	78.2	21.8	100.0	49.5	50.5	100.0	16.6	83.4	100.0
SR	2004	60.5	39.5	100.0	50.9	49.1	100.0	15.8	84.2	100.0
TT										
	1998	74.1	25.9	100.0	48.8	51.2	100.0	12.4	87.6	100.0
	1999	75.0	25.0	100.0	50.1	49.9	100.0	12.7	87.3	100.0
	2000	75.6	24.4	100.0	52.8	47.2	100.0	12.7	87.3	100.0
	2001	73.8	26.2	100.0	53.8	46.2	100.0	13.3	86.7	100.0
	2002	74.1	25.9	100.0	52.1	47.9	100.0	8.9	91.1	100.0
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al	2001	77.0	23.0	100.0	68.6	31.4	100.0	9.3	90.7	100.0
ВМ										
	1999	84.0	16.0	100.0	52.7	47.3	100.0	6.2	93.8	100.0
	2000	85.6	14.4	100.0	56.4	43.6	100.0	5.0	95.0	100.0
	2001	84.6	15.4	100.0	52.0	48.0	100.0	5.8	94.2	100.0
	2002	84.9	15.1	100.0	51.4	48.6	100.0	5.0	95.0	100.0
TC										
	2001	83.2	16.8	100.0	62.2	37.8	100.0	1.5	98.5	100.0

Table 4.14 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Craft and	Related V	Vorkers	Plant and And	Machine (Assembl		Elementary Occupations		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	9.4	90.6	100.0	6.3	93.7	100.0	55.2	44.8	100.0
ВВ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	12.4 12.2 11.5 12.1 11.5	87.6 87.8 88.5 87.9 88.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	26.8 22.6 22.8 22.0 21.6	73.2 77.4 77.2 78.0 78.4	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	47.4 48.2 32.7 48.8 47.7	52.6 51.8 67.3 51.2 52.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
BS	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	 7.9 	92.1 	 100.0 	10.3 9.6 9.8 10.0 7.9 9.4 8.6	89.7 90.4 90.2 90.0 92.1 90.6 91.4	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	54.7 48.6 47.3 49.0 50.0 45.7 41.1	45.3 51.4 52.7 51.0 50.0 54.3 58.9	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	16.4 11.6 9.9 13.1 11.1	83.6 88.4 90.1 86.9 88.9	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	9.0 8.3 9.5 12.4 7.7	91.0 91.7 90.5 87.6 92.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	27.9 28.8 29.9 30.5 26.7	72.1 71.2 70.1 69.5 73.3	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
DM	1999 2001	19.5 13.2	80.5 86.8	100.0 100.0	5.7 5.7	94.3 94.3	100.0 100.0	48.1 47.0	51.9 53.0	100.0 100.0
GD	1998 2001	16.2 9.1	83.8 90.9	100.0 100.0	9.3 12.8	90.7 87.2	100.0 100.0	56.3 45.9	43.7 54.1	100.0 100.0
GY	2002	10.1	89.9	100.0	4.5	95.5	100.0	28.7	71.3	100.0
JM	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002		85.3 87.0 87.1 86.8 89.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	22.3 20.1 15.1 12.4 12.8	77.7 79.9 84.9 87.6 87.2	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	54.7 56.1 53.2 51.8 53.9	45.3 43.9 46.8 48.2 46.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0

Table 4.14 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Craft and	Related	Workers	Plant and And	Machine (Assembl		Elemen	tary Occup	oations
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	7.1	92.9	100.0	4.1	95.9	100.0	50.4	49.6	100.0
KN	2001	13.0	87.0	100.0	41.6	58.4	100.0	38.9	61.1	100.0
LC										
	1998	20.0	80.0	100.0	23.2	76.8	100.0	50.3	49.7	100.0
	1999		80.5	100.0	24.0	76.0	100.0	51.4	48.6	100.0
	2000		79.9	100.0	22.6	77.4	100.0	52.1	47.9	100.0
	2001	12.9	87.1	100.0	25.4	74.6	100.0	50.6	49.4	100.0
	2002	17.4	82.6	100.0	30.1	69.9	100.0	49.7	50.3	100.0
	2003		82.5	100.0	22.1	77.9	100.0	42.2	57.8	100.0
1/2	2004	14.1	85.9	100.0	24.3	75.7	100.0	53.0	47.0	100.0
VC	2001	8.7	91.3	100.0	6.0	94.0	100.0	41.8	58.2	100.0
SR										
	2004	5.3	94.7	100.0	2.6	97.4	100.0	35.4	64.6	100.0
TT										
	1998	11.5	88.5	100.0	11.5	88.5	100.0	32.0	68.0	100.0
	1999	12.1	87.9	100.0	10.9	89.1	100.0	31.9	68.1	100.0
	2000	12.2	87.8	100.0	11.1	88.9	100.0	32.3	67.7	100.0
	2001	11.6	88.4	100.0	9.2	90.8	100.0	31.5	68.5	100.0
	2002	11.6	88.4	100.0	9.4	90.6	100.0	33.0	67.0	100.0
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
DM	2001	6.5	93.5	100.0	4.7	95.3	100.0	32.7	67.3	100.0
ВМ	4000				7.0	00.0	400.0			
	1999 2000		•••	•••	7.8 6.8	92.2 93.2	100.0 100.0	•••	•••	•••
	2000		•••	•••		93.2 91.7	100.0		•••	
	2001				8.3 8.1	91.7	100.0		•••	
TC	2002				0.1	91.9	100.0			
	2001	3.6	96.4	100.0	6.6	93.4	100.0	42.8	57.2	100.0
	2001	3.0	30.4	100.0	0.0	33.4	100.0	72.0	JI.Z	100.0
		l			I					

WE7: EMPLOYED POPULATION BY INDUSTRY, 1998 -2004

Concepts and Definition

The concept of employed population by industry refers to the type of industry or economic activity of the establishment, the enterprise or other similar unit in which an employed person works or last worked during a specific reference period. Persons are classified by industrial categories according to their relationship to the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the unit in which they work. For purposes of international comparisons, classification by Industry is based on the International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities. (ISIC 2002) The indicator for employment by sector divides employment into three broad groupings of economic activity. These categories are as follows:

- The agricultural sector comprises activities in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing.
- The industry sector comprises mining and quarrying, manufacturing, construction and public utilities (electricity, gas and water).
- The services sector consists of wholesale and retail trade, restaurants and hotels, transport, storage and communications, finance, insurance, real estate and business services, and community, social and personal services.

The industry in which a worker is classified relates to the type of activity carried on by the firm or business in which he/she is engaged. (Trinidad and Tobago, CSSP Labour Force Report 2002)

Method of Computation

The number of persons employed 15 years and over are classified by the industrial groups.

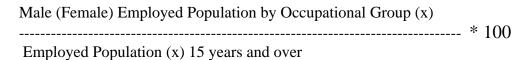
Data for *Table 4.16* and *Table 4.18* were computed based on **Appendix 1: Table 4.8** – Employed Population by Industrial Group.

In **Table 4.16** the percent of total employed population by Occupational Group are calculated as follows:

Male (Female) Employed Population by Occupational Group (x)	
	* 100
Total Employed Population (x) 15 years and over (i)	

Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

In **Table 4.18** the percent of total employed population by Occupational Group are calculated as follows:



Note: (x) refers to Female; Male or Total

Indicator Relevance

This indicator is useful in identifying broad shifts in employment and stages of development. Generally trends show a tendency for the flow of activities from those

that are more laborious such as agriculture to industrial type activities and finally to the services sector. It also interesting to study sectoral employment flows in connection with productivity trends from the productivity growth resulting from shifts of workers from lower- to higher-productivity sectors. Finally, the breakdown of the indicator by sex allows for analysis of gender segregation of employment by specific sector. Are men and women equally distributed in certain sectors, or is there a concentration of females among the services sector where wage rates are generally below those in the industrial sector?

Data Assessment

Industrial classification is according to the International Standard Classification of Industries (ISCI) which is in line with the definition of ILO provided. Barbados uses

Barbados Standard Industrial Classification (BARSIC) based on 1988 ISCO. The Sugar industry is included as a sub group. National definitions concur with international standards. Limitations to comparability of this indicator centre around the reference period used, differences in age-group for labour force activity in Belize and Jamaica and the data sources used. Slight variations are observed in the composition of some of the smaller groupings which can affect harmonisation across member states in that category. For example in Jamaica the industrial group Hotels and Restaurants is merged with Wholesale and Retail Trade. **Appendix 2 - Table 4.16** (page 273)contains information on the classification systems used in the Member States and Associate Members. Most of the countries conform to the International Standards used.

Gender Dimension

Women are employed differently by industry as compared to men. They have different career opportunities and salaries, and work a different number of hours. They are more often unemployed and may be drawn into lower-paying service activities because they

face barriers raised by employers or trade unions, or as a result of cultural attitudes that prevent them from entering industrial employment. Women may also have less access to the education and training required for industrial jobs or may choose to work in specific types of services that offer greater flexibility in allowing them to combine family responsibilities with employment.

Data Sources

Please refer to **Appendix 3** for the sources of data of employed labour force by industrial group.

Evaluation

The proportion of women employed in the Services sector exceeds that of men in all the member states for the period 1998-2002. So dominant was this sector that the proportion of women and men averaged at least 85 per cent and 75 per cent respectively in all the member

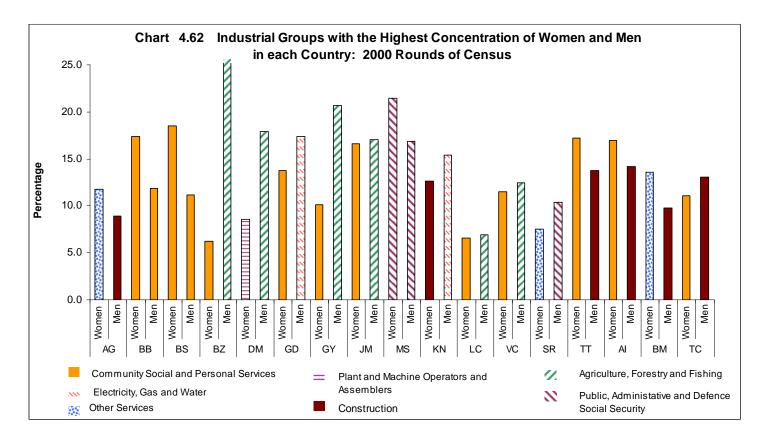
states. In the Agriculture and Industrial sectors women averaged 5 per cent and 6 per cent and men 14 per cent and 7 per cent respectively.

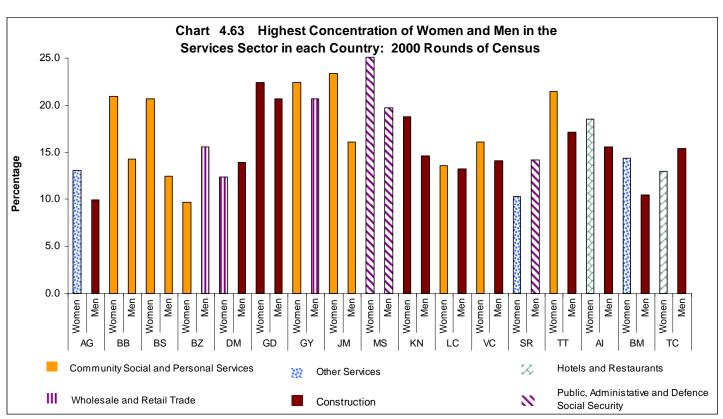
Women are most likely to be involved in Community Social and Personal Services. Of the 17 countries reported on 10 had the highest concentration in this area ranging from 6.3 per cent Belize to 18.5 per cent in The Bahamas. Men on the other hand are most likely to be Construction workers and Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery Workers. These two groups account for between 8.9 (Antigua and Barbuda) to 14.2 (Anguilla) per cent and 6.9 (Saint Lucia) to 25.6 per cent (Belize) respectively.

Male dominated occupations were either in the groups of Craft and Related Workers, Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers and Elementary Workers. Most men are employed as Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers in The Bahamas (17.7 per cent) and Bermuda (19.5 per cent) and as Elementary Workers in Belize (10 per cent), Guyana (8.1 per cent) and Trinidad and Tobago (15.5 percent). The category Craft and Related Workers attracted the highest concentration of male workers in the remaining 12 countries, with percentages of at least 12 percent in all the countries with the exception of Antigua and Barbuda.

Generally more men than women are employed in economic activities where their sex composition is either less than 50 per cent or above 70 per cent with some exceptions. In Women are more likely than men to be employed in activities where their sex composition is between 50-70 per cent. In 8 of the 17 countries, women account for at least 10 percent of the total employment in economic activities where their sex composition is less than 50 per cent while for men this distribution applies to eleven countries. In 4 countries Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, The Bahamas and Anguilla at least 20 per cent of women perform economic activities where they enjoy the majority share (50-70%) however the only country that recorded a distribution in excess of 20 per cent for men in this category was St. Kitts and Nevis. At least 12-17 per cent of the men working in Guyana, Bermuda, Suriname, Grenada and Belize, worked in economic activities where they were in the majority. These activities were either Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing as in the case of Guyana and Belize and Construction, Electricity Gas and Water; Public Administrative, Defense, Social Security as in the case of Anguilla, Grenada and Suriname respectively.

Generally a higher proportion of men than women work in occupations where the sex composition is in excess of 70 per cent. Amongst the women only in 4 countries: Dominica (Community Social and Personal Services 3.8 per cent); Grenada (Transport Storage and Communication 7.7 per cent); Montserrat (Hotels and Restaurants 2.7 per cent) and St. Kitts and Nevis (Manufacturing and Transport 14.2 per cent) were women engaged in activities where their sex composition was more than 70 per cent. As was the case in the Occupational Groups, almost half of all men who work in Guyana are employed in activities where they are heavily concentrated, enjoying a share in excess of 70 per cent. In 8 countries at least 25 per cent of all men who work, do so in industrial groups where their composition is in excess of 70 per cent. These categories of workers are primarily, Construction workers, Community Social and Personal Workers and Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery Workers.





With reference to *Chart* ,the following trends in the region were observed amongst those economic activities in the **Services Sector** that attracted the **highest concentration** of women and men in each country:

- Most women work in Community Social and Personal Services in 8 of the 17 countries namely: Barbados; The Bahamas; Belize; Guyana; Jamaica; Saint Lucia; St. Vincent and the Grenadines; Trinidad and Tobago.
- Most men work in the area of Construction in 10 of the 17 countries namely: Antigua and Barbuda; Dominica; Grenada; St. Kitts and Nevis; Saint Lucia; St. Vincent and the Grenadines; Trinidad and Tobago; Anguilla; Bermuda and Turks and Caicos Islands.
- The highest concentrations of both women and men work in the area of:
 - o Community Social and Personal Services in Barbados; The Bahamas; Guyana and Jamaica
 - o **Construction** in Grenada and St. Kitts and Nevis

Table 4.15(a) Industrial Groups with the highest concentration of Women and Men by country, 2000 Round of Census

Sex	Industrial Groups	Countries
Women		
	Community Social and Personal Services	TT; JM; BB; GD; GY; VC; BS; BZ; LC; AI; TC
	Other Services	AG; SR; BM
	Public Administrative, Defense, Social Security	MS;
	Construction	KN
	Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	DM
Men		
	Construction	AG; TT; AI; BM; TC
	Community Social and Personal Services	BB; BS;
	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery Workers	BZ; GY;JM; LC; VC
	Electricity, Gas and Water	GD; KN
	Public Administrative, Defense, Social Security	MS; SR

4.15(b) Percentage distribution of Women and Men according to their Concentration/Composition in their Industrial Groups, 2000 Round of Census

Percent of the Total Employment in Industrial Groups with:

Countries	Low to n concen (< 5	tration 0%)	Medi concen (50-7	tration	High concentration (> 70%)		
	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	
AG	6.0	15.9	20.6	8.0	0.0	12.5	
BB	8.1	16.3	20.5	5.5	0.0	18.2	
BS	6.2	18.3	23.6	6.8	0.0	15.3	
BZ	17.1	0.0	0.0	16.8	0.0	42.8	
DM	7.7	10.2	11.3	4.5	3.8	33.8	
GD	12.2	17.4	17.9	13.8	7.7	26.4	
GY	16.1	0.9	1.6	12.7	0.0	49.8	
JM	7.8	11.3	16.6	0.0	0.0	35.5	
MS	10.6	3.1	4.2	7.5	2.7	22.7	
KN	16.6	16.7	16.6	20.1	14.2	15.4	
LC	3.4	13.0	15.8	0.0	0.0	17.6	
VC	7.3	13.6	16.0	0.2	0.0	35.3	
SR	13.2	1.2	1.9	13.7	0.0	31.3	
TT	11.7	9.6	11.3	4.3	0.0	32.7	
Al	9.2	18.9	21.4	1.5	0.0	23.1	
BM	9.8	13.4	17.1	13.6	0.0	12.2	
TC	14.3	4.1	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	

Notes: Percentages calculated was based on data in *Table 4.16* and *Table 4.18*. See *Appendix 2 Table 4.12* on page 256-257. The data represents the sum total of the percentages of the women employed in Industrial groups where the sex composition is <50%; 50-70% and >70%.

Table 4.16 Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture	, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Manufacturing		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
Α.Ο	2001	0.6	2.1	2.7	0.1	0.3	0.3	1.8	2.7	4.5
ВВ	4000	4.0	0.0	0.4				4.0	4.4	0.0
	1998 1999	1.2 1.2	2.2 1.8	3.4 3.0	-	- 0.2	- 0.2	4.6 4.0	4.4 4.3	9.0 8.3
	2000	1.0	2.6	3.7	0.0	0.2	0.3	4.5	5.5	10.1
	2001	1.3	2.2	3.5	-	0.1	0.1	3.5	3.7	7.2
	2002	1.4	2.3	3.7	-	0.2	0.2	3.6	3.4	7.0
BS	1998	0.4	3.1	3.5			_	1.7	2.0	3.7
	1999	0.4	3.6	4.0	-	-	_	1.7	2.0	3. <i>1</i> 4.1
	2000	0.4	3.0	3.4	0.0	0.2	0.3	1.5	2.7	4.1
	2001	0.7	3.5	4.2	-	-	-	1.8	2.3	4.1
	2002	0.8	2.9	3.7	-	-	-	1.3	2.7	4.0
	2003 2004	0.3 0.2	2.7 4.2	3.0 4.4	- -	-	- -	1.8 1.5	2.6 2.4	4.4 3.9
BZ	2004	0.2	4.2	4.4				1.0	2.4	5.9
	1998	1.7	23.3	25.0	-	0.4	0.4	3.1	7.2	10.2
	1999	2.0	25.5	27.5	0.0	0.4	0.4	3.4	6.0	9.4
	2000 2001	2.1 2.9	25.6 21.6	27.7 24.5	0.0 0.0	0.3 0.4	0.3 0.4	2.2 2.7	3.9 4.1	6.1 6.8
	2001	1.2	21.8	24.5	-	0.4	0.4	2.7	4.1 4.7	7.3
DM							0.2			
	1997	6.0	17.8	23.8	-	-	-	3.9	4.9	8.7
	1999	6.3	20.9	27.2	-	-	-	3.8	4.8	8.6
GD	2001	3.3	17.9	21.2	-	-	-	3.3	4.5	7.8
0.5	1998	3.9	9.9	13.8	-	-	-	4.0	3.4	7.4
	2001	4.5	9.1	13.6	0.5	1.1	1.6	0.4	1.0	1.3
GY	2000		20.7	22.0	0.0	2.0	40	2.0	40.5	40.7
JM	2002	2.3	20.7	23.0	0.3	3.9	4.2	3.2	10.5	13.7
····	1998	4.2	16.9	21.1	-	-	-	3.1	5.9	8.9
	1999	3.7	17.0	20.7	-	-	-	2.6	6.1	8.7
	2000	3.8	17.1	20.9	-	-	-	2.0	5.1	7.1
	2001 2002	3.9 4.0	16.9 15.5	20.8 19.4	-	-	-	2.0 2.1	5.3 4.8	7.4 6.9
	2002	4.0	13.3	19.4	-	-		۷.۱	4.0	0.9

Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas and	d Water	Co	nstruction	1	Wholesale and Retail Trade		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
AG	2001	0.3	1.2	1.5	0.4	8.9	9.3	7.7	6.6	14.3
ВВ	2007	0.0				0.10	0.10	7.1.	0.0	
	1998	0.3	1.2	1.5	0.5	10.0	10.5	8.3	7.0	15.2
	1999	0.5	1.1	1.6	0.6	10.3	11.0	8.2	6.8	15.0
	2000 2001	0.2 0.5	0.9 1.0	1.0	0.6 0.8	9.9 10.3	10.5	14.2 8.3	11.7 6.7	25.9
	2001	0.5 0.5	0.9	1.5 1.5	0.8 0.6	9.6	11.0 10.2	8.4	6.7 6.9	15.0 15.3
BS	2002	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	3.0	70.2	0.4	0.5	10.0
	1998	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.7	9.7	10.4	7.9	6.0	14.0
	1999	0.3	0.9	1.2	0.5	10.8	11.4	7.6	6.1	13.7
	2000	0.2	1.0	1.2	0.6	11.0	11.5	7.7	7.0	14.7
	2001 2002	0.3 0.3	1.2 1.3	1.5 1.6	0.9 0.4	10.5 10.6	11.4 11.0	7.5 7.5	6.8 6.9	14.3 14.4
	2002	0.3	1.0	1.4	0.4	9.5	10.0	7.5 7.6	7.8	15.4
	2004	0.5	1.2	1.6	0.5	10.0	10.5	8.8	8.2	17.0
BZ										
	1998	0.3	1.3	1.6	0.1	5.7	5.8	7.0	10.7	17.6
	1999	0.1	1.2	1.3	0.2	5.7	5.9	6.3	9.5	15.8
	2000 2001	0.2 0.2	0.9 1.0	1.1 1.2	0.2 0.2	9.2 8.3	9.4 8.5	6.0 6.3	10.1 10.4	16.0 16.7
	2001	0.2	0.6	0.8	0.2	8.9	9.0	6.6	9.9	16.7
DM										
	1997	-	1.1	1.1	0.5	7.8	8.4	8.9	6.9	15.8
	1999	0.4	1.1	1.4	0.1	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.0	14.5
GD	2001	0.3	1.3	1.7	0.2	9.6	9.8	8.5	7.0	15.5
GD	1998	_	1.5	1.5	0.8	14.1	14.9	8.8	9.4	18.2
	2001	1.0	17.4	18.4	13.7	12.7	26.4	2.9	6.9	9.8
GY										
	2002	0.2	0.8	1.0	0.1	7.1	7.3	7.0	10.0	17.0
JM	1998	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	8.0	8.3	13.4	8.1	21.5
	1999	0.2	0.4	0.8	0.3	7.8	8.1	13.4	8.0	21.5
	2000	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.3	8.5	8.9	13.2	8.8	22.0
	2001	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.3	8.3	8.6	14.0	8.9	22.9
	2002	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.5	9.2	9.6	13.7	8.6	22.3

Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels a	and Resta	urants		ort, Storag nmunicatio			g, Insurand and Busi	•
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
A.C.										
AG	2001	8.8	6.0	14.8	2.9	5.3	8.1	4.1	3.3	7.4
ВВ		0.0	0.0				0.11		0.10	
	1998	6.3	4.7	11.0	1.2	3.7	5.0	4.1	2.3	6.5
	1999	5.7	4.9	10.6	1.0	2.8	3.8	3.7	3.0	6.7
	2000	-	-	-	1.7	4.6	6.3	6.3	4.6	10.9
	2001	6.3	4.2	10.5	1.5	3.2	4.7	5.1	3.0	8.1
BS	2002	6.1	4.3	10.4	1.3	3.0	4.3	5.1	3.4	8.5
ьз	1998	8.9	6.4	15.3	3.0	5.2	8.1	5.6	4.1	9.7
	1999	9.4	6.6	16.0	2.4	4.7	7.1	5.5	3.6	9.2
	2000	9.9	7.3	17.2	2.5	4.8	7.3	6.5	4.3	10.8
	2001	9.6	7.0	16.6	2.5	4.6	7.1	6.5	4.2	10.7
	2002	9.7	7.1	16.8	3.0	4.6	7.6	6.6	4.2	10.8
	2003	10.3	7.7	18.0	2.5	5.1	7.6	6.4	3.7	10.1
	2004	9.2	5.8	15.0	2.2	4.3	6.5	6.7	4.4	11.1
BZ	1000	4.4	2.4	7.0	0.7	4.5	E 1	4.0	2.2	2.6
	1998 1999	4.1 3.9	3.1 3.2	7.2 7.1	0.7 0.7	4.5 4.8	5.1 5.4	1.3 1.2	2.2 2.5	3.6 3.8
	2000	4.2	4.6	8.8	0.7	2.8	3.5	1.6	2.2	3.8
	2001	4.4	4.8	9.2	0.7	3.3	4.0	1.3	2.3	3.6
	2002	5.2	5.6	10.9	0.7	2.9	3.5	1.4	2.1	3.5
DM										
	1997	2.8	0.9	3.8	1.6	4.3	5.8	3.1	2.3	5.4
	1999	2.5	0.8	3.3	1.6	4.8	6.4	3.7	5.7	9.4
GD	2001	3.8	1.4	5.2	1.4	5.0	6.3	2.8	1.9	4.6
GD	1998	3.4	2.2	5.7	0.9	5.0	5.9	2.2	1.6	3.8
	2001	3.7	4.7	8.4	7.7	2.8	10.5	4.2	1.9	6.2
GY										
	2002	1.6	0.9	2.5	0.9	6.7	7.6	2.1	2.7	4.7
JM										
	1998	-	-	-	1.2	4.9	6.1	3.2	2.9	6.1
	1999	-	-	-	1.3	4.8	6.1	3.0	3.0	6.0
	2000 2001	-	-	-	1.2 1.4	5.0 5.0	6.2 6.5	3.2 2.6	2.8 2.3	6.0 5.0
	2007		<i>-</i>	<i>-</i> -	1.4	5. <i>0</i> 5.4	6.7	3.6	2.3 2.9	6.4
	2002	_			1.5	J. 1	0.7	5.0	۷.5	0.4

Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		dministrat , Social S			ınity, Socia onal Servi		Other S	ervices (S _l	pecify)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	6.6	6.1	12.7	4.4	3.4	7.9	11.8	3.6	15.4
ВВ	2007	0.0	0.7	,	-1.4	0,4	710	7 770	0.0	10.4
	1998	10.3	10.4	20.7	9.0	7.7	16.7	-	-	-
	1999	11.2	9.5	20.8	9.9	9.2	19.2	-	-	-
	2000	-	-	-	17.4	11.8	29.2	-	-	-
	2001	11.0	9.6	20.5	9.3	8.6	17.9	-	-	-
	2002	11.4	10.2	21.7	8.9	8.1	17.0	-	-	-
BS										
	1998	-	-	-	19.7	14.1	33.8	-	-	-
	1999 2000	- 4.3	- 4.6	- 8.9	18.8 13.9	14.1 6.3	32.9 20.1	-	-	-
	2000	4.3	4.0	o.9 -	13.9 18.5	11.2	20.7	-	-	_
	2001	_	_	_	18.7	10.9	29.6	_	_	_
	2002	_	_	_	19.0	10.8	29.8	_	_	_
	2004	_	_	_	18.7	11.1	29.8	_	_	_
BZ					7011					
	1998	2.1	4.7	6.8	9.4	3.1	12.4	1.9	1.8	3.7
	1999	2.0	4.3	6.3	9.0	3.6	12.6	2.0	2.2	4.2
	2000	6.2	7.0	13.2	6.3	3.4	9.7	0.1	0.2	0.3
	2001	2.5	5.2	7.7	9.5	4.7	14.2	1.5	1.6	3.1
	2002	2.2	5.0	7.2	8.9	4.0	12.9	1.8	1.7	3.5
DM										
	1997	1.8	4.2	6.0	7.2	2.0	9.2	5.8	2.1	7.8
	1999	1.8	3.5	5.3	5.9	2.7	8.6	5.0	1.4	6.4
GD	2001	3.3	6.6	9.9	8.0	2.6	10.6	4.6	2.3	6.9
GD	1998	1.8	3.6	5.4	7.4	3.9	11.2	6.5	1.9	8.4
	2001	-	- -	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -
GY	200.									
	2002	2.9	3.9	6.8	10.1	5.6	15.7	-	-	-
JM										
	1998	-	-	-	16.6	10.6	27.2	-	-	-
	1999	-	-	-	16.7	11.4	28.0	-	-	-
	2000	-	-	-	17.0	11.1	28.1	-	-	-
	2001	-	-	-	16.6	11.4	27.9	-	-	-
	2002	-	-	-	16.7	10.9	27.6	-	-	-

Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture	e, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Manufacturing		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IZM	2001	0.4	2.7	3.1	-	-	-	1.4	1.7	3.1
KN	2001	2.8	5.6	8.4	0.5	1.2	1.7	4.8	1.1	5.9
LC	2001	2.0	5.0	0.4	0.5	1.2	1.7	4.0	1.1	5.9
20	1998	7.0	16.0	23.1	_	_	_	5.3	4.4	9.7
	1999		14.2	21.7	_	_	_	5.5	3.8	9.3
	2000		14.4	20.8	-	-	-	5.7	4.0	9.8
	2001	1.9	6.9	8.8	0.0	0.1	0.2	3.3	2.9	6.2
	2002	3.9	8.3	12.2	-	-	-	4.3	3.3	7.6
VC										
	2001	2.9	12.5	15.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	2.1	5.0	7.1
SR										
	2004	1.6	6.5	8.0	0.6	5.3	5.9	1.9	5.1	7.0
TT										
	1998		5.5	6.7	0.0	0.2	0.2	3.3	8.6	11.9
	1999	1.0	5.4	6.4	-	0.1	0.1	3.6	8.5	12.0
	2000	1.0	4.9	5.9	0.0	0.1	0.1	3.5	8.6	12.1
	2001	1.0	5.3	6.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	3.2	8.3	11.6
100001175 141	2002	0.7	4.7	5.4	0.0	0.2	0.2	3.4	8.6	12.0
ASSOCIATE ME	EMBEKS									
AI	1999	0.5	1.8	2.3			_	2.0	3.6	5.6
	2001	0.5 0.4	2.9	2.3 3.2	-	-	_	0.9	3.6 1.5	2.4
ВМ	2001	0.4	2.3	3.2	=	-	-	0.9	1.5	2.4
Divi	1999	0.1	1.4	1.5	_	_	_	0.9	2.3	3.2
	2000	0.1	1.2	1.4	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.1	2.1	3.2
	2001	0.1	1.5	1.6	-	-	-	1.0	2.1	3.1
	2002	0.1	1.6	1.7	-	-	_	0.9	2.0	2.9
TC										
	2001	0.2	2.2	2.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.9	1.3	2.2

Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

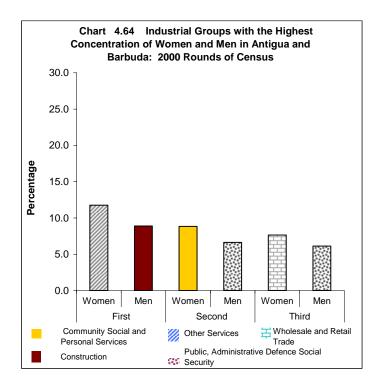
Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas and	d Water	Co	onstruction	า	Wholesale and Retail Trade		
-		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
I/NI	2001	0.6	2.7	3.4	0.5	11.9	12.4	5.4	5.7	11.1
KN	2001	0.9	15.4	16.3	12.6	9.9	22.5	5.7	6.4	12.1
LC	2001	0.3	10.4	10.5	12.0	3.3	22.0	5.7	0.4	12.1
	1998	0.3	1.1	1.3	0.4	7.3	7.7	9.4	7.3	16.7
	1999	0.2	0.7	0.9	0.6	8.3	9.0	10.5	7.1	17.6
	2000	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.7	8.8	9.4	11.1	6.8	17.9
	2001	0.1	0.6	0.8	0.3	6.4	6.7	6.3	5.3	11.6
	2002	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.5	7.8	8.2	8.8	5.9	14.7
VC										
0.0	2001	0.3	1.4	1.7	0.5	10.1	10.6	8.7	8.4	17.1
SR	2004	0.0	0.0			0.6	0.0	5 0	40.0	46.0
тт	2004	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.3	8.6	9.0	5.9	10.0	16.0
• •	1998	0.3	1.2	1.5	1.1	14.2	15.4	10.4	8.9	19.3
	1999	0.2	1.2	1.4	1.0	14.3	15.3	11.2	9.0	20.1
	2000	0.3	1.2	1.5	1.1	13.8	14.9	11.3	9.6	20.9
	2001	0.2	1.4	1.6	1.3	14.2	15.5	11.0	8.7	19.7
	2002	0.2	1.2	1.4	1.7	13.3	15.0	11.1	9.3	20.4
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	1999		1.5	2.3	0.4	12.4	12.8	5.0	2.9	7.9
DM	2001	0.3	1.1	1.4	0.5	14.2	14.7	5.3	4.6	9.9
ВМ	1999	0.2	1.0	1.2	0.4	6.2	6.6	7.3	6.7	14.0
	2000	0.2 0.2	0.9	1.2 1.2	0.4 0.5	9.8	10.3	6.5	6.7 6.5	14.0 13.0
	2000	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.3	3.0 7.0	7.4	6.7	6.7	13.3
	2002	0.2	0.9	1.1	0.5	7.2	7.7	6.6	6.7	13.4
TC					3.0			3.0		
	2001	0.2	1.4	1.6	0.4	13.1	13.5	3.3	3.2	6.5

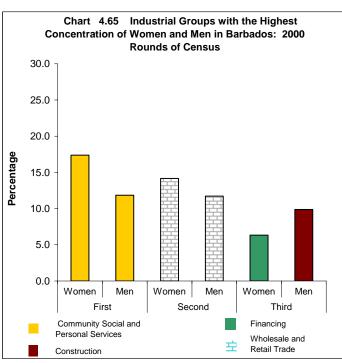
Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

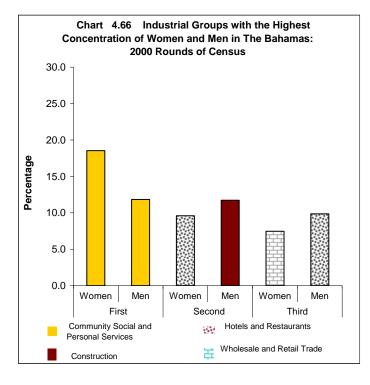
Country	Year	Hotels a	and Restau	urants	_	ort, Storag			g, Insurand and Busi	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
1701	2001	2.7	0.8	3.5	2.3	5.4	7.7	4.2	2.3	6.4
KN	0004		7.0	40.0	0.5	0.0	40.4	4.0	0.0	0.0
LC	2001	6.7	7.0	13.6	9.5	3.0	12.4	4.0	2.8	6.8
LC	1998	4.4	4.9	9.3	1.6	5.7	7.3	2.2	2.2	4.3
	1990	5.3	4.3	9.5	1.5	5. <i>7</i>	7.3	2.2	1.8	4.5
	2000		4.8	10.4	1.2	5.2	6.5	1.8	1.8	3.6
	2001	4.3	3.4	7.7	1.0	3.5	4.5	1.9	1.4	3.3
	2002	5.6	4.9	10.5	1.4	4.1	5.4	2.2	2.0	4.2
VC										
	2001	3.9	3.0	6.9	1.3	6.2	7.5	3.4	2.2	5.5
SR										
	2004	1.9	1.2	3.1	0.7	4.9	5.6	2.1	3.7	5.8
TT										
	1998	-	-	-	1.4	4.1	5.6	4.6	4.1	8.7
	1999	-	-	-	1.4	4.0	5.4	4.3	3.9	8.2
	2000	-	-	-	1.6	4.2	5.9	4.1	4.2	8.3
	2001	-	-	-	1.7	3.9	5.5	4.3	4.2	8.6
	2002	-	-	-	1.8	4.1	5.8	4.7	4.3	9.1
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBERS									
Al	1000	10.4	10.0	22.4	4.0	C 4	7.0	4.0	2.0	6.0
	1999 2001	13.1 16.9	10.0 11.2	23.1 28.1	1.2 1.8	6.4 4.9	7.6 6.7	4.8 4.5	2.0 3.2	6.8 7.7
ВМ	2001	10.9	11.2	20.1	1.0	4.3	0.7	4.5	3.2	7.7
Diff	1999	6.8	8.1	14.9	2.6	5.0	7.6	10.8	7.0	17.8
	2000	5.2	6.5	11.7	2.7	5.0	7.7	10.6	6.9	17.5
	2001	6.0	7.6	13.5	2.8	5.2	7.9	11.6	7.6	19.1
	2002	5.6	7.4	13.0	2.6	4.9	7.6	11.6	7.6	19.2
TC										
	2001	11.1	12.2	23.3	1.5	3.1	4.6	4.4	4.1	8.5

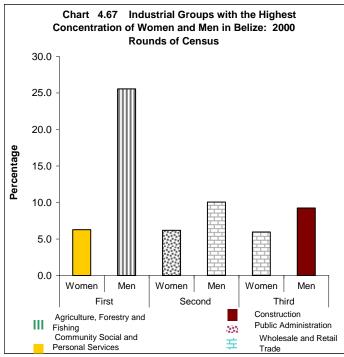
Table 4.16 Cont'd Percent of the Total Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

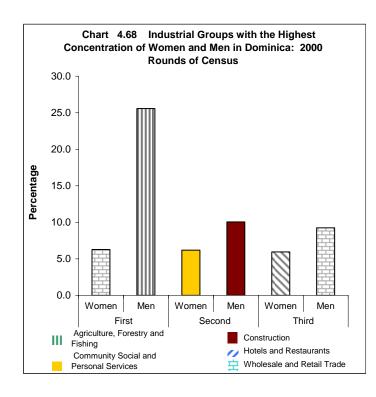
Country	Year		dministrat , Social Se			unity, Socia onal Servic		Other S	ervices (S	pecify)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	0004	04.5	40.0	00.0	4.0	4.0	0.4			
KN	2001	21.5	16.8	38.3	4.2	1.9	6.1	-	-	-
NIN	2001	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
LC	2001	-		_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_		
	1998	8.7	6.8	15.6	1.2	0.7	1.9	2.2	0.9	3.1
	1999	9.1	5.9	15.0	1.5	1.0	2.5	2.4	0.5	3.0
	2000	8.6	6.0	14.6	1.3	1.1	2.4	1.7	0.8	2.6
	2001	2.4	2.7	5.1	6.6	2.8	9.4	-	-	-
	2002	9.1	6.4	15.5	0.9	1.5	2.4	2.6	1.3	3.9
VC										
	2001	2.2	4.0	6.2	11.5	6.1	17.6	-	-	-
SR										
	2004	7.5	10.4	17.9	3.1	3.2	6.3	7.5	2.1	9.7
тт										
	1998	-	-	-	17.1	13.8	30.9	-	-	-
	1999	-	-	-	17.3	13.8	31.1	-	-	-
	2000	-	-	-	17.2	13.2	30.4	-	-	-
	2001	-	-	-	17.6	13.3	30.9	-	-	-
ASSOCIATE MI	2002	-	-	-	17.8	12.8	30.6	-	-	-
ASSOCIATE IVI	LIVIDEKS									
Δi	1999	4.4	4.3	8.7	8.2	1.8	10.0	2.4	1.1	3.6
	2001	6.3	5.5	11.7	6.7	3.0	9.7	2.3	0.7	2.9
ВМ	200.	0.0	0.0		0.11	0.0	0	2.0	0	2.0
	1999	5.4	5.3	10.7	4.0	2.2	6.3	10.7	5.5	16.2
	2000	3.1	3.7	6.8	4.9	2.6	7.5	13.5	6.0	19.5
	2001	5.2	5.0	10.2	3.9	2.2	6.1	10.9	5.6	16.5
	2002	5.2	5.1	10.3	3.8	2.0	5.8	11.4	6.0	17.3
TC										
	2001	10.9	9.0	19.9	6.1	2.5	8.7	0.0	0.2	0.2

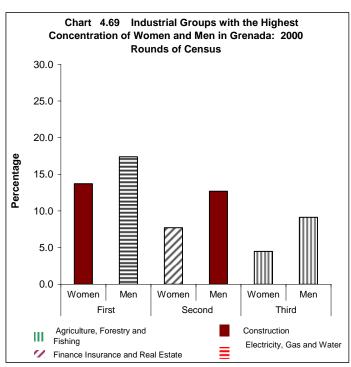


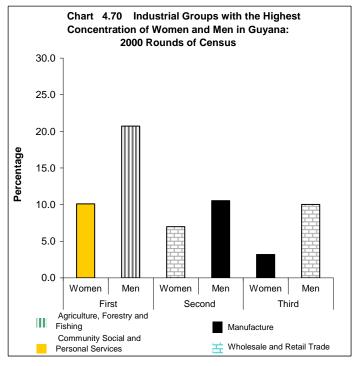


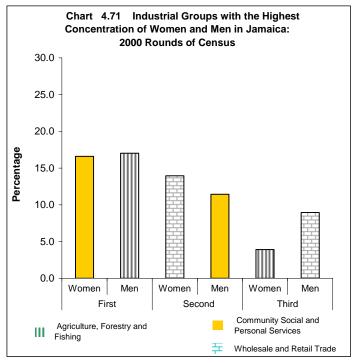


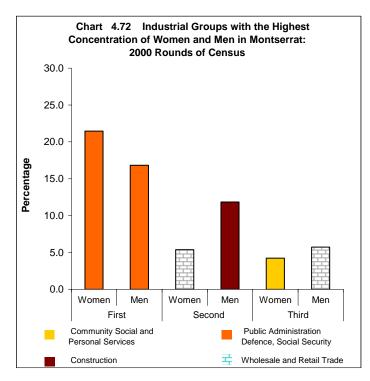


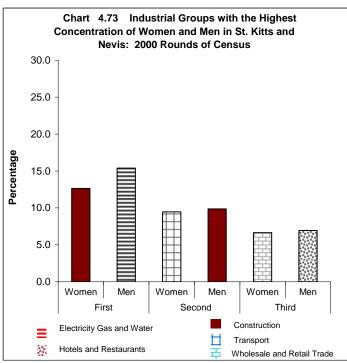


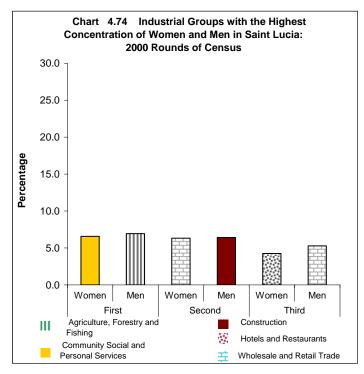


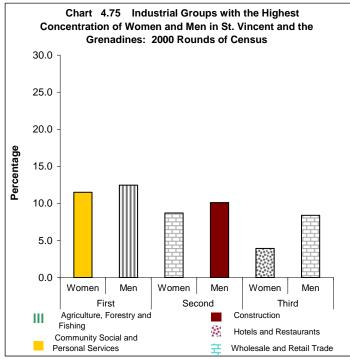


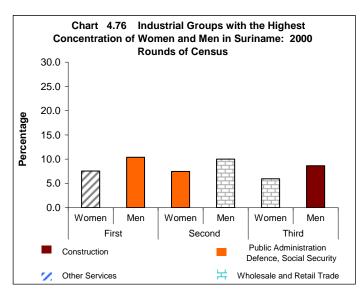


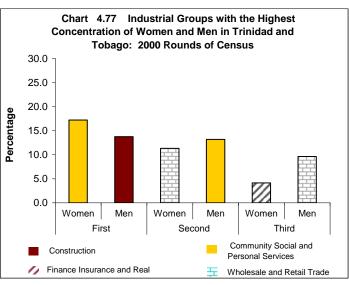


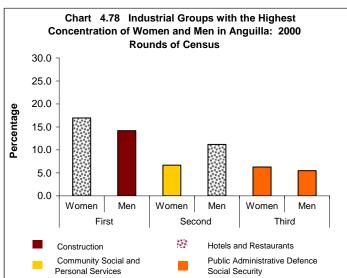


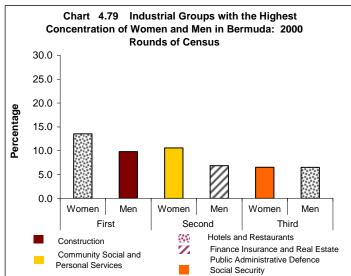












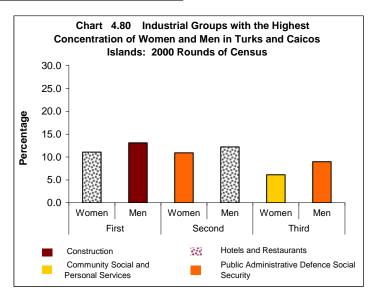


Table 4.17 Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture	, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Ма	nufacturin	g
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
4.0										
AG	2001	1.2	4.2	2.7	0.1	0.5	0.3	3.6	5.4	4.5
ВВ										
	1998	2.7	4.0	3.4	-	-	-	10.1	8.2	9.0
	1999	2.6	3.3	3.0	-	0.3	0.2	8.7	8.0	8.3
	2000	2.2	4.9	3.7	0.1	0.4	0.3	9.6	10.4	10.1
	2001	2.8	4.1	3.5	=	0.1	0.1	7.3	7.0	7.2
	2002	3.0	4.3	3.7	-	0.3	0.2	7.6	6.5	7.0
BS	1998	0.0	6.0	2.5				2.6	3.9	2.7
	1998	0.9 0.9	6.0 6.7	3.5 4.0			•••	3.6 3.7	3.9 4.4	3.7 4.1
	2001	1.4	6.8	4.0			•••	3.7	4.4 4.4	4.1
	2001	1.4	5.6	3.7			•••	2.8	5.2	4.1
	2002	0.6	5.3	3.0				3.6	5.1	4.4
	2004	0.4	8.2	4.4				3.1	4.7	3.9
BZ	2001	0.1	0.2		•••		•••	0.1	11.7	0.0
	1998	5.4	34.1	25.0	-	0.5	0.4	9.7	10.5	10.2
	1999	6.4	36.9	27.5	0.1	0.5	0.4	10.9	8.7	9.4
	2000	7.2	36.4	27.7	0.0	0.5	0.3	7.3	5.6	6.1
	2001	9.1	31.9	24.5	0.0	0.6	0.4	8.3	6.1	6.8
	2002	4.0	33.1	24.1	-	0.4	0.2	8.3	6.8	7.3
DM										
	1997	13.8	31.4	23.8				9.0	8.6	8.7
	1999	16.1	34.3	27.2				9.7	7.8	8.6
	2001	8.2	29.7	21.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	8.3	7.5	7.8
GD			400	40.0				400		
	1998	9.7	16.6	13.8	-	-	-	10.0	5.7	7.4
OV	2001	11.0	15.0	13.6	1.1	1.8	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.3
GY	2002	7.3	28.2	23.0	1.0	5.4	4.2	10.4	14.3	13.7
JM										
	1998	9.9	29.2	21.1	-	-	-	7.3	10.1	8.9
	1999	8.9	28.9	20.7	-	-	-	6.4	10.3	8.7
	2000	9.3	29.0	20.9	-	-	-	4.8	8.7	7.1
	2001	9.5	28.7	20.9	0.2	0.8	0.6	5.0	8.6	7.2
-	2002	9.5	26.7	19.4	-	-	-	4.9	8.3	6.9

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas an	d Water	Co	onstruction	1	Wholesal	e and Reta	ail Trade
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
40										
AG	2001	0.5	2.5	1.5	0.7	17.7	9.3	15.3	13.2	14.3
ВВ		0.10		7.10	•		0.10	1010	10.2	
	1998	0.7	2.2	1.5	1.1	18.6	10.5	18.0	12.9	15.2
	1999	1.0	2.1	1.6	1.4	19.2	11.0	17.7	12.6	15.0
	2000	0.4	1.6	1.0	1.3	18.6	10.5	30.1	22.0	25.9
	2001	1.0 1.2	1.9	1.5 1.5	1.6 1.3	19.5 18.3	11.0 10.2	17.4	12.8	15.0 15.3
BS	2002	1.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	18.3	10.2	17.8	13.1	15.3
БО	1998	0.4	1.7	1.1	1.4	18.8	10.4	16.4	11.7	14.0
	1999	0.6	1.8	1.2	1.1	20.4	11.4	16.3	11.5	13.7
	2001	0.6	2.4	1.5	1.8	20.4	11.4	15.4	13.2	14.3
	2002		2.5	1.6	0.8	20.6	11.0	15.5	13.4	14.4
	2003		1.9	1.4	1.1	18.6	10.0	15.5	15.2	15.4
BZ	2004	0.9	2.3	1.6	1.1	19.3	10.5	18.2	15.9	17.0
ΒZ	1998	0.9	1.9	1.6	0.2	8.3	5.8	22.0	15.6	17.6
	1999		1.8	1.3	0.6	8.3	5.9	20.5	13.7	15.8
	2000	0.7	1.3	1.1	0.6	13.1	9.4	20.1	14.3	16.0
	2001	0.7	1.4	1.2	0.6	12.2	8.5	19.5	15.3	16.7
	2002	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.5	12.8	9.0	21.3	14.4	16.5
DM	4007	0.4	4.0		4.0	40.0	0.4	00.5	40.4	45.0
	1997 1999	0.4 0.9	1.9 1.7	1.1 1.4	1.3 0.2	13.8 12.3	8.4 7.6	20.5 19.2	12.1 11.4	15.8 14.5
	2001	0.9 0.8	2.2	1.4 1.7	0.2 0.5	12.3 16.0	7.6 9.8	21.5	11.4 11.6	14.5 15.5
GD	2001	0.0	2.2		0.0	70.0	3.0	21.0	11.0	10.0
	1998	-	2.4	1.5	2.0	23.6	14.9	21.8	15.7	18.2
	2001	2.4	28.7	18.4	33.6	20.9	26.4	7.2	11.4	9.8
GY										
18.6	2002	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.4	9.7	7.3	22.7	13.6	17.0
JM	1998	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	13.8	8.3	31.8	14.1	21.5
	1999		0.7	0.7	0.7	13.4	8.1	32.8	13.6	21.5
	2000		0.7	0.6	0.8	14.4	8.9	32.1	15.0	22.0
	2001	0.5	0.9	0.7	0.8	13.9	8.6	33.9	15.1	22.9
-	2002	0.3	0.9	0.7	1.1	15.9	9.6	32.5	14.8	22.3

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels a	and Resta	urants		ort, Storag nmunicatio			g, Insurane and Busi	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	0004	4==	44.0	440		40.4			0.5	
DD	2001	17.7	11.9	14.8	5.7	10.4	8.1	8.2	6.5	7.4
ВВ	1998	13.6	8.8	11.0	2.7	6.9	5.0	9.0	4.3	6.5
	1990	12.3	9.1	10.6	2. <i>1</i> 2.1	5.2	3.8	9.0 8.0	4.3 5.5	6.5 6.7
	2000	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.6	8.7	6.3	13.5	8.7	10.9
	2001	13.2	8.1	10.5	3.1	6.2	4.7	10.7	5.7	8.1
	2002	12.9	8.2	10.4	2.6	5.8	4.3	10.7	6.5	8.5
BS			V.			0.0			0.0	0.0
	1998	18.4	12.5	15.3	6.1	10.0	8.1	11.6	7.9	9.7
	1999	20.1	12.5	16.0	5.1	8.8	7.1	11.8	6.9	9.2
	2001	19.8	13.7	16.6	5.2	8.8	7.1	13.4	8.1	10.7
	2002	19.9	13.9	16.8	6.1	9.0	7.6	13.5	8.2	10.8
	2003	21.0	15.1	18.0	5.1	10.0	7.6	13.1	7.2	10.1
	2004	19.1	11.2	15.0	4.6	8.3	6.5	13.9	8.5	11.1
BZ										
	1998	12.8	4.6	7.2	2.1	6.6	5.1	4.3	3.3	3.6
	1999	12.6	4.6	7.1	2.2	6.9	5.4	4.0	3.7	3.8
	2000	14.1	6.5	8.8	2.2	4.0	3.5	5.5	3.1	3.8
	2001	13.7	7.0	9.2	2.1	4.9	4.0	4.0	3.3	3.6
DM	2002	16.9	8.2	10.9	2.2	4.2	3.5	4.5	3.1	3.5
DM	1997	6.6	1.7	3.8	3.6	7.5	5.8	7.1	4.1	5.4
	1997	6.3	1.7	3.3	3.6 4.1	7.5 7.9	6.4	9.5	9.3	9.4
	2001	9.7	2.3	5.3 5.2	3.4	7.9 8.2	6.4 6.3	7.0	9.3 3.1	9.4 4.6
GD	2001	3.7	2.0	J.Z	3.4	0.2	0.5	7.0	3.1	7.0
	1998	8.5	3.8	5.7	2.3	8.3	5.9	5.5	2.6	3.8
	2001	9.0	7.7	8.4	18.9	4.6	10.5	10.3	3.2	6.2
GY										
	2002	5.3	1.2	2.5	2.8	9.2	7.6	6.7	3.6	4.7
JM										
	1998	0.2	0.2	0.2	2.8	8.5	6.1	7.6	5.0	6.1
	1999	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.1	8.2	6.1	7.2	5.2	6.0
	2000	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.0	8.4	6.2	7.8	4.7	6.0
	2001	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.2	8.6	6.4	6.5	4.0	5.1
	2002	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.0	9.4	6.7	8.4	5.0	6.4

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		dministrat e, Social S		Pers	unity, Socia onal Servi			ervices (S	pecify)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
10										
AG	2001	13.1	12.2	12.7	8.8	6.8	7.9	23.5	7.2	15.4
ВВ										
	1998		19.4	20.7	19.6	14.3	16.7			
	1999	24.3	17.7	20.8	21.6	17.1	19.2			
	2000	0.2	0.2	0.2	36.9	22.3	29.2	•••	•••	•••
	2001	23.1	18.2	20.5	19.5	16.4	17.9	•••	•••	
DC	2002	24.1	19.5	21.7	18.8	15.5	17.0			
BS	1998	0.2	0.2	0.2	40.7	27.3	33.8			
	1990		0.2	0.2	40.7	26.6	32.9			
	2001	0.2	0.2	0.2	38.3	21.7	29.7			
	2001		0.2	0.2	38.4	21.2	29.6			
	2002		0.2	0.2	38.9	21.2	29.8			
	2004	0.2	0.2	0.2	38.6	21.5	29.8			
BZ				•	55.0					
	1998	6.6	6.9	6.8	29.5	4.5	12.4	6.0	2.7	3.7
	1999	6.5	6.2	6.3	29.2	5.2	12.6	6.3	3.3	4.2
	2000	20.9	10.0	13.2	21.1	4.8	9.7	0.3	0.3	0.3
	2001	7.7	7.7	7.7	29.4	7.0	14.2	4.7	2.3	3.1
	2002	7.2	7.3	7.2	28.6	5.8	12.9	5.7	2.5	3.5
DM										
	1997	4.1	7.4	6.0	16.7	3.5	9.2	13.3	3.6	7.8
	1999	4.7	5.7	5.3	15.1	4.5	8.6	12.9	2.2	6.4
	2001	8.4	10.9	9.9	20.1	4.4	10.6	11.6	3.8	6.9
GD	4000	4.4	0.4	- 1	40.0	0.5	44.0	40.4	0.0	0.4
	1998 2001	4.4 0.2	6.1 0.2	5.4 0.2	18.2 0.3	6.5 0.3	11.2 0.3	16.1 <i>0.3</i>	3.3 0.3	8.4
GY	2001	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Gi	2002	9.3	5.3	6.8	32.8	7.6	15.7			
JM										
	1998	0.2	0.2	0.2	39.4	18.4	27.2			
	1999	0.2	0.2	0.2	40.4	19.3	28.0			
	2000	0.2	0.2	0.2	41.3	18.9	28.1			
	2001	0.2	0.2	0.2	40.3	19.3	28.0			
	2002	0.2	0.2	0.2	39.7	18.8	27.6			

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture	e, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Ма	nufacturin	g
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIS	2001	0.9	4.7	3.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	3.2	3.0	3.1
KN	2001	0.5	7.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1
	2001	5.8	10.5	8.4	1.0	2.2	1.7	9.8	2.1	5.9
LC										
	1998		28.0	23.1	-	-	-	12.4	7.6	9.7
	1999		26.8	21.7	-	-	-	11.7	7.2	9.3
	2000		26.1	20.8	-	-	-	12.8	7.3	9.8
	2001	4.3	12.3	8.8	0.1	0.2	0.2	7.5	5.1	6.2
VO.	2002	8.7	15.1	12.2	-	-	-	9.5	6.1	7.6
VC	2001	7.6	20.2	15.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	5.4	8.1	7.1
SR	2001	7.0	20.2	15.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	5.4	0.1	7.1
JIX.	2004	4.5	9.9	8.0	1.7	8.2	5.9	5.3	7.9	7.0
TT	2004	4.0	0.0	0.0	,,,	0.2	0.0	0.0	7.0	7.0
	1998	2.9	9.2	6.7				8.4	14.3	11.9
	1999	2.6	9.0	6.4				8.9	14.1	12.0
	2000	2.5	8.2	5.9				8.7	14.4	12.1
	2001	2.5	8.9	6.3				8.0	14.0	11.6
	2002	1.7	8.0	5.4				8.2	14.7	12.0
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBERS									
Al	4000	4.0	0.0	0.0				4.0		
	1999 2001		3.3	2.3	-	-	-	4.3	6.7	5.6
ВМ	2001	0.8	5.4	3.2	-	-	-	1.9	2.8	2.4
DIVI	1999	0.3	2.7	1.5				1.9	4.4	3.2
	2000	0.2	2.4	1.4	•••	•••		2.2	4.1	3.2
	2001	0.3	2.9	1.6				2.0	4.2	3.1
	2002	0.3	3.0	1.7				1.9	3.9	2.9
TC										
	2001	0.4	3.8	2.3	0.0	0.3	0.2	2.0	2.3	2.2

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas and	d Water	Co	nstruction	า	Wholesal	e and Reta	il Trade
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS					4.4			40.5		
I/NI	2001	1.5	4.8	3.4	1.2	20.8	12.4	12.5	10.1	11.1
KN	2001	1.8	28.9	16.3	26.1	18.5	22.5	11.8	12.0	12.1
LC	2001	1.0	20.0	10.0	20.1	10.0	22.0	11.0	12.0	12.1
	1998	0.6	1.9	1.3	0.9	12.8	7.7	22.0	12.8	16.7
	1999	0.4	1.4	0.9	1.4	15.7	9.0	22.5	13.3	17.6
	2000	0.4	1.6	1.1	1.5	15.9	9.4	24.8	12.3	17.9
	2001	0.3	1.1	0.8	0.7	11.4	6.7	14.4	9.4	11.6
	2002	0.4	1.6	1.1	1.0	14.2	8.2	19.6	10.7	14.7
vc	0004			4 -		40.4	40.0		40.0	4- 4
SR	2001	0.8	2.3	1.7	1.4	16.4	10.6	22.6	13.6	17.1
SK	2004	0.5	1.4	1.1	0.9	13.3	9.0	17.0	15.4	16.0
TT	2004	0.5	1.4	1.1	0.9	13.3	9.0	17.0	13.4	10.0
• •	1998	0.7	2.0	1.5	2.9	23.5	15.4	26.3	14.7	19.3
	1999	0.5	2.0	1.4	2.4	23.8	15.3	28.0	14.9	20.1
	2000	0.7	2.1	1.5	2.7	23.0	14.9	28.1	16.1	20.9
	2001	0.6	2.4	1.6	3.1	23.9	15.5	27.1	14.7	19.7
	2002	0.5	2.1	1.4	4.2	22.7	15.0	26.7	15.9	20.4
ASSOCIATE ME	EMBERS									
Al	1999	1.7	2.7	2.3	0.9	23.3	12.8	10.7	5.5	7.9
	2001	0.7	2.1 2.1	2.3 1.4	0.9 1.1	23.3 26.6	12.0 14.7	10.7 11.4	5.5 8.5	7.9 9.9
ВМ	2001	0.7	2.1	1.4	1.1	20.0	17.7	117	0.0	3.3
	1999	0.5	2.0	1.2	0.8	12.3	6.6	14.7	13.2	14.0
	2000	0.5	1.8	1.2	1.0	19.0	10.3	13.5	12.6	13.0
	2001	0.5	1.8	1.1	0.9	13.7	7.4	13.7	13.0	13.3
	2002	0.4	1.7	1.1	1.0	14.1	7.7	13.7	13.1	13.4
TC										
	2001	0.5	2.4	1.6	1.0	22.9	13.5	7.6	5.6	6.5

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels a	and Resta	urants	-	ort, Storag nmunicatio			g, Insurand and Busi	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	6.2	1.4	3.5	5.2	9.6	7.7	9.7	4.0	6.4
KN										
	2001	13.8	13.1	13.6	19.6	5.5	12.4	8.2	5.2	6.8
LC										
	1998	10.4	8.5	9.3	3.8	10.0	7.3	5.1	3.8	4.3
	1999	11.4	7.9	9.5	3.2	10.4	7.1	5.6	3.4	4.5
	2000	12.5	8.7	10.4	2.8	9.4	6.5	4.1	3.2	3.6
	2001	9.7	6.1	7.7	2.3	6.2	4.5	4.3	2.5	3.3
	2002	12.4	9.0	10.5	3.0	7.4	5.4	4.8	3.7	4.2
VC										
	2001	10.2	4.9	6.9	3.4	10.1	7.5	8.8	3.5	5.5
SR										
	2004	5.3	1.9	3.1	2.0	7.5	5.6	5.9	<i>5.7</i>	5.8
TT										
	1998	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.6	6.9	5.6	11.7	6.8	8.7
	1999	0.2	0.2	0.2	3.5	6.7	5.4	10.8	6.5	8.2
	2000	0.2	0.2	0.2	4.0	7.1	5.9	10.3	7.0	8.3
	2001	0.2	0.2	0.2	4.2	6.5	5.5	10.7	7.1	8.6
	2002	0.2	0.2	0.2	4.3	6.9	5.8	11.4	7.4	9.1
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBERS									
Al										
	1999	28.0	18.7	23.1	2.6	12.0	7.6	10.2	3.8	6.8
	2001	36.4	20.9	28.1	3.8	9.2	6.7	9.7	5.9	7.7
ВМ										
	1999	13.8	16.1	14.9	5.3	9.8	7.6	21.9	13.7	17.8
	2000	10.7	12.6	11.7	5.6	9.7	7.7	21.8	13.3	17.5
	2001	12.3	14.7	13.5	5.7	10.0	7.9	23.7	14.8	19.1
	2002	11.6	14.4	13.0	5.4	9.6	7.6	23.8	14.8	19.2
TC										
	2001	25.7	21.4	23.3	3.5	5.5	4.6	10.2	7.2	8.5

Table 4.17 Cont'd Percentage Distribution of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		dministrat , Social Se			ınity, Socia onal Servic		Other S	ervices (S	pecify)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	0004	40.0	00.0	00.0	0.0		0.4			
KN	2001	49.8	29.6	38.3	9.8	3.3	6.1	•••		
NIN	2001									
LC	2001						•••			•••
20	1998	20.5	11.9	15.6	2.8	1.2	1.9	5.1	1.6	3.1
	1999	19.4	11.1	15.0	3.3	1.8	2.5	5.2	1.0	3.0
	2000	19.3	10.8	14.6	2.9	1.9	2.4	3.8	1.5	2.6
	2001	5.5	4.8	5.1	15.0	5.0	9.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
	2002	20.2	11.6	15.5	1.9	2.7	2.4	5.7	2.3	3.9
VC										
	2001	5.8	6.5	6.2	29.9	9.8	17.6			
SR										
***	2004	21.4	16.0	17.9	9.0	4.9	6.3	21.6	3.3	9.7
TT	1998				43.3	22.8	30.9			
	1999				43.3	23.0	31.1			
	2000		•••		42.8	22.0	30.4		•••	•••
	2001				43.4	22.3	30.9			
	2002				43.0	21.9	30.6			
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	1999	9.5	8.1	8.7	17.4	3.3	10.0	5.2	2.1	3.6
	2001	13.5	10.2	11.7	14.3	5.6	9.7	4.8	1.2	2.9
ВМ										
	1999	11.0	10.4	10.7	8.2	4.4	6.3	21.7	10.9	16.2
	2000	6.4	7.1	6.8	10.0	5.1	7.5	27.9	11.5	19.5
	2001 2002	10.6 10.8	9.8 9.9	10.2 10.3	8.0 7.8	4.2 4.0	6.1 5.8	22.4 23.4	10.9 11.6	16.5 17.3
тс	2002	10.0	9.9	10.3	1.0	4.0	5.0	23.4	11.0	17.3
	2001	25.3	15.7	19.9	14.2	4.5	8.7	0.0	0.3	0.2

Table 4.18 Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture	, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Ма	nufacturin	g
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
AG	2001	22.1	77.9	100.0	16.9	83.1	100.0	39.8	60.2	100.0
ВВ										
	1998	36.6	63.4	100.0				51.4	48.6	100.0
	1999	40.5	59.5	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	48.1	51.9	100.0
	2000	28.6	71.4	100.0	15.3	84.7	100.0	44.9	55.1	100.0
	2001	37.8	62.2	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	48.4	51.6	100.0
	2002	38.3	61.7	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	51.1	48.9	100.0
BS	4000	40.5	07.5	400.0				40.0	50.0	400.0
	1998	12.5	87.5 89.1	100.0 100.0	•••	•••	•••	46.2	53.8	100.0 100.0
	1999 2001	10.9 16.2	89.1	100.0	•••	•••	•••	42.9 44.6	57.1 55.4	100.0
	2001	21.9	78.1	100.0				33.3	55.4 66.7	100.0
	2002	9.8	90.2	100.0				40.4	59.6	100.0
	2003	4.9	90.2 95.1	100.0				38.1	61.9	100.0
BZ	2004	4.9	33.1	100.0	•••	•••		30.1	01.3	100.0
DZ	1998	6.8	93.2	100.0	_	100.0	100.0	30.1	69.9	100.0
	1999	7.2	92.8	100.0	5.0	95.0	100.0	35.9	64.1	100.0
	2000	7.7	92.3	100.0	1.2	98.8	100.0	35.6	64.4	100.0
	2001	12.0	88.0	100.0	3.8	96.2	100.0	39.1	60.9	100.0
	2002	5.1	94.9	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	35.2	64.8	100.0
DM										
	1999	23.2	76.8	100.0				44.4	55.6	100.0
	2001	15.5	84.5	100.0				42.2	57.8	100.0
GD										
	1998	28.4	71.6	100.0				54.3	45.7	100.0
	2001	33.0	67.0	100.0	29.1	70.9	100.0	29.3	70.7	100.0
GY										
	2002	9.8	90.2	100.0	7.3	92.7	100.0	23.3	76.7	100.0
JM										
	1998	19.8	80.2	100.0				34.3	65.7	100.0
	1999	17.8	82.2	100.0				30.4	69.6	100.0
	2000	18.2	81.8	100.0	•••			27.7	72.3	100.0
	2001	18.7	81.3	100.0				29.0	71.0	100.0
	2002	20.5	79.5	100.0				30.2	69.8	100.0

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas an	d Water	Co	onstruction	า	Wholesal	e and Reta	ail Trade
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	18.1	81.9	100.0	3.8	96.2	100.0	53.6	46.4	100.0
ВВ										
	1998		77.8	100.0	4.7	95.3	100.0	54.3	45.7	100.0
	1999		70.0	100.0	5.8	94.2	100.0	54.5	45.5	100.0
	2000	18.8	81.3	100.0	5.7	94.3	100.0	54.7	45.3	100.0
	2001	31.6	68.4	100.0	7.0	93.0	100.0	55.2	44.8	100.0
	2002	36.8	63.2	100.0	6.1	93.9	100.0	55.1	44.9	100.0
BS	4000	40.0	00.0	400.0	0.0	00.4	400.0	50.0	40.0	400.0
	1998		80.2	100.0	6.6	93.4	100.0	56.8	43.2	100.0
	1999		77.9	100.0	4.7	95.3	100.0	55.7	44.3	100.0
	2001	19.3	80.7	100.0	7.6	92.4	100.0	52.2	47.8	100.0
	2002		78.6	100.0	3.7	96.3	100.0	52.2	47.8	100.0
	2003		68.6	100.0	5.2	94.8	100.0	49.5	50.5	100.0
D.7	2004	28.2	71.8	100.0	5.2	94.8	100.0	51.7	48.3	100.0
BZ	1998	17.7	00.0	100.0	4.0	98.7	100.0	39.6	60.4	100.0
	1998		82.3 91.7	100.0	1.3 3.1	96.7 96.9	100.0		59.8	100.0
		18.7	91.7 81.3	100.0 100.0		96.9 98.0	100.0 100.0	40.2		100.0 100.0
	2000 2001	18.8	81.3 81.2	100.0	2.0 2.4	9 8.0 97.6	100.0	37.2 37.7	62.8 62.3	100.0
	2001	17.4	82.6	100.0	1.8	98.2	100.0	37.7 39.9	62.3 60.1	100.0
DM	2002	17.4	02.0	100.0	1.0	90.2	100.0	39.9	00.1	100.0
DIVI	1999	25.6	74.4	100.0	0.9	99.1	100.0	52.0	48.0	100.0
	2001	19.0	81.0	100.0	2.1	97.9	100.0	55.0	45.0	100.0
GD										
	1998	-	100.0	100.0	5.4	94.6	100.0	48.4	51.6	100.0
	2001	5.3	94.7	100.0	52.0	48.0	100.0	30.0	70.0	100.0
GY										
	2002	22.1	77.9	100.0	1.9	98.1	100.0	41.1	58.9	100.0
JM										
	1998	29.8	70.2	100.0	3.3	96.7	100.0	62.2	37.8	100.0
	1999	18.8	81.3	100.0	3.4	96.6	100.0	62.9	37.1	100.0
	2000	32.1	67.9	100.0	3.9	96.1	100.0	60.0	40.0	100.0
	2001	27.5	72.5	100.0	3.6	96.4	100.0	60.9	39.1	100.0
	2002	20.6	79.4	100.0	4.8	95.2	100.0	61.6	38.4	100.0

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels a	and Resta	urants		ort, Storag nmunicatio		Financing, Insurance, Real Estate and Business		
-		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	59.7	40.3	100.0	35.4	64.6	100.0	55.5	44.5	100.0
BB										
	1998	57.1	42.9	100.0	25.0	75.0	100.0	64.1	35.9	100.0
	1999	53.8	46.2	100.0	25.5	74.5	100.0	55.4	44.6	100.0
	2000	 59.6	40.4	100.0	27.1	72.9	100.0	57.9	42.1	100.0
	2001 2002	59.6 58.6	40.4 41.4	100.0 100.0	31.1 29.1	68.9 70.9	100.0 100.0	62.9 59.6	37.1 40.4	100.0 100.0
BS	2002	30.0	71.7	100.0	23.1	70.5	100.0	33.0	40.4	100.0
20	1998	57.9	42.1	100.0	36.4	63.6	100.0	58.0	42.0	100.0
	1999	58.7	41.3	100.0	33.7	66.3	100.0	60.3	39.7	100.0
	2001	57.7	42.3	100.0	35.7	64.3	100.0	60.9	39.1	100.0
	2002	57.6	42.4	100.0	38.9	61.1	100.0	60.8	39.2	100.0
	2003	57.1	42.9	100.0	33.1	66.9	100.0	63.6	36.4	100.0
	2004	61.4	38.6	100.0	34.3	65.7	100.0	60.6	39.4	100.0
BZ	4000	50.5	40.5	400.0	40.7	07.0	400.0	07.7	00.0	400.0
	1998	56.5	43.5 44.7	100.0	12.7	87.3	100.0	37.7	62.3	100.0
	1999 2000	55.3 47.8	44.7 52.2	100.0 100.0	12.4 18.5	87.6 81.5	100.0 100.0	32.7 42.7	67.3 57.3	100.0 100.0
	2000	48.0	52.2 52.0	100.0	16.8	83.2	100.0	36.5	63.5	100.0
	2002	48.1	51.9	100.0	18.8	81.2	100.0	39.4	60.6	100.0
DM			00			<u> </u>			00.0	
	1999	74.9	25.1	100.0	25.0	75.0	100.0	39.7	60.3	100.0
	2001	73.6	26.4	100.0	21.4	78.6	100.0	60.0	40.0	100.0
GD										
	1998	60.5	39.5	100.0	15.5	84.5	100.0	58.3	41.7	100.0
OV	2001	44.0	56.0	100.0	73.6	26.4	100.0	68.4	31.6	100.0
GY	2002	64.5	35.5	100.0	44.5	00 F	100.0	43.6	56.4	100.0
JM	2002	04.5	33.3	100.0	11.5	88.5	100.0	43.0	30.4	100.0
O.111	1998				19.5	80.5	100.0	52.5	47.5	100.0
	1999				21.0	79.0	100.0	49.3	50.7	100.0
	2000				19.8	80.2	100.0	53.7	46.3	100.0
	2001				20.7	79.3	100.0	52.7	47.3	100.0
	2002				18.8	81.2	100.0	55.3	44.7	100.0

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Public Administrative and Defense, Social Security				ınity, Socia onal Servi		Other Services (Specify)		
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	51.8	48.2	100.0	56.2	43.8	100.0	76.4	23.6	100.0
BB										
	1998	49.6	50.4	100.0	54.0	46.0	100.0			
	1999	54.1	45.9	100.0	51.9	48.1	100.0		•••	•••
	2000				59.4	40.6	100.0		•••	
	2001	53.4	46.6	100.0	51.7	48.3	100.0			
DC	2002	52.7	47.3	100.0	52.3	47.7	100.0			
BS	1998				58.3	41.7	100.0			
	1990				56.5 57.1	42.9	100.0			
	2001				62.4	37.6	100.0			
	2001				63.2	36.8	100.0			
	2002		•••		63.8	36.2	100.0			
	2004				62.6	37.4	100.0			
BZ	200 .	•••	•••	•••	02.0	07.1	100.0	• • •	•••	•••
	1998	30.8	69.2	100.0	75.2	24.8	100.0	51.3	48.7	100.0
	1999	32.0	68.0	100.0	71.6	28.4	100.0	46.6	53.4	100.0
	2000	46.9	53.1	100.0	64.8	35.2	100.0	28.2	71.8	100.0
	2001	32.1	67.9	100.0	66.6	33.4	100.0	49.2	50.8	100.0
	2002	30.7	69.3	100.0	68.7	31.3	100.0	50.8	49.2	100.0
DM										
	1999	34.4	65.6	100.0	68.5	31.5	100.0	78.8	21.2	100.0
	2001	33. <i>7</i>	66.3	100.0	75.2	24.8	100.0	66.7	33.3	100.0
GD										
	1998	32.8	67.2	100.0	65.5	34.5	100.0	77.0	23.0	100.0
	2001									
GY										
	2002	42.4	57.6	100.0	64.4	35.6	100.0			
JM	4000				00.0	00.4	400.0			
	1998		•••		60.9	39.1	100.0			
	1999				59.4	40.6	100.0			
	2000		•••		60.4	39.6	100.0			
	2001		•••		59.2	40.8	100.0			
	2002				60.6	39.4	100.0			

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing			Mining	and Quar	rying	Manufacturing			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
1201	2001	13.2	86.8	100.0			•••	44.4	55.6	100.0	
KN	0004	00.5	00.5	400.0	00.4	00.0	400.0	00.0	40.0	400.0	
LC	2001	33.5	66.5	100.0	30.1	69.9	100.0	80.8	19.2	100.0	
LC	1998	30.5	69.5	100.0				54.9	45.1	100.0	
	1990	34.4	65.6	100.0				58.8	41.2	100.0	
	2000	30.7	69.3	100.0			•••	58.7	41.3	100.0	
	2001	21.2	78.8	100.0	23.1	76.9	100.0	53.4	46.6	100.0	
	2002	32.2	67.8	100.0				56.2	43.8	100.0	
VC											
	2001	19.1	80.9	100.0	32.7	67.3	100.0	29.4	70.6	100.0	
SR											
	2004	19.6	80.4	100.0	10.0	90.0	100.0	26.6	73.4	100.0	
TT											
	1998	17.3	82.7	100.0	10.0	90.0	100.0	27.8	72.2	100.0	
	1999	15.8	84.2	100.0	-	100.0	100.0	29.6	70.4	100.0	
	2000	17.0	83.0	100.0	33.3	66.7	100.0	29.0	71.0	100.0	
	2001	16.0	84.0	100.0	9.1	90.9	100.0	27.9	72.1	100.0	
	2002	12.9	87.1	100.0	12.5	87.5	100.0	28.3	71.7	100.0	
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBERS										
Al	1999	21.4	78.6	100.0				26.2	62.0	100.0	
	2001	21.4 11.5	88.5	100.0 100.0				36.2 37.0	63.8 63.0	100.0 100.0	
ВМ	2001	11.0	00.5	100.0		•••		37.0	03.0	100.0	
Divi	1999	8.7	91.3	100.0				29.5	70.5	100.0	
	2000	8.4	91.6	100.0	1.4	98.6	100.0	33.4	66.6	100.0	
	2001	8.5	91.5	100.0				31.0	69.0	100.0	
	2002	8.5	91.5	100.0				32.2	67.8	100.0	
TC											
	2001	7.2	92.8	100.0	5.9	94.1	100.0	39.3	60.7	100.0	

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricity, Gas and Water			Co	onstruction	า	Wholesale and Retail Trade			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
140											
MS	2001	19.0	81.0	100.0	4.2	95.8	100.0	48.4	51.6	100.0	
KN	2001	19.0	61.0	100.0	4.2	93.0	100.0	40.4	31.0	100.0	
	2001	5.3	94.7	100.0	56.2	43.8	100.0	47.1	52.9	100.0	
LC											
	1998	20.5	79.5	100.0	5.1	94.9	100.0	56.2	43.8	100.0	
	1999	22.3	77.7	100.0	7.1	92.9	100.0	59.7	40.3	100.0	
	2000	18.2	81.8	100.0	7.1	92.9	100.0	62.1	37.9	100.0	
	2001	18.5	81.5	100.0	4.8	95.2	100.0	54.4	45.6	100.0	
VO.	2002	17.9	82.1	100.0	5.5	94.5	100.0	60.1	39.9	100.0	
VC	2001	16.9	83.1	100.0	4.9	95.1	100.0	50.9	49.1	100.0	
SR	2001	10.9	03.1	100.0	4.3	33.1	100.0	30.9	45.1	100.0	
Oit	2004	14.9	85.1	100.0	3.6	96.4	100.0	37.3	62.7	100.0	
TT				10010			10010	0.10	<u></u>	10010	
	1998	19.0	81.0	100.0	7.4	92.6	100.0	53.9	46.1	100.0	
	1999	14.5	85.5	100.0	6.2	93.8	100.0	55.5	44.5	100.0	
	2000	18.8	81.2	100.0	7.4	92.6	100.0	54.0	46.0	100.0	
	2001	14.7	85.3	100.0	8.2	91.8	100.0	55.6	44.4	100.0	
	2002	13.6	86.4	100.0	11.5	88.5	100.0	54.2	45.8	100.0	
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS										
Al	1000	25.7	64.0	100.0	2.0	00.0	100.0	60.0	20.7	100.0	
	1999 2001	35.7 22.2	64.3 77.8	100.0 100.0	3.2 3.5	96.8 96.5	100.0 100.0	63.3 53.8	36.7 46.2	100.0 100.0	
ВМ	2001	22.2	77.0	100.0	3.0	90.5	100.0	55.6	40.2	100.0	
5	1999	18.2	81.8	100.0	6.2	93.8	100.0	52.0	48.0	100.0	
	2000	19.8	80.2	100.0	4.7	95.3	100.0	50.2	49.8	100.0	
	2001	19.8	80.2	100.0	5.6	94.4	100.0	50.0	50.0	100.0	
	2002	19.9	80.1	100.0	6.2	93.8	100.0	49.7	50.3	100.0	
TC											
-	2001	14.7	85.3	100.0	3.2	96.8	100.0	51.0	49.0	100.0	

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels a	and Resta	urants		ort, Storag nmunicatio		Financing, Insurance, Real Estate and Business			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
	2001	76.7	23.3	100.0	29.3	70.7	100.0	64.9	35.1	100.0	
KN		40.0		400.0			400.0			400.0	
1.0	2001	48.9	51.1	100.0	76.2	23.8	100.0	58.7	41.3	100.0	
LC	4000	47.0	50 4	400.0	00.0	70.0	400.0	50.0	40.0	400.0	
	1998 1999	47.6 56.0	52.4 44.0	100.0 100.0	22.0 21.5	78.0 78.5	100.0 100.0	50.2 59.1	49.8	100.0 100.0	
	2000	53.8	44.0 46.2	100.0	21.5 19.3	78.5 80.7	100.0	59.1 50.9	40.9 49.1	100.0	
	2000 2001	55.8 55.3	46.2 44.7	100.0 100.0	19.3 22.4	77.6	100.0 100.0	50.9 57.2	49.1 42.8	100.0 100.0	
	2007	53.0	44.7 47.0	100.0	22.4 25.3	77. 6 74.7	100.0	57.2 51.7	42.6 48.3	100.0	
VC	2002	33.0	47.0	100.0	23.3	74.7	100.0	31.7	40.5	100.0	
••	2001	56.5	43.5	100.0	17.5	82.5	100.0	60.9	39.1	100.0	
SR	2001	00.0	40.0	100.0	17.0	02.0	100.0	00.0	00.1	100.0	
	2004	60.6	39.4	100.0	12.8	87.2	100.0	35.6	64.4	100.0	
TT											
	1998				25.7	74.3	100.0	53.1	46.9	100.0	
	1999				25.8	74.2	100.0	52.5	47.5	100.0	
	2000				27.8	72.2	100.0	49.7	50.3	100.0	
	2001				30.4	69.6	100.0	50.6	49.4	100.0	
	2002				30.6	69.4	100.0	52.1	47.9	100.0	
ASSOCIATE M	<i>IEMBERS</i>										
Al											
	1999	56.8	43.2	100.0	16.0	84.0	100.0	70.2	29.8	100.0	
	2001	60.2	39.8	100.0	26.6	73.4	100.0	58.7	41.3	100.0	
ВМ											
	1999	45.5	54.5	100.0	34.3	65.7	100.0	60.8	39.2	100.0	
	2000	44.3	55.7	100.0	35.1	64.9	100.0	60.6	39.4	100.0	
	2001	44.1	55.9	100.0	35.0	65.0	100.0	60.3	39.7	100.0	
	2002	43.3	56.7	100.0	34.7	65.3	100.0	60.5	39.5	100.0	
TC											
	2001	47.6	52.4	100.0	32.6	67.4	100.0	51.7	48.3	100.0	

Table 4.18 Cont'd Percentage Composition of the Employed Labour Force by Industrial Groups: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		dministrat			unity, Socia		Other S	ervices (S	pecify)
,		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	56.0	44.0	100.0	69.5	30.5	100.0			
KN										
	2001									
LC										
	1998		43.8	100.0	64.5	35.5	100.0	70.9	29.1	100.0
	1999	60.7	39.3	100.0	61.4	38.6	100.0	81.6	18.4	100.0
	2000	59.2	40.8	100.0	54.8	45.2	100.0	67.3	32.7	100.0
	2001	47.5	<i>52.5</i>	100.0	69.8	30.2	100.0			400.0
VC	2002	58.9	41.1	100.0	37.3	62.7	100.0	66.8	33.2	100.0
VC	2001	35.7	64.2	100.0	GE E	34.5	100.0			
SR	2001	35.7	64.3	100.0	65.5	34.5	100.0		•••	
SK	2004	41.9	58.1	100.0	49.5	50.5	100.0	77.9	22.1	100.0
TT	2007	41.5	30.1	100.0	43.5	30.3	100.0	77.5	LL. 1	700.0
	1998				55.4	44.6	100.0			
	1999				55.6	44.4	100.0			
	2000		•••	•••	56.6	43.4	100.0		•••	
	2001				57.0	43.0	100.0			
	2002				58.2	41.8	100.0			
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	1999	50.9	49.1	100.0	82.1	17.9	100.0	68.2	31.8	100.0
	2001	53.5	46.5	100.0	68.9	31.1	100.0	77.4	22.6	100.0
ВМ										
	1999	50.5	49.5	100.0	64.2	35.8	100.0	65.8	34.2	100.0
	2000	45.7	54.3	100.0	64.9	35.1	100.0	69.4	30.6	100.0
	2001	50.8	49.2	100.0	64.1	35.9	100.0	66.0	34.0	100.0
	2002	50.9	49.1	100.0	65.0	35.0	100.0	65.6	34.4	100.0
TC										
	2001	<i>54.9</i>	45.1	100.0	70.7	29.3	100.0	10.0	90.0	100.0

Table 4.19 Employed Labour Force by Industrial Sector: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agric	ulture	Indu	stry	Serv	ices	тот	AL
		Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
AG									
AG	2001	168	593	583	1,113	13,070	12,133	13,821	13,839
ВВ	200.				1,1.10	10,010	12,100	10,021	. 0,000
	1998	1,500	2,600	6,000	6,700	48,000	55,400	55,700	65,000
	1999	1,500	2,200	5,600	7,000	50,300	58,100	57,500	67,500
	2000 2001	1,277 1,700	3,184	5,826	8,105	49,063	52,113	57,488	64,987 68,300
	2001	1,700	2,800 2,900	5,100 5,300	6,200 5,800	54,500 53,500	59,200 58,400	61,400 60,700	67,400
BS	2002	1,000	2,000	0,000	0,000	00,000	00, 100	00,100	01,100
	1998	635	4,440	2,500	2,910	66,065	65,705	69,500	73,315
	1999	635	5,200	2,535	3,375	64,345	66,885	67,720	75,885
	2001	1,040	5,375	2,780	3,455	69,730	67,935	73,780	77,200
	2002 2003	1,235 455	4,405 4,180	2,050 2,735	4,110 4,035	69,995 71,845	67,710 69,090	73,755 75,140	76,480 77,645
	2003	340	6,670	2,750	3,825	73,110	69,300	75,835	79,930
BZ			-,-	,	-,-	, , ,	,	-,	-,
	1998	1,245	17,095	2,470	6,480	19,435	26,260	23,255	50,090
	1999	1,540	19,820	2,725	5,905	19,730	27,815	24,075	53,680
	2000 2001	1,522 2,557	18,267 18,826	1,704 2,527	3,709 4,783	17,983 22,952	28,265 35,378	21,209 28,082	50,241 59,107
	2001	2,557 1,044	19,462	2,327	4,763	22,932	34,268	26,082	58,846
DM	2002	1,011	10,102	2,002	1,1.7.0	22,000	01,200	20,001	00,010
	1999	1,762	5,849	1,167	1,631	7,907	9,344	10,962	17,060
	2001	808	4,410	893	1,450	8,052	8,957	9,794	14,853
GD	1998	1,363	3,431	1,400	1,179	11,051	14,481	14,019	20,207
	2001	1,303	2,697	1,400 540	5,757	9,549	8,572	12,019	20,207 17,935
GY		.,020	_,00.	0.0	5,. 5.	0,010	5,5.2	,	,555
	2002	5,030	46,172	8,328	34,036	54,986	82,324	68,667	163,742
JM	4000	00.000	400 500	00.000	50.700	000 400	000 400	000 000	E 40, 000
	1998 1999	39,600 34,200	160,500 158,300	30,800 25,900	59,700 61,800	329,100 323,300	328,100 326,500	399,900 384,600	549,200 547,500
	2000	35,400	159,100	20,000	51,400	325,300	336,800	382,500	548,400
	2001	36,550	159,050	24,750	134,100	322,700	260,300	384,650	554,750
	2002	37,400	145,000	20,800	50,100	335,200	346,600	395,400	543,000

Census Years are in **Bold Italics**

Table 4.19(a) Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Industrial Sector: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Agricu	lture	Indu	stry	Servi	ces	тот	AL
		Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
AG	2001	1.2	4.3	4.2	8.0	94.6	87.7	100.0	100.0
ВВ	1998	2.7	4.0	10.8	10.3	86.2	85.2	99.6	99.5
	1999	2.6	3.3	9.7	10.4	87.5	86.1	99.8	99.7
	2000	2.2	4.9	10.1	12.5	85.3	80.2	97.7	97.6
	2001	2.8	4.1	8.3	9.1	88.8	86.7	99.8	99.9
	2002	3.0	4.3	8.7	8.6	88.1	86.6	99.8	99.6
BS	4000	0.0	0.4	0.0	4.0	05.4	00.0	400.0	400.0
	1998 1999	0.9 0.9	6.1 6.9	3.6 3.7	4.0 4.4	95.1 95.0	89.6 88.1	100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0
	2001	1.4	7.0	3.8	4.4	94.5	88.0	100.0	100.0
	2002	1.7	5.8	2.8	5.4	94.9	88.5	100.0	100.0
	2003	0.6	5.4	3.6	5.2	95.6	89.0	100.0	100.0
	2004	0.4	8.3	3.1	4.8	96.4	86.7	100.0	100.0
BZ									
	1998	5.4	34.1	10.6	12.9	83.6	52.4	99.5	99.5
	1999	6.4	36.9	11.3	11.0	82.0	51.8	99.7	99.7
	2000 2001	7.2 9.1	36.4 31.9	8.0 9.0	7.4 8.1	84.8 81.7	56.3 59.9	100.0 99.8	100.0 99.8
	2001	4.0	33.1	9.0 8.7	8.1	86.8	58.2	99.5	99.4
DM	2002	4.0	55.1	0.7	0.1	00.0	30.2	33.3	55.4
	1999	16.1	34.3	10.6	9.6	72.1	54.8	100.0	100.0
	2001	8.2	29.7	9.1	9.8	82.2	60.3	100.0	100.0
GD									
	1998	9.7	17.0	10.0	5.8	78.8	71.7	100.0	100.0
GY	0000	7.0	00.0	40.4	22.2	00.4	50.0	400.0	400.0
184	2002	7.3	28.2	12.1	20.8	80.1	50.3	100.0	100.0
JM	1998	9.9	29.2	7.7	10.9	82.3	59.7	100.0	100.0
	1999	8.9	28.9	6.7	11.3	84.1	59.6	100.0	100.0
	2000	9.3	29.0	5.2	9.4	85.0	61.4	100.0	100.0
	2001	9.5	28.7	6.4	24.2	83.9	46.9	100.0	100.0
	2002	9.5	26.7	5.3	9.2	84.8	63.8	100.0	100.0

Source: Based on Table 1.8 Census Years are in **Bold Italics**

Table 4.19 Cont'd Employed Labour Force by Industrial Sector: 1998 – 2004

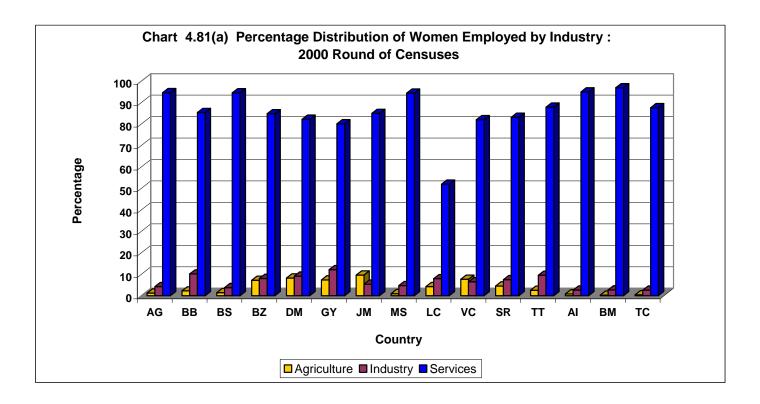
Country	Year	Agricu	ilture	Indu	stry	Serv	ices	тот	AL
		Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
MS		_							
	2001	7	46	35	77	703	774	745	984
KN	0004	570	4.400	4.040	0.500	7.000	5 007	0.040	40.007
1.0	2001	573	1,136	1,243	3,590	7,806	5,887	9,810	10,827
LC	4000	0.070	0.045	0.445	0.055	47.045	00.470	04.400	20.000
	1998	3,970	9,045	3,145	3,055	17,015	20,170	24,130	32,290
	1999	4,460	8,520	3,400	2,730	20,160	20,580	28,020	31,830
	2000	4,055	9,140	3,765	3,120	20,370	22,335	28,440	35,030
	2001	1,117	<i>4,156</i>	2,083	2,167	13,649	15,326	26,267	33,704
VC	2002	2,300	4,835	2,615	2,455	18,145	19,795	26,420	32,105
VC	0004	4 040	4 000	050	0.004	40.005	40.700	40.047	04.074
00	2001	1,013	4,290	853	2,291	10,865	13,760	13,247	21,274
SR	0004	0.400	10.10.1	4 000	47.000	45 500	00.400	5 4 7 00	404.040
	2004	2,466	10,124	4,099	17,839	45,520	69,183	54,768	101,919
П	4000	F 000	00.000	45.000	40.000	4.40.000	404.000	470.500	004.000
	1998	5,000	23,900	15,600	43,200	149,900	194,800	170,500	261,900
	1999	4,500	23,900	16,600	43,100	155,000	198,600	176,100	265,600
	2000	4,600	22,400	17,400	45,000	160,800	204,400	183,000	272,100
	2001	4,600	24,100	15,900	45,400	163,500	202,400	184,700	272,600
ACCOCIATE M	2002	3,200	21,700	16,800	46,400	172,100	203,400	192,400	272,400
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS								
Al	4000	00	440	475	240	0.445	0.505	0.000	2 205
	1999	28	110	175	310	2,445	2,525	2,898	3,285
1	2001	21	162	68	148	2,497	2,661	2,630	3,014
BM ¹									
	1999	49	512	441	1,233	18,162	17,447	18,652	19,192
	2000	42	460	479	1,195	17,356	17,353	17,914	19,063
	2001	52	557	447	1,149	17,797	17,591	18,296	19,297
	2002	55	589	438	1,081	17,911	17,737	18,404	19,407
TC									
	2001	17	220	113	291	3,839	4,815	4,383	5,797

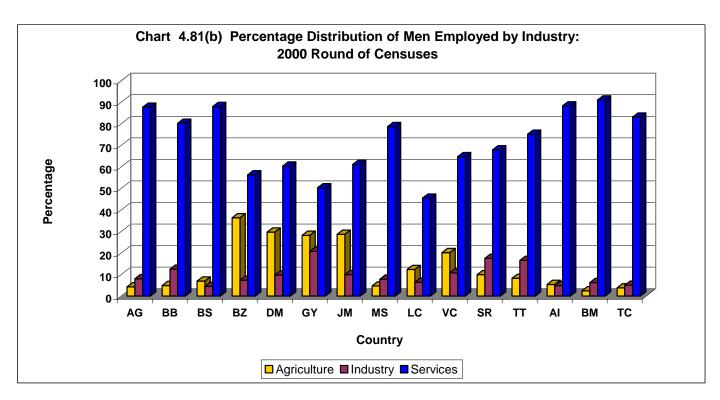
Census Years are in **Bold Italics**

Table 4.19 (a) Cont'd Per cent of Employed Labour Force in Industrial Sector: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	Agricu	lture	Indus	stry	Servi	ces
,		Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
MS							
	2001	0.9	4.7	4.7	7.8	94.4	78.7
LC							
	1998	16.5	28.0	13.0	9.5	70.5	62.5
	1999	15.9	26.8	12.1	8.6	71.9	64.7
	2000	14.3	26.1	13.2	8.9	71.6	63.8
	2001	4.3	12.3	7.9	6.4	52.0	45.5
	2002	8.7	15.1	9.9	7.6	68.7	61.7
VC							
	2001	7.6	20.2	6.4	10.8	82.0	64.7
SR	2224				4	20.4	27. 0
	2004	4.5	9.9	7.5	17.5	83.1	67.9
TT	4000	0.0	0.4	0.4	40.5	07.0	74.4
	1998	2.9	9.1	9.1	16.5	87.9	74.4
	1999 2000	2.6	9.0 8.2	9.4 9.5	16.2	88.0 87.9	74.8 75.1
	2000	2.5 2.5	8.8	9.5 8.6	16.5 16.7	88.5	7 5. 1 74.2
	2001		8.0	8.7	17.0	89.4	74.2 74.7
ASSOCIATE ME		1.7	0.0	0.7	17.0	09.4	14.1
ASSOCIATE WIL	INIDENS						
Ai	1999	1.0	3.3	6.0	9.4	84.4	76.9
	2001	0.8	5.4	2.6	4.9	94.9	88.3
BM ¹	2001	0.0	0.4	2.0	7.0	04.0	00.0
	1999	0.3	2.7	2.4	6.4	97.4	90.9
	2000	0.2	2.4	2.7	6.3	96.9	91.0
	2001	0.3	2.9	2.4	6.0	97.3	91.2
	2002	0.3	3.0	2.4	5.6	97.3	91.4
TC							
	2001	0.4	3.8	2.6	5.0	87.6	83.1

Source: Based on Table 1.8 Census Years are in **Bold Italics**





WE8: EMPLOYED POPULATION BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT, 1998 - 2004

The major attainment levels are primary, secondary and tertiary education.

NH

Concepts and Definition

This indicator focuses on the level and distribution of educational attainment in the labour force. There are seven categories of educational attainment into which comparable indicators and education statistics can be assembled and compiled. The major attainment levels are primary, secondary and tertiary educational levels. These categories used of educational attainment used are conceptually based on the ten levels of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED).

"Primary education" aims to provide the basic elements of education (for example, at elementary or primary school and lower secondary school) and corresponds to ISCED levels 1 and 2. Some vocational programmes, often associated with relatively unskilled jobs, as well as apprenticeship programmes that require further education, are also included. Students generally begin primary education between the age of 5 and 7 years and end at 13 to 15 years. Literacy programmes for adults, similar in content to programmes in primary education, are also classified under primary education.

Secondary education is provided at high schools, teacher-training schools at this level, and schools of a vocational or technical nature. General education continues to be an important constituent of the curricula, but separate subject presentation and more specialization are also found. Secondary education consists of ISCED levels 3 (designated "upper secondary education") and 4 (designated "post-secondary non-tertiary education"), and students generally begin between 13 and 15 years of age and finish between 17 and 18 years of age.

Tertiary education is provided at universities, teacher-training colleges, higher professional schools and sometimes distance-learning institutions. It requires, as a minimum condition of admission, the successful completion of education at the secondary level or evidence of the attainment of an equivalent level of knowledge. It corresponds to ISCED levels 5 6 and 7.

Method of Computation

The levels of education attained for each sex is classified from data from the CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/

Associate Members according to the categories None, Pre-Primary, Primary, Secondary, Pre-University (college), University and Other.

Indicator Relevance

A well educated and well trained population is important for the social and economic well-being of countries and individuals. Technological progress and hence the rising skill requirements underscore the importance of continuous development of skill

levels. The level of educational attainment in a population is the commonly used proxy for the stock of human capital. Educational data provide some of the best available indicators of labour force skills levels. Given the fact that education and acquisition of skills are increasingly becoming necessary for countries to compete

¹ http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/gems/eeo/download/kilm14.pdf

successfully in the global economy and to make efficient use of rapid technological advances, these indicators serve as a useful guide in providing insights into the structure of the labour force and its readiness to grapple with the rapidly dynamic and technological environment.

In all economies human resources represent, directly or indirectly, the most valuable and productive resource: economies traditionally depend on the health, strength and basic skills of their workers to produce goods and services for consumption and trade. The population's predisposition to acquire skills can be enhanced by experience, informal and formal education, and training. However, the advance of complex organizations and knowledge requirements, as well as the introduction of sophisticated machinery and technology, means that economic growth and improvements in welfare increasingly depend on the degree of literacy and educational attainment of the total population.

Although the natural endowments of labour power remain relevant, continuing economic and technological change means that the bulk of labour capacity is now acquired, not only through initial education and training, but increasingly through adult education and enterprise or individual worker training, within the perspective of lifelong learning and career management. Unfortunately, quantitative data on lifelong learning, and indicators that monitor developments in the acquisition of knowledge and skills beyond formal education, are sparse. Statistics on levels of educational attainment, therefore, remain the best available indicators of labour force skill levels to date. These are important determinants of an economy's capacity to compete successfully in world markets and to make efficient use of rapid technological advances; they also affect the employability of workers.

The ability to examine educational levels in relation to occupation and income is also useful for policy formulation, as well as for a wide range of economic, social and labour market analyses. Statistics on levels and trends in educational attainment of labour forces can: (a) provide an indication of the capacity of economies to achieve important social and economic goals; (b) give insights into the broad skill structure of the labour force; (c) highlight the need to promote investments in education for different population groups; (d) support analysis of the influence of skill levels on economic outcomes and the success of different policies in raising the educational level of the workforce; (e) give an indication of the degree of inequality in the distribution of education resources between groups of the population, particularly between men and women, and within and between economies; and (f) provide an indication of the skills of the existing labour force, with a view to discovering untapped potential.

Growing wage disparity between low-skilled and high-skilled workers in many economies provides strong evidence of increasing returns on education. The distribution of educational attainment can play a significant role in determining an economy's income distribution. A highly unequal distribution of educational attainment could lead to an increasingly unequal income distribution within a economy, while a more equal distribution of educational attainment can work towards a significant reduction in household income disparities. A more balanced distribution of educational attainment across the primary, secondary and tertiary levels also allows for greater flexibility in adopting new technologies and increases the ability to compete in the world economy across a broader range of industries.¹

Harmonisation of this indicator can be affected by the differences in educational levels used nationally and the reference period, source of data and the starting age of labour activity as reported earlier. **Appendix 2 Table 4.18** (page 276) contains information on the classification systems used in the Member States and Associate Members.

¹ http://www.ilo.org/public/english/employment/gems/eeo/download/kilm14.pdf

Gender Dimension

Some of the gender differences in employment and unemployment can be directly attributed to gender differences in education. Unemployment rates tend to decline with higher educational attainment, and women generally have lower levels of education

than men. Among workers with primary education, the unemployment rate tends to be higher for men in almost all economies of the world, but among those with secondary and especially tertiary education, women are more likely to be unemployed than men. Among those actually in the labour force, women are more likely than men to be educated to the tertiary level. Just as women are less likely than men to actively seek jobs, they are also less likely to look for additional work even when they actually want it.

Data Sources

CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/ Associate Members.

Evaluation

Except for Dominica, the largest proportion of both women and men in each of the 5 other member states had attained at least a secondary level of education. Of these Trinidad and

Tobago recorded the highest proportion (Women 45 per cent and Men 47.5 per cent) In three of these countries, Bahamas, Montserrat and Trinidad and Tobago an almost similar proportion had attained some amount of Pre-University level training.

Table 4.20 Employed Population by Educational Attainment: 1998 - 2002

Country	Year	No	Education	on	Pr	e-Primary	/		Primary	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
7.0	2001						83			6,945
BS										
	2003 2004	1,095 1,085	1,740	2,835				4,295	6,135	10,430
ВВ	2004	1,085	2,260	3,345				4,585	9,570	14,155
	1998	100	100	200				11,100	14,400	25,500
	1999	0	100	100				10,600	15,600	26,200
	2000	0	100	100				9,400	13,100	22,500
	2001	0	100	100				9,500	12,800	22,300
BZ	2002	0	0	0	•••	•••	•••	8,600	12,300	20,900
DΣ	1998	3,800	14,460	18,260				9,430	24,500	33,930
	1999	4,630	15,890	20,520				9,935	25,865	35,800
	2000	4,459	17,863	22,322				7,716	21,181	28,897
	2001	5,101	16,661	21,762				11,435	28,152	39,587
	2002	4,935	16,015	20,950				10,165	28,951	39,116
DM		0.40				400				4= 000
	1997	343	477	820	18	129	147	6,583	10,440	17,023
	1999 2001	451 83	911 296	1,362 379	61 9	127 9	188 18	5,799 4,456	11,358 10,047	17,157 14,503
GD	2001	03	290	3/3	9	3	10	4,430	10,041	14,503
	1998									
MS										
	2001	1	9	10		•••		203	311	514
TT	4000	700	4 400	2.400						
	1998 1999	700 900	1,400 1,300	2,100 2,200						
	2000	700	1,300	1,900	•••		•••			
	2001	600	1,100	1,700	···					
	2002	300	900	1,200						
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al	2001	184	227	411				592	1,022	1,614
ВМ	2001	104	ZZI	411	•••	•••	•••	Jaz	1,022	1,014
	2001	3,183	5,038	8,221						
TC										
Notes: Moone N	2001	49	68	117	1	3	4	857	1,355	2,212

AG^a: Pre Primary represents Pre-School and Kindergarden.

AG^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

BSa: Pre University represents Secondary.

BS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

DM^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

DM^b: *Tiertiary* refers to *University Education* only.

MS^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

MS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

TT^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

TT^b: *Tiertiary* refers to *University Education* only.

Table 4.20(a) Per cent of the Total Employed Population by Educational Attainment: 1998 – 2002

Country	Year	No	Educati	on	Pr	e-Primai	ry		Primary	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001						0.3			23.1
BS	2003 2004		0.7 0.8	1.1 1.2				1.6 1.7	2.3 3.6	3.9 5.3
ВВ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002		0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0	 	 	 	9.1 8.5 7.3 7.3 6.7	11.8 12.5 10.1 9.8 9.6	20.9 20.9 17.4 17.1 16.2
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	5.2 6.0 6.2 5.9 5.8	19.7 20.4 25.0 19.4 18.9	24.9 26.4 31.2 25.3 24.7	 	 	 	12.9 12.8 10.8 13.3 12.0	33.4 33.3 29.6 32.8 34.2	46.3 46.0 40.4 46.1 46.2
DM	1997 1999 2001	1.2 1.4 0.3	1.7 2.9 1.0	2.9 4.4 1.3				23.4 18.6 15.8	37.1 36.4 35.6	60.4 55.0 51.4
GD	1998									
MS	2001	0.0	0.4	0.4				8.4	12.9	21.3
TT	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0	0.3 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1	0.4 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.2	 	 	 	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
ASSOCIAT AI	E MEMBERS									
	2001	3.3	4.0	7.3				10.5	18.1	28.6
ВМ	2001	8.6	13.7	22.3				0.0	0.0	0.0
ТС	2001	0.5	0.7	1.1				8.4	13.3	21.7

AGa: Pre Primary represents Pre-School and Kindergarden.

AGb: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

BS^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

BS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

DM^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

DM^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

MS^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

MS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

TT^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

TT^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

Table 4.20 Cont'd Employed Population by Educational Attainment: 2000 Round of Census

0	V	S	Secondary	/	Pre	-Universi	ity	U	niversity	
Country	Year	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										b
BS	2001			14,853			5,048	 b	 b	3,131 b
ь	2003	52,940	57,680	110,620				17,305	13,350	30,655
	2004	53,460	56,540	110,000				17,125	13,115	30,240
BB			,-	-,				, -	-, -	
	1998	34,900	40,800	75,700				7,900	7,200	15,100
	1999	36,600	40,500	77,100				9,200	8,200	17,400
	2000	37,500	40,900	78,400				12,700	11,000	23,700
	2001	35,400	40,500	75,900				15,900	12,300	28,200 28,800
BZ	2002	35,500	39,500	75,000		•••		15,700	13,100	20,000
DZ.	1998	5,385	6,015	11,400				4,555	4,705	9,260
	1999	5,135	6,500	11,635				4,305	5,115	9,420
	2000	4,520	6,118	10,638				4,307	4,774	9,081
	2001	5,284	7,608	12,892				5,386	5,560	10,946
	2002	6,456	7,920	14,376				4,555	5,613	10,168
DM								b	b	b
	1997	2,606	1,768	4,374				485	684	1,169
	1999	3,074	2,606	5,680				348	678	1,026
GD	2001	3,283	2,550	5,833	•••	•••	•••	669	734	1,403
GD	1998	5,041	4,610	9,651				784	1,137	1,921
MS	1000	0,041	7,010	3,001	 a	 a	 a	7 O +	1,107 b	b
	2001	286	372	658	286	372	658	110	124	234
TT								b	b	b
	1998	81,500	156,000	237,500				16,800	19,100	35,900
	1999	82,700	159,500	242,200				19,400	18,200	37,600
	2000	87,200	169,800	257,000		•••	•••	18,900	18,300	37,200
	2001	91,500	180,100	271,600		•••	•••	19,700	19,700	39,400
	2002	95,400	183,600	279,000			•••	23,700	22,300	46,000
ASSOCIATE ME	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	1,104	1,030	2,134				633	<i>557</i>	1,190
ВМ								а	а	а
	2001	5,653	5,413	11,066	4,948	4,218	9,166	3,950	4,120	8,070
TC	2004	2.026	2 052	4 970	909	750	1.640	400	740	1 201
	2001	2,026	2,852	4,878	898	750	1,648	489	712	1,201

AGa: Pre Primary represents Pre-School and Kindergarden.

AGb: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

BS^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

BS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

DM^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

DM^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

MS^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

MS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

TT^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

TT^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

Table 4.20 (a) Cont'd Percent of Employed Population by Educational Attainment: 2000 Round of Census

Countr	y Year	s	econdar	у	Pre	-Univers	ity	U	Iniversity	/
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
AG	2001			49.4			16.8			10.4
BS										
	2003	34.2	37.2	71.4				11.2	8.6	19.8
ВВ	2004	33.8	35.7	69.5				10.8	8.3	19.1
ББ	1998	28.7	33.5	62.2				6.5	5.9	12.4
	1999	29.2	32.3	61.6				7.3	6.5	13.9
	2000	29.0	31.7	60.7				9.8	8.5	18.4
	2001	27.1	31.0	58.1				12.2	9.4	21.6
	2002	27.6	30.7	58.3				12.2	10.2	22.4
BZ	4000	7.0	0.0	45.5				0.0	0.4	40.0
	1998	7.3	8.2	15.5		•••	•••	6.2	6.4	12.6
	1999 2000	6.6 6.3	8.4 8.6	15.0 14.9		•••	•••	5.5 6.0	6.6 6.7	12.1 12.7
	2001	6.2	8.9	1 4.9 15.0		•••		6.3	6.5	12.7 12.7
	2002	7.6	9.3	17.0				5.4	6.6	12.0
DM										
	1997	10.9	7.4	18.4				2.0	2.9	4.9
	1999	12.0	10.2	22.2				1.4	2.7	4.0
	2001	14.7	11.4	26.1				3.0	3.3	6.3
GD	1000									
MS	1998									
IVIO	2001	11.8	15.4	27.2	11.8	15.4	27.2	4.5	5.1	9.7
TT						10.1			0.1.	•
	1998	29.6	56.6	86.2				6.1	6.9	13.0
	1999	29.3	56.6	85.9				6.9	6.5	13.3
	2000	29.4	<i>57.</i> 3	86.8				6.4	6.2	12.6
	2001	29.3	57.6	86.9		•••		6.3	6.3	12.6
	2002	29.2	56.3	85.5		•••	•••	7.3	6.8	14.1
ASSOC	IATE MEMBERS									
ASSOC	IAI E WIEWIDENS									
7 11	2001	19.6	18.2	37.8				11.2	9.9	21.1
ВМ										
	2001	15.3	14.7	30.0	13.4	11.4	24.9	10.7	11.2	21.9
TC		40.5		45.0			40.0			44.5
	2001	19.9	28.0	47.9	8.8	7.4	16.2	4.8	7.0	11.8

AG^a: Pre Primary represents Pre-School and Kindergarden.

AGb: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

BS^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

BS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

DMa: Pre University represents Secondary.

DM^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

MS^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

MS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

TT^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

TT^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

Table 4.20 Cont'd Employed Population by Educational Attainment: 2000 Round of Census

Country	Year	Education	er Levels onal Attai t specifie	inment	N	ot Stated	1	Total	all Educa Levels	tional
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
10										
AG	2001			9			19			30,088
BS										,
	2003				195	235	430	128,770	136,820	265,590
	2004				300	295	595	130,015	138,320	268,335
ВВ	4000	4.000				400				404.000
	1998	1,900	2,800	4,700	200	400	600	56,100	65,700	121,800
	1999	1,300	2,400	3,700	200	500	700	57,900	67,300	125,200
	2000 2001	1,100 700	2,500 2,600	3,600 3,300	200 300	600 600	800 900	60,900 61,800	68,200 68,900	129,100 130,700
	2001	800	2,100	2,900	300	800	1,100	60,900	67,800	128,700
BZ	2002	000	2,100	2,500	000	000	1,100	00,500	07,000	120,700
	1998				85	410	495	23,255	50,090	73,345
	1999				70	310	380	24,075	53,680	77,755
	2000	173	191	364	34	114	148	21,209	50,241	71,450
	2001	117	566	683				27,323	58,547	85,870
	2002				27	84	111	26,138	58,583	84,721
DM										
	1997	131	50	181	19	68	87	12,791	15,384	28,175
	1999	20	85	105	-	22	22	12,827	18,393	31,220
0.0	2001	65	26	91	46	94	140	11,894	16,306	28,200
GD	1998				411	463	07/	6,236	6,210	12 446
MS	1990				411	403	874	0,230	6,210	12,446
IVIO	2001	160	131	291	15	38	53	1,061	1,357	2,418
TT	200.	100	10.	20.	,,			1,001	1,001	2, 1.0
	1998							180,500	332,500	513,000
	1999							185,700	338,500	524,200
	2000							194,000	359,100	553,100
	2001							203,300	381,000	584,300
	2002							214,800	390,400	605,200
	40500									
ASSOCIATE MEI	MBERS									
Al	2001	23	20	43	93	159	252	2,629	3,015	5,644
ВМ								_,0_0		-,0.1
	2001	32	42	74	108	173	281	17,874	19,004	36,878
TC										
	2001	63	57	120				4,383	5,797	10,180

Table 4.20 (a) Cont'd Percent of Employed Population by Educational Attainment: 2000 Round of Census

Country	Year	Education	er Levels onal Atta t specific	inment	N	ot State	d	Total all E	ducation	al Levels
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001			0.0			0.1			100.0
BS	2003 2004	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.2 0.2	48.5 48.5	51.5 51.5	100.0 100.0
ВВ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	1.6 1.0 0.9 0.5 0.6	2.3 1.9 1.9 2.0 1.6	3.9 3.0 2.8 2.5 2.3	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.6	0.5 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.9	46.1 46.2 47.2 47.3 47.3	53.9 53.8 52.8 52.7 52.7	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	 0.2 0.1	 0.3 0.7	 0.5 0.8	0.1 0.1 0.0 0.0	0.6 0.4 0.2 	0.7 0.5 0.2 	31.7 31.0 29.7 31.8 30.9	68.3 69.0 70.3 68.2 69.1	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
DM	1997 1999 2001	0.5 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.3 0.1	0.6 0.3 0.3	0.1 0.0 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.3	0.3 0.1 0.5	45.4 41.1 42.2	54.6 58.9 57.8	100.0 100.0 100.0
GD	1998				3.3	3.7	7.0	50.1	49.9	100.0
MS	2001	6.6	5.4	12.0	0.6	1.6	2.2	43.9	56.1	100.0
TT	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	 			0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	35.2 35.4 35.1 34.8 35.5	64.8 64.6 64.9 65.2 64.5	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al	2001	0.4	0.4	0.8	1.6	2.8	4.5	46.6	53.4	100.0
ВМ	2001	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	48.5	51.5	100.0
TC	2001	0.6	0.6	1.2				43.1	56.9	100.0

AG^a: Pre Primary represents Pre-School and Kindergarden.

AG^b: *Tiertiary* refers to *University Education* only.

BS^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

BS^b: *Tiertiary* refers to *University Education* only.

DM^a: *Pre University* represents Secondary.

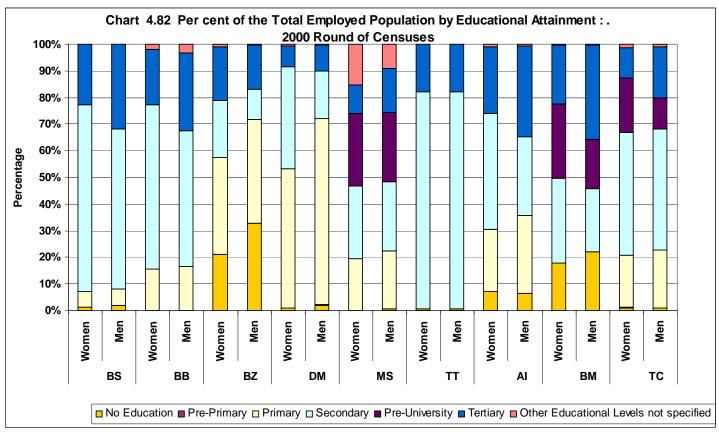
DM^b: *Tiertiary* refers to *University Education* only.

MSa: Pre University represents Secondary.

MS^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.

TT^a: Pre University represents Secondary.

TT^b: Tiertiary refers to University Education only.



Source: Based on Table 4.20

WE9: EMPLOYED POPULATION BY MARTIAL STATUS, 1998 -2004

NH

Concept and Definition

Unlike births and deaths, which are biological events, marriage and divorce are defined in terms of laws and customs and as such are less amenable to universally applicable statistical definitions. In the study of marital formation and dissolution these differences are particularly noteworthy. In some countries, for example, marriage is governed by civil law, which may or may not be supplemented with religious rites; in other countries, unions by mutual consent without ceremonial or legal rites constitute formal and legally binding contracts. Likewise, the laws and regulations relating to divorces range from total prohibition, to the granting of divorce in response to a simple statement of desire or intention (United Nations, 2001). Because of these differences, statisticians have had to define marriage and divorce in broad enough terms to account for the laws and customs of different countries or areas.

The current edition of the *Principles and Recommendations for a Vital Statistics System* defines marriage as: "an act, ceremony or process by which the legal relationship of husband and wife is constituted. The legality of the union may be established by civil, religious or other means as recognized by the laws of each country" (United Nations, 2001, para. 56).

The *Demographic Yearbook* questionnaire on Vital Statistics defines marriage as: "all legal unions of persons of opposite sex, established by civil, religious, or other means recognized by law" in accordance with the older editions of the principles and recommendations.

Marital status is defined as the personal status of each individual in relation to the marriage laws or customs of a country. The categories for marital status are normally: married, single/never married, divorced (and not remarried), widowed (and not remarried) and married but legally separated.(See UN Principles and Recommendation Rev 1).

Method of Computation

In the region typically these categories are defined as follows: Married- a person who has a contracted legal matrimony/or marred according to customary rites and is not widowed, divorced or legally separated; Never Married- a person who has never been married in accordance with the marriage laws of the country or through customary marriage ceremonies.; Divorced- a person who has formally dissolved his/her marriage; Widowed are those that are married legally or customary, whose married partner has died and who has not remarried; Legally separated describes the marital status of a person who is not living with his/her spouse and has obtained a separation by means of legal proceedings; . The population 15 years and over or 16 years and over classified according to the respective marital status categories by sex are presented in this report.

Indicator Relevance

Martial status is one of the factors that affect work outside the home. This indicator may provide reasons why women either delay entry into, withdraw from or stay out of the labour market and highlights the conflict between employment and family responsibilities.

Data Assessment

Data on marital status was sourced mainly from the 2000 Round of Censuses conducted in Member States. In all but one Member State marital status was asked and covered both males and females. In Trinidad and Tobago data on marital status are collected from all persons 14 years old and over while Jamaica uses 16 years as the lower limit. Most of the other Member States for which information is available on this concept uses 15 years as the lower limit. There is some semblance of harmonisation since data can be compared for most Member States for all persons 15 years old and over.

Classification into the categories above provides a good basis for comparability of the data on marital status since similar concepts and definitions of marital status categories were used in Member States. Categories used for marital status are harmonised across seven Member States. For instance, even though Trinidad & Tobago uses age limit as 14+ for marital status data can be obtained for persons 15 years and over. Hence, comparison of data can be made with other Member States which use age 15 years and over.

Gender Dimension

One of the factors affected by this indicator is time-use. The time allocated to various activities changes over the life cycle. Time is used differently as individuals marry and raise families. More often than not women have to bear the brunt of the responsibility

of caring for the family. With marriage family commitments normally would increase and these invariably would have a negative effect on the labour activity of women particularly if they are working single mothers. With marriage changes in residence coupled with additional responsibilities of home duties, caring for children and other family commitments may force women to change jobs or resign especially if their spouse is working. Women more than men may take the opportunity to further their studies and may be excluded from the labour force all together. If women choose to remain employed however, family responsibilities can affect the time they spend at work and may affect their opportunities for career advancement and self development. ¹The ways women and men spend their time are most similar when they are young and unmarried. Once women and men marry or cohabit and form a family, gender roles emerge more strongly. In general married and cohabiting women perform more unpaid work than single women, even without children. In many developing countries, much of women's unpaid work (such as housework) that is economic and contributes to national production is often underreported. For men, being married or single does not make much difference in the amount of time spent on unpaid work.

Data Sources

CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/ Associate Members.

Evaluation

Table 4.12 compare the trends of the employed by martial status. Data was received for 7 countries for the 2000 Round of Census. In Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Saint Lucia and Trinidad and Tobago, the highest proportion of the employed were those who were never wills (W. M.) and Bermuda (W. M.) the employed who were married occupied the highest

married. In Anguilla (W, M) and Bermuda (W, M) the employed who were married occupied the highest proportion

Women and Men in the Caribbean Community: Facts and Figures, 1998-2005

¹ United Nations, The World's Women 1995, Trends and Statistics, pg.108

Table 4.21 Employed Population by Marital Status: 2000 Round of Census

Country	Census Year	Marı	ried	Never N	ver Married Divorced		Widowed		Legally Separated		TOTAL		
	i c ai	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
ВВ													
	2000	17,500	21,300	38,700	42,800	2,900	2,600	1,200	600	600	600	60,910	67,920
BZ	2000	7,775	22,303	12,346	27,161	288	196	536	361	227	135	21,209	50,241
DM	2001	3,387	5,248	5,914	9,286	127	145	215	93	52	42	9,808	15,003
LC	2001	3,307	3,240	3,314	3,200	121	173	213	95	JŁ	72	0,000	10,000
	2001	6,310	9,129	8,061	10,072	377	252	425	197	453	411	15,821	20,283
VC	2001	3,845	5,956	4,766	7,775	247	204	270	108	86	64	9,375	14,380
TT	2001	3,043	3,930	4,700	1,113	241	204	210	100	00	04	3,373	14,300
	2000	22,100		68,400								91,100	
Al													
	2001	1,303	1,575	1,121	1,289	105	83	54	30	44	38	2,629	3,015
ВМ	2000	12,244	12,550	8,488	8,599	3,198	2,112	2,195	460	171	148	26,311	23,901

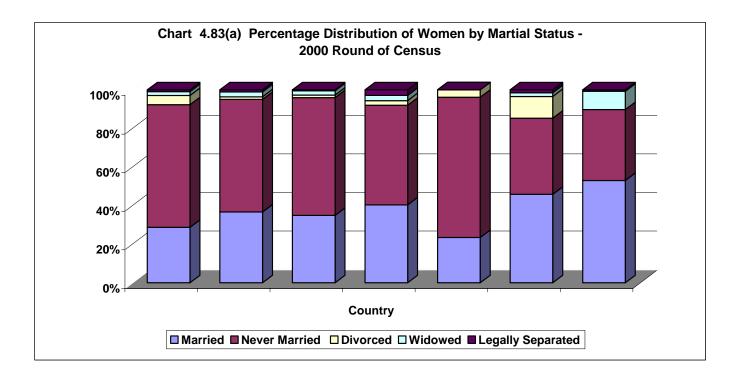
Notes: The components do not add up to the Total Employed Population due to the omission of the "Not Stated" category.

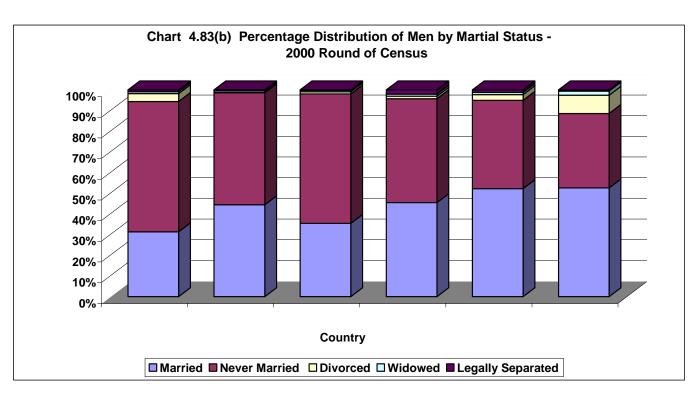
Table 4.22 Per cent of the Total Employed Population by Marital Status: 2000 Round of Census

Country	Census Year	Marr	ied	Never N	larried	Divor	ced	Widowed		Legally Separated		TOTAL	
	i c ai	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
DD													
BB	2000	28.7	31.4	63.5	63.0	4.8	3.8	2.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	100.0	100.0
BZ	2000	36.7	44.4	58.2	54.1	1.4	0.4	2.5	0.7	1.1	0.3	100.0	100.0
DM	2000	30.7	77.7	30.2		1.4	0.4		0.7				100.0
	2001	34.5	35.0	60.3	61.9	1.3	1.0	2.2	0.6	0.5	0.3	100.0	100.0
LC	2001	39.9	45.0	51.0	49.7	2.4	1.2	2.7	1.0	2.9	2.0	100.0	100.0
TT	2000	24.3		75.1								100.0	
Al	2004	40.0	50.0	40.0	40.0	4.0	2.0	24	4.0	4.7	4.0	400.0	400.0
ВМ	2001	49.6	52.2	42.6	42.8	4.0	2.8	2.1	1.0	1.7	1.3	100.0	100.0
	2000	46.5	52.5	32.3	36.0	12.2	8.8	8.3	1.9	0.6	0.6	100.0	100.0

Table 4.23 Percentage Distribution of the Employed Population by Marital Status: 2000 Round of Census

Country	Census Year	Married		Never Married		Divorced		Widowed		Legally Separated		TOTAL	
	i c ai	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
ВВ													
	2000	45.1	54.9	47.5	52.5	52.7	47.3	66.7	33.3	50.0	50.0	47.3	52.7
BZ													
	2000	25.8	74.2	31.3	68.7	59.5	40.5	59.8	40.2	62.7	37.3	29.7	70.3
DM													
	2001	39.2	60.8	38.9	61.1	46.7	53.3	69.8	30.2	55.3	44.7	39.5	60.5
LC													
	2001	40.9	59.1	44.5	55.5	59.9	40.1	68.3	31.7	52.4	47.6	43.8	56.2
TT													
	2000	100.0	•••	100.0	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	100.0	•••
Al													
	2001	45.3	54.7	46.5	53.5	55.9	44.1	64.3	35.7	53.7	46.3	46.6	53.4
ВМ													
	2000	49.4	50.6	49.7	50.3	60.2	39.8	82.7	17.3	53.6	46.4	52.4	47.6





WE10: EMPLOYED POPULATION BY NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED, 1998 -2004

Concept and Definition

The Resolution concerning statistics of hours of work, adopted by the tenth International Conference of Labour

NH

Statisticians, October 1962 defines hours worked as including the following:

- (a) Hours actually worked during normal periods of work;
- (b) Time worked in addition to hours worked during normal periods of work, and generally paid at higher rates than normal rate (overtime);
- (c) Time spent at the place of work on work such as the preparation of the workplace, repairs and maintenance, preparation and cleaning of tools, and the preparation of receipts, time sheets and reports;
- (d) Time spent at the place of work waiting or standing-by for such reasons as lack of supply of work, breakdown of machinery, or accidents, or time spent at the place of work during which no work is done but for which payment is made under a guaranteed employment contract;
 - (e) Time corresponding to short periods of rest at the workplace, including tea and coffee breaks.

Statistics of hours actually worked should exclude:

- (a) Hours paid for but not worked, such as paid annual leave, paid public holidays, paid sick leave;
- (b) Meal breaks;
- (c) Time spent on travel from home to work and vice versa.

Note: Because of substantial changes in the labour market environment that have occurred over the last 40 years recommendations have been made for a substantial revision (rather than update) of the 1962 Resolution.

Method of Computation

Hours worked = Hours paid - Hours paid but not worked + Hours Worked but not paid (SNA 1993)

Indicator Relevance

²In general, information on hours of work makes it possible to classify the employed population according to the number of hours of work and in particular to identify short-time work and to distinguish between full-time and part-time employment. Data on short-term work provide the basis of measuring the visibly underemployed i.e. persons involuntarily working less than the normal duration of work and seeking or available for additional work. Once common concepts and measurement approaches for estimating annual hours worked are implemented data on hours of work cross-classified by sex can be used to measure labour input, the total volume of work and comparisons of levels of productivity. Statistics on working time are also useful in the analysis of issues related to labour cost, employment, productivity, working conditions and the relationship between employment and income as well as its effect on the overall quality of life. The data can be used also to carry out other studies of labour force utilisation such as labour

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¹ United Nations Statistics Division, 17.11 Total Hours Worked http://mdgs.un.org/unsd/sna1993/tocLev8.asp?L1=17&L2=2

² Surveys of Economically Active Population, Employment, Unemployment and Underemployment, An ILO Manual on Concepts and Definitions, ILO Office Geneva, pg. 83

force time lost, and gather information on work schedules, different working patterns. This information is useful because hours of work and arrangement of working time are essential elements of the conditions of work.

Data Assessment

Hours of work indicator merely measures the time spent on an activity and does not reflect the efficiency or intensity with which the work was performed. This sets certain

limits on the interpretation and comparability of the statistics obtained. ⁵Over time the composition of the labour force has changed significantly. More jobs are non-standard (i.e. part-time, temporary, self-employed) and the distribution of hours worked has become more polarised. If labour input is measured in terms of the number of workers, comparisons through time and across countries can be adversely affected by differences in the mix of standard and non-standard workers. The definition of hours worked needs to be revisited in light of the increased diversity of work arrangements. Also a standard is needed for the definition of employed when used as the denominator is calculating average week hours of work. Supplementing establishment surveys of paid hours with information on entitled absences (vacation, sick leave) goes part way to meeting the hours worked concept.

However, not all of these entitlements are used. Further, employers are increasingly unable to report hours actually worked that fall outside of the "normal workday" (e.g. unpaid overtime, business trips, multi-tasking etc). Establishment surveys suffer from reference week bias, and lack the necessary information to make adjustments. Flexible work arrangements have therefore become increasingly common and only a slight majority of workers fit into the stereotype of a "9 to 5 Monday to Friday job at a specific workplace". New information technology such as lap tops, cell phones and internet connectivity, combined with new management practices focussing on results, have allowed an increasing number of workers to perform at least part of their work from home, when they travel, etc. and to have work schedules outside the 9 to 5 standard. For these categories of employees, the employer is no longer the ideal source of information on hours worked. Furthermore, the employer is highly unlikely to be able to report the unpaid overtime of employees. Harmonisation of this indicator is thus affected. Further clarification of the concept of overtime is also needed, to ensure that unpaid overtime is included in total hours worked. The 1962 ILO resolution defines overtime in terms of hours worked in addition to normal hours and generally paid at higher rates than normal time. Finally, the 1962 resolution specifies that averages of hours actually worked per worker should be obtained by dividing aggregate man-hours by the total number of persons of whom the hours of work have been counted. Further clarification is required to ensure that a standard approach is used internationally. As the definition stands, at least three interpretations of the appropriate denominator are possible: a) paid jobs b) employed at work, and c) total employed including those at work or temporarily absent from work.

Gender Dimension

Data Sources

CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/ Associate Members.

Evaluation

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⁵ Hours of Work and Productivity: Concepts and Measures, Statistics Canada, http://www.insee.fr/en/nom_def_met/colloques/citygroup/pdf/Canada-Session3.pdf

Table 4.24 Employed Population By Number Of Hours Worked: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	ı	Jnder 17			17-32			33+	
Oddin y	ı cai	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
BS		а	а	а	b	b	b			
	1999	3,808	4,341	8,149	5,925	4,940	10,865	55,710	64,218	119,928
	2001	1,590	1,732	3,322	4,894	4,393	9,287	63,880	69,128	133,008
	2002	2,750	2,200	4,950	5,778	5,518	11,296	62,519	67,207	129,726
	2003	2,985	2,653	5,638	6,300	5,352	11,652	63,803	67,578	131,381
	2004	3,479	1,568	5,047	7,188	5,835	13,023	65,890	74,376	140,266
DM										
	1997	1,603	684	2,287	3,752	3,931	7,683	5,689	9,770	15,459
	1999	1,666	1,433	3,099	3,103	4,538	7,641	6,193	11,089	17,282
	2001	1,048	1,425	2,473	2,161	3,076	5,237	6,252	10,110	16,362
GD										
	1998	2,781	2,525	5,306	2,091	3,283	5,374	8,867	13,408	22,275
JM										
	1998	9,500	9,000	18,500	27,000	19,700	46,700	364,100	525,000	889,100
	1999	11,800	9,000	20,800	26,000	25,000	51,000	347,100	517,900	865,000
	2000	11,100	7,000	18,100	28,500	23,300	51,800	343,500	522,200	865,700
	2001	10,600	7,900	18,500	28,800	21,700	50,500	346,300	527,000	873,300
	2002	14,600	10,600	25,200	34,800	33,800	68,600	346,600	501,900	848,500
MS		а	а	а	b	b	b	С	С	С
	2001	56	38	94	92	78	170	574	721	1,295
TT										
	1998	5,200	4,800	10,000	17,300	21,600	38,900	145,200	271,900	417,100
	1999	5,500	5,200	10,700	17,500	21,500	39,000	150,300	276,000	426,300
	2000	4,500	4,100	8,600	14,100	18,100	32,200	159,800	286,300	446,100
	2001	3,500	3,500	7,000	14,800	16,600	31,400	162,900	297,700	460,600
	2002	3,900	4,200	8,100	14,200	18,000	32,200	171,900	298,700	470,600
ASSOCIATE MEI	MBERS									
ВМ		а	а	а	b	b	b			
	1999	3,808	4,341	8,149	5,925	4,940	10,865	55,710	64,218	119,928
	2001	1,590	1,732	3,322	4,894	4,393	9,287	63,880	69,128	133,008
	2002	2,750	2,200	4,950	5,778	5,518	11,296	62,519	67,207	129,726
	2003	2,985	2,653	5,638	6,300	5,352	11,652	63,803	67,578	131,381
	2004	3,479	1,568	5,047	7,188	5,835	13,023	65,890	74,376	140,266
TC		а	а	а	b	b	b			
	2001	288	191	479	465	405	870	3,302	4,996	8,298

BS^a: Category under 16 yrs. BS^b: Category 16-32 yrs. BM^a: Category under 16 yrs. BM^b: Category 16-32 yrs. MS^a: Category under 16 yrs. MS^b: Category 16-32 yrs.
MS^c: Category under 32+ yrs.
TC^a: Category under 16 yrs.
TC^b: Category 16-32 yrs.

TC: Not Applicable refers to None.

Table 4.24 Cont'd Employed Population By Number Of Hours Worked: 1998 - 2004

Country	Year	NO	T STATE	D	NOT	APPLICA	BLE		L NUMBE RS WOR	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
BS										
	1999				9,991	8,701	18,692	7	82,200	157,634
	2001				9,101	9,086	18,187		84,339	163,804
	2002				10,786	10,863	21,649		85,788	167,621
	2003				2,737	3,498	6,235		79,081	154,906
	2004							76,557	81,779	158,336
DM										
	1997	90	175	265				11,134	14,560	25,694
	1999							10,962	17,060	28,022
	2001	347	392	739				9,808	15,003	24,811
GD										
	1998	317	1,516	1,833				14,056	20,732	34,788
JM										
	1998							400,600	553,700	954,300
	1999							384,900	551,900	936,800
	2000							383,100	552,500	935,600
	2001							385,700	556,600	942,300
	2002							396,000	546,300	942,300
MS										
	2001	44	130	174				766	967	1,733
TT	4000							4=0.000		4=0 =00
	1998	300	600	900	•	6,700	12,600		305,600	479,500
	1999	300	900	1,200	5,700	6,600	12,300	· ·	310,200	489,500
	2000	400	1,700	2,100	7,500	6,700	14,200	186,300	316,900	503,200
	2001	1,100	1,900	3,000	5,800	6,300	12,100		326,000	514,100
	2002	1,100	1,100	2,200	5,000	6,900	11,900	196,100	328,900	525,000
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBERS									
ВМ	4000				0.004	0.704	40.000	75.404	00.000	457.004
	1999				9,991	8,701	18,692		82,200	157,634
	2001	405	466	871	9,101	9,086	18,187		84,805	164,675
	2002	167	183	350	10,786	10,863	21,649		85,971	167,971
	2003	-	58	58	2,737	3,498	6,235		79,139	154,964
	2004		•••					76,557	81,779	158,336
TC	2001				328	205	533	1 202	5 707	10 100
	2001	•••	•••		320	203	<i>J</i> 33	4,383	5,797	10,180

BS^a: Category under 16 yrs. BS^b: Category 16-32 yrs. BM^a: Category under 16 yrs. BM^b: Category 16-32 yrs. MS^a: Category under 16 yrs.

MS^b: Category 16-32 yrs.
MS^c: Category under 32+ yrs.
TC^a: Category under 16 yrs.
TC^b: Category 16-32 yrs.

TC: Not Applicable refers to None.

WE11: ECONOMICALLY INACTIVE POPULATION, 1998 - 2004

PH

The Inactive Population represents the proportion of the **Concept and Definition** working-age population that is not in the labour force and comprises all persons who were not employed or unemployed during the reference period and hence not currently active because of (a) attendance at educational institutions, (b) engagement in household duties (c) retirement or old age, or (d) other reasons such as infirmity or disablement which may be specified. (ILO 1990)

Regional

The Economically Inactive Population refer to all persons above a certain age (working age prescribed for the measurement of economic characteristics) not classified as employed or unemployed and are therefore considered to be outside the labour force. Persons included in this indicator are those who are not looking for work, were not available for work or were incapable of working.

The Economically Inactive Population refers to all persons 14 years and over who were not classified as employed or unemployed. Included in this category are fulltime students, persons engaged in home duties; persons incapable of working and persons not wanting work or not available for work. (The Statistical Institute of Jamaica)

The Economically Inactive Population refers to all persons 15 years and over who are not classified as either employed or unemployed. They consist of persons who explicitly stated that they did not want to work; fulltime students; persons engaged in Home Duties; the Retired; the Disabled; Old Age Pensioners etc. (Trinidad and Tobago, CSSP Labour Force Report, 2002)

Indicator Relevance This indicator is a useful tool in measuring the social structure of a country. It not only provides information on the number of persons who would like to work and are available to so but the possible reasons why they are unable to actively seek work.

National definitions are consistent with International standards except for cases **Data Assessment** where there are variations in the starting age for the inactive population which is 14 years in the case of Belize and Jamaica.

Most women and men divide their time between paid and unpaid work which in **Gender Dimension** the case of women ranges from caring for their families or engaging in other nonprofitable economic activities not included as part of labour force activity. The responsibility of caring for children and the elderly, along with household duties are just some of the reasons why more women than men, in particular those who are married and have families fall into this category. Also women who initially had wanted to work but who because of pregnancy, marriage and the birth of a child that might have occurred later in the year, now find themselves unable to do so tend to be more negatively affected than men in terms of their availabilility for work and may even act as a deterrent from them actively seeking work. Particularly in countries where agriculture is one of the main economic activities, much of the activities such as farming are not captured in the labour force.

Data Sources

CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/ Associate Members.

Evaluation

The trends show that the majority of the women and men are out of the labour force for different reasons. Women are economically inactive mainly because of home duties while men are inactive due to retirement or by virtue of being students. More than half

of the women were inactive in Belize and Guyana because of home duties. Generally in all the Member States and Associate Members with the exception of Anguilla (Women 3.7 per cent and Men 25.9 per cent). The highest percentage among women in this category was seen in Guyana 58.9 per cent; Belize 51.6 and Jamaica 40.7 per cent; The largest disparity in this area was observed in Belize (Women 51.6 per cent Men 1.6 per cent), Turks and Caicos Islands (Women 39.4 per cent Men 0.9 per cent) and Trinidad and Tobago (Women 36.3 per cent Men 1.4 per cent). In Barbados, Montseraat and Bermuda 29.9; 20.2 and 28.8 per cent respectively of the Women and 20.4; 22.9 and 17.8 per cent respectively of Men are inactive due to retirement and rank amongst the highest in the region. This trend is consistent with these three countries being classified as having ageing populations (refer to Chapter 1 Population Housing and Families pg. 18).

Table 4.25 Economically Inactive Population by Status: 1998-2004

Country	Year	Н	ome Dutie	es		Student			Retired	
	rear	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	3,247	367	3,614	2,274	1,838	4,112	1,839	1,407	3,246
ВВ	1998	10,500	1,300	11,800	6,800	5,800	12,600	19,600	15,000	34,600
	1999	•	1,000	11,800	7,000	5,700	12,700	20,100	14,600	34,700
	2000	11,124	419	11,543	7,824	6,482	14,306	17,306	11,805	29,111
	2001	9,600	1,100	10,700	6,800	6,100	12,900	20,500	13,600	34,100
BZ	2002	10,000	700	10,700	7,300	6,400	13,700	20,400	13,900	34,300
52	1998	27,775	303	28,078	9,472	8,919	18,391	1,479	2,618	4,097
	1999		510	30,025	9,540	9,150	18,690	1,660	1,990	3,650
	2001	31,295	992	32,287	7,384	7,191	14,574	1,793	2,814	4,606
BS	2002	34,251	440	34,691	10,663	9,644	20,307	1,751	3,078	4,829
ВЗ	2003	1,095	1,740	2,835				4,295	6,135	10,430
	2004	,	2,260	3,345				4,585	9,570	14,155
DM										
	1999		297	4,170	1,926	1,801	3,727	3,299	2,204	5,503
GD	2001	6,852	1,382	8,234	2,494	2,303	4,797	2,636	2,140	4,776
	2001	7,720	1,482	9,202	3,451	3,028	6,479	3,059	2,706	5,765
GY	0000	105.070	44.040	400.000	10.750	40.000	00.054	10.570	40.050	05.000
JM	2002	125,070	11,212	136,282	16,758	16,096	32,854	12,578	13,358	25,936
OW	2000	292,050	110,050	402,100	135,975	119,575	255,550			
MS										
IZNI	2001	207	51	258	65	68	133	195	221	416
KN	2001	1,917	244	2,161	1,778	1,444	3,222	1,508	1,095	2,603
LC		.,0		_,	.,	.,	0,	.,	.,	_,,
	2001	15,847	3,311	19,158	5,447	4,136	9,583	3,008	2,987	5,995
SR	2004	36,508	568	37,076	23,780	20,491	44,271	5,894	5,059	10,953
TT	2004	30,000	000	01,010	20,700	20,401	77,271	0,004	0,000	10,500
	2000	132,901	5,285	138,186	45,550	38,590	84,140	13,124	23,755	36,879
ASSOCIATE M	EMDEDS									
ASSOCIATE MI	LIVIDEKO									
	2001	80	557	637	216	271	487	239	268	507
ВМ										
TO	2001	2,213	172	2,385	1,534	1,381	2,915	3,383	2,095	5,478
TC	2001	1,043	24	1,067	407	354	761	401	247	648

Table 4.25(a) Percent of Total Economically Inactive Population by Status: 1998-2004

Country	Year	Но	me Dutie	s		Student			Retired	
	- Tour	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
DD	2001	25.1	2.8	27.9	17.5	14.2	31.7	14.2	10.9	25.1
ВВ	1998	16.0	2.0	17.9	10.3	8.8	19.1	29.8	22.8	52.6
	1999	16.4	1.5	17.9	10.6	8.6	19.3	30.5	22.2	52.7
	2000	19.2	0.7	19.9	13.5	11.2	24.7	29.9	20.4	50.3
	2001	15.1	1.7	16.8	10.7	9.6	20.3	32.2	21.4	53.6
	2002	15.2	1.1	16.2	11.1	9.7	20.8	31.0	21.1	52.0
BZ	4000	40.4	0.5	40.0	45.7	440	20.5	0.5	4.0	0.0
	1998 1999	46.1 48.3	0.5 0.8	46.6 49.1	15.7 15.6	14.8 15.0	30.5 30.6	2.5 2.7	4.3 3.3	6.8 6.0
	2001	51.6	1.6	53.2	12.2	11.8	24.0	3.0	4.6	7.6
	2002	49.0	0.6	49.7	15.3	13.8	29.1	2.5	4.4	6.9
BS										
	2003	0.5	0.7	1.2	-	-	-	1.8	2.6	4.4
	2004	0.5	0.9	1.4	-	-	-	1.9	4.0	5.9
DM	4000	04.0	4.7	00.5	40.0	40.0	04.0	40.0	40.4	04.4
	1999 2001	21.9 33.6	1.7 6.8	23.5 40.3	10.9 12.2	10.2 11.3	21.0 23.5	18.6 12.9	12.4 10.5	31.1 23.4
GD	2001	33.0	0.0	40.3	12.2	11.3	23.3	12.9	10.5	23.4
02	2001	33.2	6.4	39.6	14.9	13.0	27.9	13.2	11.6	24.8
GY										
	2002	58.9	5.3	64.2	7.9	7.6	15.5	5.9	6.3	12.2
JM	2000	40.7	45.4	FC 4	40.0	40.7	25.7			
MS	2000	40.7	15.4	56.1	19.0	16.7	35.7	-	-	-
IVIO	2001	21.4	5.3	26.7	6.7	7.0	13.8	20.2	22.9	43.0
KN				_0	0.1		. 0.10			1010
	2001	19.4	2.5	21.9	18.0	14.6	32.7	15.3	11.1	26.4
LC										
	2001	38.9	8.1	47.1	13.4	10.2	23.5	7.4	7.3	14.7
SR	0004	00.0	0.5	20.4	40.0	40.0	25.0	4.0		0.0
тт	2004	29.6	0.5	30.1	19.3	16.6	35.9	4.8	4.1	8.9
••	2000	36.3	1.4	37.8	12.5	10.6	23.0	3.6	6.5	10.1
	2000	00.0	•••	07.10	.2.0	70.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	1011
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	3.7	25.9	29.7	10.1	12.6	22.7	11.1	12.5	23.6
ВМ	0004	40.0	4.5	00.0	40.0	44 7	040	00.0	47.0	40.0
тс	2001	18.8	1.5	20.3	13.0	11.7	24.8	28.8	17.8	46.6
10	2001	39.4	0.9	40.3	15.4	13.4	28.7	15.1	9.3	24.5
				.0.5						

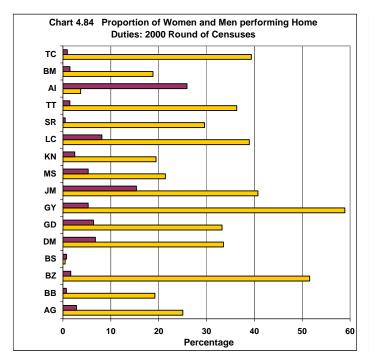
Table 4.25 Cont'd Economically Inactive Population by Status: 1998-2004

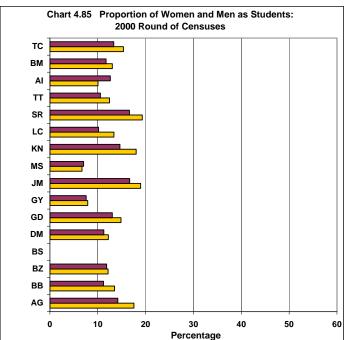
	Table 4.25	.25 Cont'd Economically Inactive Population by Status: 1998-2004										
Country	Year		Disabled			Other			Total			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total		
AG												
	2001	389	272	661	191	208	399	8,378	4,580	12,958		
ВВ												
	1998		1,300	2,700	200	200	400	40,700	25,100	65,800		
	1999	•	1,500	3,100	200	100	300	41,500	24,400	65,900		
	2000	1,520	1,409	2,929				37,774	20,115	57,889		
	2001	1,800	1,700	3,500	0	0	0	39,800	23,800	63,600		
D.7	2002	1,700	1,600	3,300	0	100	100	41,100	24,800	65,900		
BZ	1000	404	CEO.	4 4 4 4	F 400	0.440	7 004	45.007	45 040	60.046		
	1998 1999		650 665	1,141 1,225	5,483 4,595	2,418 2,550	7,901 7,145	45,027 46,110	15,219 15,035	60,246 61,145		
	2001	507	526	1,033	4,695	2,987	7,143	45,958	14,740	60,698		
	2002		626	1,180	5,153	3,174	8,327	52,704	17,146	69,850		
BS	2002	333	020	1,100	3,133	5,174	0,021	32,704	17,140	00,000		
	2003	52,940	57,680	110,620	52,940	57,680	110,620	111,465	123,470	234,935		
	2004	53,460	56,540	110,000	53,460	56,540	110,000	112,890	125,205	238,095		
DM		,	•	,	,	,	,	,	•			
	1999	1,947	1,695	3,642	287	275	562	11,352	6,357	17,709		
	2001	986	959	1,945	72	128	200	13,195	7,227	20,422		
GD												
	2001	856	702	1,558	70	154	224	15,156	8,072	23,228		
GY												
	2002	4,700	6,176	10,876	1,518	4,848	6,366	160,624	51,690	212,314		
JM	0000	04.050	04.075	50.005	0.075	0.075	5.050	400 750	050 075	740 705		
MC	2000	31,850	21,375	53,225	2,875	2,975	5,850	462,750	253,975	716,725		
MS	2001	38	54	92	12	11	23	535	432	967		
KN	2001	30	J 4	92	12	11	23	333	432	307		
IXIV	2001	416	293	709	60	102	162	6,038	3,822	9,860		
LC	2001	410	200	700	00	702	702	0,000	O,OLL	0,000		
	2001	1,860	1,730	3,590	650	1,038	1,688	26,990	13,703	40,693		
SR			ŕ	·		·		•	ŕ	ŕ		
	2004	3,349	3,621	6,970	14,635	9,431	24,066	84,168	39,166	123,336		
TT												
	2000	5,096	7,095	12,191	43,187	39,438	82,625	245,254	120,520	365,774		
	TE MEMBERS											
Al												
D14	2001	80	116	196	138	122	260	793	1,355	2,148		
ВМ	0004	240	070	70.7	50	70	407	7.507	4.407	44.704		
TC	2001	348	379	727	59	78	137	7,597	4,167	11,764		
10		Ī			1							

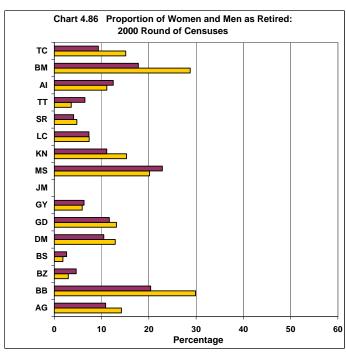
Notes: For some countries the components do not add up to the Total Economically Inactive Population due to the omission of the "Not Stated" category.

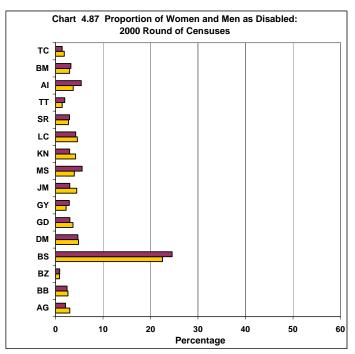
Table 4.25(a) Cont'd Percent of Total Economically Inactive Population by Status: 1998-2004

Country	Year		Disabled			Other			Total	
	- Tour	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
BB	2001	3.0	2.1	5.1	1.5	1.6	3.1	64.7	35.3	100.0
55	1998	2.1	2.0	4.1	0.3	0.3	0.6	61.9	38.1	100.0
	1999	2.4	2.3	4.7	0.3	0.2	0.5	63.0	37.0	100.0
	2000	2.6	2.4	5.1	-	-	-	65.3	34.7	100.0
	2001 2002	2.8 2.6	2.7 2.4	5.5 5.0	-	- 0.2	- 0.2	62.6 62.4	37.4 37.6	100.0 100.0
BZ	2002	2.0	2.4	3.0	-	0.2	0.2	02.4	37.0	100.0
	1998	0.8	1.1	1.9	9.1	4.0	13.1	74.7	25.3	100.0
	1999	0.9	1.1	2.0	7.5	4.2	11.7	75.4	24.6	100.0
	2001	0.8	0.9	1.7	7.7	4.9	12.7	75.7	24.3	100.0
BS	2002	0.8	0.9	1.7	7.4	4.5	11.9	75.5	24.5	100.0
ВЗ	2003	22.5	24.6	47.1	22.5	24.6	47.1	47.4	52.6	100.0
	2004	22.5	23.7	46.2	22.5	23.7	46.2	47.4	52.6	100.0
DM										
	1999		9.6	20.6	1.6	1.6	3.2	64.1	35.9	100.0
	2001	4.8	4.7	9.5	0.4	0.6	1.0	64.6	35.4	100.0
GD	2001	3.7	3.0	6.7	0.3	0.7	1.0	65.2	34.8	100.0
GY	2001	3.7	3.0	0.7	0.3	0.7	1.0	05.2	34.0	100.0
	2002	2.2	2.9	5.1	0.7	2.3	3.0	75.7	24.3	100.0
JM										
	2000	4.4	3.0	7.4	0.4	0.4	8.0	64.6	35.4	100.0
MS	2004	2.0	E G	0.5	4.2	4.4	2.4	<i>EE</i> 2	44.7	100.0
KN	2001	3.9	5.6	9.5	1.2	1.1	2.4	55.3	44.7	100.0
M	2001	4.2	3.0	7.2	0.6	1.0	1.6	61.2	38.8	100.0
LC										
	2001	4.6	4.3	8.8	1.6	2.6	4.1	66.3	33.7	100.0
SR	0004	0.7			44.0	7.0	40.5	20.0	04.0	400.0
TT	2004	2.7	2.9	5.7	11.9	7.6	19.5	68.2	31.8	100.0
••	2000	1.4	1.9	3.3	11.8	10.8	22.6	67.1	32.9	100.0
									5	
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS									
Al										
ВМ	2001	3.7	5.4	9.1	6.4	5.7	12.1	36.9	63.1	100.0
DIVI	2001	3.0	3.2	6.2	0.5	0.7	1.2	64.6	35.4	100.0
TC	2001	0.0	- VIE	VIZ	0.0	-		0410	3017	. 50.0
	2001	1.8	1.4	3.2	1.7	1.6	3.3	73.4	26.6	100.0









WE12: MDG 3 PROMOTE GENDER EQUALITY AND EMPOWER WOMEN Share of Women in Wage Employment in the Non-Agricultural Sector, 1998 -2004

Target 4: Eliminate Gender Disparity in Primary and Secondary Education preferably by 2005, and in all levels of Education no later than 2015.

Concept and Definition

Share of women to men in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector-is the share of female workers in the non-agricultural sector (industry and services), expressed as a percentage of the total employment in the same sector. (ILO) The share of women in paid employment outside agriculture is only an indication of the presence or absence of work. It does not take into account the conditions of such work in terms of remuneration, type of occupation and the existence of adequate anti-discriminatory regulations and family policies.

Method of Computation

An estimate of the total number of women in paid employment in the 'non-agricultural' sector is divided by the total number of persons in paid employment in the same sector. **Note:** The concept of *Status in Employment* also refers to those persons in paid employment as "*Employees*".

Indicator Relevance

This indicator measures the degree to which labour markets are open to women in industry and service sectors thereby providing them with opportunities for equal employment. Therefore the participation of women in non-agricultural paid

employment reflects the extent to which women have access to paid jobs and thus can make their economic contribution more visible.

Evaluation

Data was only available for three countries

Data Sources

CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/ Associate Members.

⁶ Indicators for Monitoring the Millennium Development Goals-Definition, Rationale, Concepts and Sources,pg.27-28.

Gender Dimension

¹ It is often assumed that access to paid employment means that workers have financial security and social benefits. Therefore a high proportion of women in paid employment can be understood as having achieved the goal of equality of opportunity.

Information on the quality, conditions and characteristics of work, however, and the family context of women and men workers, often tell a different story. Indeed, men continue to have greater opportunities than women "to obtain decent and productive work, in conditions of freedom, equity, security and human dignity", triggering differences between men and women in the areas of rights at work, employment, social protection and social dialogue. In most societies, women are primarily responsible for the care of family members. They therefore face greater constraints than men in the amount of time and effort they can put into paid employment. In developing countries, there is still considerable reliance on the extended family to care for younger children, the sick and the elderly.

Table 4.26 Share of Women in Paid Employment in the Non-Agricultural Sector: 1998-2004

Country	Year	Paid Employee				Total	Share of Women in Non-Agricultural Sector	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women
vc								
	2001	10,295	14,367	24,662	13,247	21,274	34,521	41.7
TT								
	2001	1,809	2,675	4,484	1,810	2,690	4,500	40.3
	2002	1,930	2,679	4,609	1,931	2,697	4,628	41.9
	2003	1,996	2,737	4,733	1,996	2,754	4,750	42.2
	2004	2,114	2,766	4,880	2,115	2,782	4,897	43.3
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS							
Al								
	2001	2,332	2,307	4,639	2,566	2,829	5,395	50.3

Women and Men in the Caribbean Community: Facts and Figures, 1998-2005

¹ http://unstats.un.org/unsd/mi/goals_2005/goal_3.pdf

WE13: GDP GROWTH RATE AND GDP PER CAPITA, 1998 -2004

Concept and Definition

The ratio of total change in a specified time reference period to the value at the beginning of the period or at a specified earlier time reference. When changes

over a period of more than one calendar year are studied, the mean annual rate of change may be computed. (Adapted from 4)

An aggregate measure of production equal to the sum of the gross values added of all resident institutional units engaged in production (plus any taxes, and minus any subsidies, on products not included in the value of their outputs). The sum of the final uses of goods and services (all uses except intermediate consumption) measured in purchasers' prices, less the value of imports of goods and services, or the sum of primary incomes distributed by resident producer units.⁷

1. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT:

The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) of an economy is the total value of all goods and services produced by all institutional units resident in the economy within a given time period, usually one year. It includes the allowance made for the consumption of fixed capital.

Gross value added is a measure of GDP in which a principal consideration is that duplications must be avoided which is achieved by deducting from the output of each producing unit the value of the inputs of goods and services received from other units, at home or abroad, i.e. GDP can be derived as the *sum of the value added* of resident institutional units in an economy. This measure of GDP is also identical with the *sum of the final expenditures* on consumption, on gross capital formation and adjusted for exports *less* imports of goods and services. GDP is also equal to the *sum of the incomes* accruing from production which includes compensation of employees, consumption of operating surplus and fixed capital.

Method of Computation

There are three different approaches for measuring GDP, either based on adding up all value added by resident producers, or taking the sum of income on labour and capital, but only expenditure based measurement of GDP, is available for all OECD countries. This approach defines GDP as being equal to the total of the

gross expenditure on the final uses of the domestic supply of goods and services valued at purchasers' values less imports of goods and services. GDP here is measured at market prices including the value on all tax on goods less subsidies on imports. Comparisons on GDP are arguably based on purchasing power parities including the value on all taxes on goods not market exchange rates. PPP reflect the amount of a national currency that will buy the same basket of goods and services in a given country. (Society at a Glance, OECD Social Indicators, 2002)

Indicator Relevance

GDP per Capita is an attempt to measure the average income per inhabitant and is often used as a measure of the relative well-being across countries. It provides a reasonable measure of the resources available to a country and its inhabitants.

⁷ United Nations, Commission of the European Communities, International Monetary Fund, Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development and World Bank. System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 1993). Series F, No. 2, Rev. 4 (United Nations publication Sales No. E.94.XVII.4). (para. 1.128 and paras. 2.173-2.174)

Data Assessment

Gender Dimension

Data Sources

CARICOM Secretariat work sheets and data supplied by Member States/ Associate Members.

Evaluation

Table 4.32 present selected GDP Indicators in Member States and Associate Members for the period 1998-2005. In the Region, Bermuda had the highest per capita GDP at Current prices during the period 1998-2002. For the period 2003-2005 Turks and Caicos

Islands and The Bahamas had the highest per capita GDP. No data for this period was available for Bermuda. In 1998 Bermuda recorded a per capita GDP of *EC\$134,665.2* or *US\$49,876* and was three times higher than The Bahamas (*EC\$39,465.9* or *US\$14,617*). In 1998 three other countries Montserrat (*EC\$28,044.5* or *US\$10,386.9*), Turks and Caicos Islands (*EC\$27,098.4* or *US\$17,192.4*) and Antigua and Barbuda (*EC\$23,962.3* or *US\$8,874.9*) were the only Member States with per capita real GDP over *EC\$20,000* or *US\$7,407.4*. In 2005 five countries had a real GDP per capita over EC\$20,000 of which: Turks and Caicos Islands (*EC\$62,953.2* or *US\$23,316*); The Bahamas (*EC\$48,736.5* or *US\$16,832.8*); Trinidad and Tobago (*EC\$31,613.6* or *US\$11,708.8*); Barbados (*EC\$30,341* or *US\$11,237.4*) recorded per capita in excess of EC\$30,000.

Bermuda consistently had the highest per capita real GDP during the period 1998-2002. While for the period 2003-2005 Turks and Caicos Islands and The Bahamas had the highest per capita real GDP. No data for this period was available for Bermuda. In 1998 Bermuda recorded a per capita real GDP of EC\$125,811.9 or US\$46,597 and was six times higher than Montserrat (EC\$19,190.5 or US\$7,107.6). Antigua and Barbuda (EC\$16,508 or US\$6,114.1), Anguilla (EC\$15,993.6 or US\$5,923.6) and Barbados (EC\$15,884.6 or US\$5,883.2) were the only other Member States with per capita real GDP over EC\$15,000 or US\$5,555.6. By 2005 eight countries had a real GDP per capita over EC\$20,000 of which: The Bahamas (EC\$45,448.5 or US\$18,050.5); Turks and Caicos Islands (EC\$42,519.6 or US\$15,748); Trinidad and Tobago (EC\$23,183.5 or US\$8,586.5); Barbados (EC\$22,863.5 or US\$8,468) and Antigua and Barbuda (EC\$22,535.9 or US\$8,346.6).

Table 4.27 Selected GDP Indicators: 1998 – 2005

		Reporting	GE)P	GDP	GDP pe	r Capita
Country	Year	Currency		Constant	Growth	Current	Constant
		Ourrency	Current Prices	Prices 1/	Rate	Prices	Prices 1/
AG							
	1998		1,674,150	1,153,350	4.9	24.0	16.5
	1999		1,758,050	1,210,260	4.9	24.8	17.1
	2000		1,796,290	1,555,930	3.3	24.8	21.5
	2001	\$EC '000	1,882,860	1,579,808	1.5	24.5	20.9
	2002		1,929,450	1,611,615	2.0	24.6	20.9
	2003		2,036,710	1,681,095	4.3	25.5	21.7
	2004		2,209,970	1,768,887	5.2	27.2	21.8
	2005		2,349,890	1,865,654	5.5	28.4	22.5
BS							
	1998		4,283,000	3,775,000	7.1	14.6	3.8
	1999		4,704,000	3,927,000	4.8	15.8	3.9
	2000	\$B '000	5,003,699	5,003,699	1.9	16.5	16.5
	2001	ΨΒ 000	5,131,452	5,043,998	0.8	16.7	16.4
	2002		5,389,401	5,158,651	2.3	17.3	16.5
	2003		5,502,638	5,233,257	1.4	17.4	16.5
	2004		5,661,030	5,328,260	1.8	17.6	16.6
	2005		5,869,494	5,473,515	2.7	18.1	16.8
ВВ	4000		4.704.000	0.400.000	4.0	47.7	44.0
	1998		4,704,600	3,132,203	4.3	17.7	11.8
	1999		4,980,100 5,117,700	3,210,795	0.4	18.6 19.0	12.0 17.2
	2000	\$BDS '(000)	5,108,350	4,225,839 4,116,852	2.3 -2.6	18.9	17.2
	2001 2002		4,952,200	4,145,829	0.7	18.3	15.4
	2002		5,389,700	4,226,272	1.9	19.8	15.4
	2003		5,634,200	4,432,569	4.9	20.7	16.3
	2005		6,122,140	4,613,348	4.1	22.5	16.9
BZ	2000		5,122,110	.,5.5,510			. 3.0
	1998		1,699,935	1,223,805	3.0	7.1	5.1
	1999		1,857,030	1,302,466	8.9	7.6	5.5
	2000		1,664,700	1,453,300	13.8	6.7	5.8
	2001	\$BZ '000	1,290,889	1,499,800	3.5	5.0	5.9
	2002		1,380,815	1,564,200	4.4	5.2	6.0
	2003		1,463,111	1,707,000	9.5	5.3	6.4
	2004		1,563,185	1,793,900	5.2	5.5	6.3
	2005	1000 P :	1,651,556	-	3.9	5.7	-

Notes: 1/Refers to Constant 2000 Prices.

Table 4.27 Cont'd Selected GDP Indicators: 1998 – 2005

		Reporting	GE)P	GDP	GDP pe	r Capita	
Country	Year	Currency		Constant	Growth	Current	Constant	
		Currency	Current Prices	Prices 1/	Rate	Prices	Prices 1/	
DM								
5	1998		700,520	443,240	2.8	9.2	5.8	
	1999		450,470	450,470	1.6	9.5	5.9	
	2000		732,150	621,600	1.3	10.2	8.7	
	2001	\$EC '000	718,600	595,720	-4.2	10.1	8.4	
	2002		688,100	565,481	-5.1	9.9	8.1	
	2003		709,650	566,026	0.1	10.2	8.1	
	2004		770,080	583,270	3.0	10.9	8.3	
	2005		810,690	603,034	3.4	11.5	8.5	
GD								
	1998		946,650	605,770	7.9	9.5	6.1	
	1999		1,021,120	651,290	7.3	10.1	6.5	
	2000	\$EC'000	1,105,790	904,330	7.0	10.9	8.9	
	2001	Ψ=0 000	1,067,460	864,930	-4.4	10.4	8.4	
	2002		1,100,280	872,217	0.8	10.6	8.3	
	2003		1,197,750	922,837	5.8	11.5	8.7	
	2004		1,151,710	859,152	-6.9	11.0	8.2	
GY	2005		1,360,410	963,062	12.1	12.8	9.1	
Gi	1998		108,002,000	91,398,918	-2.7	139.6	88.4	
	1999		120,668,000	107,563,514	5.0	156.6	107.6	
	2000		130,013,110	108,087,195	-1.4	168.4	140.0	
	2001	\$GY '000	133,402,687	114,274,692	2.3	172.2	147.5	
	2002		138,447,357	117,757,785	1.1	184.4	152.0	
	2003		144,064,000	119,893,668	-0.6	191.8	163.6	
	2004		156,358,000	124,546,020	1.6	208.1	165.8	
	2005		165,028,000	120,856,094	-3.0	219.5	160.7	
JM								
	1998		268,307,084	170,746,716	-0.2	104.7	66.6	
	1999		287,850,798	182,374,086	0.4	111.5	71.2	
	2000	\$JM '000	339,114,500	339,114,400	0.7	130.1	130.3	
	2001		373,284,500	367,519,951	1.5	143.3	140.9	
	2002		410,133,000	387,476,497	1.1	156.7	148.0	
	2003		472,906,400 540,086,000	480,055,485 507,607,381	2.3	179.8 204.4	181.8 192.1	
	2004 2005		540,086,000 548,964,280	507,607,381	1.0 1.4	204.4	192.1	
N-4 1/D C / C		1000 D :	540,904,200	525,291,090	1.4	200.0	197.1	

Notes: 1/Refers to Constant 2000 Prices.

Table 4.27 Cont'd Selected GDP Indicators: 1998 – 2005

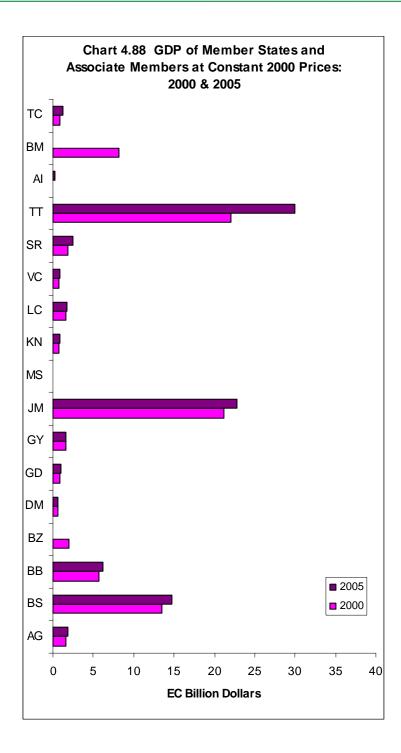
	Reporting	GI)P	GDP	GDP pe	r Capita
Country Year	Currency	Command Daises	Constant	Growth	Current	Constant
	Guironey	Current Prices	Prices 1/	Rate	Prices	Prices 1/
MS						
199	18	100,820	68,990	-10.1	28.0	19.2
199		94,750	60,320	-12.6	19.9	12.6
200	90 \$EC '000	93,890	79,340	-3.0	24.4	20.6
200)1	93,710	77,089	-2.8	20.7	17.1
200)2	102,640	79,652	3.3	22.5	17.7
200	3	102,260	78,920	-0.9	22.8	18.3
200)4	110,610	82,432	4.5	23.6	17.6
200	05	118,720	83,706	1.5	24.8	17.5
KN						
199		775,230	501,370	1.0	19.3	12.5
199		822,640	520,120	3.9	19.4	12.2
200	1 SEC 000	888,870	765,240	6.5	20.1	17.3
200		924,500	777,871	1.7	20.0	16.9
200		977,610	775,665	-0.3	20.9	16.6
200 200		977,470 1,067,890	765,985 822,079	-1.2 7.3	20.7 21.9	16.5 16.9
200		1,067,890	855,559	7.3 4.1	23.5	17.4
200	,3	1,107,300	055,559	7.1	25.5	17.4
LC						
199	18	1,672,560	1,124,210	3.8	11.0	7.4
199		1,823,520	1,163,600	3.6	11.9	7.6
200	90 \$EC '000	1,907,760	1,616,170	0.1	12.2	10.0
200	1	1,850,690	1,555,866	-3.7	11.7	9.4
200)2	1,899,170	1,568,443	0.8	11.9	9.4
200		2,014,810	1,614,218	2.9	12.5	9.7
200		2,154,000	1,691,658	4.8	13.3	10.4
200	05	2,382,480	1,789,692	5.8	14.5	10.9
VC		050.000	F70 0 40			
199		856,630	579,940	5.7	7.7	5.2
199		890,430	604,340	3.6	7.9	5.4
200	1 SEC 000	904,750	761,810 761,151	2.0	8.1 8.6	6.8
200 200		932,750 986,160	761,151 785,354	-0.1 3.2	9.1	7.0
200		1,032,940	807,418	3.2 2.8	9.1	7.2 7.5
200 200		1,121,130 1,166,610	862,610 881,554	6.8 2.2	10.7 11.1	8.3 8.4

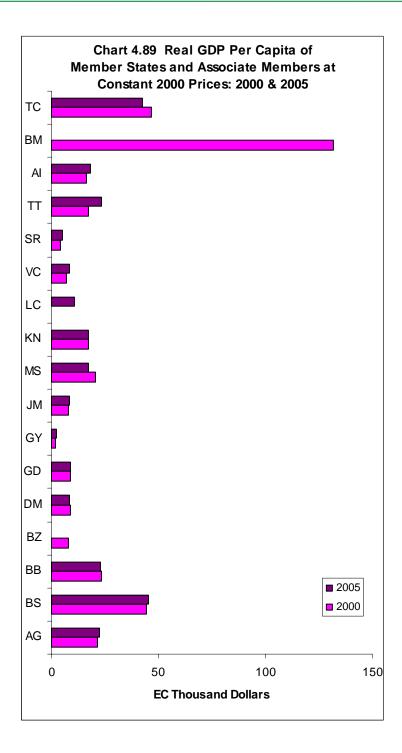
Notes: 1/Refers to Constant 2000 Prices.

Table 4.27 Cont'd Selected GDP Indicators: 1998 – 2005

Country Year Reporting Currency Current Prices Constant Rate	th	<u> </u>	
Controller Frides 4/ Date		Current	Constant
Prices 1/ Rate	е	Prices	Prices 1/
SR			
1998 359,887,723 900,861,578	-5.0	847.6	2121.7
1999 568,708,170 2,189,610,511	-3.7	1,321.8	5089.0
2000 1,024,430,000 918,723,900	4.2	2,208.6	1980.7
2001 \$SF '000 1,447,944,000 1,600,719,457	6.1	3,080.3	3405.3
2002 2,234,553,000 1,751,848,273	2.5	*	3678.1
2003 2,867,643,000 2,095,174,216	6.9	· ·	4300.6
2004 3,489,032,000 2,340,382,572	7.4	,	4748.9
TT 4,278,374,000 2,474,805,182	5.9	8,581.8	4964.1
1998 38,455,952.3 38,730,171	5.6	12.9	13.0
1999 42,584,723.3 41,406,507	7.1		13.8
2000 51,371,000.0 51,368,000	6.9		40.7
2001 \$TT '000 55,006,000.0 52,868,868	4.2	43.4	41.7
2002 511 000 56,290,000.0 57,161,065	7.9	44.1	44.8
	13.4	55.2	51.0
2004 79,825,600.0 69,709,097	6.5		54.0
2005 95,057,000.0 69,709,097	7.0	73.4	53.9
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS			
Al			
1998 209,226 170,460	5.2	19.6	16.0
1999 232,950 185,210	8.7	21.3	16.9
1.5F(, (UUU) 1 1 1	-0.3		16.4
2001 239,780 190,760	3.3		16.5
	-3.1	20.3	15.5
2003 252,750 190,140	2.8		15.6 17.7
	16.4 10.9		17.7
BM	10.3	20.0	10.0
1998 3,052,904 2,852,186	3.4	49.9	46.6
1999 3,272,452 2,966,575	3.6		48.3
2000 \$BM '(000) 3,377,929 3,026,768	2.0		48.8
2001 3,540,420 3,074,521	1.6		49.6
2002 3,715,123 3,136,085	2.0	60.1	50.8
TC			
	13.2		
1999 184,147 108,005	2.7		
2000 \$US '(000) 319,443 319,443 319,443	3.3		
2001 358,745 341,900 2002 366,708 345,900	7.0 1.2		
2002 306,706 345,900 2003 409,754 378,200	9.3		
	9.3 11.4		
	13.9		

Women and Men in the Caribbean Community: Facts and Figures, 1998-2005





Appendix 1
Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24			25 - 29	
	•	Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	2,761	2,489	5,250	2,627	2,404	5,031	2,866	2,443	5,309
BS										
DD	2000	13,084	13,355	26,439	12,632	12,140	24,772	13,794	13,110	26,904
ВВ	4000	40.000	0.700	40.700	0.400	0.000	40.000	40.400	40.400	00.500
	1998	10,000	9,700	19,700	9,400 10,000	9,600	19,000	10,100	10,400 10,200	20,500
	1999 2000	10,400	10,100	20,500 18,636		9,700 8,913	19,700	9,600 9,980	•	19,800
	2000	9,202 9,400	9,434 9,900	19,300	8,891 9,300	9,600	17,804 18,900	10,400	9,758 10,000	19,738 20,400
	2001	9,400	9,800	19,300	9,300 8,900	9,800	18,700	9,800	9,400	19,200
BZ	2002	9,000	9,000	19,400	0,900	9,000	10,700	9,000	9,400	19,200
52	1998	17,200	17,285	34,485	9,740	9,310	19,050	9,685	7,125	16,810
	1999	16,550	17,180	33,730		9,380	19,700	8,705	7,605	16,310
	2000	15,432	15,628	31,060	10,627	10,053	20,680	9,273	8,866	18,139
	2001	17,014	17,357	34,371	10,747	10,277	21,024	9,480	8,894	18,374
	2002	17,946	17,570	35,516	10,441	10,214	20,655	10,264	8,678	18,942
DM										
	1999	2,992	3,793	6,785	1,967	2,140	4,107	2,664	2,861	5,525
	2001	3,239	3,255	6,494	2,078	2,323	4,401	2,448	2,475	4,923
GD										
	1998	4,257	4,504	8,761	3,771	3,494	7,265	2,949	3,452	6,401
	2001	4,745	4,602	9,347	3,156	3,281	6,437	2,714	2,933	5,647
GY										
	2002	33,429	33,484	66,913	32,505	31,896	64,401	30,858	30,220	61,078
JM	4000	400.004	470 400	0.44.057	400.007	405.007	000 404	045.070	400 400	100 150
	1998	169,231	172,426	341,657	138,227	125,237	263,464	*	190,190	406,159
	1999	169,620	173,260	342,880	,	126,548	267,411	216,491	191,501	407,991
	2000	174,342	171,967	346,309		125,768	262,052	171,474	216,471	387,944
	2001	189,844	180,095	369,939	138,386	132,968	271,354	211,451	197,634	409,086

Notes: Data for Jamaica refers to the age groups 14-19; 20-24 and 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	3,216	2,577	5,793	3,041	2,505	5,546	2,528	2,080	4,608
BS										
	2000	13,516	12,601	26,117	13,449	12,438	25,887	11,043	9,971	21,014
ВВ								=		
	1998	11,300	10,200	21,500		10,200	21,900	10,700	10,300	21,000
	1999	10,000	9,800	19,800		10,300	22,200	11,500	10,400	21,900
	2000	10,014	9,574	19,588	11,102	10,155	21,257	10,511	9,544	20,055
	2001	9,500	9,900	19,400	11,300	10,000	21,300	11,800	10,400	22,200
D.7	2002	10,000	9,300	19,300	10,900	10,200	21,100	12,400	10,300	22,700
BZ	4000	0.445	7.040	45.455	7.045	0.045	40.000	5.005	F 400	40.405
	1998	8,145	7,010	15,155		6,645	13,990	5,265	5,160	10,425
	1999	7,950	7,450	15,400		7,080	14,965	6,250	5,715	11,965
	2000	7,977	7,703	15,680	6,859	6,883	13,742	5,281	5,616	10,897
	2001	9,131	8,015	17,146	*	7,610	16,162	6,101	6,236	12,337
DM	2002	9,601	8,340	17,941	8,423	7,779	16,202	6,678	6,838	13,516
DIVI	1999	2,459	2,310	4,769	2,356	2,691	5,047	2,008	2,543	4,551
	2001	2,459 2,702	2,310 2,750	5,452	2,388	2,091 2,704	5,047 5,092	2,008 2,003	2,343 2,304	4,307
GD	2001	2,702	2,750	3,432	2,300	2,704	5,092	2,003	2,304	4,307
GD	1998	3,453	3,177	6,630	3,303	2,862	6,165	2,221	2,294	4,515
	2001	2,676	2,754	5,430	2,899	3,058	5,957	2,651	2,822	5,473
GY	2001	2,070	2,704	0,700	2,000	3,000	0,307	2,001	Z,UZZ	0,470
•	2002	28,858	29,077	57,935	26,299	26,431	52,730	23,153	23,330	46,483
JM		_0,000	_0,017	0.,000	_0,_00	_0,701	02,100	20,100	_0,000	70,100
	1998				122,653	117,745	240,399			
	1999				123,434	119,043	242,476			
	2000				124,531	120,252	244,782			
	2001				124,204	120,491	244,695			

Notes: Data for Jamaica refers to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49			50 - 54			55 - 59	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	1,911	1,677	3,588	1,432	1,279	2,711	1,088	895	1,983
BS										
	2000	8,210	7,617	15,827	6,229	5,749	11,978	5,374	4,768	10,142
ВВ	4000			40.000	0.700		40.000	- 400		
	1998	8,700	7,500	16,200		6,300	13,000	5,100	4,300	9,400
	1999	8,800	8,100	16,900		6,800	14,100	5,300	4,300	9,600
	2000	8,767	8,007	16,774	7,075	6,563	13,638	5,207	4,376	9,583
	2001	10,200	8,900	19,100		7,800	16,200	5,900	5,300	11,200
BZ	2002	10,600	9,400	20,000	8,600	8,000	16,600	5,700	5,300	11,000
BZ	1998	4,050	4,240	8,290	3,345	3,545	6,890	2,755	2,925	5,680
	1999	4,030	4,475	8,555		3,650	7,280	2,733	2,925	5,345
	2000	4,000 4,018	4,280	8,298	2,879	3,140	6,019	2,092	2,333	4,425
	2001	4,903	4,698	9,601	3,777	4,240	8,017	2,326	2,777	5,103
	2002	5,103	5,217	10,320	4,082	4,480	8,562	2,629	2,530	5,159
DM	2002	0,100	0,211	10,020	1,002	1, 100	0,002	2,020	2,000	0,100
	1999	1,824	1,695	3,519	1,619	1,547	3,166	1,086	1,547	2,633
	2001	1,570	1,856	3,426	1,315	1,396	2,711	1,147	1,153	2,300
GD						·			·	
	1998	1,922	2,083	4,005	1,736	1,873	3,609	1,289	1,053	2,342
	2001	1,946	2,159	4,105	1,537	1,571	3,108	1,205	1,112	2,317
GY										
	2002	17,862	17,946	35,808	13,944	14,203	28,147	9,150	8,977	18,127
JM										
	1998	81,589	81,914	163,503				67,290	63,725	131,015
	1999	81,597	82,222	163,819				67,383	64,576	131,958
	2000	82,645	83,069	165,713		•••		68,787	65,375	134,163
	2001	82,269	84,227	166,496				80,894	66,667	147,561

Notes: Data for Jamaica refers to the age groups 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74 ^{b/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	846	715	1,561	710	599	1,309	623	487	1,110
BS										
	2000	4,261	3,750	8,011	9,254	6,523	15,777			
ВВ										
	1998	5,400	3,900	9,300	13,800	10,700	24,500	5,000	3,600	8,600
	1999	4,800	4,000	8,800	13,300	10,300	23,600	5,600	3,400	9,000
	2000	4,956	3,969	8,925	4,671	3,648	8,319	4,441	3,208	7,649
	2001	5,600	4,200	9,800	12,700	9,500	22,200	5,600	3,200	8,800
	2002	4,800	4,100	8,900	14,000	9,900	23,900	5,000	3,400	8,400
BZ	4000	0.405	0.455	4.040	F 000	E 40E	44.405			
	1998	2,485	2,455	4,940	5,620	5,485	11,105		•••	
	1999	2,295	2,205	4,500	6,225	6,380	12,605		•••	
	2000 2001	1,735 2,422	2,117 2,242	3,852	4,932	4,812	9,744		•••	
	2001	-	2,242 2,457	4,664	5,999 6.105	6,450 6,370	12,449		•••	
DM	2002	2,339	2,457	4,796	6,195	6,379	12,574			
DIVI	1999	1,291	1,293	2,584	4,692	3,560	8,252			
	2001	1,200	974	2,304 2,174	3,937	3,070	7,007		•••	
GD	2001	1,200	314	2,174	3,331	3,070	7,007	•••	•••	•••
0.0	1998	1,773	1,515	3,288	5,619	4,209	9,828			
	2001	1,427	1,257	2,684	4,456	3,369	7,825			
GY		.,	-,	_,	,,	0,000	1,020			
	2002	7,815	7,189	15,004	6,168	5,573	11,741	4,578	3,964	8,542
JM		•	•		,	•		ŕ	•	•
	1998				98,370	82,759	181,128			
	1999				100,599	83,878	184,477			
	2000				104,706	84,722	189,428			
	2001				114,839	96,941	211,780			

Notes: a/ Data for The Bahamas, Belize, Dominica, Grenada and Jamaica refers to the age group 65+.
b/ Data for Barbados for the years 1998;1999;2001 and 2002 refers to the age group 70+.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		No	ot Stated	t	Total	Populatio	n 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	457	391	848	680	436	1,116	24	23	47	24,810	21,000	45,810
BS													
	2000							550	864	1,414	111,396	102,886	214,282
ВВ													
	1998						•••				107,900	96,700	204,600
	1999										108,500	97,400	205,900
	2000	3,360	2,310	5,670	4,973	2,800	7,773				103,150	92,259	195,409
	2001										110,100	98,700	208,800
D.7	2002	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	110,300	98,900	209,200
BZ	4000								405	405	75.005	74.040	4.47.005
	1998					•••	•••	60	125	185	,	71,310	147,005
	1999 2000							0	0	0 0	76,330	74,025	150,355
	2000		•••	•••		•••		0	0 0	0	71,105 80,452	71,431 78,796	142,536 159,248
	2001			•••				84	85	169	83,785	80,567	164,352
DM	2002				•••			04	03	109	03,703	00,307	104,332
DIN .	1999										24,958	25,980	50,938
	2001										24,027	24,260	48,287
GD	2007		•••	•••		•••					21,021	2 1,200	.0,20.
-	1998	l						150	105	255	32,443	30,621	63,064
	2001										29,412	28,918	58,330
GY												,	
	2002	6,528	5,212	11,740				2,555	2,838	5,393	243,702	240,340	484,042
JM													
	1998										893,330	833,996	1,727,326
	1999										899,986	841,027	1,741,013
	2000										862,767	867,624	1,730,391
	2001										941,886	879,024	1,820,910

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24		2	25 - 29 ^{a/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	124	148	272	92	109	201	150	167	317
KN										
	2001	2,212	2,124	4,336	1,898	1,925	3,823	1,896	1,843	3,739
LC	1998	0 705	0 105	16.010	6 110	7 500	12 610	10 105	10.065	22 000
	1990	8,725 8,675	8,185 8,095	16,910 16,770	6,110 6,975	7,500 6,730	13,610 13,705	12,135 11,775	10,865 10,000	23,000 21,775
	2000	7,880	8,400	16,770		6,325	12,635	11,775	10,000	22,175
	2000 2001	8,437	8,328	16,260 16,765	6,762	6,738	12,033 13,500	6,661	6,243	12,904
	2002	9,295	7,480	16,775	6,815	7,645	14,460	12,350	11,935	24,285
	2003	7,537	7,400	15,232		6,680	12,462		12,407	24,810
	2004	7,500	7,930	15,430		6,855	12,905	11,737	10,830	22,567
VC		,,,,,,	,,,,,,	10, 100	0,000	0,000	,000	,	.0,000	,00.
	2001	5,617	5,676	11,293	4,740	4,975	9,715	4,165	4,350	8,515
SR										
	2004	22,713	23,108	45,821	21,096	21,988	43,084	18,726	18,638	37,364
TT										
	1998	64,700	68,600	133,300	52,200	52,900	105,100	46,300	46,000	92,300
	1999	68,500	68,300	136,800	51,900	55,700	107,600	46,400	46,200	92,600
	2000	67,200	73,100	140,300	55,400	<i>57,200</i>	112,600	45,700	46,600	92,300
	2001	65,100	68,400	133,500	55,100	57,000	112,100	48,700	48,100	96,800
	2002	64,800	66,900	131,700	55,000	56,600	111,600	48,000	46,800	94,800
	2003	60,500	63,200	123,700	60,700	59,500	120,200	50,800	53,000	103,800
	2004	62,200	63,800	126,000	58,600	61,900	120,500	48,300	52,300	100,600
	2005	59,500	57,600	117,100	59,900	65,300	125,200	49,400	55,200	104,600
	2006	54,900	55,400	110,300	60,900	63,000	123,900	50,600	58,200	108,800
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	491	475	966	413	372	785	433	437	870
ВМ										
	1998	1,672	1,680	3,352	1,904	1,936	3,840	2,792	2,720	5,512
	1999	1,713	1,732	3,445	1,865	1,872	3,737	2,732	2,706	5,438
	2000	1,766	1,776	3,542	1,665	1,557	3,222	2,411	2,250	4,661
	2001	1,785	1,825	3,610	1,826	1,805	3,631	2,705	2,656	5,361
	2002	1,717	1,712	3,429	1,856	1,844	3,700	2,718	2,676	5,394
TC								,		
	2001	652	636	1288	741	634	1375	1,023	1,001	2024

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia for the period 1998-2000 and 2002-2004 refers to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34		:	35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	169	175	344	171	207	378	152	171	323
KN										
	2001	1,780	1,870	3,650	1,836	1,917	3,753	1,728	1,697	3,425
LC	1998				9,345	0 565	17,910			
	1990		•••		9,3 4 5 11,180	8,565 8,580	19,760			•••
	2000		•••		10,820	10,100	20,920			•••
	2000 2001	6,200	5,833	12,033	5,920	5,516	11,436	4,695	4,507	9,202
	2007				10,180	9,620	19,800	•	•	
	2002			•••	12,815	11,272	24,087			•••
	2004			•••	12,362	10,680	23,042			
VC	2004	•••	•••	•••	12,002	10,000	20,042	•••	•••	•••
	2001	3,654	4,018	7,672	3,875	4,194	8,069	3,248	3,447	6,695
SR				-						
	2004	19,049	19,493	38,542	17,977	18,877	36,854	16,246	17,394	33,640
TT										
	1998	50,000	49,600	99,600	48,800	47,600	96,400	45,200	46,200	91,400
	1999	46,000	46,400	92,400	50,800	48,600	99,400	44,500	45,400	89,900
	2000	46,500	44,000	90,500	51,000	48,600	99,600	44,100	44,000	88,100
	2001	43,200	45,200	88,400	49,400	50,200	99,600	45,300	46,500	91,800
	2002	43,900	44,500	88,400	48,300	46,400	94,700	47,800	51,200	99,000
	2003	38,600	43,500	82,100	44,100	47,100	91,200	47,400	45,600	93,000
	2004	41,600	43,100	84,700	47,500	43,600	91,100	49,500	47,000	96,500
	2005	42,000	41,900	83,900	42,900	39,000	81,900	49,400	47,200	96,600
	2006	42,200	42,200	84,400	42,200	39,000	81,200	47,100	45,500	92,600
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	505	491	996	533	506	1039	452	427	879
вм										
	1998	3,187	2,892	6,079	2,983	2,922	5,905	2,805	2,519	5,324
	1999	3,075	2,852	5,927	2,939	2,949	5,888	2,816	2,576	5,392
	2000	2,754	2,707	5,461	3,157	3,071	6,228	2,912	2,706	5,618
	2001	3,024	2,783	5,807	2,879	2,967	5,846	2,921	2,688	5,609
	2002	3,067	2,799	5,866	2,815	2,867	5,682	2,975	2,673	5,648
TC										
	2001	1,139	1,177	2316	998	1,073	2071	763	827	1590

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia for the period 1998-2000 and 2002-2004 refers to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	4	15 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54		55 - 59 ^{a/}			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
	2001	139	194	333	112	166	278	101	133	234	
KN											
1.0	2001	1,263	1,368	2,631	789	822	1,611	595	587	1,182	
LC	1998	6,885	5,615	12,500				4,710	4,000	8,710	
	1999	6,430	5,970	12,300		•••	•••	4,710	3,855	7,990	
	2000	7,090	6,585	13,675	•••		•••	4,135	3,800	8,475	
	2001	3,497	3,497	6,994	2,947	 2,794	5,741	2,507	2,241	4,748	
	2002	6,980	5,235	12,215		2,704		4,425	3,990	8,415	
	2003	7,965	7,715	15,680				4,975	4,272	9,247	
	2004	6,968	7,962	14,930				5,895	4,522	10,417	
VC		2,222	.,	,				2,000	.,	10,111	
	2001	2,314	2,415	4,729	1,795	1,938	3,733	1,390	1,393	2,783	
SR											
	2004	12,928	12,473	25,401	10,444	9,824	20,268	7,991	6,896	14,887	
TT											
	1998	33,600	35,800	69,400	28,600	31,500	60,100	21,700	20,700	42,400	
	1999	34,800	33,200	68,000	30,000	35,200	65,200	22,500	23,200	45,700	
	2000	39,100	37,600	76,700	31,200	34,400	65,600	24,300	25,200	49,500	
	2001	41,000	39,200	80,200	33,300	34,200	67,500	24,700	25,000	49,700	
	2002	41,400	42,000	83,400	36,300	34,400	70,700	24,600	25,900	50,500	
	2003	40,600	46,600	87,200	37,400	36,800	74,200	28,700	29,500	58,200	
	2004	40,500	45,200	85,700	38,100	39,000	77,100	27,700	29,900	57,600	
	2005	39,800	46,100	85,900	38,500	35,300	73,800	29,600	29,100	58,700	
	2006	43,900	44,800	88,700	40,400	40,300	80,700	27,500	29,800	57,300	
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS										
Al											
	2001	350	364	714	232	235	467	156	164	320	
вм											
	1998	2,335	2,174	4,509	1,760	1,652	3,412	1,448	1,341	2,789	
	1999	2,366	2,210	4,576	1,794	1,689	3,483	1,483	1,385	2,868	
	2000	2,408	2,327	4,735	2,152	1,994	4,146	1,722	1,538	3,260	
	2001	2,507	2,291	4,798	1,875	1,747	3,622	1,537	1,479	3,016	
	2002	2,549	2,331	4,880	1,845	1,657	3,502	1,576	1,446	3,022	
TC											
	2001	557	610	1167	370	440	810	224	283	507	

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia for the period 1998-2000 and 2002-2004 refers to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64 ^{a/}			65 - 69 ^{b/}			70 - 74 ^{c/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	88	104	192	61	72	133	65	89	154
KN										
	2001	580	488	1,068	2,105	1,572	3,677			
LC										
	1998				6,885	6,310	13,195			
	1999				7,330	5,805	13,135			
	2000	0.447	4 00 4		8,765	7,785	16,550		4 000	
	2001	2,147	1,894	4,041	1,993	1,727	3,720	1,489	1,369	2,858
	2002		•••	•••	9,740	8,415	18,155	•••	•••	•••
	2003				9,480	8,532	18,012			
VC	2004				9,438	8,462	17,900		•••	•••
VC	2001	1,424	1,310	2,734	1,325	1,226	2,551	3,022	2,167	5,189
SR	2001	1,424	1,310	2,734	1,323	1,220	2,001	3,022	2,107	5,169
Six	2004	7,009	6,145	13,154						
TT	2004	7,003	0,140	10,104	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
	1998	18,200	17,800	36,000	46,600	41,200	87,800			
	1999	16,900	18,500	35,400	49,800	43,200	93,000			
	2000	16,500	17,500	34,000	46,200	40,700	86,900			
	2001	18,000	18,400	36,400	50,100	43,600	93,700			
	2002	18,900	20,200	39,100	54,100	43,800	97,900			
	2003	21,200	20,200	41,400	50,300	45,000	95,300			
	2004	21,600	19,900	41,500	54,600	39,800	94,400			
	2005	23,500	21,800	45,300	61,200	46,300	107,500			
	2006	21,600	24,000	45,600	57,400	47,100	104,500			
ACCOUNTED	IEMDEDO									
ASSOCIATE N	IENIBERS									
Al	2001	160	142	202	125	158	202	332	242	E7F
ВМ	2001	100	143	303	123	130	283	33∠	243	575
₽ 171	1998	1,357	1,202	2,559	1,123	977	2,100	2,456	1,569	4,025
	1999	1,357	1,165	2,518		2,612	6,296			
	2000	1,333	1,103	2,61 7	1,276	1,056	2,332	2,700	1,690	4,390
	2001	1,353	1,229 1,119	2,472	3,739	2,725	6,464	2,700	1,090	4,390
	2002	1,345	1,166	2,511	3,770	2,640	6,410			
TC	2002	1,010	1,100	2,011	3,770	2,010	3,110			***
	2001	143	145	288	125	114	239	298	220	518
	ata for Sur		1.10		120	- 117	200	200		0.0

Notes: a/ Data for Suriname refers to the age group 60-64.

b/ Data for St. Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia (1998-2000 & 2002-2004) and Trinidad and Tobago and Bermuda (1999; 2001 & 2002) refers to the age group **45-54 and 55-64.**

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.1 (A) Population 15 years and over: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d	Total	Populatio	n 15+
	Tear	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS													
	2001	135	138	273							1,559	1,873	3,432
KN													
	2001										16,682	16,213	32,895
LC													
	1998										54,795	51,040	105,835
	1999										56,500	49,035	105,535
	2000										57,475	53,235	110,710
	2001	1,315	1,094	2,409	2,168	1,513	3,681				56,738	53,294	110,032
	2002										59,785	54,320	114,105
	2003										60,957	58,573	119,530
	2004										59,950	57,241	117,191
VC													
	2001										36,569	37,109	73,678
SR	2004										454470	454.000	200.045
TT	2004	•••	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	154,179	154,836	309,015
11	1998										455,900	457,900	913,800
	1990									•••	462,100	463,900	926,000
				•••		•••				•••	•	-	
	2000 2001									•••	467,200 473,900	468,900 475,800	936,100 949,700
	2001									•••	483,100	478,700	961,800
	2002										480,300	490,000	970,300
	2003										490,200	485,500	975,700
	2004									•••	490,200	484,800	980,500
	2005			•••						•••	495,700	489,300	978,000
	2000	'								•••	400,700	409,300	970,000
ASSOCIATE N	IEMBERS												
Al													
	2001										4,182	4,015	8,197
BM													
	1998										25,822	23,584	49,406
	1999										25,820	23,748	49,568
	2000										26,311	23,901	50,212
	2001										26,151	24,085	50,236
	2002										26,233	23,811	50,044
TC													
	2001										7,033	7,160	14,193

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

AG Zool 507 671 1,178 1,987 2,080 4,067 2,418 2,315 4, BS 1998 2,950 4,000 6,950 7,465 7,435 14,900 17,905 17,170 35, 1999 4,340 5,900 10,240 9,205 10,315 19,520 23,940 24,395 48, 2000 3,553 5,140 8,693 9,289 10,301 19,590 11,409 11,952 23,940 24,395 48, 200 49, 2002 3,585 6,070 9,655 8,515 12,085 20,600 25,870 24,020 49, 200 49, 2002 3,895 4,450 8,345 10,260 10,060 20,320 25,020 24,705 49, 200 49, 2004 4,160 4,475 8,635 10,525 11,505 22,030 25,020 24,705 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49,	Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24			25 - 29 ^{a/}	
BS 1998 2,950 4,000 6,950 7,465 7,435 14,900 17,905 17,170 35, 1999 4,340 5,900 10,240 9,205 10,315 19,520 23,940 24,395 48, 2000 3,553 5,140 8,693 9,289 10,301 19,590 11,409 11,952 23, 2001 3,585 6,070 9,655 8,515 12,085 20,600 25,870 24,020 49, 2003 4,665 5,645 10,310 10,485 11,165 21,650 24,845 23,690 48, 2004 4,160 4,475 8,635 10,525 11,505 22,030 23,520 24,220 47, 8888 2004 4,160 4,475 8,635 10,525 11,505 22,030 23,520 24,220 47, 8888 2000 2,515 3,481 5,996 6,745 7,571 14,316 35,231 36,726 71, 2001 3,000 4,000 7,000 7,500 8,600 15,900 8,500 9,000 17, 82 1999 3,750 8,065 11,815 5,705 8,370 14,075 4,405 7,390 11, 2000 5,170 8,106 13,276 5,754 9,112 14,866 4,947 8,526 13, 2002 3,553 7,623 11,036 5,611 9,077 14,688 4,987 8,512 13, 2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, 300 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,			Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
BS 1998	AG										
1998		2001	507	671	1,178	1,987	2,080	4,067	2,418	2,315	4,733
1999	BS										
2000					· ·	-		· ·	· ·	17,170	35,075
BB 1998					· ·	-				•	48,335
BB 1998						-	-	-	-	-	23,361
BB 1998					· ·			· ·			49,890
BB 1998											49,725
BB 1998					· ·				· ·		48,535
1998		2004	4,160	4,475	8,635	10,525	11,505	22,030	23,520	24,220	47,740
1999	ВВ										
2000 2,515 3,481 5,996 6,745 7,571 14,316 35,231 36,726 71, 2001 3,000 4,000 7,000 7,500 8,200 15,700 9,400 9,500 18, 2002 2,700 3,600 6,300 7,300 8,600 15,900 8,500 9,000 17, BZ 1998 4,205 8,155 12,360 5,130 8,235 13,365 5,430 6,930 12, 1999 3,750 8,065 11,815 5,705 8,370 14,075 4,405 7,390 11, 2000 5,170 8,106 13,276 5,754 9,112 14,866 4,947 8,526 13, 2001 3,513 7,523 11,036 5,611 9,077 14,688 4,987 8,512 13, 2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1								The state of the s			19,200
BZ 1998					· ·			The state of the s			18,200
BZ 1998					-	-			-	-	71,957
BZ 1998											18,900
1998 4,205 8,155 12,360 5,130 8,235 13,365 5,430 6,930 12, 1999 3,750 8,065 11,815 5,705 8,370 14,075 4,405 7,390 11, 2000 5,170 8,106 13,276 5,754 9,112 14,866 4,947 8,526 13, 2001 3,513 7,523 11,036 5,611 9,077 14,688 4,987 8,512 13, 2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,		2002	2,700	3,600	6,300	7,300	8,600	15,900	8,500	9,000	17,500
1999 3,750 8,065 11,815 5,705 8,370 14,075 4,405 7,390 11, 2000 5,170 8,106 13,276 5,754 9,112 14,866 4,947 8,526 13, 2001 3,513 7,523 11,036 5,611 9,077 14,688 4,987 8,512 13, 2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,	BZ										
2000 5,170 8,106 13,276 5,754 9,112 14,866 4,947 8,526 13, 2001 3,513 7,523 11,036 5,611 9,077 14,688 4,987 8,512 13, 2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,					· ·			· ·			12,360
2001 3,513 7,523 11,036 5,611 9,077 14,688 4,987 8,512 13, 2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,											11,795
2002 3,554 7,680 11,234 4,862 9,107 13,969 4,879 8,210 13, DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,473
DM 1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,					· ·		•	· ·			13,499
1999 820 1,929 2,749 1,537 1,886 3,423 1,926 2,649 4, 2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,		2002	3,554	7,680	11,234	4,862	9,107	13,969	4,879	8,210	13,089
2001 548 966 1,514 1,336 1,852 3,188 1,571 2,164 3,	DM	4000		4 000	0 = 10	4	4 000	0.400	4 000		
					· ·			The state of the s			4,575
		2001	548	966	1,514	1,336	1,852	3,188	1,571	2,164	3,735
GD 4000 4054 0004 0400 0000 0004 0000 0005 5	GD	4000	4.054	0.004	0.400	0.000	0.044	0.000	0.000	0.005	5.004
											5,694
	0 V	2001	967	1,528	2,495	2,224	2,919	5,143	1,972	2,751	4,723
GY 2002 7,604 15,753 23,357 13,230 27,527 40,757 12,009 27,752 39,	GY	2002	7 604	4E 7E2	22 257	12 220	27 527	40.757	12 000	27 752	39,761
JM	IM	2002	7,004	15,755	23,337	13,230	21,321	40,757	12,009	21,132	39,701
	O.W.	1998	30,800	46 900	77 700	99 800	105 700	205 500	170 400	180 300	350,700
					· ·	-		· ·	· ·		346,600
			•				•	·	· ·	•	346,900
											342,600

Notes: a/ Data for Jamaica refers to the age groups 14-19.

b/ Data for Barbados refer to age group 25-44 for the year 2000.

Data for The Bahamas refer to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	2,725	2,457	5,182	2,539	2,401	4,940	2,155	1,964	4,119
BS										
	1998				15,435	14,675	30,110			
	1999				20,710	20,435	41,145			
	2000	11,302	11,729	23,031	11,373	11,572	22,945	9,182	9,329	18,511
	2001				23,075	21,460	44,535			
	2002				22,745	22,685	45,430			
	2003				23,730	23,010	46,740			
	2004				24,395	22,820	47,215			
BB										
	1998	10,200	9,800	20,000	10,400	9,800	20,200	9,300	9,700	19,000
	1999	8,900	9,500	18,400	10,400	9,900	20,300	9,900	10,100	20,000
	2000								•••	
	2001	8,400	9,600	18,000	9,800	9,600	19,400	10,400	10,100	20,500
	2002	8,700	8,800	17,500	9,700	9,800	19,500	10,800	9,900	20,700
BZ										
	1998	4,110	6,790	10,900	3,870	6,480	10,350	2,685	4,985	7,670
	1999	3,940	7,235	11,175	4,085	6,865	10,950	3,165	5,520	8,685
	2000	4,229	7,420	11,649	3,741	6,631	10,372	2,862	5,322	8,184
	2001	4,568	7,756	12,324	4,313	7,444	11,757	3,285	5,997	9,282
	2002	4,629	8,129	12,758	4,000	7,516	11,516	3,307	6,593	9,900
DM										
	1999	1,865	2,289	4,154	1,823	2,416	4,239	1,598	2,331	3,929
	2001	1,720	2,460	4,180	1,533	2,460	3,993	1,303	2,095	3,398
GD										
	1998	2,781	3,051	5,832	2,482	2,715	5,197	1,717	2,147	3,864
	2001	1,899	2,613	4,512	2,030	2,879	4,909	1,831	2,636	4,467
GY										
	2002	11,202	26,954	38,156	10,782	24,478	35,260	9,805	21,597	31,402
JM					00.000	440.000	040.005			
	1998				98,000	112,800	210,800			
	1999				98,500	111,900	210,400			
	2000				99,500	114,600	214,100	•••	•••	
	2001				97,500	112,900	210,400			

Notes: Data for The Bahamas (1998-1999 & 2001-2004) and Jamaica refer to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49			50 - 54			55 - 59	
	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	1,550	1,504	3,054	1,097	1,175	2,272	729	776	1,505
BS										
	1998	6,785	7,250	14,035				3,320	3,665	6,985
	1999	10,385	12,010	22,395				4,535	6,115	10,650
	2000	6,581	7,063	13,644	4,564	5,173	9,737	3,376	4,023	7,399
	2001	11,585	13,185	24,770				5,360	5,305	10,665
	2002	12,265	14,135	26,400				5,665	6,445	12,110
	2003	13,785	14,105	27,890				6,055	7,015	13,070
	2004	15,020	15,780	30,800				6,515	8,280	14,795
ВВ										
	1998	7,100	7,100	14,200	5,000	5,800	10,800	3,100	3,700	6,800
	1999	7,300	7,500	14,800	5,100	6,200	11,300	3,400	3,400	6,800
	2000	12,263	13,439	25,703				4,655	5,961	10,615
	2001	8,900	8,500	17,400	6,400	7,200	13,600	3,900	4,500	8,400
	2002	9,100	9,000	18,100	6,700	7,200	13,900	3,400	4,400	7,800
BZ										
	1998	1,675	4,075	5,750	1,200	3,235	4,435	950	2,635	3,585
	1999	1,750	4,275	6,025	1,325	3,390	4,715	820	2,550	3,370
	2000	2,000	4,028	6,028	1,277	2,851	4,128	711	1,978	2,689
	2001	2,463	4,489	6,952	1,362	3,920	5,282	869	2,394	3,263
	2002	2,326	4,937	7,263	1,636	4,181	5,817	606	2,263	2,869
DM										
	1999	1,434	1,589	3,023	840	1,420	2,260	553	1,356	1,909
	2001	1,008	1,670	2,678	743	1,181	1,924	443	878	1,321
GD										
	1998	1,362	1,915	3,277	1,101	1,578	2,679	598	800	1,398
	2001	1,282	1,937	3,219	840	1,356	2,196	505	847	1,352
GY										
	2002	7,447	16,329	23,776	5,277	12,380	17,657	2,539	6,865	9,404
JM										
	1998	61,600	77,900	139,500				36,000	52,000	88,000
	1999	60,300	77,700	138,000				34,500	52,500	87,000
	2000	60,000	78,500	138,500				34,600	54,000	88,600
-	2001	63,100	78,500	141,600				39,800	56,800	96,600

Notes: Data for The Bahamas (1998-1999; 2001-2004), Barbados and Jamaica refer to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69 a/			70 - 74 ^{b/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	361	493	854	191	288	479	109	288	397
BS										
	1998				850	1,285	2,135			
	1999				1,085	1,720	2,805			
	2000	1,637	2,452	4,089	949	1,891	2,840			
	2001				1,005	1,640	2,645			
	2002				1,305	2,215	3,520			
	2003				1,325	2,750	4,075			
	2004				1,220	2,690	3,910			
ВВ										
	1998	1,300	2,200	3,500	400	600	1,000	100	400	500
	1999	1,600	2,400	4,000	300	800	1,100	100	400	500
	2000				639	1,308	1,947			
	2001	1,800	2,400	4,200	500	800	1,300	300	600	900
	2002	1,600	2,400	4,000	400	700	1,100	400	700	1,100
BZ										
	1998	730	1,930	2,660	655	2,475	3,130			
	1999	560	1,805	2,365	715	3,525	4,240			
	2000	460	1,570	2,030	646	2,278	2,924			
	2001	580	1,712	2,292	735	3,322	4,057			
	2002	481	1,816	2,297	540	2,808	3,348			
DM										
	1999	450	890	1,340	758	869	1,627			
	2001	274	515	789	353	792	1,145			
GD										
	1998	504	1,031	1,535	616	1,073	1,689			
	2001	300	641	941	406	739	1,145			
GY										
	2002	1,356	3,728	5,084	636	1,845	2,481	252	764	1,016
JM										
	1998				18,100	38,400	56,500			
	1999		•••		16,800	38,500	55,300		•••	
	2000				17,800	36,600	54,400			
	2001				17,800	41,200	59,000			

Notes: a/ Data refers to the age group 65+ for all countries except Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados and Guyana.
b/ Data refers to the age group 70+ for Barbados and Guyana.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d	Total	Population	on 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	42	176	218	10	70	80	8	7	15	16,428	16,665	33,093
BS													
	1998							600	580	1,180	55,310	56,060	111,370
	1999							1,240	1,310	2,550	75,440	82,200	157,640
	2000										73,215	80,625	153,840
	2001							875	1,040	1,915	79,870	84,805	164,675
	2002							850	1,280	2,130	82,005	85,975	167,980
	2003							985	540	1,525	85,875	87,920	173,795
	2004							700	505	1,205	86,055	90,275	176,330
ВВ													
	1998										66,900	71,700	138,600
	1999										66,800	72,900	139,700
	2000										62,047	68,487	130,534
	2001										70,300	75,000	145,300
	2002										69,300	74,100	143,400
BZ													
	1998							30	110	140	30,670	56,035	86,705
	1999							0	0	0	30,220	58,990	89,210
	2000							0	0	0	31,797	57,822	89,619
	2001							0	0	0	32,286	62,146	94,432
	2002							42	70	112	30,862	63,310	94,172
DM													
	1999										13,604	19,624	33,228
	2001										10,832	17,033	27,865
GD													
	1998							75	84	159	17,844	23,171	41,015
	2001										14,256	20,846	35,102
GY													
	2002	139	520	659				795	2,161	2,956	83,073	188,653	271,726
JM	4000										E44 700	044.000	4 400 700
	1998										514,700	614,000	1,128,700
	1999										498,900	616,700	1,115,600
	2000										493,700	615,200	1,108,900
	2001										485,300	620,500	1,105,800

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24			25 - 29 a/	
	. oui	Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	43	60	103	73	91	164	109	134	243
KN										
	2001	593	787	1,380	1,540	1,661	3,201	1,576	1,628	3,204
LC										
	1998	2,985	3,460	6,445	4,600	6,605	11,205	9,750	10,190	19,940
	1999	3,055	3,490	6,545	5,720	6,085	11,805	9,745	9,505	19,250
	2000	2,850	3,250	6,100	5,270	5,805	11,075	9,980	9,705	19,685
	2001	2,426	3,750	6,176	4,459	5,706	10,165	4,605	5,606	10,211
	2002	2,480	2,235	4,715	5,165	6,315	11,480	9,775	10,655	20,430
	2003	2,575	3,052	5,627	4,878	5,950	10,828	10,395	11,392	21,787
1/0	2004	2,250	3,170	5,420	4,820	6,000	10,820	9,813	10,122	19,935
VC	2001	1,187	2,567	3,754	2,635	4,242	6,877	2,485	3,864	6,349
SR		.,	_,-,	-,	_,	-,	-,		-,	2,2 12
	2004	2,670	5,839	8,510	6,786	13,678	20,464	8,667	14,884	23,552
TT										
	1998	13,900	27,100	41,000	33,900	47,100	81,000	30,700	43,600	74,300
	1999	14,200	27,000	41,200	34,400	49,400	83,800	31,000	43,900	74,900
	2000	14,000	29,100	43,100	37,000	50,600	87,600	29,100	43,300	72,400
	2001	11,800	25,200	37,000	35,700	50,100	85,800	32,300	46,000	78,300
	2002	12,800	21,900	34,700	36,900	49,200	86,100	32,600	44,800	77,400
	2003	12,700	23,200	35,900	41,300	49,900	91,200	38,400	50,800	89,200
	2004	12,800	21,300	34,100	44,000	54,800	98,800	34,600	50,700	85,300
	2005	14,300	21,700	36,000	43,400	57,700	101,100	37,700	52,500	90,200
	2006	14,100	17,800	31,900	41,200	53,400	94,600	37,800	54,300	92,100
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	206	228	434	331	354	685	375	415	790
ВМ										
	1999	679	630	1,309	1,331	1,150	2,481	2,184	2,099	4,283
	2000	677	718	1,395	1,234	1,246	2,480	2,095	2,134	4,229
	2001	481	513	994	1,135	1,018	2,153	1,967	1,969	3,936
	2002	436	432	868	1,140	909	2,049	1,916	1,926	3,842
TC	2004	260	200	E64	E0E	E70	1 161	920	076	4 700
	2001	262	299	561	585	579	1,164	820	976	1,796

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refer to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
	. oui	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	128	154	282	132	153	285	112	145	257
KN										
	2001	1,525	1,739	3,264	1,600	1,782	3,382	1,462	1,550	3,012
LC										
	1998				7,555	8,160	15,715			
	1999				8,995	8,215	17,210			
	2000				8,990	9,685	18,675			
	2001	4,275	5,311	9,586	4,045	5,010	9,055	3,218	4,017	7,235
	2002				7,985	8,880	16,865			
	2003				10,647	10,553	21,200			
	2004				10,210	9,945	20,155			
VC										
	2001	2,197	3,628	5,825	2,395	3,783	6,178	1,973	3,116	5,089
SR	2004	10,291	17,255	27,546	10,023	16,968	26,991	9,245	15,516	24,761
TT										
	1998	32,400	47,100	79,500	31,100	45,400	76,500	27,600	44,200	71,800
	1999	29,300	44,300	73,600	33,000	46,200	79,200	26,900	43,100	70,000
	2000	28,900	42,200	71,100	32,400	46,000	78,400	26,800	42,100	68,900
	2001	28,600	42,900	71,500	30,400	47,600	78,000	29,000	43,700	72,700
	2002	29,100	42,500	71,600	30,500	44,300	74,800	30,700	48,800	79,500
	2003	25,800	41,300	67,100	27,000	45,100	72,100	29,400	43,000	72,400
	2004	30,700	41,500	72,200	32,900	42,400	75,300	31,300	44,900	76,200
	2005	29,600	40,500	70,100	30,500	37,200	67,700	32,900	45,100	78,000
	2006	31,000	40,700	71,700	30,900	37,700	68,600	33,400	43,400	76,800
ASSOCIATE N	IEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	437	464	901	460	480	940	385	397	782
вм										
	1999	2,525	2,666	5,191	2,786	2,935	5,721	2,679	2,629	5,308
	2000	2,379	2,628	5,007	2,725	2,985	5,710	2,570	2,619	5,189
	2001	2,504	2,708	5,212	2,540	2,939	5,479	2,727	2,691	5,418
	2002	2,494	2,768	5,262	2,551	2,889	5,440	2,726	2,764	5,490
TC										
	2001	903	1,140	2,043	798	1,038	1,836	597	<i>7</i> 95	1,392

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refers to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54			55 - 59 ^{a/}	
	1001	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	99	148	247	80	106	186	39	72	111
KN	0001	4 04 4	4 050	0.000	500	754	4.044	246	407	200
LC	2001	1,014	1,252	2,266	590	754	1,344	346	487	833
20	1998	4,760	5,490	10,250				2,055	2,930	4,985
	1999	4,540	5,535	10,075				1,840	2,825	4,665
	2000	4,965	6,170	11,135				2,235	2,700	4,935
	2001	2,276	3,149	5,425	1,631	2,373	4,004	1,098	1,719	2,817
	2002	5,060	4,705	9,765	·	·	·	2,025	2,750	4,775
	2003	5,667	7,030	12,697				1,850	2,985	4,835
	2004	5,225	7,060	12,285				2,592	3,248	5,840
VC										
	2001	1,370	2,133	3,503	912	1,657	2,569	492	1,032	1,524
SR										
	2004	6,970	10,933	17,903	5,086	8,156	13,242	3,136	4,923	8,059
TT										
	1998	18,700	33,100	51,800	12,300	28,100	40,400	7,700	15,300	23,000
	1999	20,100	30,700	50,800	14,100	32,100	46,200	7,300	16,900	24,200
	2000	22,300	35,300	57,600	15,400	30,700	46,100	8,100	19,200	27,300
	2001	22,800	37,100	59,900	15,400	31,200	46,600	8,900	18,700	27,600
	2002	24,200	39,600	63,800	18,200	30,900	49,100	8,900	20,400	29,300
	2003	25,900	43,100	69,000	19,500	31,800	51,300	11,000	21,700	32,700
	2004	28,000	43,000	71,000	23,900	35,500	59,400	12,800	22,300	35,100
	2005	27,000	43,000	70,000	23,900	32,500	56,400	14,500	23,500	38,000
	2006	28,200	42,500	70,700	23,800	36,400	60,200	14,200	24,000	38,200
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	269	338	607	168	204	372	84	130	214
ВМ										
	1999	2,140	2,092	4,232	1,741	1,783	3,524	1,157	1,311	2,468
	2000	2,117	2,208	4,325	1,800	1,875	3,675	1,217	1,353	2,570
	2001	2,324	2,196	4,520	1,848	1,861	3,709	1,317	1,458	2,775
	2002	2,343	2,303	4,646	1,893	1,908	3,801	1,397	1,509	2,906
тс										
	2001	429	577	1,006	262	397	659	139	251	390

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refer to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64		(65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74 ^{b/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	21	42	63	10	19	29	10	13	23
KN										
	2001	187	323	510	211	428	639			
LC										
	1998				875	2,515	3,390	•••		
	1999				1,280	2,240	3,520			
	2000				1,610	2,790	4,400	•••		
	2001	585	1,089	1,674	1,117	1,862	2,979			
	2002				2,210	3,275	5,485			
	2003				2,025	3,073	5,098			
	2004				1,662	2,675	4,337			
VC	2001	309	705	1.011	400	431	640	133	245	478
SR	2001	309	705	1,014	188	431	619	133	345	4/6
SK	2004	609	1,473	2,082						
TT			·	ŕ						
	1998	3,400	7,600	11,000	2,200	6,100	8,300			
	1999	2,400	7,600	10,000	2,700	6,800	9,500			
	2000	2,900	8,200	11,100	2,800	6,500	9,300			
	2001	2,500	8,000	10,500	2,600	6,200	8,800			
	2002	2,700	8,900	11,600	2,700	5,600	8,300			
	2003	4,500	8,900	13,400	2,400	6,400	8,800			
	2004	4,700	9,000	13,700	2,700	5,700	8,400			
	2005	5,200	9,800	15,000	2,700	7,500	10,200			
	2006	4,900	10,600	15,500	2,500	5,400	7,900			
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
AI	LINDLING									
,	2001	55	92	147	29	78	107	28	42	70
ВМ										
	1999	783	923	1,706	647	979	1,626			
	2000	833	952	1,785	383	546	929	291	393	684
	2001	806	952	1,758	647	996	1,643			
	2002	839	988	1,827	669	1,015	1,684			
TC										
	2001	81	118	199	31	66	97	39	93	132

Notes: a/ Data refers to the age group 65+ for St. Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia and Trinidad and Tobago.
b/ Data refers to the age group 70+ for St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Anguilla, Bermuda and Turks and Caicos Islands.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.2 (A) Economically Active Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d	Total	Population	on 15+
	. oui	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS													
0	2001	5	9	14				_	_	_	861	1,146	2,007
KN												,	,
	2001										10,644	12,391	23,035
LC													
	1998										32,580	39,350	71,930
	1999										35,175	37,895	73,070
	2000										35,900	40,105	76,005
	2001										29,735	39,592	69,327
	2002										34,700	38,815	73,515
	2003										38,037	44,035	82,072
	2004										36,572	42,220	78,792
VC													
	2001										16,276	27,503	43,779
SR													
	2004										63,484	109,626	173,110
TT													
	1998						•••				213,900	344,700	558,600
	1999						•••				215,400	348,000	563,400
	2000				•••		•••	•••		•••	219,700	353,200	572,900
	2001						•••				220,000	356,700	576,700
	2002						•••				229,300	356,900	586,200
	2003										237,900	365,200	603,100
	2004										258,400	371,100	629,500
	2005										261,700	371,000	632,700
	2006						•••				262,000	366,200	628,200
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS												
Al													
	2001										2,827	3,222	6,049
вм													•
	1999										18,652	19,197	37,849
	2000										18,321	19,657	37,978
	2001										18,296	19,301	37,597
	2002										18,404	19,411	37,815
TC													
	2001										4,946	6,329	11,275

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 ^{a/}			20 - 24		,	25 - 29 ^{b/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	322	467	789	1,634	1,781	3,415	2,188	2,148	4,336
BS										
	1998	2,000	3,470	5,470	6,005	6,715	12,720	16,650	15,960	32,610
	1999	2,980	4,960	7,940	7,590	9,535	17,125	21,660	22,870	44,530
	2000	2,930	4,492	7,422	8,395	9,457	17,852	10,843	11,350	22,193
	2001	2,915	5,055	7,970	7,180	10,550	17,730	23,960	22,765	46,725
	2002	2,795	3,370	6,165	8,255	8,545	16,800	22,790	22,375	45,165
	2003	2,910	4,270	7,180	7,965	9,130	17,095	22,105	21,310	43,415
	2004	2,470	3,170	5,640	8,265	9,620	17,885	20,715	21,950	42,665
ВВ										
	1998	1,800	2,800	4,600	5,800	7,300	13,100	7,100	9,100	16,200
	1999	2,100	3,300	5,400	6,200	7,400	13,600	7,000	9,000	16,000
	2000	1,765	2,661	4,426	5,761	6,762	12,523	33,032	35,380	68,412
	2001	1,900	3,000	4,900	5,900	6,700	12,600	8,300	8,500	16,800
BZ	4000			0 = 40			40 -0-			40 -00
	1998	2,290	6,220	8,510	3,695	7,070	10,765	4,655	6,125	10,780
	1999	2,120	6,625	8,745	4,050	7,275	11,325	3,530	6,710	10,240
	2000	1,899	5,632	7,531	3,626	7,734	11,360	3,575	7,766	11,341
	2001	2,281	6,609	8,890	4,531	8,316	12,847	4,191	8,227	12,418
DM	2002	2,498	6,159	8,657	3,590	8,122	11,712	3,945	7,745	11,690
DIVI	1999	492	1,081	1 570	1,045	1,441	2 496	1 610	2,289	3,908
	2001	327	609	1,573 936	1,045 1,075	1,441 1,476	2,486 2,551	1,619 1,415	2,209 1,878	3,906
GD	2001	321	009	930	1,075	1,470	2,551	1,410	1,070	3,293
GD	1998	579	1,452	2,031	1,979	2,631	4,610	1,736	3,010	4,746
	2001	645	1,110	1,755	1,844	2,489	4,333	1,775	2,501	4,276
GY	2001	040	1,110	1,700	1,044	2,403	7,000	1,770	2,301	4,270
0.	2002	4,087	10,791	14,878	10,260	23,622	33,882	10,197	25,330	35,527
JM		.,	,	,	. 3,203	,	,	. 3,		
	1998	8,000	29,300	37,300	62,500	86,800	149,300	135,700	167,800	303,500
	1999	9,300	31,000	40,300	55,300	85,400	140,700	129,200	168,900	298,100
	2000	10,100	25,900	36,000	55,900	86,500	142,400	129,300	169,400	298,700
	2001	8,700	24,100	32,800	53,100	85,900	139,000	126,100	169,000	295,100

Notes: a/ Data for Jamaica refers to the age groups 14-19.

Data for Barbados refers to the age group 25-44.

b/ Data for The Bahamas and Jamaica refers to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34		:	35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	2,499	2,315	4,814	2,367	2,261	4,628	2,034	1,862	3,896
BS										
	1998				14,685	14,375	29,060			
	1999				19,400	20,020	39,420			
	2000	10,890	11,303	22,193	11,031	11,178	22,209	8,946	9,066	18,012
	2001				22,015	20,690	42,705			
	2002				21,060	21,685	42,745			
	2003				21,760	21,555	43,315			
	2004				22,955	21,360	44,315			
ВВ										
	1998	8,500	9,200	17,700	9,000	9,300	18,300	8,400	9,200	17,600
	1999	8,000	8,900	16,900	9,300	9,300	18,600	8,900	9,700	18,600
	2000									
	2001	7,500	9,100	16,600	8,700	9,100	17,800	9,400	9,700	19,100
BZ										
	1998	3,330	6,320	9,650	3,220	6,075	9,295	2,335	4,655	6,990
	1999	3,310	6,985	10,295	3,550	6,475	10,025	2,890	5,190	8,080
	2000	3,276	6,827	10,103	2,857	6,072	8,929	2,208	4,850	7,058
	2001	3,979	7,523	11,502	3,881	7,106	10,987	2,862	5,706	8,568
	2002	4,202	7,699	11,901	3,613	7,092	10,705	3,004	6,336	9,340
DM										
	1999	1,414	2,098	3,512	1,516	2,183	3,699	1,332	2,183	3,515
	2001	1,583	2,189	3,772	1,441	2,217	3,658	1,239	1,914	3,153
GD										
	1998	2,184	2,841	5,025	2,165	2,526	4,691	1,493	2,063	3,556
	2001	1,724	2,416	4,140	1,882	2,705	4,587	1,713	2,463	4,176
GY										
	2002	9,882	25,098	34,980	9,735	22,854	32,589	9,067	20,186	29,253
JM										
	1998				87,100	107,400	194,500			
	1999				86,300	105,500	191,800			
	2000				83,600	107,900	191,500			
	2001				84,500	109,000	193,500			

Notes: a/ Data for The Bahamas(1998-1999 & 2001-2004) and Jamaica refer to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	4	15 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54		Ę	55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	1,477	1,409	2,886	1,057	1,104	2,161	703	729	1,432
BS										
	1998	6,545	7,020	13,565				3,220	3,435	6,655
	1999	9,940	11,505	21,445				4,360	5,805	10,165
	2000	6,419	6,840	13,259	4,478	5,032	9,510	3,330	3,897	7,227
	2001	11,100	12,490	23,590				5,210	4,920	10,130
	2002	11,880	13,210	25,090				5,350	5,945	11,295
	2003	13,100	13,245	26,345				5,820	6,475	12,295
	2004	13,845	14,785	28,630				6,420	7,880	14,300
ВВ										
	1998	6,400	6,700	13,100	4,500	5,500	10,000	2,900	3,500	6,400
	1999	6,700	7,200	13,900	4,700	5,900	10,600	3,200	3,200	6,400
	2000	11,783	13,087	24,870				4,519	5,801	10,320
	2001	8,200	8,000	16,200	5,900	6,900	12,800	3,700	4,300	8,000
BZ										
	1998	1,530	3,860	5,390	1,115	3,155	4,270	935	2,420	3,355
	1999	1,645	4,045	5,690	1,145	3,115	4,260	630	2,340	2,970
	2000	1,537	3,626	5,163	975	2,571	3,546	511	1,750	2,261
	2001	2,286	4,329	6,615	1,284	3,789	5,073	796	2,265	3,061
	2002	2,161	4,761	6,922	1,583	4,015	5,598	564	2,194	2,758
DM										
	1999	1,147	1,462	2,609	779	1,314	2,093	430	1,250	1,680
	2001	972	1,546	2,518	720	1,106	1,826	427	812	1,239
GD	4000	4 005	4.070	0.400	050	4 404	0.000	500	750	4 004
	1998	1,325	1,873	3,198	952	1,431	2,383	523	758	1,281
61/	2001	1,209	1,820	3,029	795	1,271	2,066	474	785	1,259
GY	0000	0.007	45.045	00.000	4.000	44 570	40.500	0.000	0.404	0.700
10.4	2002	6,987	15,245	22,232	4,969	11,570	16,539	2,398	6,401	8,799
JM	1000	F6 000	74.400	120 400				22 600	E0 100	92 700
	1998	56,000	74,400	130,400		•••		33,600	50,100	83,700
	1999	55,500	74,700	130,200	•••	•••		33,600	49,500	83,100
	2000	53,800	76,400	130,200		•••		33,700	50,800	84,500
	2001	58,900	75,400	134,300				37,200	54,200	91,400

Notes: a/ Data for The Bahamas(1998-1999 & 2001-2004) and Jamaica refer to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	348	467	815	188	270	458	108	270	378
BS										
	1998				850	1,210	2,060			
	1999				1,085	1,640	2,725			
	2000	1,622	2,368	3,990	941	1,860	2,801			
	2001				1,005	1,605	2,610			
	2002				1,305	2,090	3,395			
	2003				1,285	2,665	3,950			
	2004				1,220	2,510	3,730			
ВВ										
	1998	1,300	2,200	3,500	400	600	1,000	100	400	500
	1999	1,500	2,300	3,800	300	800	1,100	100	400	500
	2000				628	1,296	1,924			
	2001	1,700	2,300	4,000	500	800	1,300	300	600	900
BZ										
	1998	625	1,755	2,380	605	2,325	2,930			
	1999	540	1,670	2,210	665	3,250	3,915			
	2000	333	1,407	1,740	412	2,002	2,414			
	2001	539	1,591	2,130	694	3,086	3,780			
	2002	467	1,720	2,187	498	2,669	3,167			
DM										
	1999	430	890	1,320	758	869	1,627			
	2001	263	481	744	346	775	1,121			•••
GD										
	1998	429	1,031	1,460	616	1,031	1,647			
	2001	284	607	891	396	708	1,104			
GY										
	2002	1,277	3,496	4,773	600	1,743	2,343	238	729	967
JM										
	1998				17,700	37,900	55,600			
	1999				15,700	36,900	52,600			
	2000				16,700	35,600	52,300			
	2001				17,200	39,000	56,200			

Notes: a/ Data refers to the age group 65+ for all countries except for Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados and Guyana.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot Stated	t	Total	Populati	on 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	41	171	212	14	69	83	7	7	14	14,987	15,330	30,317
BS													
	1998							575	555	1,130	50,530	52,740	103,270
	1999							1,090	910	2,000		77,245	145,350
	2000							172	366	538	69,997	77,209	147,206
	2001							845	1,005	1,850	· '	79,080	153,310
	2002							850	1,195	2,045		78,415	152,700
	2003							880	490	1,370		79,140	154,965
	2004							670	505	1,175	76,560	81,780	158,340
ВВ													
	1998										56,200	65,800	122,000
	1999										58,000	67,400	125,400
	2000										57,488	64,987	122,475
	2001										62,000	69,000	131,000
BZ													
	1998					•••		30	110	140		50,090	74,455
	1999			•••			•••	0	0	0	,	53,680	77,755
	2000			•••		•••	•••	0	0	0	21,209	50,237	71,446
	2001							0	0	0	, -	58,547	85,871
	2002							13	70	83	26,138	58,582	84,720
DM	4000										40.000	47.000	00.000
	1999	•••	•••	•••			•••				10,962	17,060	28,022
00	2001	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••				9,808	15,003	24,811
GD	1998							75	84	159	14.056	20,731	34,787
	2001			•••							· '		
GY	2001		•••	•••							12,741	18,875	31,616
Gi	2002	123	489	612				718	1,872	2,590	70 529	169,426	239,964
JM	2002	123	403	012		•••		7 10	1,012	2,090	70,336	103,420	233,304
0	1998										400 600	553,700	954,300
	1999					•••		•••				551,900	936,800
	2000		•••			•••	•••				383,100		935,600
	2000 2001		•••			•••		•••			<i>385,700</i>		942,300
	2001		•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	1000,700	550,000	342,300

Appendix 1 Cont'd
Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24			25 - 29 ^{a/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	29	46	<i>7</i> 5	63	80	143	98	116	214
KN										
	2001	495	660	1,155	1,445	1,560	3,005	1,532	1,560	3,092
LC										
	1998	880	1,665	2,545	2,775	4,565	7,340	1	8,625	15,880
	1999	1,300	1,910	3,210	3,930	4,495	8,425	7,970	8,485	16,455
	2000	1,255	1,745	3,000	3,585	4,390	7,975	7,960	8,770	16,730
	2001	1,729	2,515	4,244	3,584	4,460	8,044	4,054	4,809	8,863
	2002	1,010	965	1,975	3,565	4,735	8,300	7,375	9,290	16,665
	2003	850	1,747	2,597	2,843	4,538	7,381	7,678	9,437	17,115
VC	2004	823	1,450	2,273	3,030	4,318	7,348	7,158	8,382	15,540
VC	2001	517	1,245	1,762	1,825	2,853	4,678	2,005	2,968	4,973
SR	2001	317	1,245	1,702	1,020	2,000	4,070	2,005	2,900	4,973
OIX	2004	1,578	4,656	6,234	4,725	11,785	16,510	7,040	13,632	20,672
TT		.,	,,,,,,	-,	.,	,		1,010	,	,
	1998	8,100	18,300	26,400	24,100	38,600	62,700	24,700	39,100	63,800
	1999	7,700	19,700	27,400	25,900	40,000	65,900	25,200	38,300	63,500
	2000	6,805	15,116	21,921	22,673	34,240	56,913	22,683	35,710	58,393
	2001	6,900	19,200	26,100	27,300	41,700	69,000	26,900	41,700	68,600
	2002	7,700	16,700	24,400	28,800	42,000	70,800	27,100	41,200	68,300
	2003	7,600	18,500	26,100	33,600	42,700	76,300	34,500	46,300	80,800
	2004	9,900	17,200	27,100	35,700	47,000	82,700	32,100	48,500	80,600
	2005	10,700	19,400	30,100	37,400	51,500	88,900	34,900	50,300	85,200
	2006	10,600	15,800	26,400	37,100	50,200	87,300	34,600	52,600	87,200
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	155	189	344	293	333	626	355	393	748
ВМ		24 -	202	4.000	4 4=-	4 400	0.000		0.000	4 454
TC	2000	617	606	1,223	1,157	1,129	2,286	2,035	2,066	4,101
TC	2001	180	214	394	501	513	1,014	727	879	1,606

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refer to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34		:	35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	124	135	259	121	135	256	106	123	229
KN										
	2001	1,484	1,686	3,170	1,567	1,726	3,293	1,422	1,508	2,930
LC										
	1998				6,385	7,495	13,880			
	1999				7,800	7,470	15,270	•••		
	2000				7,480	9,050	16,530			
	2001	3,862	4,736	8,598	3,714	4,473	8,187	3,004	3,603	6,607
	2002				6,725	7,830	14,555			
	2003				8,402	9,458	17,860			
VO	2004				8,505	9,143	17,648			
VC	0004	4 0 40	0.040	4 700	0.440	0.404	<i>5</i> 077	4 770	0.040	4.440
CD	2001	1,843	2,943	4,786	2,116	3,161	5,277	1,772	2,640	4,412
SR	2004	8,965	16,282	25,247	9,027	16,151	25,178	8,485	14,853	23,338
TT	2004	0,903	10,202	25,241	9,021	10,131	25,176	0,405	14,000	23,330
••	1998	26,700	42,900	69,600	25,900	41,300	67,200	24,600	40,800	65,400
	1999	25,600	40,600	66,200		42,800	71,300	24,600	39,800	64,400
	2000	21,570	34,886	56,456	23,521	39,386	62,907	20,674	35,041	55,715
	2001	24,100	40,100	64,200	-	40,100	64,200	26,600	41,400	68,000
	2002	25,000	40,100	65,100		41,900	68,700	*	47,000	74,800
	2003	22,600	37,800	60,400		43,000	67,700	· ·	41,100	68,200
	2004	27,900	40,300	68,200	*	40,800	70,600	29,200	43,000	72,200
	2005	26,600	38,900	65,500	· ·	35,800	64,100	30,400	44,000	74,400
	2006	29,400	39,800	69,200	30,000	36,400	66,400	31,200	42,400	73,600
ASSOCIATE MEN	IBERS									
Al	2001	411	443	854	442	457	899	370	375	745
вм	_007							0.0		0
	2000	2,339	2,587	4,926	2,675	2,923	5,598	2,532	2,562	5,094
TC										
	2001	816	1,056	1,872	695	974	1,669	546	746	1,292

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refer to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd
Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	4	45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54			55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	93	125	218	78	88	166	37	60	97
KN										
	2001	992	1,223	2,215	583	736	1,319	342	472	814
LC	4000	4.000	E 00E	0.005				4 705	0.040	4.405
	1998	4,200	5,025	9,225	•••	•••	•••	1,785	2,640	4,425
	1999 2000	4,175 4,565	5,035 5,855	9,210 10,420				1,650 2,085	2,470 2,575	4,120 4,660
	2000 2001	2,118	2,793	4,911	 1,551	2,089	3,640	2,065 1,048	2,575 1,553	2,601
	2007	4,205	4,175	8,380	-	•	Í	1,690	2,430	4,120
	2002	4,449	6,143	10,592				1,543	2,430	4,128
	2003	4,350	6,410	10,760				2,162	2,858	5,020
vc	2001	1,000	0,110	10,700	•••	•••	•••	2,102	2,000	0,020
	2001	1,265	1,830	3,095	854	1,422	2,276	455	874	1,329
SR		·	,			•				·
	2004	6,528	10,529	17,057	4,853	7,872	12,725	3,026	4,765	7,791
TT										
	1998	16,400	30,600	47,000	11,000	26,600	37,600	7,100	14,300	21,400
	1999	17,400	29,000	46,400	12,800	30,600	43,400	6,700	15,800	22,500
	2000	15,791	28,884	44,675	11,018	23,033	34,051	6,130	14,157	20,287
	2001	21,500	35,700	57,200	14,100	30,000	44,100	8,300	17,700	26,000
	2002	22,300	37,400	59,700	16,800	29,400	46,200	8,700	19,300	28,000
	2003	23,300	40,700	64,000	17,700	28,900	46,600	10,300	20,100	30,400
	2004	25,800	41,700	67,500	22,600	33,900	56,500	11,900	22,200	34,100
	2005	25,400	41,600	67,000	22,500	31,500	54,000	13,700	23,200	36,900
	2006	26,500	41,800	68,300	22,500	35,700	58,200	13,900	23,600	37,500
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	261	322	583	160	198	358	80	119	199
ВМ	2000	2.004	2.460	4 257	4 774	4 022	2 607	4 202	4 22 4	2 522
тс	2000	2,091	2,166	4,257	1,774	1,833	3,607	1,202	1,324	2,526
10	2001	397	545	942	251	381	632	130	241	371

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refers to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

MS	Year 2001	Women	Men	Total				70 - 74			
MS	2001				Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
	2001										
		20	34	54	10	11	21	9	11	20	
KN											
	2001	181	316	497	210	423	633				
LC	1998				830	2,260	3,090				
	1999			•••	1,195	1,965	3,160				
	2000				1,505	2,650	4,155				
	2001	559	971	1,530	1,046	1,704	2,750				
	2002			·	1,850	2,680	4,530				
	2003				1,625	2,571	4,196				
	2004				1,400	2,277	3,677				
VC											
	2001	293	612	905	173	399	572	129	327	456	
SR	2224	-44	4.004	4 005							
TT	2004	541	1,394	1,935	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
11	1998	2,900	7,300	10,200	2,100	5,800	7,900				
	1999	2,200	7,200	9,400	2,600	6,800	9,400				
	2000	2,251	5,926	8,177	1,389	3,544	4,933	•••	•••	•••	
	2001	2,400	7,600	10,000	2,500	6,000	8,500				
	2002	2,600	8,500	11,100	2,600	5,400	8,000				
	2003	4,100	8,600	12,700	2,300	6,400	8,700				
	2004	4,600	8,400	13,000	2,600	5,700	8,300				
	2005	4,500	9,200	13,700	2,700	7,500	10,200				
	2006	4,800	10,200	15,000	2,200	5,400	7,600				
ASSOCIATE MEMI	BERS										
Al											
	2001	55	84	139	27	67	94	20	35	55	
ВМ				,						:	
TO	2000	825	937	1,762	377	541	918	290	281	571	
тс	2001	72	106	178	30	58	88	38	84	122	

Notes: a/ Data refers to the age group 65+ for all countries except for Montserrat, St. Vincent and the Grenadines and The Associate Members.

Appendix 1 Cont'd
Table 4.3 (A) Employed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot Stated	ł	Total	Population	on 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS													
	2001	5	8	13							793	972	1,765
KN													
	2001										10,253	11,870	22,123
LC													
	1998										24,110	32,275	56,385
	1999							•••			28,020	31,830	59,850
	2000										28,435	35,035	63,470
	2001		•••								26,269	33,706	59,975
	2002										26,420	32,105	58,525
	2003										27,390	36,479	63,869
1/2	2004										27,428	34,838	62,266
VC	0004										40.047	04.074	04.504
OD.	2001	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••	•••	13,247	21,274	34,521
SR	2004										E 4 760	101,919	156,687
TT	2004		•••	•••		•••				•••	54,700	101,919	130,007
••	1998										173,600	305 600	479,200
	1999		•••					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••	179,200		489,800
	2000		•••			•••		•••		•••	154,505		424,428
	2000			•••		•••					184,700		505,900
	2001	•••	•••					•••			196,200		525,100
	2002		•••			•••		•••		•••	207,800		541,900
	2003		•••			•••		•••			232,100		580,800
	2005	•••	•••					•••	•••		237,100		590,000
	2006		•••			•••					242,800		596,700
	2000		•••	•••		•••	•••		•••	•••	242,000	000,000	000,700
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS												
Al													
	2001										2,629	3,015	5,644
ВМ													
	2000										17,914	18,955	36,869
TC													
	2001										4,383	5,797	10,180

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24		:	25 - 29 ^{a/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	185	204	389	353	299	652	230	167	397
BS										
	1998	950	530	1,480	1,460	720	2,180	1,255	1,210	2,465
	1999	1,360	940	2,300	1,615	780	2,395	2,280	1,525	3,805
	2000	623	648	1,271	894	844	1,738	566	602	1,168
	2001	670	1,015	1,685	1,335	1,535	2,870	1,910	1,255	3,165
	2002	1,100	1,080	2,180	2,005	1,515	3,520	2,230	2,330	4,560
	2003	1,755	1,375	3,130	2,520	2,035	4,555	2,740	2,380	5,120
	2004	1,690	1,305	2,995	2,260	1,885	4,145	2,805	2,270	5,075
ВВ										
	1998	1,500	1,200	2,700	1,700	1,300	3,000	2,100	900	3,000
	1999	1,200	1,000	2,200	1,800	1,300	3,100	1,500	700	2,200
	2000	750	820	1,570	984	809	1,793	2,199	1,346	3,545
	2001	1,100	1,000	2,100	1,600	1,500	3,100	1,100	1,000	2,100
BZ										
	1998	1,915	1,935	3,850	1,435	1,165	2,600	775	805	1,580
	1999	1,630	1,440	3,070	1,655	1,095	2,750	875	680	1,555
	2000	3,271	2,474	5,745	2,128	1,378	3,506	1,372	760	2,132
	2001	1,232	914	2,146	1,080	761	1,841	796	285	1,081
	2002	1,056	1,521	2,577	1,272	985	2,257	934	465	1,399
DM										
	1999	328	848	1,176	492	445	937	307	360	667
	2001	221	357	578	261	376	637	156	286	442
GD										
	1998	672	779	1,451	989	610	1,599	653	295	948
	2001	322	418	740	380	430	810	197	250	447
GY										
	2002	3,517	4,962	8,479	2,970	3,905	6,875	1,812	2,422	4,234
JM										
	1998	22,800	17,600	40,400	37,300	18,900	56,200	34,700	12,500	47,200
	1999	17,500	16,300	33,800	42,600	20,900	63,500	34,900	13,600	48,500
	2000	16,400	15,200	31,600	36,500	19,900	56,400	33,600	14,600	48,200
	2001	15,600	13,900	29,500	30,900	23,400	54,300	32,700	14,800	47,500

Notes: a/ Data for Jamaica refers to the age groups 14-19.

b/ Data for Barbados refer to age group 25-44 for the year 2000.

Data for The Bahamas refer to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	226	142	368	172	140	312	121	102	223
BS										
	1998				750	300	1,050			
	1999				1,310	415	1,725			
	2000	412	426	838	342	394	736	236	263	499
	2001				1,060	770	1,830			
	2002				1,685	1,000	2,685			
	2003				1,970	1,455	3,425			
	2004				1,440	1,460	2,900			
ВВ										
	1998	1,700	600	2,300	1,400	500	1,900	900	500	1,400
	1999	900	600	1,500	1,100	600	1,700	1,000	400	1,400
	2000									
	2001	900	500	1,400	1,100	500	1,600	1,000	400	1,400
BZ										
	1998	780	470	1,250	650	405	1,055	350	330	680
	1999	630	250	880	535	390	925	275	330	605
	2000	953	593	1,546	884	559	1,443	654	472	1,126
	2001	589	233	822	432	338	770	423	291	714
	2002	427	430	857	387	424	811	303	257	560
DM										
	1999	451	191	642	307	233	540	266	148	414
	2001	137	271	408	92	243	335	64	181	245
GD										
	1998	597	210	807	317	189	506	224	84	308
	2001	175	197	372	148	174	322	118	173	291
GY										
	2002	1,320	1,856	3,176	1,047	1,624	2,671	738	1,411	2,149
JM	4000				40.000	5 400	40.000			
	1998				10,900	5,400	16,300			
	1999				12,200	6,400	18,600			
	2000				15,900	6,700	22,600			
	2001				13,000	3,900	16,900			

Notes: a/ Data for The Bahamas and Jamaica refer to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54		,	55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	73	95	168	40	71	111	26	47	73
BS										
	1998	240	230	470				100	230	330
	1999	445	505	950				175	310	485
	2000	162	223	385	86	141	227	46	126	172
	2001	485	695	1,180				150	385	535
	2002	385	925	1,310				315	500	815
	2003	685	860	1,545				235	540	775
	2004	1,175	995	2,170				95	400	495
ВВ										
	1998	700	400	1,100	500	300	800	200	200	400
	1999	600	300	900	400	300	700	200	200	400
	2000	480	353	833				135	160	295
	2001	700	500	1,200	500	300	800	200	200	400
BZ										
	1998	145	215	360	85	80	165	15	215	230
	1999	105	230	335	180	275	455	190	210	400
	2000	463	402	865	302	280	582	200	228	428
	2001	177	160	337	78	131	209	73	129	202
	2002	165	176	341	53	166	219	42	69	111
DM										
	1999	287	127	414	61	106	167	123	106	229
	2001	36	124	160	23	75	98	16	66	82
GD										
	1998	37	42	79	149	147	296	75	42	117
	2001	73	117	190	45	85	130	31	62	93
GY										
18.6	2002	460	1,084	1,544	308	810	1,118	141	464	605
JM	4000	F 000	2.500	0.400				0.400	4.000	4.000
	1998	5,600	3,500	9,100				2,400	1,900	4,300
	1999	4,800	3,000	7,800				900	3,000	3,900
	2000	6,200	2,100	8,300				900	3,200	4,100
	2001	4,200	3,100	7,300				2,600	2,600	5,200

Notes: a/ Data for The Bahamas and Jamaica refer to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64		(65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	13	26	39	3	18	21	1	18	19
BS										
	1998				0	75	75			
	1999				0	80	80			
	2000	15	84	99	8	31	39			
	2001				0	35	35			
	2002				0	125	125			
	2003				40	85	125			
	2004				0	180	180			
ВВ										
	1998	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-
	1999	100	100	200	0	0	0	-	-	-
	2000				11	12	23	-	-	-
	2001	100	100	200	0	0	0	-	-	-
BZ										
	1998	105	175	280	50	150	200			
	1999	20	135	155	50	275	325			
	2000	127	163	290	234	276	510		•••	
	2001	41	121	162	41	236	277			
	2002	14	96	110	42	139	181			
DM										
	1999	20	0	20	0	0	0			
	2001	11	34	45	7	17	24			
GD										
	1998	75	0	75	0	42	42			
	2001	16	34	50	10	31	41			
GY										
	2002	79	232	311	36	102	138	14	35	49
JM					40-	=0.5				
	1998				400	500	900	•••		
	1999				1,100	1,600	2,700	•••		
	2000				1,100	1,000	2,100			
	2001				600	2,200	2,800			

Notes: a/ Data refers to the age group 65+ for all countries except for Antigua and Barbuda and Guyana.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80 +		N	ot State	d	Total I	Populatio	on 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	1	5	6	О	1	1	1	0	1	1,445	1,335	2,780
BS													
	1998							25	25	50	4,780	3,320	8,100
	1999							150	400	550	7,335	4,955	12,290
	2000							5	13	18	3,395	3,795	7,190
	2001							30	35	65	5,640	5,725	11,365
	2002							0	85	85	7,720	7,560	15,280
	2003							105	50	155	10,050	8,780	18,830
	2004							30	0	30	9,495	8,495	17,990
ВВ													
	1998										10,700	5,900	16,600
	1999										8,800	5,500	14,300
	2000										4,559	3,500	8,059
	2001										8,300	6,000	14,300
BZ													
	1998							0	0	0	6,305	5,945	12,250
	1999							0	0	0	6,145	5,310	11,455
	2000							0	0	0	10,588	7,585	18,173
	2001							0	0	0	4,962	3,599	8,561
	2002							29	0	29	4,724	4,728	9,452
DM													
	1999										2,642	2,564	5,206
	2001										1,024	2,030	3,054
GD													
	1998										3,788	2,440	6,228
	2001										1,515	1,971	3,486
GY													
	2002	16	31	47				77	289	366	12,535	19,227	31,762
JM													
	1998										114,100	60,300	174,400
	1999										114,000	64,800	178,800
	2000										110,600	62,700	173,300
1	2001										99,600	63,900	163,500

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19			20 - 24			25 - 29 ^{a/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	14	14	28	10	11	21	11	18	29
KN										
	2001	98	127	225	95	101	196	44	68	112
LC	1998	2,105	1,795	3,900	1,825	2,040	3,865	2.405	1,565	4,060
	1998	2,105 1,755	1,795	3,335	1,825	2,040 1,590	3,380	2,495 1,775	1,020	2,795
	2000	1,795	1,505	3,100	1,685	1,415	3,100	2,020	935	2,755
	2001	697	1,235	1,932	875	1,246	2,121	551	797	1,348
	2002	1,470	1,270	2,740	1,600	1,580	3,180	2,400	1,365	3,765
	2003	1,725	1,305	3,030	2,035	1,412	3,447	2,717	1,955	4,672
	2004	1,427	1,720	3,147	1,790	1,682	3,472	2,655	1,740	4,395
VC										
	2001	670	1,322	1,992	810	1,389	2,199	480	896	1,376
SR	2004	1,092	1,183	2,276	2,061	1,893	3,954	1,627	1,252	2,880
TT							·			
	1998	5,800	8,800	14,600	9,800	8,500	18,300	6,000	4,500	10,500
	1999	6,500	7,300	13,800	8,500	9,400	17,900	5,800	5,600	11,400
	2000	3,049	3,710	6,759	4,326	4,749	9,075	2,303	2,446	4,749
	2001	4,900	6,000	10,900	8,400	8,400	16,800	5,400	4,300	9,700
	2002 2003	5,000 5,100	5,200 4,700	10,200 9,800	8,100 7,700	7,200	15,300	5,500 3,900	3,600 4,500	9,100
	2003	2,900	4,700 4,100	7,000	8,300	7,200 7,800	14,900 16,100	2,500	2,200	8,400 4,700
	2004	3,600	2,300	5,900	6,000	6,200	12,200	2,800	2,200	5,000
	2006	3,500	2,000	5,500	4,100	3,200	7,300	3,200	1,700	4,900
		-,	,	-,	,	- ,—	,2	-,	,	,2
ASSOCIATE N	IEMBERS									
Al	2001	51	39	90	38	21	59	20	22	42
ВМ	2000	60	112	172	77	117	194	60	68	128
TC	2000	00	112			.,,		00	30	,20
	2001	82	85	167	84	66	150	93	97	190

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refer to the age group 25-34.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	4	19	23	11	18	29	6	22	28
KN										
	2001	41	53	94	33	56	89	40	42	82
LC	4000				4.4-0					
	1998				1,170	665	1,835			
	1999				1,195	745	1,940		•••	
	2000 2001	 413	 575	988	1,510 331	635 537	2,145 868	214	 414	628
	2007				1,260	1,050	2,310			
	2002				2,245	1,095	3,340			
	2004				1,705	802	2,507			
vc	2001		•••		1,100	002	2,001		•••	•••
	2001	354	685	1,039	279	622	901	201	476	677
SR										
	2004	1,326	973	2,299	996	817	1,813	760	663	1,423
TT										
	1998	5,700	4,200	9,900	5,200	4,100	9,300	3,000	3,400	6,400
	1999	3,700	3,700	7,400	4,500	3,400	7,900	2,300	3,300	5,600
	2000	1,761	1,705	3,466	1,649	1,748	3,397	1,132	1,298	2,430
	2001	4,500	2,800	7,300	2,700	2,900	5,600	2,400	2,300	4,700
	2002	4,000	2,400	6,400	3,800	2,400	6,200	2,900	1,800	4,700
	2003	3,200	3,500	6,700	2,300	2,100	4,400	2,300	1,900	4,200
	2004	2,800	1,200	4,000	3,100	1,600	4,700	2,100	1,900	4,000
	2005 2006	3,000 1,600	1,600 900	4,600 2,500	2,200 900	1,400 1,300	3,600 2,200	2,500 2,200	1,100 1,000	3,600 3,200
	2006	1,000	900	2,500	900	1,300	2,200	2,200	1,000	3,200
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	2001	26	21	47	18	23	41	15	22	37
ВМ	2000	40	41	81	50	62	112	38	57	95
TC										
	2001	87	84	171	103	64	167	51	49	100

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refers to the age group 35-44.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54			55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	6	23	29	2	18	20	2	12	14
KN										
	2001	22	29	51	7	18	25	4	15	19
LC	4000		40=							
	1998		465	1,025				270	290	560
	1999		500	865				190	355	545
	2000 2001	400 158	315 356	715 514	80	 284	364	150 50	125 166	275 216
	2007		530	1,385				335	320	655
	2002		887	2,105				307	400	707
	2003	· ·	650	1,525				430	390	820
vc	2004	0/3	000	1,020	•••	•••		+30	330	020
	2001	105	303	408	58	235	293	37	158	195
SR										
	2004	442	404	846	233	284	517	110	158	268
TT										
	1998	2,300	2,500	4,800	1,300	1,500	2,800	600	1,000	1,600
	1999	2,700	1,700	4,400	1,300	1,500	2,800	600	1,100	1,700
	2000	766	1,049	1,815	410	768	1,178	221	500	721
	2001	1,300	1,400	2,700	1,300	1,200	2,500	600	1,000	1,600
	2002	2,000	2,200	4,200	1,400	1,400	2,800	300	1,000	1,300
	2003	2,600	2,400	5,000	1,800	2,900	4,700	700	1,600	2,300
	2004	2,200	1,300	3,500	1,300	1,600	2,900	900	100	1,000
	2005	1,600	1,400	3,000	1,400	1,000	2,400	800	300	1,100
	2006	1,700	700	2,400	1,300	700	2,000	300	400	700
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	8	16	24	8	6	14	4	11	15
ВМ	2000	26	42	68	26	42	68	15	29	44
TC										
	2001	32	32	64	11	16	27	9	10	19

Notes: a/ Data for Saint Lucia refers to the age group 45-54 and 55-64.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74 ^{b/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	1	8	9	0	8	8	1	2	3
KN										
	2001	6	7	13	1	5	6			
LC										
	1998				45	255	300			
	1999				85	275	360			•••
	2000				105	140	245	•••	•••	
	2001 2002	26	118	144	71 360	158 595	229 955			
	2002				400	595 502	902			
	2003				262	398	660			
VC	2004				202	390	000	•••	•••	•••
VO	2001	16	93	109	15	32	47	4	18	22
SR				.00		<u> </u>				
	2004	68	<i>7</i> 9	147						
TT										
	1998	500	300	800	100	300	400			
	1999	200	400	600	100	0	100			
	2000	74	233	307	14	60	74			
	2001	100	400	500	100	200	300			
	2002	100	400	500	100	100	200			
	2003	400	300	700	100	0	100			
	2004	100	600	700	100	0	100			
	2005	700	600	1,300	0	0	0			
	2006	100	400	500	300	0	300	•••		•••
ASSOCIATE N	IEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	0	8	8	2	11	13	8	7	15
вм										
	2000	8	15	23	6	5	11	1	112	113
TC										
	2001	9	12	21	1	8	9	1	9	10

Notes: a/ Data refers to the age group 65+ for all countries except for Montserrat, St. Vincent and the Grenadines and The Associate Members.

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.4 (A) Unemployed Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d	Total I	Populatio	n 15+
	Tour	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS													
	2001	0	1	1				0	0	0	68	174	242
KN													
	2001										391	521	912
LC	4000										0.470	7.075	45 545
	1998 1999		•••						•••	•••	8,470	7,075	15,545
	2000										7,155 7,465	6,065 5,070	13,220 12,535
	2000 2001		•••	•••		•••	•••		•••		3,466	5,070 5,886	9,352
	2002	•••		•••	•••	•••			•••		8,280	6,710	14,990
	2002										10,647	7,556	18,203
	2004										9,144	7,382	16,526
VC											2,	1,000	70,000
	2001										3,029	6,229	9,258
SR													
	2004										8,717	7,708	16,424
TT													
	1998										40,300	39,100	79,400
	1999										36,200	37,400	73,600
	2000										15,705	18,266	33,971
	2001										31,700	30,900	62,600
	2002										33,200	27,700	60,900
	2003										30,100	31,100	61,200
	2004		• • • •						•••		26,300	22,400	48,700
	2005	•••	•••			•••	•••		•••	•••	24,600	18,100	42,700
	2006										19,200	12,300	31,500
ASSOCIATE I	MEMBERS												
Al													
	2001										198	207	405
ВМ													
	2000										407	702	1,109
тс													
	2001										563	532	1,095

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 ^{a/}			20 - 24			25 - 29 ^{b/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	36.5	30.4	33.0	17.8	14.4	16.0	9.5	7.2	8.4
BS										
	1998	3.1	7.5	4.7	5.1	10.3	6.8	14.3	14.2	14.2
	1999	3.1	6.2	4.5	5.7	13.2	8.2	10.5	16.0	6.4
	2000	17.5	12.6	14.6	9.6	8.2	8.9	5.0	5.0	5.0
	2001	5.4	6.0	5.7	6.4	7.9	7.2	13.5	19.1	15.8
	2002	3.5	4.1	3.8	5.0	6.6	5.8	11.2	10.6	10.9
	2003	2.7	4.1	3.3	4.2	5.5	4.8	9.1	10.0	9.5
DD	2004	2.5	3.4	2.9	4.7	6.1	5.3	8.4	10.7	9.4
ВВ	4000	45.5	00.0	75.5	00.7	45.4	07.0	00.0	0.0	04.0
	1998	45.5	30.0	75.5	22.7	15.1	37.8	22.8	9.0	31.8
	1999 2000	36.4 29.8	23.3 23.6	59.7 26.2	22.5 14.6	14.9 10.7	37.4 12.5	17.6 6.2	7.2 3.7	24.8 4.9
	2000	2 9.8 36.7	23.0 25.0	2 0.2 61.7	21.3	18.3	39.6	0.∠ 11.7	10.5	4.9 22.2
BZ	2001	30.7	25.0	01.7	21.3	10.3	39.0	11.7	10.5	22.2
DZ	1998	45.5	23.7	31.1	28.0	14.1	19.5	14.3	11.6	12.8
	1990	43.5	17.9	26.0	29.0	13.1	19.5	19.9	9.2	13.2
	2000	63.3	30.5	43.3	37.0	15.1 15.1	23.6	27.7	9.2 8.9	15.2 15.8
	2001	35.1	12.1	19.4	19.2	8.4	12.5	16.0	3.3	8.0
	2002	29.7	19.8	22.9	26.2	10.8	16.2	19.1	5.7	10.7
DM	2002	20.7	10.0	22.0	20.2	10.0	10.2	10.1	0.7	10.7
J.III	1999	40.0	44.0	42.0	32.0	23.6	27.8	15.9	13.6	14.8
	2001	40.3	37.0	38.2	19.5	20.3	20.0	9.9	13.2	11.8
GD	2001	40.0	07.0	00.2	70.0	20.0	20.0	0.0	10.2	11.0
OD	1998	53.7	34.9	41.7	33.3	18.8	25.8	27.3	8.9	16.6
	2001	33.7 33.3	27.4	29.7	17.1	16.6 14.7	25.6 15.7	10.0	9.1	9.5
GY	2001	33.3	27.4	29.7	17.1	14.7	15.7	10.0	9.1	9.5
Gi	2002	46.3	31.5	36.3	22.4	14.2	16.9	15.1	8.7	10.6
JM	2002	40.3	31.3	30.3	22.4	14.2	10.9	15.1	0.7	10.6
JIVI	1998	74.0	37.5	52.0	37.4	17.9	27.3	20.4	6.9	13.5
	1998	65.3	37.5 34.5	52.0 45.6	37.4 43.5	17.9	31.1	20.4	6.9 7.5	14.0
	2000	61.9	34.5 370	46.7	43.5 39.5	18.7	28.4	20.6	7.5 7.9	13.9
	2000 2001	64.5	370 36.6	40.7 47.4	39.5 36.8	21.4	28.1	20.6 20.6	7.9 8.0	13.9 13.9
	2001	04.3	30.0	41.4	30.0	21.4	20.1	20.0	0.0	13.9

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	8.3	5.8	7.1	6.8	5.8	6.3	5.6	5.2	5.4
BS										
	1998				20.6	49.0	28.7			
	1999				15.8	49.2	23.9			
	2000		•••		3.0	3.4	3.2		•••	
	2001				21.8	27.9	24.3			
	2002			•••	13.5	22.7	16.9			
	2003				12.0	15.8	13.6			
	2004				16.9	15.6	16.3			
ВВ										
	1998		6.1	22.8	13.5	5.1	18.6	9.7	5.2	14.9
	1999	10.1	6.3	16.4	10.6	6.1	16.7	10.1	4.0	14.1
	2000								•••	
	2001	10.7	5.2	15.9	11.2	5.2	16.4	9.6	4.0	13.6
BZ										
	1998		6.9	11.5	16.8	6.3	10.2	13.0	6.6	8.9
	1999	16.0	3.5	7.9	13.1	5.7	8.4	8.7	6.0	7.0
	2000	22.5	8.0	13.3	23.6	8.4	13.9	22.9	8.9	13.8
	2001	12.9	3.0	6.7	10.0	4.5	6.5	12.9	4.9	7.7
	2002	9.2	5.3	6.7	9.7	5.6	7.0	9.2	3.9	5.7
DM										
	1999		8.3	16.3	16.8	9.6	13.2	16.6	6.3	11.5
	2001	8.0	11.0	9.8	6.0	9.9	8.4	4.9	8.6	7.2
GD										
	1998	21.5	6.9	13.8	12.8	7.0	9.7	13.0	3.9	8.0
	2001	9.2	7.5	8.2	7.3	6.0	6.6	6.4	6.6	6.5
GY										
	2002	11.8	6.9	8.3	9.7	6.6	7.6	7.5	6.5	6.8
JM										
	1998				11.1	4.8	7.7			
	1999				12.4	5.7	8.8			
	2000				16.0	5.8	10.6			
	2001				13.3	3.5	8.0			

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54			55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	4.7	6.3	5.5	3.6	6.0	4.9	3.6	6.1	4.9
BS										
	1998		31.5	30.0				33.2	15.9	21.2
	1999		23.8	23.6				25.9	19.7	22.0
	2000	2.5	3.2	2.8				1.4	3.1	2.3
	2001	23.9	19.0	21.0		•••		35.7	13.8	19.9
	2002		15.3	20.2		•••		18.0	12.9	14.9
	2003		16.4	18.1	•••	•••	•••	25.8	13.0	16.9
	2004	12.8	15.9	14.2				68.6	20.7	29.9
ВВ										
	1998		5.6	15.5	10.0	5.2	15.2	6.5	5.4	11.9
	1999		4.0	12.2	7.8	4.8	12.6	5.9	5.9	11.8
	2000	3.9	2.6	3.2	<u></u>	:-:		2.9	2.7	2.8
	2001	7.9	5.9	13.8	7.8	4.2	12.0	5.1	4.4	9.5
BZ										
	1998		5.3	6.3	7.1	2.5	3.7	1.6	8.2	6.4
	1999		5.4	5.6	13.6	8.1	9.7	23.2	8.2	11.9
	2000	23.2	10.0	14.3	23.6	9.8	14.1	28.1	11.5	15.9
	2001	7.2	3.6	4.8	5.7	3.3	4.0	8.4	5.4	6.2
	2002	7.1	3.6	4.7	3.2	4.0	3.8	6.9	3.0	3.9
DM										
	1999		8.0	14.3	7.3	7.5	7.4	22.2	7.8	15.0
	2001	3.6	7.4	6.0	3.1	6.4	5.1	3.6	7.5	6.2
GD										
	1998	2.7	2.2	2.4	13.5	9.3	11.5	12.5	5.3	8.4
	2001	<i>5.7</i>	6.0	5.9	5.4	6.3	5.9	6.1	7.3	6.9
GY										
	2002	6.2	6.6	6.5	5.8	6.5	6.3	5.6	6.8	6.4
JM	2302	J.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	- - - - - - - - - -
V	1998	9.1	4.5	6.5				6.7	3.7	4.9
	1999		3.9	5.7	•••	•••		2.6	5.7 5.7	4.5
	2000		2.7	6.0				2.6	5.7 5.9	4.6
	2000 2001	6.7	3.9	5.2	•••			6.5	4.6	5.4
	2001	0.7	3.9	J.Z				0.0	4.0	5.4

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	3.6	5.3	4.6	1.6	6.3	4.4	0.9	6.3	4.8
BS										
	1998				0.0	17.1	28.5			
	1999				0.0	22.0	35.0			
	2000		•••		0.8	1.6	1.4		•••	
	2001			•••	0.0	46.9	75.6			
	2002				0.0	17.7	28.2			
	2003			•••	33.1	32.4	32.6			
	2004				0.0	14.9	21.7			
ВВ										
	1998		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1999	6.3	4.2	10.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2000		•••		···	•••		···		
	2001	5.6	4.2	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BZ										
	1998	14.4	9.1	10.5	7.6	6.1	6.4			
	1999	3.6	7.5	6.6	7.0	7.8	7.7			
	2000	27.6	10.4	14.3	36.2	12.1	17.4			
	2001	7.1	7.1	7.1	5.6	7.1	6.8			
	2002	2.9	5.3	4.8	7.8	5.0	5.4			
DM										
	1999		0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0			
	2001	4.0	6.6	5.7	2.0	2.1	2.1		•••	•••
GD										
	1998	14.9	0.0	4.9	0.0	3.9	2.5			
	2001	5.3	5.3	5.3						
GY										
	2002	5.8	6.2	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.6			
JM										
	1998				2.2	1.3	1.6			
	1999				6.5	4.2	4.9			
	2000				6.2	2.7	3.9			
	2001				3.4	5.3	4.7			

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d		oyment rs and o	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	2.4	2.8	2.8	0.0	1.4	1.3	12.5	0.0	6.7	8.8	8.0	8.4
BS													
	1998							24.0	23.2	23.6	11.6	16.7	13.7
	1999							8.3	3.3	4.6	10.3	16.6	12.8
	2000										4.6	4.7	4.7
	2001							29.2	29.7	29.5	14.2	14.8	14.5
	2002							0.0	15.1	25.1	10.6	11.4	11.0
	2003							9.4	10.8	9.8	8.5	10.0	9.2
	2004							23.3	0.0	40.2	9.1	10.6	9.8
ВВ													
	1998										16.3	8.4	12.1
	1999										13.2	7.7	10.3
	2000					•••					7.3	5.1	6.2
	2001										11.8	8.0	9.8
BZ	200.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••		0.0	
	1998										21.3	10.6	14.3
	1999	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•••				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	20.3	9.0	12.8
	2000		•••	•••	•••				•••	•••	33.3	13.1	20.3
	2000	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••			•••	15.4	5.8	9.1
	2001	•••	•••	•••	•••					•••	15.4	7.5	10.0
DM	2002								•••		15.5	7.5	10.0
DM	4000										40.4	40.4	40.0
	1999										19.4	13.1	16.3
	2001						•••				9.5	11.9	11.0
GD													
	1998										21.2	10.5	15.2
	2001										10.6	9.5	9.9
GY													
	2002										15.1	10.2	11.7
JM													
	1998										22.2	9.8	15.5
	1999										22.9	10.5	16.0
	2000							l			22.4	10.2	15.6
	2001										20.5	10.3	14.8
	2001		•••	•••	•••	•••			•••		20.0	10.5	, 4.0

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 ^{a/}			20 - 24			25 - 29 ^{b/}	
	•	Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	32.6	23.3	27.2	13.7	12.1	12.8	10.1	13.4	11.9
KN	0004	40.5	40.4	40.0			0.4	0.0	4.0	0.5
LC	2001	16.5	16.1	16.3	6.2	6.1	6.1	2.8	4.2	3.5
LO	1998	70.5	51.9	60.5	39.7	30.9	34.5	25.6	15.4	20.4
	1999	57.4	45.3	50.9	31.3	26.1	28.6	18.2	10.7	14.5
	2000	56.0	46.3	50.8	32.0	24.4	28.0	20.2	9.6	15.0
	2001	28.7	32.9	31.3	19.6	21.8	20.9	12.0	14.2	13.2
	2002	59.3	56.8	58.1	31.0	25.0	27.7	24.6	12.8	18.4
	2003	67.0	42.8	53.8	41.7	23.7	31.8	26.1	17.2	21.4
	2004	63.4	54.3	58.1	37.1	28.0	32.1	27.1	17.2	22.0
VC										
	2001	56.4	51.5	53.1	30.7	32.7	32.0	19.3	23.2	21.7
SR										
	2004	40.9	20.3	26.7	30.4	13.8	19.3	18.8	8.4	12.2
TT										
	1998	41.7	32.5	35.6	28.9	18.0	22.6	19.5	10.3	14.1
	1999	45.8	27.0	33.5	24.7	19.0	21.4	18.7	12.8	15.2
	2000	21.8	12.7	15.7	11.7	9.4	10.4	7.9	5.6	6.6
	2001	41.5	23.8	29.5	23.5	16.8	19.6	16.7	9.3	12.4
	2002	39.1	23.7	29.4	22.0	14.6	17.8	16.9	8.0	11.8
	2003	40.2	20.3	27.3	18.6	14.4	16.3	10.2	8.9	9.4
	2004	22.7	19.2	20.5	18.9	14.2	16.3	7.2	4.3	5.5
	2005	25.2	10.6	16.4	13.8	10.7	12.1	7.4	4.2	5.5
	2006	24.8	11.2	17.2	10.0	6.0	7.7	8.5	3.1	5.3
ASSOCIATE M	IEMBERS									
Al										
	2001	24.8	17.1	20.7	11.5	5.9	8.6	5.3	5.3	5.3
ВМ	2000	8.9	15.6	12.3	6.2	9.4	7.8	2.9	3.2	3.0
тс		2.0			J					2,0
. 5	2001	31.3	28.4	29.8	14.4	11.4	12.9	11.3	9.9	10.6

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34		;	35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	3.1	12.3	8.2	8.3	11.8	10.2	5.4	15.2	10.9
KN	2001	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.1	3.1	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7
LC	2001	2.1	3.0	2.3	2.1	3.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1
	1998				15.5	8.1	11.7			
	1999				13.3	9.1	11.3			
	2000				16.8	6.6	11.5			
	2001				8.2	10.7	9.6			
	2002				15.8	11.8	13.7			
	2003				21.1	10.4	15.8			
	2004				16.7	8.1	12.4			
VC										
	2001	16.1	18.9	17.8	11.6	16.4	14.6	10.2	15.3	13.3
SR										
	2004	12.9	5.6	8.3	9.9	4.8	6.7	8.2	4.3	5.7
TT										
	1998		8.9	12.5	16.7	9.0	12.2	10.9	7.7	8.9
	1999	12.6	8.4	10.1	13.6	7.4	10.0	8.6	7.7	8.0
	2000	6.1	4.0	4.9	5.1	3.8	4.3	4.2	3.1	3.5
	2001	15.7	6.5	10.2	8.9	6.1	7.2	8.3	5.3	6.5
	2002	13.7	5.6	8.9	12.5	5.4	8.3	9.4	3.7	5.9
	2003		8.5	10.0	8.5	4.7	6.1	7.8	4.4	5.8
	2004 2005	9.1 10.1	2.9 4.0	5.5	9.4 7.2	3.8	6.2	6.7 7.6	4.2	5.2
	2005		4.0 2.2	6.6 3.5	7.2 2.9	3.8 3.4	5.3 3.2	7.6 6.6	2.4 2.3	4.6 4.2
	2006	5.2	2.2	3.5	2.9	3.4	3.2	0.0	2.3	4.2
ASSOCIATE N	IEMBERS									
Al										
Ai .	2001	5.9	4.5	5.2	3.9	4.8	4.4	3.9	5.5	4.7
вм										
	2000	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.5	2.2	1.8
TC	2004	0.6	7.4	0.4	40.0	6.0	0.4	0.5	6.0	7.0
	2001	9.6	7.4	8.4	12.9	6.2	9.1	8.5	6.2	7.2

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54		,	55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	6.1	15.5	11.7	2.5	17.0	10.8	5.1	16.7	12.6
KN	2001	2.2	2.3	2.3	1.2	2.4	1.9	1.2	3.1	2.3
LC									<u> </u>	
	1998	11.8	8.5	10.0				13.1	9.9	11.2
	1999	8.1	9.0	8.6				10.3	12.6	11.7
	2000		5.1	6.4				6.7	4.6	5.6
	2001	6.9	11.3	9.5				4.6	9.7	7.7
	2002	16.9	11.3	14.2				16.5	11.6	13.7
	2003	21.5	12.6	16.6				16.6	13.4	14.6
	2004	16.7	9.2	12.4				16.6	12.0	14.0
VC										
	2001	7.7	14.2	11.6	6.4	14.2	11.4	7.5	15.3	12.8
SR										
	2004	6.3	3.7	4.7	4.6	3.5	3.9	3.5	3.2	3.3
TT										
	1998		7.6	9.3	10.6	5.3	6.9	7.8	6.5	7.0
	1999	13.4	5.5	8.7	9.2	4.7	6.1	8.2	6.5	7.0
	2000	3.4	3.0	3.2	2.7	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.6
	2001	5.7	3.8	4.5	8.4	3.8	5.4	6.7	5.3	5.8
	2002	8.3	5.6	6.6	7.7	4.5	5.7	3.4	4.9	4.4
	2003		5.6	7.2	9.2	9.1	9.2	6.4	7.4	7.0
	2004	7.9	3.0	4.9	5.4	4.5	4.9	7.0	0.4	2.8
	2005	5.9	3.3	4.3	5.9	3.1	4.3	5.5	1.3	2.9
	2006	6.0	1.6	3.4	5.5	1.9	3.3	2.1	1.7	1.8
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	3.0	4.7	4.0	4.8	2.9	3.8	4.8	8.5	7.0
ВМ	2000	1.2	1.9	1.6	1.4	2.2	1.9	1.2	2.1	1.7
тс	2000	1.2	1.9	1.0	1.4	۷.۷	1.9	1.2	4.1	1.7
10	2001	7.5	5.6	6.4	4.2	4.0	4.1	6.5	4.0	4.9

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country Yo	ear		60 - 64			65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	4.8	19.0	14.3	0.0	42.1	27.6	10.0	15.4	13.0
KN	2001	3.2	2.2	2.5						
LC										
	1998				5.1	10.1	8.8			
	1999				6.6	12.3	10.2			
	2000				6.5	5.0	5.6			
	2001									
	2002				16.3	18.2	17.4			
	2003	•••			19.8	16.3	17.7			
	2004	•••	•••		15.8	14.9	15.2			
VC										
	2001	5.2	13.2	10.7	8.0	7.4	7.6	3.0	5.2	4.6
SR										
	2004	11.2	5.4	7.1			•••		•••	
TT										
	1998	14.7	3.9	7.3	4.5	4.9	4.8			
	1999	4.2	5.3	5.0	3.7	5.9	5.3			
	2000	2.6	2.8	2.8	0.5	0.9	0.8		•••	•••
	2001 2002	8.0 3.7	5.0 4.5	5.7	3.8 3.7	3.2 1.8	3.4			
	2002	3.7 8.9	4.5 3.4	4.3 5.2	3.7 4.2	0.0	2.4 1.1			•••
	2003	2.1	3. 4 6.7	5.2 5.1	3.7	0.0	1.1		•••	•••
	2004	13.5	6.1	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0		•••	
	2006	2.0	3.8	3.2	12.0	0.0	3.8	 		
	2000	2.0	0.0	0.2	12.0	0.0	0.0			•••
ASSOCIATE MEMBE	RS									
Al				_						
	2001	0.0	8.7	5.4	6.9	14.1	12.1	28.6	16.7	21.4
ВМ	2000	1.0	1.6	1.3	1.6	0.9	1.2	0.3	1.0	0.7
TC										
	2001	11.1	10.2	10.6	3.2	12.1	9.3	2.6	9.7	7.6

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.5 (A) Unemployment rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d	Unempl year	oyment s and o	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	2001	0.0	11.1	7.1				0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	15.2	12.1
KN	2001										3.7	4.2	4.0
LC													
	1998										26.0	18.0	21.6
	1999										20.3	16.0	18.1
	2000										20.8	12.6	16.5
	2001										11.7	14.9	13.5
	2002										23.9	17.3	20.4
	2003										28.0	17.2	22.2
	2004										25.0	17.5	21.0
VC	2004										40.0	20.0	24.4
	2001										18.6	22.6	21.1
SR	2004										13.7	7.0	9.5
TT													
	1998										18.9	11.3	14.2
	1999										16.8	10.9	13.1
	2000										7.1	5.2	5.9
	2001										14.4	8.6	10.8
	2002										14.5	7.8	10.4
	2003										12.7	8.5	10.1
	2004										10.2	6.0	7.7
	2005										9.4	4.9	6.7
	2006										7.3	3.4	5.0
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS												
Al													
	2001										7.0	6.4	6.7
ВМ	2000										2.2	3.0	2.6
тс	2300											5.5	
	2001										11.4	8.4	9.7

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 ^{a/}			20 - 24		2	25 - 29 ^{b/}	
	•	Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	18.4	27.0	22.4	75.6	86.5	80.8	84.4	94.8	89.2
BS										
	2000	27.2	38.5	32.9	73.5	84.9	79.1	82.7	91.2	86.8
ВВ	4000	00.0	44.4	07.5	00.0	00.0	04.0	00.7	05.0	00.0
	1998 1999	33.0 31.8	41.1 42.5	37.5 37.5	80.2 79.9	89.2 89.5	84.8 84.2	90.7 88.8	95.8 95.3	93.3 92.1
	2000	27.3	36.9	37.5 32.2	79.9 75.9	84.9	80.4	84.7	95.3 94.1	89.2
	2000	31.9	40.4	35.8		85.6	83.3	90.3	95.1	92.6
	2002	28.5	36.6	32.6		87.9	84.9	86.9	95.1	90.9
BZ	2002		00.0	02.0	0.10	0.10	0	33.3	00.1	00.0
	1998	24.4	47.2	35.8	52.7	88.5	70.2	63.3	97.3	78.7
	1999	22.7	46.9	35.0		89.2	71.4	50.6	97.2	72.3
	2000	33.5	51.9	42.7	54.1	90.6	71.9	53.3	96.2	74.3
	2001	20.6	43.3	32.1	52.2	88.3	69.9	52.6	95.7	73.5
	2002	19.8	43.7	31.6	46.6	89.2	67.6	47.5	94.6	69.1
DM										
	1999	27.4	50.9	39.2	78.1	88.1	83.1	72.3	92.6	82.5
	2001	16.9	29.7	23.3	64.3	79.7	72.4	64.2	87.4	75.9
GD										
	1998	29.4	49.5	49.5	78.7	92.8	92.8	81.0	95.7	95.7
	2001	20.4	33.2	26.7	70.5	89.0	79.9	72.7	93.8	83.6
GY										
	2002	22.7	47.0	34.9	40.7	86.3	63.3	38.9	91.8	65.1
JM										
	1998	18.2	27.2	22.7	72.2	84.4	78.0	78.9	94.8	86.3
	1999	15.8	27.3	21.6	69.5	84.0	76.4	75.8	95.3	84.9
	2000	15.2	23.9	19.5	67.8	84.6	75.9	95.0	85.0	89.4
	2001	12.8	21.1	17.0	60.7	82.2	71.2	75.1	93.0	83.6
	2002	17.1	23.6	20.3	67.5	82.9	75.0	75.6	93.2	83.9

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34		;	35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	84.7	95.3	89.5	83.5	95.8	89.1	85.2	94.4	89.4
BS										
	2000	83.6	93.1	88.2	84.6	93.0	88.6	83.1	93.6	88.1
ВВ										
	1998		95.7	93.0	89.1	96.1	92.3	86.6	94.6	91.0
	1999		97.1	92.4	87.2	96.0	91.3	86.1	97.0	91.3
	2000					 OF C				
	2001 2002	88.1 86.9	97.0 94.6	92.6 90.6	87.1 89.1	95.6 95.8	91.1 92.3	88.4 86.9	97.4 96.4	92.6 91.2
BZ	2002	00.9	34.0	30.0	09.1	33.0	32.5	00.9	30.4	31.2
DE.	1998	50.5	96.9	71.9	52.7	97.5	74.0	51.0	96.6	73.6
	1999		97.1	72.6	51.8	97.0	73.2	50.6	96.6	72.6
	2000	53.0	96.3	74.3	54.5	96.3	75.5	54.2	94.8	75.1
	2001	50.0	96.8	71.9	50.4	97.8	72.7	53.8	96.2	75.2
	2002	48.2	97.5	71.1	47.5	96.6	71.1	49.5	96.4	73.2
DM										
	1999	75.8	99.1	87.5	77.4	89.8	83.6	79.6	91.7	85.7
	2001	63.7	89.5	76.7	64.2	91.0	78.4	65.1	90.9	78.9
GD										
	1998	80.5	96.0	96.0	75.1	94.9	94.9	77.3	93.6	93.6
	2001	71.0	94.9	83.1	70.0	94.1	82.4	69.1	93.4	81.6
GY										
	2002	38.8	92.7	65.9	41.0	92.6	66.9	42.3	92.6	67.6
JM										
	1998				79.9	95.8	87.7			
	1999				79.8	94.0	86.8	•••		
	2000 2001		•••	• • • •	79.9 78.5	95.3 93.7	84.7 85.9		•••	•••
	2007		•••	•••	80.0	93.7 93.9	86.8	•••	•••	•••
	2002				0.00	93.9	0.00	•••		

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	4	45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54		,	55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	81.1	89.7	85.1	76.6	91.9	83.8	67.0	86.7	75.9
BS										
	2000	80.2	92.7	86.2	73.3	90.0	81.3	62.8	84.4	73.0
ВВ										
	1998		94.2	86.8	75.2	92.2	83.5	60.8	86.6	72.6
	1999		93.0	88.5	70.2	91.2	80.4	63.6	79.1	69.5
	2000 2001	77.4 86.9	92.2 95.3	84.5 90.8	 76.1	92.4	83.9	45.8 65.8	71.4 85.0	57.4 75.7
	2001		95.1	90.1	77.3	90.1	83.5	59.8	84.2	71.6
BZ	2002	00.0	00.1	00.1	77.0	00.1	00.0	00.0	04.2	71.0
	1998	41.4	96.1	69.4	35.9	91.3	64.4	34.5	90.1	63.1
	1999		95.5	70.4	36.5	92.9	64.8	33.6	87.8	63.0
	2000	49.8	94.1	72.6	44.4	90.8	68.6	34.0	84.8	60.8
	2001	50.2	95.6	72.4	36.1	92.5	65.9	37.4	86.2	63.9
	2002	45.6	94.6	70.4	40.1	93.3	67.9	23.1	89.4	55.6
DM										
	1999		93.7	86.2	51.9	91.8	71.9	50.9	87.7	69.3
	2001	64.2	90.0	78.2	56.5	84.6	71.0	38.6	76.1	57.4
GD										
	1998		91.9	91.9	63.4	84.2	84.2	46.4	76.0	76.0
	2001	65.9	89.7	78.4	54.7	86.3	70.7	41.9	76.2	58.4
GY										
184	2002	41.7	91.0	66.4	37.8	87.2	62.7	27.7	76.5	51.9
JM	1998	75.5	OE 1	85.3				E2 E	04.6	67.2
	1998		95.1 94.5	84.2				53.5 51.2	81.6 81.3	67.2 65.9
	2000		94.5	83.6				50.3	82.6	66.0
	2001	76.7	93.2	84.9		•••		49.2	85.2	66.5
	2002	74.9	92.6	83.7				47.0	85.4	65.5

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69			70 - 74	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	42.7	69.0	54.7	26.9	48.1	36.6	17.5	59.1	35.8
BS										
	2000	38.4	65.4	51.0	10.3	29.0	18.0			
BB										
	1998	24.1	56.5	37.7	2.7	7.0	4.8			
	1999	33.6	60.6	44.7	2.1	8.8	5.2			•••
	2000 2001	 32.4	 57.0	44.0	3.7 4.4	10.9 11.0	6.6			•••
	2001	32.4	58.3	44.0 44.3		10.5	6.8 6.2	•••		•••
BZ	2002	32.3	30.3	44.5	7.2	10.5	0.2			•••
5 2	1998	29.4	78.6	53.8	11.7	45.1	28.2			
	1999	24.4	81.9	52.6	11.5	55.3	33.6			
	2000	26.5	74.2	52.7	13.1	47.3	30.0			
	2001	23.9	76.4	49.1	12.3	51.5	32.6			
	2002	20.6	73.9	47.9	8.7	44.0	26.6			
DM										
	1999	34.9	68.8	51.9	16.2	24.4	20.3			
	2001	22.8	52.9	36.3	9.0	25.8	16.3			•••
GD										
	1998	28.4	68.1	68.1	11.0	25.5	25.5			
	2001	21.0	51.0	35.1	9.1	21.9	14.6			•••
GY										
	2002	17.4	51.9	33.9	10.3	33.1	21.1			
JM										
	1998	•••			18.4	46.4	31.2			•••
	1999	•••			16.7	45.9	30.0			•••
	2000 2001		•••	•••	17.0 15.5	43.2 42.5	28.8 27.6		•••	•••
	2007	•••	•••		1 5.5 17.0	38.8	26.8	•••		•••
	2002	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	17.0	50.0	20.0		•••	

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d		our For	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	9.2	45.0	25.7	1.5	16.1	7.2	33.3	30.4	31.9	66.2	79.4	72.2
BS													
	2000										65.7	78.4	71.8
ВВ													
	1998											74.1	67.7
	1999											74.8	67.8
	2000										60.2	74.2	66.8
	2001										63.9	75.9	69.5
	2002	•••	•••			•••					62.7	74.8	68.5
BZ													
	1998	•••						50.0	88.0	75.7		78.6	58.7
	1999	•••	•••	•••		•••			0.0	0.0		79.7	59.3
	2000 2001	•••	•••						0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0		80.9	62.9
	2001	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	0.0 50.0	82.4	66.3		78.9 78.6	59.3 57.3
DM	2002					•••		50.0	82.4	66.3	30.8	78.6	57.3
DIVI	4000										-4-	75.5	05.0
	1999	•••									54.5	75.5	65.0
	2001	•••	•••		•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	45.1	70.2	57.7
GD													
	1998							50.0	80.0	62.4		52.3	88.2
	2001										48.5	72.1	60.2
GY													
	2002										34.1	78.5	56.1
JM													
	1998											73.6	65.3
	1999											73.3	64.1
	2000											70.9	64.1
	2001	•••	•••			•••				•••		70.6	60.7
	2002										57.3	74.6	65.7

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 ^{a/}			20 - 24		2	25 - 29 ^{b/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	2001	34.7	40.5	37.9	79.3	83.5	81.6	72.7	80.2	76.7
KN	2001	26.8	37.1	31.8	81.1	86.3	83.7	83.1	88.3	85. <i>7</i>
LC	4000	0.4.0	40.0	00.0	75.0	20.0	20.0	00.0	04.0	07.0
	1998 1999	34.0 35.0	42.0 43.0	38.0 39.0	75.0 82.0	88.0 91.0	82.0 86.0	80.0 82.0	94.0 95.0	87.0 88.0
	2000	36.0	38.0	37.0	83.0	91.0	87.0	83.0	94.0	88.0
	2001	28.8	45.0	36.8	65.9	84.7	75.3	69.1	89.8	79.1
	2002 2003	26.0 34.0	30.0 40.0	28.0 37.0	75.0 84.0	82.0 89.0	79.0 87.0	79.0 84.0	89.0 92.0	84.0 88.0
	2004	30.0	40.0	35.0	80.0	88.0	84.0	84.0	93.0	88.0
VC	2001	21.1	45.2	33.2	55.6	85.3	70.8	<i>59.7</i>	88.8	74.6
SR										
	2004	11.8	25.3	18.6	32.2	62.2	47.5	46.3	79.9	63.0
π	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	21.5 20.7 20.8 18.1 19.8 21.0 20.6 24.0	39.5 39.5 39.8 36.8 32.7 36.7 33.4 37.7	30.8 30.1 30.7 27.7 26.3 29.0 27.1 30.7	64.9 66.3 66.8 64.8 67.1 68.0 75.1 72.5	89.0 88.7 88.5 87.9 86.9 83.9 88.5 88.4	77.1 77.9 77.8 76.5 77.2 75.9 82.0 80.8	66.3 66.8 63.7 66.3 67.9 75.6 71.6	94.8 95.0 92.9 95.6 95.7 95.8 96.9 95.1	80.5 80.9 78.4 80.9 81.6 85.9 84.8 86.2
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al	2001	42.0	48.0	44.9	80.1	95.2	87.3	86.6	95.0	90.8
ВМ	2000	38.3	40.4	39.4	74.1	80.0	77.0	86.9	94.8	90.7
тс	2001	40.2	47.0	43.6	79.0	91.3	84.7	80.2	97.5	88.7

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34		;	35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	2001	75.7	88.0	82.0	77.2	73.9	75.4	73.7	84.8	79.6
KN	2001	85.7	93.0	89.4	87.1	93.0	90.1	84.6	91.3	87.9
LC	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	 69.0 	 91.1 	 79.7 	81.0 80.0 83.0 68.3 78.0	95.0 96.0 95.0 90.8 92.0	88.0 87.0 89.0 79.2 85.0	68.5 	 89.1 	78.6
VC	2003 2004				83.0 83.0	94.0 93.0	88.0 87.0			
	2001	60.1	90.3	75.9	61.8	90.2	76.6	60.7	90.4	76.0
SR	2004	54.0	88.5	71.5	55.8	89.9	73.2	56.9	89.2	73.6
TΤ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	63.7 62.2 66.2 66.3 66.8 73.8	95.0 95.5 95.9 94.9 95.5 94.9 96.3 96.7	79.9 79.7 78.6 80.9 81.0 81.7 85.2 83.6		95.4 95.1 94.7 94.8 95.5 95.8 97.2 95.4	79.4 79.7 78.7 78.3 79.0 79.1 82.7		95.7 94.9 95.7 94.0 95.3 94.3 95.5	78.6 77.9 78.2 79.2 80.3 77.8 79.0 80.7
ASSOCIATE N	MEMBERS									
Al	2001	86.5	94.5	90.5	86.3	94.9	90.5	85.2	93.0	89.0
ВМ	2000	86.4	97.1	91.7	86.3	97.2	91.7	88.3	96.8	92.4
тс	2001	79.3	96.9	88.2	80.0	96.7	88.7	78.2	96.1	87.6

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54		:	55 - 59 ^{a/}	
	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS									
200	71.2	76.3	74.2	71.4	63.9	66.9	38.6	54.1	47.4
KN									
200	80.3	91.5	86.1	74.8	91.7	83.4	58.2	83.0	70.5
LC	000	07.0	00.0				40.0	70.0	57. 0
199 199		97.0 93.0	82.0 81.0				43.0 44.0	73.0 73.0	57.0 58.0
200		93.0	81.0		•••		44.0 48.0	73.0 71.0	58.0
200 200		90.0 90.0	77.6	55.3	84.9	69.7	43.8	71.0 76.7	59.3
200		89.0	80.0				45.0	68.0	56.0
200		91.0	81.0				37.0	70.0	52.0
200		89.0	82.0				44.0	72.0	56.0
VC			00						
200	59.2	88.3	74.1	50.8	85.5	68.8	35.4	74.1	54.8
SR									
200	53.9	87.7	70.5	48.7	83.0	65.3	39.2	71.4	54.1
TT				1011			55.2		•
199	8 55.7	92.5	74.7	43.0	89.2	67.3	35.5	73.9	54.4
199		92.5	74.7	47.0	91.2	70.9		72.8	53.0
200		93.9	75.1	49.4	89.2	70.3	33.3	76.2	55.2
200	1 55.6	94.6	74.7	46.2	91.2	69.0	36.0	74.8	55.5
200	2 58.5	94.3	76.5	50.1	89.8	69.4	36.2	78.8	58.0
200	3 63.8	92.5	79.1	52.1	86.4	69.1	38.3	73.6	56.2
200		95.1	82.8		91.0	77.0		74.6	60.9
200	5 67.8	93.3	81.5	62.1	92.1	76.4	49.0	80.8	64.7
ASSOCIATE MEMBERS									
Al									
200	76.9	92.9	85.0	72.4	86.8	79.7	53.8	79.3	66.9
BM 200	87.9	94.9	91.3	83.6	94.0	88.6	70.7	88.0	78.8
TC									
200	77.0	94.6	86.2	70.8	90.2	81.4	62.1	88.7	76.9

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64 ^{a/}			65 - 69 ^{b/}			70 - 74	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
W.C	2001	23.9	40.4	32.8	16.4	26.4	21.8	15.4	14.6	14.9
KN										
	2001	32.2	66.2	47.8	10.0	27.2	17.4			
LC										
	1998				12.0	39.0	25.0			
	1999				17.0	38.0	27.0			
	2000				18.0	35.0	26.0			•••
	2001	27.2	57.5	41.4	56.0	107.8	80.1		•••	
	2002				23.0	39.0	31.0			
	2003			•••	21.0	36.0	28.0			•••
VO	2004			•••	18.0	32.0	24.0		•••	•••
VC	2001	21.7	53.8	37.1	14.2	35.2	24.3	4.4	15.9	9.2
SR				•					70.0	V. <u></u>
Oit	2004	8.7	24.0	15.8						
TT	2004	0.7	24.0	10.0			•••	•••	•••	•••
• •	1998	18.7	42.7	30.6	4.7	14.8	9.5			
	1999	14.2	41.1	28.2	5.4	15.7	10.2			
	2000	17.6	46.9	32.6	6.1	16.0	10.7			
	2001	13.9	43.5	28.8	5.2	14.2	9.4			
	2002	14.3	44.1	29.7	5.0	12.8	8.5			
	2003	21.2	44.1	32.4	4.8	14.2	9.2			
	2004	21.8	45.2	33.0	4.9	14.3	8.9			
	2005	22.1	45.0	33.1	4.4	16.2	9.5			
ASSOCIATE M	FMRFPS									
	LINDLING									
Al	2001	34.4	64.3	48.5	23.2	49.4	37.8	8.4	17.3	12.2
ВМ	2001	34.4	04.3	40.3	23.2	49.4	37.8	0.4	17.3	12.2
DIVI	2000	60.0	77.5	68.2	30.0	51.7	39.8	10.8	23.3	15.6
TC			-							
	2001	56.6	81.4	69.1	24.8	57.9	40.6	13.1	42.3	25.5

Appendix 1 Cont'd

Table 4.6 (A) Labour Force Participation rates: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		No	ot Stated	t		our Fore	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS	2001	3.7	6.5	5.1	:						55.2	61.2	58.5
KN	2001										63.8	76.4	70.0
LC	1998 1999 2000 2001			 	 		 	 		 	62.0 62.0	77.0 77.0 75.0 74.3	68.0 69.0 68.0 63.0
	2002 2003 2004										50.0	71.0 75.0 74.0	64.0 69.0 67.0
VC	2001										44.5	74.1	59.4
SR	2004										41.2	70.8	56.0
TT	1998 1999 2000										46.6	75.3 75.0 75.3	61.2 60.8 61.2
	2001 2002 2003										46.4 47.5	75.0 74.6 74.5	60.7 60.9 62.2
	2004 2005										52.7 52.8	76.4 76.5	64.5 64.5
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS												
Al	2001										67.6	80.2	73.8
ВМ	2000										69.6	82.2	75.6
TC	2001										70.3	88.4	40.6

Table 4.7 (A) Employed Population by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Pai	d Employ	/ee	E	Employer		Own A	Account V	/orker
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
AG	2001	12,728	11,664	24,392	367	728	1,095	981	1,309	2,290
BS		,	,	,		7_0	.,000		1,000	_,
	1998	62,060	60,460	122,520				7,265	13,725	20,990
	1999	60,065	60,925	120,990				7,330	15,405	22,735
	2000 2001	64,019 66,920	63,181 64,150	127,200 131,070		•••	•••	6,646 6,775	15,225 14,495	21,871 21,270
	2002	66,165	62,165	128,330				7,325	15,610	22,935
	2003	51,120	52,585	103,705				7,960	13,995	21,955
	2004	51,880	23,375	75,255				8,830	14,565	23,395
BB	1998	50,600	54,800	105,400	300	500	800	4.700	9,800	14,500
	1999	52,400	54,700	103,400	100	300	400	5,200	11,700	16,900
	2000	56,000	56,200	112,200	100	200	300	4,700	11,200	15,900
	2001	56,100	56,000	112,100	200	600	800	5,500	12,100	17,600
BZ	2002	55,100	54,900	110,000	100	300	400	5,500	12,000	17,500
DZ	1998	16,820	32,055	48,875	1,065	5,150	6,215	4,265	10,895	15,160
	1999	17,210	33,315	50,525	815	5,585	6,400	5,185	12,930	18,115
	2000	16,101	35,312	51,413	863	3,109	3,972	3,097	9,123	12,220
	2001	20,170	40,372	60,542	1,007	4,699	5,706	5,422	12,206	17,628
DM	2002	19,787	39,075	58,862	1,026	4,587	5,613	4,418	12,979	17,397
DIVI	1999	7,192	9,218	16,410	287	848	1,135	3,135	6,633	9,768
	2001	7,416	9,516	16,932	316	919	1,235	1,817	4,230	6,047
GD								_		
18.6	1998	10,566	24,795	35,361	579	1,368	1,947	2,427	3,578	6,005
JM	1998	262,500	300,800	563,300	6,800	19,900	26,700	115,500	222,700	338,200
	1999	249,100	302,500	551,600	6,700	19,000	25,700	114,800	219,300	334,100
	2000	248,400	303,400	551,800	6,200	18,800	25,000	114,700	221,000	335,700
	2001	251,700	308,300	560,000	4,800	21,100	25,900	114,200	217,900	332,100
	2002	272,700	317,800	590,500	6,900	14,900	21,800	104,900	208,000	312,900

Table 4.7 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Status in Employment: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Unp	aid Work	ers	Learn	er/ Appre	ntice	N	ot Stated	I
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG									400	
	2001	<i>7</i> 5	68	143	9	22	31	82	120	202
BS	4000	310	EE	365				170	310	480
	1998		55 65	320			•••	170 455	850	1,305
	1999 2000	202	66	268			•••	2,525	2,532	5,057
	2000	125	35	160	•••	•••	•••	410	400	685
	2001	505	60	565			•••	285	575	800
	2002		175	280				205	520	985
	2003	370	25	395				465	460	460
ВВ	2004	0.0		000				100	.00	
55	1998	-	-	_	100	400	500	300	300	600
	1999	-	-	_	100	400	500	100	200	300
	2000	100	100	200	100	200	300	100	100	200
	2001	100	0	100	100	300	400	0	100	100
	2002	-	-	-	100	300	400	100	200	300
BZ										
	1998	1,085	1,900	2,985				20	90	110
	1999	850	1,780	2,630				15	70	85
	2000	1,058	2,430	3,488		•••		90	267	357
	2001	1,427	1,773	3,200				55	57	112
	2002	1,139	2,051	3,190				14	153	167
DM										
	1999		233	438	61	21	82	82	107	189
	2001	194	183	377	3	19	22	62	136	198
GD										
	1998	243	390	633	0	126	126	242	1,284	1,526
JM		40.000	7 400	00.000				0.000	0.000	-
	1998		7,100	20,900				2,000	3,200	5,200
	1999		8,700	20,300				2,700	2,400	5,100
	2000		7,200	18,800				2,200	2,100	4,300
	2001	13,300	6,400	19,700		•••	•••	1,700	2,900	4,600
	2002	9,800	3,900	13,700				1,700	1,700	3,400

Table 4.8 (A) Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Legislator I	s, Senior (Managers	Officials,	Pro	ofessional	s		cians, Ass ofessiona	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
AG	2001	602	725	1,327	979	794	1,773	1,732	1,443	3,175
ВВ	2001	002	720	1,021	373	754	1,770	1,702	1,770	0,170
	1998	2,500	4,000	6,500	6,300	4,300	10,600	2,900	5,100	8,000
	1999	3,100	3,700	6,800	6,200	4,000	10,200	3,300	5,100	8,400
	2000	3,891	5,459	9,350	11,513	11,017	22,530			
	2001	4,500	6,300	10,800	8,900	6,100	15,000	4,300	6,400	10,700
50	2002	4,300	5,900	10,200	9,000	5,800	14,800	4,200	6,500	10,700
BS	1998	2,545	5,630	0 175				12,600	9,705	22,305
	1996	2,545 3,165	6,150	8,175 9,315				13,575	9,705 10,745	24,320
	2000	5,163 5,268	8,108	13,376	8,906	5,145	14,051	9,025	6,634	15,659
	2001	5,655	8,505	14,160				18,045	11,810	29,855
	2002	6,055	8,920	14,975				17,280	11,035	28,315
	2003	5,190	7,665	12,855				16,055	10,190	26,245
	2004	5,395	7,210	12,605				17,720	11,865	29,585
BZ										
	1998		6,950	9,790	605	1,020	1,625	3,975	2,615	6,590
	1999	4,135	9,110	13,245	985	985	1,970	3,680	3,320	7,000
	2000 2001	1,527 3,857	2,389 8,345	3,916 12,202	1,007 1,106	1,280 1,269	2,287 2,375	3,304 3,429	3,113 3,299	6,417 6,728
	2001	3,241	5,434	8,675	1,100	1,654	2,924	3,583	3,057	6,640
DM	2002	0,211	0, 10 1	0,010	1,210	1,001	2,02	0,000	0,001	0,010
	1997	883	607	1,490	529	573	1,102	1,396	754	2,150
	1999	1,086	784	1,870	327	424	751	1,557	1,166	2,723
	2001	958	721	1,679	416	499	915	1,505	1,104	2,609
GD										
	1998	1,045	1,073	2,118	317	421	738	1,829	1,515	3,344
GY	2001	887	922	1,809	285	433	718	1,661	1,421	3,082
Gi	2002	1,658	4,860	6,518	2,915	2,790	5,705	11,070	7,083	18,153
JM	2002	1,000	1,000	0,010	_,0.0	_,,,,,	0,100	11,010	,,,,,	10,100
	1998							87,300	64,700	152,000
	1999							84,200	64,500	148,700
	2000							86,700	63,600	150,300
	2001							83,500	68,300	151,800
-	2002							99,100	71,000	170,100

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		Clerks			Shop and les Vendo			ture, Fores hery Worke	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
,. .	2001	3,454	816	4,270	3,927	2,211	6,138	87	348	435
ВВ										
	1998	12,000	3,200	15,200	12,100	8,000	20,100	400	2,300	2,700
	1999	12,000	3,200	15,200	13,100	8,200	21,300	500	2,300	2,800
	2000 2001	12,477 12,000	3,108	15,585	20,347 14,900	11,697 8,600	32,044 23,500	489 400	2,809	3,298 3,000
	2001	12,000	3,100 3,100	15,100 14,500	14,900 15,100	8,200	23,300	500 500	2,600 2,600	3,100
BS	2002	11,400	3,100	14,500	13,100	0,200	23,300	300	2,000	3,100
	1998	18,695	4,305	23,000	17,955	12,525	30,480	150	5,750	5,900
	1999	17,810	4,060	21,870	17,450	10,705	28,155	210	5,245	5,455
	2000	15,541	2,406	17,947	16,815	11,356	28,171	132	2,657	2,789
	2001	17,410	2,855	20,265	17,020	11,660	28,680	220	4,040	4,260
	2002	17,675	3,700	21,375	18,235	12,025	30,260	510	4,605	5,115
	2003	17,080	3,170	20,250	20,890	12,700	33,590	195	2,770	2,965
	2004	17,725	2,570	20,295	21,075	12,465	33,540	190	3,835	4,025
BZ	1998	2 240	1 105	4 905	4 200	2 705	7 005	155	E 77E	E 020
	1998	3,310 2,980	1,495 1,570	4,805 4,550	4,200 4,140	3,705 3,540	7,905 7,680	155 120	5,775 6,210	5,930 6,330
	2000	2,980 3,032	1,370 1,387	4,330 4,419	3,274	3,548	6,822	319	7,125	7,444
	2001	3,951	1,669	5,620	4,251	3,917	8,168	764	5,922	6,686
	2002	4,063	1,459	5,522	6,110	5,417	11,527	82	8,381	8,463
DM		,	·	·	,	,	·		•	,
	1997	1,392	483	1,875	2,210	1,273	3,483	1,241	3,882	5,123
	1999	1,516	508	2,024	1,742	1,314	3,056	1,352	5,488	6,840
	2001	1,864	515	2,379	1,936	1,459	3,395	658	3,768	4,426
GD	4000	0.500	707	0.057	0.700	0.050	F 070	045	0.000	0.044
	1998	2,520	737	3,257	2,726	2,652	5,378	915	2,926	3,841
GY	2001	2,147	584	2,731	2,718	2,345	5,063	298	2,003	2,301
Gi	2002	10,934	5,432	16,366	14,805	19,622	34,427	3,358	22,396	25,754
JM		. 0,00	0, 102	. 0,000	1 1,000	,	0 1, 121	5,555	,	20,101
	1998	62,100	19,000	81,100	95,600	63,700	159,300	32,300	151,100	183,400
	1999	60,300	18,600	78,900	87,100	59,800	146,900	27,700	150,000	177,700
	2000	62,300	21,900	84,200	91,200	62,200	153,400	29,500	146,900	176,400
	2001	63,300	16,800	80,100	97,400	63,400	160,800	30,400	144,800	175,200
	2002	62,600	17,700	80,300	98,100	61,700	159,800	30,500	138,300	168,800

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Craft an	d Related V	Vorkers	Plant and And	Machine C I Assemble	-	Elemen	tary Occup	oations
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG	2001	433	4,197	4,630	93	1,385	1,478	2,956	2,397	5,353
BB	2001	400	4,101	4,000		1,000	1,470	2,000	2,007	0,000
	1998	2,100	14,800	16,900	2,600	7,100	9,700	14,400	16,000	30,400
	1999	2,400	17,200	19,600	2,100	7,200	9,300	14,800	15,900	30,700
	2000	2,035	15,661	17,696	1,927	6,523	8,450	3,549	7,308	10,857
	2001	2,100	15,200	17,300	2,000	7,100	9,100	12,700	13,300	26,000
BS	2002	1,900	14,600	16,500	1,900	6,900	8,800	12,500	13,700	26,200
20	1998				2,750	23,845	26,595	14,900	12,350	27,250
	1999				2,775	26,065	28,840	12,800	13,520	26,320
	2000	1,781	20,709	22,490	687	6,344	7,031	11,547	12,873	24,420
	2001				3,025	27,130	30,155	12,400	12,900	25,300
	2002				2,195	25,665	27,860	11,930	11,920	23,850
	2003		•••		2,695	26,070	28,765	13,520	16,090	29,610
BZ	2004	•••	•••	•••	2,505	26,620	29,125	11,855	17,010	28,865
DZ.	1998	1,410	7,200	8,610	510	5,135	5,645	6,250	16,165	22,415
	1999	1,000	7,640	8,640	460	5,085	5,545	6,575	16,220	22,795
	2000	1,038	9,434	10,472	544	5,210	5,754	7,113	16,638	23,751
	2001	1,352	8,984	10,336	864	6,098	6,962	8,461	19,241	27,702
	2002	1,255	10,023	11,278	501	6,046	6,547	6,280	17,261	23,541
DM	4007	007	0.440	4.007	70	4.450	4 000	0.070	0.000	4.045
	1997 1999	627 799	3,440 3,305	4,067 4,104	73 82	1,150 1,356	1,223 1,438	2,676 2,397	2,269 2,585	4,945 4,982
	2001	548	3,611	4,104 4,159	75	1,330	1,430	2,397 1,845	2,000 2,077	3,922
GD	2001	040	0,011	4,100	, ,	1,201	1,012	1,040	2,011	0,022
	1998	1,139	5,893	7,032	187	1,831	2,018	3,006	2,336	5,342
	2001	501	4,991	5,492	228	1,554	1,782	2,696	3,172	5,868
GY										
	2002	3,831	34,015	37,846	944	19,911	20,855	18,921	47,048	65,969
JM	1998	22,900	133,400	156,300	14,500	50,500	65,000	85,700	71,000	156,700
	1999	20,400	133,400	156,500	12,400	49,300	61,700	92,400	71,000	164,600
	2000	20,300	136,600	156,900	8,300	46,700	55,000	84,300	74,300	158,600
	2001	20,200	133,400	153,600	7,400	52,100	59,500	83,200	77,300	160,500
	2002	16,000	136,700	152,700	7,500	51,100	58,600	81,600	69,700	151,300

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	٨	lot Stated		Total All Occupations				
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total		
AG									
AG	2001				14,263	14,316	28,579		
ВВ					,,	,	,		
	1998	600	900	1,500	55,900	65,700	121,600		
	1999	400	500	900	57,900	67,300	125,200		
	2000	1,260	1,407	2,667	57,488	64,989	122,477		
	2001	100	200	300	61,900	68,900	130,800		
	2002	100	300	400	60,900	67,600	128,500		
BS									
	1998	210	440	650	69,805	74,550	144,355		
	1999	320	755	1,075	68,105	77,245	145,350		
	2000	295	977	1,272	69,997	77,209	147,206		
	2001	455	180	635	74,230	79,080	153,310		
	2002	400	540	940	74,280 75,825	78,410	152,690		
	2003 2004	200 95	485 205	685 300	75,625 76,560	79,140 81,780	154,965 158,340		
BZ	2004	90	203	300	70,300	01,700	130,340		
<u>DE</u>	1998	_	30	30	23,255	50,090	73,345		
	1999	_	-	-	24,075	53,680	77,755		
	2000	51	117	168	21,209	50,241	71,450		
	2001	46	363	409	28,081	59,107	87,188		
	2002	-	113	113	26,385	58,845	85,230		
DM									
	1997	107	129	236	11,134	14,560	25,694		
	1999	104	130	234	10,962	17,060	28,022		
	2001	3	12	15	9,808	15,003	24,811		
GD									
	1998	373	1,326	1,699	14,057	20,710	34,767		
21/	2001	376	507	883	11,797	17,932	29,729		
GY	2000	004	505	040	CO CC7	400 740	000 400		
INA	2002	231	585	816	68,667	163,742	232,409		
JM	1998	200	300	500	400,600	553,700	954,300		
	1990	400	400	800	384,900	553,700	936,800		
	2000	500	300	800	383,100	552,500	935,600		
	2001	-	500	500	385,400	556,600	942,000		
	2002	600	100	700	396,000	546,300	942,300		

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	_	rs, Senior (Managers	Officials,	Pro	ofessional	s	Technicians, Associate Professionals			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
MO	2001	62	95	157	87	67	154	90	111	201	
KN											
	2001	862	951	1,813	1,024	1,001	2,025	850	<i>750</i>	1,600	
LC											
	1998	2,295	1,340	3,635	2,080	1,555	3,635	1,335	1,755	3,090	
	1999	2,370	1,775	4,145	2,505	1,405	3,910	1,455	1,270	2,725	
	2000	2,810	2,260	5,070	2,415	1,940	4,355	1,605	1,685	3,290	
	2001	1,459	1,507	2,966	2,573	1,630	4,203	1,400	1,614	3,014	
	2002	1,685	1,380	3,065	2,835	1,690	4,525	1,260	1,400	2,660	
	2003	2,752	1,880	4,632	2,882	1,978	4,860	1,675	1,605	3,280	
1/2	2004	2,038	1,857	3,895	3,348	2,057	5,405	1,133	1,450	2,583	
VC	2001	1,061	1,081	2,142	1,873	1,573	3,446	849	887	1,736	
SR											
	2004	3,331	6,768	10,099	8,092	3,677	11,769	4,998	6,966	11,964	
TT											
	1998		18,500	30,700	6,300	9,800	16,100	28,600	24,400	53,000	
	1999	· ·	19,300	33,200	7,000	9,100	16,100	29,200	23,600	52,800	
	2000	14,200	22,000	36,200	6,400	8,200	14,600	28,500	24,500	53,000	
	2001	15,500	23,400	38,900	7,300	9,400	16,700	29,900	26,700	56,600	
	2002	15,200	25,000	40,200	7,600	9,800	17,400	36,500	28,400	64,900	
ASSOCIATE MEM	BERS										
Al	2001	192	177	369	316	235	551	241	328	569	
ВМ	200.	.02			0.0	200	001		020		
	1999				1,968	2,795	4,763	3,931	3,101	7,032	
	2000		•••	•••	1,667	2,388	4,055	4,262	3,481	7,743	
	2001				2,122	2,962	5,084	3,970	3,208	7,178	
	2002				2,233	2,987	5,220	4,125	3,290	7,415	
TC											
	2001	457	738	1,195	454	355	809	434	532	966	

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		Clerks			Shop and les Vendoi		_	ure, Fores nery Worke	-
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIS	2001	215	36	251	130	90	220	7	60	67
KN	200.	2.0		20.	100			•		O,
	2001	2,241	<i>7</i> 55	2,996	1,828	588	2,416	98	571	669
LC										
	1998	3,210	1,020	4,230	5,330	4,345	9,675	2,740	7,725	10,465
	1999	4,015	1,135	5,150	6,815	3,825	10,640	3,055	7,020	10,075
	2000	4,250	1,205	5,455	5,940	4,080	10,020	3,090	7,485	10,575
	2001	3,669	989	4,658	5,998	4,163	10,161	1,146	4,678	5,824
	2002	2,960	775	3,735	4,375	3,670	8,045	1,685	3,960	5,645
	2003	3,258	1,082	4,340	4,500	4,107	8,607	2,395	5,043	7,438
VC	2004	3,552	828	4,380	3,967	4,013	7,980	2,570	5,880	8,450
VC	2001	2,531	706	3,237	2,485	2,532	5,017	648	3,251	3,899
SR	2001	2,001	700	0,207	2,100	2,002	0,011	040	0,201	0,000
	2004	9,705	6,342	16,047	12,179	11,746	23,925	2,193	11,702	13,895
TT										
	1998	40,000	14,000	54,000	33,900	35,600	69,500	2,000	14,100	16,100
	1999	39,600	13,200	52,800	35,100	34,900	70,000	2,100	14,400	16,500
	2000	41,500	13,400	54,900	40,100	35,800	75,900	2,100	14,400	16,500
	2001	42,000	14,900	56,900	39,300	33,700	73,000	2,500	16,300	18,800
	2002	45,100	15,800	60,900	36,700	33,700	70,400	1,400	14,400	15,800
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al	0004	0.40	40.4	0.40	000	440	4.044	0.5	0.45	070
DM	2001	648	194	842	902	412	1,314	25	245	270
ВМ	1999	6,591	1,252	7,843	5,580	5,000	10,580	56	851	907
	2000	6,045	1,252 1,018	7,043	5,360 5,344	5,000 4,132	9,476	40	766	807 806
	2000	6,380	1,018 1,160	7,063 7,540	5,344 5,204	4,132 4,813	10,017	40 52	851	903
	2001	6,326	1,123	7,340	5,20 4 5,116	4,813	9,944	47	884	931
TC	2002	0,020	1,120	7,110	0,110	1,020	0,014	.,	00 T	001
	2001	633	128	761	1,047	636	1,683	3	196	199
					,-		,			

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Craft and	l Related V	Vorkers	Plant and And	Machine C Assemble	•	Elementary Occupations			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
MS											
IVIS	2001	18	237	255	3	71	74	133	131	264	
KN	2001	70	20,	200		• •		100	707	204	
	2001	458	3,073	3,531	965	1,353	2,318	1,523	2,389	3,912	
LC											
	1998	1,600	6,400	8,000	880	2,920	3,800	4,100	4,045	8,145	
	1999	1,700	7,025	8,725	1,015	3,220	4,235	4,565	4,315	8,880	
	2000	1,950	7,735	9,685	910	3,125	4,035	5,175	4,765	9,940	
	2001	1,054	7,095	8,149	815	2,394	3,209	3,453	3,376	6,829	
	2002 2003	1,510	7,190	8,700	1,175 788	2,730	3,905	3,805	3,845	7,650	
	2003	1,690 1,057	7,953 6,445	9,643 7,502	738	2,782 2,305	3,570 3,043	3,447 4,440	4,720 3,945	8,167 8,385	
VC	2004	1,037	0,443	7,302	730	2,303	3,043	4,440	3,943	0,303	
••	2001	409	4,278	4,687	140	2,188	2,328	2,960	4,125	7,085	
SR			, -	,		,	, -	,	, -	,	
	2004	1,220	21,612	22,832	311	11,461	11,772	10,165	18,583	28,748	
π											
	1998	9,400	72,000	81,400	5,200	40,200	45,400	36,100	76,700	112,800	
	1999	10,200	74,400	84,600	5,100	41,800	46,900	37,200	79,300	116,500	
	2000	10,600	76,600	87,200	5,500	44,000	49,500	37,200	78,100	115,300	
	2001	10,300	78,700	89,000	4,400	43,500	47,900	36,200	78,600	114,800	
ASSOCIATE MEM	2002	10,400	79,400	89,800	4,600	44,200	48,800	38,200	77,500	115,700	
ASSOCIATE INEIN	DENS										
A	2001	52	749	801	11	222	233	198	407	605	
ВМ		V _	1.0						70.		
	1999				526	6,198	6,724				
	2000				528	7,226	7,754				
	2001				568	6,307	6,875				
	2002				557	6,299	6,856				
TC											
	2001	47	1,241	1,288	20	284	304	910	1,216	2,126	

Table 4.8 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	۸	lot Stated		Total i	All Occupa	tions
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
140							
MS	2001	30	87	117	775	985	1,760
KN	2001	30	07	117	113	303	1,700
	2001	303	353	656	10,152	11,784	21,936
LC						Í	
	1998	560	1,185	1,745	24,130	32,290	56,420
	1999	525	840	1,365	28,020	31,830	59,850
	2000	295	750	1,045	28,440	35,030	63,470
	2001	4,702	6,258	10,960	26,269	33,704	59,973
	2002	5,130	5,465	10,595	26,420	32,105	58,525
	2003	4,005	5,325	9,330	27,392	36,475	63,867
	2004	4,585	6,057	10,642	27,428	34,837	62,265
VC	2001	291	653	944	13,247	21,274	34,521
SR							
	2004	2,574	3,062	5,636	<i>54,768</i>	101,919	156,687
TT							
	1998	100	200	300	173,800	305,500	479,300
	1999	100	200	300	179,500	310,200	489,700
	2000	-	200	200	186,100	317,200	503,300
	2001	600	800	1,400	188,000	326,000	514,000
	2002	300	700	1,000	196,000	328,900	524,900
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS						
Al	2001	44	46	90	2,629	3,015	5,644
ВМ	2001	77	70	30	2,023	3,013	0,044
5	1999				18,652	19,197	37,849
	2000	28	52	80	17,914	19,063	36,977
	2001				18,296	19,301	37,597
	2002				18,404	19,411	37,815
TC					,		•
	2001	378	471	849	4,383	5,797	10,180

Table 4.9 (A) Concentration of the Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Composition	_	egislators, Senior fficials, Managers		Professionals		Technicians, Associate Professionals		Clerks		Shop and Sales Iors
		Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
AG Low to Medium Con Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	1.3	1.6	2.2	1.8	3.9	3.2	0.2 7.7	1.8	8.7	4.9
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.2	4.5	9.4	9.0			10.2	2.5	16.6	9.6
Low to Medium Commedium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.7				11.8	7.7	11.4	1.9	11.1	7.6
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	2.1	3.3	1.4	1.8	4.6	4.4	4.2	1.9		5.0
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.9	2.9	1.7	2.0	6.1	4.4	7.5	2.1	7.8	5.9
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.0	3.1	1.0	1.5		4.8	7.2	2.0		7.9
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.7	2.1		1.2		3.0		2.3		8.4
JM Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	8.9									
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.5	5.4		3.8	5.1	6.3	12.2	2.0		5.1
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.9	4.3	4.6 4.7	4.6	3.9 3.9	3.4	10.2	3.4	8.3	2.7
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	2.4	2.5	2.7 4.3	2.7	2.3	2.7	6.1 6.1	1.6	10.0	6.9
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.1	3.1	5.4	4.6	2.5	2.6	7.3	2.0	5.4	7.3
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	2.1	4.3	5.2	2.3	3.2	4.4	6.2	4.0	7.8	7.5
Low to Medium Con Medium Concentra High Concentration ASSOCIATE MEM	tion (50-70%) ı (>70%)	2.8	4.4		1.6	5.7	4.9	8.2	2.7	8.0	7.1
Low to Medium Co Medium Concentra High Concentration BM	tion (50-70%)	3.4		5.6	4.2	4.3	5.8	11.5	3.4	16.0	7.3
Low to Medium Commedium Concentra High Concentration					6.5	11.5	9.4	16.3	2.8	14.5	11.2
Low to Medium Commedium Concentration	tion (50-70%)	4.5	7.2	4.5	3.5	4.3	5.2	6.2	1.3	10.3	6.2

Table 4.9 (A) Concentration of the Employed Population by Occupational Group: 1998 – 2004

Agricu Forestr Fishery V	y and	Craft and Work		Plant and Operato Assem	rs And	Eleme Occupa	ntary	тот	AL	Country Composition
Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	_
0.2	0.8	1.0	9.3	0.2	3.1	6.6	5.3	2.9 21.3 7.7	31.8 17.0 1.6 13.2	AG Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
0.4	2.3	1.7	12.8	1.6	5.3	2.9	6.0	45.9 9.7 26.0 10.2	51.9 21.1 10.4 20.4	BB Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
0.1				2.0		8.1		48.1 13.9 22.9 11.4	17.2 17.2 0.0 0.0	BS (2001) Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
0.4	10.0	1.5	13.2	0.8	7.3	10.0	23.3	25.0 16.2 8.9 0.0	70.2 6.3 33.4 30.5	BZ Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
2.7	15.2	2.2	14.6	0.3	5.0	7.4	8.4	39.5 14.3 17.7 7.5	60.4 15.3 10.4 34.7	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
1.0	6.7	1.7	16.8	0.8	5.2	9.1	10.7	23.7 16.5 0.0 7.2 12.4	58.6 14.6 15.2 28.8 70.2	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) GY
1.4	9.6	1.6	14.6	0.4	8.6	8.1	20.2	12.4 0.0 0.0	6.6 8.4 55.2 0.0	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) JM
3.2						8.7		0.0	58.5	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) MS
0.4	3.4	1.0	13.5	0.2	4.0		7.4 7.4	10.2 0.0 12.2	18.4 19.1 20.9	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
0.4	2.6	2.1	14.0	4.4	6.2	6.9	10.9	53.3 26.2 8.5 18.5	52.1 14.1 21.4 16.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
1.9	7.8	11.8	11.8	1.4	4.0	5.8	5.6	54.9 22.6 26.2 6.1	45.8 16.9 5.2 23.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
1.9	9.4	1.2	12.4	0.4	6.3	8.6	11.9	35.8 23.0 5.4 7.3	59.7 6.6 25.0 28.1	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
1.4	7.5	0.8	13.8	0.2	7.3	6.5	11.9	33.3 14.2 19.1 0.0	63.1 13.9 20.6 28.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
0.4	2.9	2.1	15.2	1.1	8.7	7.4	15.5	35.7 13.8 21.9 0.0	63.0 14.6 21.5 26.8	TT Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) ASSOCIATE MEMBERS
0.4		0.9		0.2		3.5	7.2	45.8 9.3 25.0 11.5	27.9 14.9 13.0 0.0	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) BM
0.1	2.1			1.4	19.5			43.9 1.5 26.0 16.3	51.4 23.3 0.0 28.1	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) TC
0.0	1.9	0.5	12.2	0.2	2.8	8.9	11.9	39.3 18.4 14.7 6.2	52.3 11.0 24.4 16.9	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agricultur	e, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Manufacturing			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG	2001	168	593	761	15	74	89	506	764	1,270	
ВВ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	1,500 1,500 1,277 1,700 1,800	2,600 2,200 3,184 2,800 2,900	4,100 3,700 4,461 4,500 4,700	0 0 52 0 0	0 200 287 100 200	0 200 339 100 200	5,600 5,000 5,534 4,500 4,600	5,300 5,400 6,778 4,800 4,400	10,900 10,400 12,312 9,300 9,000	
BS	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	635 635 570 1,040 1,235 455 340	4,440 5,200 4,488 5,375 4,405 4,180 6,670	5,075 5,835 5,058 6,415 5,640 4,635 7,010	 47 	 365 	 412 	2,500 2,535 2,205 2,780 2,050 2,735 2,350	2,910 3,375 3,903 3,455 4,110 4,035 3,825	5,410 5,910 6,108 6,235 6,160 6,770 6,175	
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	1,245 1,540 1,522 2,557 1,044	17,095 19,820 18,267 18,826 19,462	18,340 21,360 19,789 21,383 20,506	0 15 3 13 0	275 285 244 333 211	275 300 247 346 211	2,265 2,625 1,549 2,321 2,189	5,250 4,680 2,803 3,616 4,030	7,515 7,305 4,352 5,937 6,219	
DM	1999 2001	1,762 808	5,849 4,410	7,611 5,218				1,065 815	1,335 1,118	2,400 1,933	
GD	1998 2001	1,363 1,328	3,431 2,697	4,794 4,025	 135	 329	 464	1,400 117	1,179 282	2,579 399	
GY	2002	5,030	46,172	51,202	691	8,780	9,471	7,138	23,493	30,631	
JM	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	39,600 34,200 35,400 37,000 37,400	160,500 158,300 159,100 158,200 145,000	200,100 192,500 194,500 195,200 182,400	 	 		29,100 24,700 18,200 19,100 19,500	55,700 56,600 47,600 50,000 45,100	84,800 81,300 65,800 69,100 64,600	

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas and	d Water	Co	onstructio	n	Wholesale and Retail Trade			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG	2001	77	349	426	99	2,498	2,597	2,148	1,861	4,009	
ВВ	1998	400	1,400	1,800	600	12,100	12,700	10,000	8,400	18,400	
	1999	600	1,400	2,000	800	12,900	13,700	10,200	8,500	18,700	
	2000	240	1,040	1,280	725	12,057	12,782	17,289	14,319	31,608	
	2001	600	1,300	1,900	1,000	13,300	14,300	10,700	8,700	19,400	
	2002	700	1,200	1,900	800	12,300	13,100	10,800	8,800	19,600	
BS	1998	305	1,235	1,540	985	14,050	15,035	11,440	8,705	20,145	
	1999	385	1,360	1,745	780	15,760	16,540	11,105	8,850	19,955	
	2000	351	1,462	1,813	844	16,136	16,980	11,311	10,333	21,644	
	2001	450	1,880	2,330	1,320	16,135	17,455	11,450	10,475	21,925	
	2002	525	1,930	2,455	615	16,140	16,755	11,500	10,520	22,020	
	2003	685	1,495	2,180	805	14,735	15,540	11,790	12,050	23,840	
	2004	725	1,850	2,575	870	15,800	16,670	13,910	12,995	26,905	
вz	1998	205	955	1,160	55	4,180	4,235	5,125	7,820	12,945	
	1999	85	940	1,025	140	4,440	4,580	4,935	7,350	12,285	
	2000	152	662	814	133	6,602	6,735	4,255	7,185	11,440	
	2001	193	834	1,027	174	7,213	7,387	5,490	9,056	14,546	
	2002	113	535	648	141	7,557	7,698	5,619	8,468	14,087	
DM	1999	102	296	398	20	2,098	2,118	2,110	1,949	4,059	
	2001	78	332	410	50	2,370	2,420	2,106	1,726	3,832	
GD	1998	0	505	505	280	4,883	5,163	3,062	3,262	6,324	
	2001	288	5,146	5,434	4,058	3,751	7,809	872	2,039	2,911	
GY	2002	499	1,763	2,262	308	15,912	16,220	15,580	22,327	37,907	
JM	1998	1,700	4,000	5,700	2,600	75,800	78,400	127,200	77,200	204,400	
	1999	1,200	5,200	6,400	2,600	73,100	75,700	126,000	74,200	200,200	
	2000	1,800	3,800	5,600	3,200	79,200	82,400	122,800	82,000	204,800	
	2001	1,500	4,900	6,400	2,500	78,000	80,500	131,400	83,300	214,700	
	2002	1,300	5,000	6,300	4,300	86,100	90,400	128,700	80,300	209,000	

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels	and Resta	urants		ort, Storag nmunicatio		Financing, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services			
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	
AG	2001	2,480	1,675	4,155	807	1,474	2,281	1,152	923	2,075	
ВВ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	7,600 7,100 8,100 7,800	5,700 6,100 5,500 5,500	13,300 13,200 - 13,600 13,300	1,500 1,200 2,098 1,900 1,600	4,500 3,500 5,644 4,200 3,900	6,000 4,700 7,742 6,100 5,500	5,000 4,600 7,738 6,600 6,500	2,800 3,700 5,623 3,900 4,400	7,800 8,300 13,361 10,500 10,900	
BS	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	12,815 13,670 14,515 14,715 14,800 15,935 14,585	9,305 9,630 10,749 10,800 10,890 11,985 9,180	22,120 23,300 25,264 25,515 25,690 27,920 23,765	4,275 3,475 3,645 3,875 4,505 3,900 3,550	7,460 6,830 7,131 6,990 7,090 7,890 6,785	11,735 10,305 10,776 10,865 11,595 11,790 10,335	8,105 8,055 9,561 9,950 10,020 9,915 10,650	5,865 5,295 6,339 6,380 6,455 5,680 6,925	13,970 13,350 15,900 16,330 16,475 15,595 17,575	
BZ	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	2,985 3,035 3,001 3,836 4,451	2,300 2,455 3,275 4,156 4,808	5,285 5,490 6,276 7,992 9,259	480 525 459 585 569	3,290 3,705 2,025 2,905 2,454	3,770 4,230 2,484 3,490 3,023	990 960 1,161 1,129 1,182	1,635 1,980 1,555 1,967 1,820	2,625 2,940 2,716 3,096 3,002	
DM	1999 2001	696 948	233 340	929 1,288	451 334	1,356 1,224	1,807 1,558	1,045 686	1,589 458	2,634 1,144	
GD	1998 2001	1,195 1,093	779 1,389	1,974 2,482	317 2,280	1,726 818	2,043 3,098	765 1,246	547 575	1,312 1,821	
GY	2002	3,615	1,986	5,601	1,948	15,006	16,954	4,594	5,947	10,541	
JM	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	 	 	 	11,300 11,900 11,400 13,400 11,800	46,600 44,900 46,200 47,200 51,100	57,900 56,800 57,600 60,600 62,900	30,400 27,600 30,000 24,600 33,400	27,500 28,400 25,900 21,800 27,000	57,900 56,000 55,900 46,400 60,400	

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		dministrat e, Social Se			unity, Soci sonal Servi		Other S	ervices (S	pecify)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	1,844	1,717	3,561	1,240	967	2,207	3,300	1,018	4,318
ВВ										
	1998	12,400	12,600	25,000	10,900	9,300	20,200			
	1999	14,000	11,900	25,900	12,400	11,500	23,900			
	2000 2001	14,200	12,400	- 26,600	21,213 12,000	14,470 11,200	35,683 23,200		•••	•••
	2001	14,200	13,100	27,700	11,400	10,400	23,200			
BS	2002	14,000	10,100	21,100	11,400	10,400	21,000			
	1998				28,445	20,320	48,765			
	1999				27,260	20,520	47,780			
	2000	6,308	6,761	13,069	20,420	9,210	29,630			
	2001				28,420	17,155	45,575			
	2002				28,555	16,615	45,170			
	2003				29,500	16,750	46,250			
D.7	2004				29,545	17,615	47,160		•••	
BZ	1998	1,535	3,445	4,980	6,865	2,260	9,125	1,400	1,330	2,730
	1999	1,575	3,350	4,980	7,035	2,200	9,825	1,525	1,745	3,270
	2000	4,427	<i>5,016</i>	9,443	4,480	2,436	6,916	67	171	238
	2001	2,157	4,566	6,723	8,248	4,136	12,384	1,333	1,379	2,712
	2002	1,891	4,268	6,159	7,545	3,430	10,975	1,511	1,463	2,974
DM										
	1999	512	975	1,487	1,659	763	2,422	1,414	381	1,795
	2001	824	1,621	2,445	1,966	649	2,615	1,138	569	1,707
GD	4000	0.4.0	4 000	4 070		4 0 4=			0=4	
	1998	616	1,263	1,879	2,557	1,347	3,904	2,259	674	2,933
GY	2001									
Gi	2002	6,405	8,687	15,092	22,536	12,459	34,995			
JM	2002	0,400	0,007	10,032	22,000	12,403	57,33 5		•••	
	1998				157,600	101,000	258,600			
	1999				155,200	105,900	261,100			
	2000				157,900	103,500	261,400			
	2001				155,200	106,700	261,900			
	2002				157,000	102,100	259,100			

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	N	lot stated		TOTAL all Industrial Groups				
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total		
AG	2001	199	209	408	14,035	14,122	28,068		
ВВ	1998	200	300	500	55,700	65,000	120,700		
	1999	100	200	300	57,500	67,300	124,800		
	2000	1,322	1,585	2,907	57,488	64,987	122,136		
	2001	100	100	200	61,400	68,200	129,600		
	2002	100	300	400	60,700	67,200	127,900		
BS	1998	300	260	560	69,805	74,550	144,355		
	1999	205	425	630	68,105	77,245	145,350		
	2000	220	332	552	69,997	77,209	147,206		
	2001	230	435	665	74,230	79,080	153,310		
	2002	475	255	730	74,280	78,410	152,690		
	2003	105	340	445	75,825	79,140	154,965		
	2004	35	135	170	76,560	81,780	158,340		
BZ	1998	105	255	360	23,255	50,090	73,345		
	1999	80	140	220	24,075	53,680	77,755		
	2000				21,209	50,241	71,450		
	2001	46	120	166	28,082	59,107	87,189		
	2002	129	340	469	26,384	58,846	85,230		
DM	1999	126	236	362	10,962	17,060	28,022		
	2001	41	36	77	9,794	14,853	24,647		
GD	1998	205	1,116	1,321	14,019	20,712	34,731		
	2001	674	<i>90</i> 9	1,583	12,091	17,935	29,562		
GY	2002	323	1,210	1,533	68,667	163,742	222,938		
JM	1998	400	900	1,300	399,900	549,200	949,100		
	1999	1,200	900	2,100	384,600	547,500	932,100		
	2000	1,800	1,100	2,900	382,500	548,400	930,900		
	2001	500	1,800	2,300	385,200	551,900	937,100		
	2002	2,000	1,300	3,300	395,400	543,000	938,400		

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Agriculture	, Forestry	& Fishing	Mining	and Quar	rying	Ma	nufacturin	g
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIO	2001	7	46	53				24	30	54
KN										
	2001	573	1,136	1,709	101	234	335	966	230	1,196
LC	1000		0.04=	40.04.				0.000	0.4==	
	1998 1999		9,045 8,520	13,015 12,980				2,990	2,455 2,295	5,445 5,570
	2000	′	9,140	13,195				3,275 3,640	2,295 2,560	6,200
	2001	1,117	<i>4,156</i>	5,273	21	70	91	1,977	1,722	3,699
	2002	2,300	4,835	7,135				2,505	1,950	4,455
VC										
0.0	2001	1,013	4,290	5,303	34	70	104	718	1,726	2,444
SR	2004	2,466	10,124	12,590	935	8,373	9,308	2,917	8,054	10,971
TT	2004	2,400	10,124	12,550	333	0,373	3,300	2,317	0,004	10,371
	1998	5,000	23,900	28,900	100	900	1,000	14,300	37,200	51,500
	1999		23,900	28,400	-	500	500	15,700	37,300	53,000
	2000	4,600	22,400	27,000	200	400	600	15,900	39,000	54,900
	2001 2002	4,600 3,200	24,100 21,700	28,700 24,900	100 100	1,000 700	1,100 800	14,700 15,800	38,000 40,000	52,700 55,800
		3,200	21,700	24,300	100	700	000	13,000	40,000	33,000
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	1999		110	140				125	220	345
ВМ	2001	21	162	183				50	85	135
DIVI	1999	49	512	561				356	852	1,208
	2000	42	460	502	1	70	71	394	784	1,178
	2001	52	557	609				363	808	1,171
	2002	55	589	644				356	751	1,107
TC	2004	47	220	227	_	40	47	00	420	22.4
	2001	17	220	237	1	16	17	88	136	224

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Electricit	y, Gas and	d Water	Co	onstructio	า	Wholesal	e and Reta	il Trade
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIS	2001	11	47	58	9	205	214	93	99	192
KN					·		_,,			
	2001	176	3,126	3,302	2,565	2,003	4,568	1,161	1,304	2,465
LC										
	1998		600	755	220	4,130	4,350	5,315	4,135	9,450
	1999 2000		435 560	560 685	380 425	4,985 5,570	5,365 5,995	6,300 7,045	4,245 4,300	10,545 11,345
	2000 2001	85	375	460	423 192	3,844	4,036	3,781	3,169	6,950
	2002	110	505	615	265	4,560	4,825	5,170	3,430	8,600
VC										
	2001	101	495	596	179	3,480	3,659	2,997	2,890	5,887
SR	0004	0.47	4 440	4.050	500	40.504	44.000	0.045	45.000	05.004
TT	2004	247	1,412	1,659	506	13,524	14,030	9,315	15,689	25,004
• •	1998	1,200	5,100	6,300	4,900	61,400	66,300	44,900	38,400	83,300
	1999	900	5,300	6,200	4,200	63,100	67,300	49,300	39,500	88,800
	2000	1,300	5,600	6,900	5,000	62,500	67,500	51,400	43,800	95,200
	2001	1,100	6,400	7,500	5,800	65,000	70,800	50,000	39,900	89,900
	2002	900	5,700	6,600	8,000	61,800	69,800	51,300	43,300	94,600
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	1999	50	90	140	25	765	790	310	180	490
	2001	18	63	81	29	801	830	299	257	556
ВМ	4000	0.5	204	400	450	0.050	0.500	0.747	0.540	F 007
	1999 2000	85 84	381 341	466 425	156 177	2,352 3,622	2,508 3,799	2,747 2,415	2,540 2,400	5,287 4,815
	2000	84	341	425	157	2,637	2,794	2,415 2,505	2, 400 2,505	5,010
	2002	82	330	412	180	2,737	2,917	2,514	2,542	5,056
TC										
	2001	24	139	163	44	1,330	1,374	335	322	657

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	Hotels a	and Restau	urants		ort, Storag nmunication		Estate	g, Insurand and Busi Services	•
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
IVIS	2001	46	14	60	39	94	133	72	39	111
KN										
	2001	1,352	1,413	2,765	1,922	599	2,521	806	568	1,374
LC										
	1998	2,505	2,755	5,260	905	3,215	4,120	1,225	1,215	2,440
	1999 2000	3,195 3,545	2,515 3,040	5,710 6,585	910 790	3,325 3,305	4,235 4,095	1,575 1,165	1,090 1,125	2,665 2,290
	2000 2001	2,546	2,059	4,605	606	2,095	2,701	1,103 1,139	851	2,290 1,990
	2002	3,270	2,895	6,165	805	2,380	3,185	1,275	1,190	2,465
VC										
	2001	1,348	1,036	2,384	453	2,141	2,594	1,161	744	1,905
SR	2004	2 020	4 000	4 024	4 444	7.600	0.744	2 222	E 020	0.074
тт	2004	2,929	1,902	4,831	1,111	7,600	8,711	3,233	5,838	9,071
	1998				6,200	17,900	24,100	20,000	17,700	37,700
	1999				6,200	17,800	24,000	19,000	17,200	36,200
	2000				7,400	19,200	26,600	18,800	19,000	37,800
	2001				7,700	17,600	25,300	19,800	19,300	39,100
	2002	•••	•••	•••	8,300	18,800	27,100	21,900	20,100	42,000
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS									
Al										
	1999	810	615	1,425	75	395	470	295	125	420
DM	2001	956	631	1,587	101	278	379	254	179	433
ВМ	1999	2,575	3,082	5,657	983	1,885	2,868	4,083	2,635	6,718
	2000	2,373 1,914	2,407	4,321	903 998	1,865 1,846	2,844	3,907	2,033 2,541	6,448
	2001	2,244	2,844	5,088	1,045	1,938	2,983	4,343	2,854	7,197
	2002	2,128	2,785	4,913	991	1,868	2,859	4,381	2,864	7,245
TC										
	2001	1,126	1,242	2,368	153	317	470	446	416	862

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year		dministrat , Social Se			ınity, Soci onal Servi		Other S	ervices (S _l	pecify)
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	371	291	662	73	32	105			
KN										
	2001									
LC	4000	4.00=	0.040				4 0==	4 000		
	1998	4,935	3,840	8,775	680	375 575	1,055	1,230	505	1,735
	1999 2000	5,440 5,485	3,520 3,785	8,960 9,270	915 825	575 680	1,490 1,505	1,445 1,090	325 530	1,770 1,620
	2000 2001	1,452	1,606	3,058	3,933	1,702	5,635	,		1,020
	2002	5,335	3,725	9,060	5,535	865	1,380	1,510	750	2,260
VC		2,222	-,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,	, -		,
	2001	767	1,384	2,151	3,960	2,085	6,045			
SR										
	2004	11,716	16,277	27,993	4,904	5,007	9,911	11,806	3,346	15,152
TT										
	1998			•••	73,900	59,400	133,300			•••
	1999				76,300	61,000	137,300			
	2000 2001	•••	•••	•••	78,200 80,200	59,900 60,600	138,100 140,800		•••	•••
	2001				82,600	59,400	142,000			
		•••	•••	•••	02,000	00, 100	1 12,000	•••	•••	•••
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	1999	275	265	540	505	110	615	150	70	220
	2001	354	308	662	377	170	547	127	37	164
ВМ	4000	0.040	2.005	4.05.4	4.500	0.40	0.070	4.040	2.000	
	1999 2000	2,049 1,149	2,005 1,363	4,054 2,512	1,523 1,799	849 974	2,372 2,773	4,046 4,997	2,099 2,200	•••
	2000	1,1 49 1,946	1,363 1,888	2,512 3,834	1,799 1,464	97 4 819	2,773 2,283	4,997 4,093	2,200 2,106	
	2001	1,940	1,912	3,896	1,432	770	2,202	4,301	2,100	
TC		.,	.,	-,	.,		,_ 	.,	-,3	
	2001	1,110	912	2,022	623	258	881	2	18	20

Table 4.10 (A) Cont'd Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Year	N	lot stated		TOTAL a	II Industrial	Groups
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS							
W.C	2001	0	87	87	745	984	1,729
KN							ŕ
	2001	188	214	402	9,810	10,827	20,302
LC	4000		00	00	04.400	00.000	5 0.400
	1998 1999	0	20	20	24,130 28,020	32,290 31,830	56,420 50,850
	2000	250	435	685	28,020 28,440	35,030	59,850 63,470
	2001	9,418	12,055	21,473	26,267	33,704	59,880
	2002	3,360	5,020	8,380	26,420	32,105	58,525
VC							
	2001	516	933	1,449	13,247	21,274	34,417
SR	2004	2 602	4 772	7 456	E 4 760	404.040	456 607
TT	2004	2,683	4,773	7,456	54,768	101,919	156,687
• •	1998				170,500	261,000	431,400
	1999				176,100	265,100	441,200
	2000	200	300	500	182,800	271,700	454,500
	2001	700	700	1,400	184,600	271,600	456,200
	2002	300	900	1,200	192,300	271,700	464,000
ASSOCIATE ME	MBERS						
Al							
	1999	245	340	585	2,895	3,285	6,180
	2001	43	44	87	2,629	3,015	5,644
ВМ	4000				40.050	40.400	04.000
	1999		 55		18,652	19,192	31,699
	2000 2001	37	55	92	17,914 18,296	19,063 19,297	29,709 31,394
	2002				18,404	19,407	31,251
TC					, .		,
	2001	414	471	885	4,383	5,797	10,163

Table 4.11 (A) Concentration of the Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Country	Composition	Agricu Forestry &		Mining Quarr		Manufad	cturing	Electrica and V	•	Constru	uction	Wholes Retail	
		Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men
AG Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.6	2.1	0.1	0.3	1.8	2.7	0.3	1.2	0.4	8.9	7.7	6.6
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	1.0	2.6	0.0	0.2	4.5	5.5	0.2	0.9	0.6	9.9	14.2	11.7
BS (2001) Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentration High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.7	3.5	0.0	0.0	1.8	2.3	0.3	1.2	0.9	10.5	7.5	6.8
BZ Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentration High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	2.1	25.6	0.0	0.3	2.2	3.9	0.2	0.9	0.2	9.2	6.0	10.1
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentration High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.3	17.9			3.3	4.5	0.3	1.3	0.2	9.6	8.5	7.0
GD Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	4.5	9.1	0.5	1.1	0.4	1.0	1.0	17.4	13.7	12.7	2.9	6.9
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentration High Concentration	ncentration (<50%) tion (50-70%)	2.3	20.7	0.3	3.9	3.2	10.5	0.2	0.8	0.1	7.1	7.0	10.0
JM Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	3.9	17.0			2.1	5.1	0.2		0.3	8.3	14.0	9.0
MS Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentra High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.4	2.7			1.4	1.7	0.6	2.7	0.5	11.9	5.4	5.7
KN Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	2.8	5.6	0.5	1.2	4.8	1.1	0.9	15.4	12.6	9.9	5.7	6.4
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	1.9	6.9	0.0	0.1	3.3	2.9	0.1	0.6	0.3	6.4	6.3	5.3
VC Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	2.9	12.5	0.1	0.2	2.1	5.0	0.3	1.4	0.5	10.1	8.7	8.4
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	1.6	6.5	0.6	5.3	1.9	5.1	0.2	0.9	0.3	8.6	5.9	10.0
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrated High Concentration ASSOCIATE MEM	tion (50-70%) (>70%)	1.0	4.9	0.0	0.1	3.5	8.6	0.3	1.2	1.1	13.8	11.3	9.6
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.4	2.9			0.9	1.5	0.3	1.1	0.5	14.2	5.3	4.6
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentral High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.1	1.2	0.0	0.2	1.1	2.1	0.2	0.9	0.5	9.8	6.5	6.5
Low to Medium Cor Medium Concentrat High Concentration	tion (50-70%)	0.2		0.0		0.9		0.2		0.4		3.3	

Table 4.11 (A) Concentration of the Employed Population by Industrial Group: 1998 – 2004

Hotels Restau		Transport, and Commun	d	Insurance Estate	e, Real	Pub Administra Defense	ative and		ty, Social rsonal rices	Other S		тот	AL	Country Composition
Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	_
8.8	6.0	2.9	5.3	4.1	3.3	6.6	6.1	4.4	3.4	11.8	3.6	26.5 6.0 20.6 0.0	36.4 15.9 8.0 12.5	AG Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
		1.7	4.6	6.3	4.6			17.4	11.8			28.6 8.1 20.5 0.0	40.1 16.3 5.5 18.2	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
9.6	7.3	2.5	4.6	6.5	4.2			18.5	11.2			29.7 6.2 23.6 0.0	40.4 18.3 6.8 15.3 59.6	BS (2001) Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) BZ
4.2	4.6	0.6	2.8	1.6	2.2	6.2	7.0	6.3	3.4	0.1	0.2	17.1 17.1 0.0 0.0 22.9	0.0 16.8 42.8 48.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) DM
3.8	1.4	0.6	5.0	2.8	1.9	3.3	6.6	8.0	2.6	4.6	2.3	7.7 11.3 3.8 37.9	10.2 4.5 33.8 57.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) GD
2.9	4.7	7.7	2.8	4.2	1.9							12.2 17.9 7.7	17.4 13.8 26.4 63.4	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) GY
1.6	0.9	0.9	6.7	2.1	2.7	2.9	3.9	10.1	5.6			16.1 1.6 0.0 24.4	0.9 12.7 49.8 46.8	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) JM
		1.3	5.1	2.7	2.4			16.6	11.4			7.8 16.6 0.0 17.4	11.3 0.0 35.5 33.2	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) MS
2.7	0.8	2.3	5.4	4.2	2.3	21.5	2.3	4.2	1.9			10.6 4.2 2.7 47.4	3.1 7.5 22.7 52.3	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) KN
6.7	7.0	9.5	3.0	4.0	2.8							16.6 16.6 14.2 19.1	16.7 20.1 15.4 30.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) LC
4.3	3.4	1.0	3.5	1.9	1.4	2.4	2.7	6.6	2.8			3.4 15.8 0.0 23.3	13.0 0.0 17.6 49.0	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) VC
3.9	3.0	1.3	6.2	3.4	2.2	2.2	4.0	11.5	6.1			7.3 16.0 0.0 15.1	13.6 0.2 35.3 46.3	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) SR
1.9	1.2	0.7	4.9	2.1	3.7	7.5	10.4	3.1	3.2	7.5	2.1	13.2 1.9 0.0 23.0	1.2 13.7 31.3 46.6	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) TT
		1.6	4.2	4.1	4.2			17.2	13.2			11.7 11.3 0.0	9.6 4.3 32.7	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) ASSOCIATE MEMBERS
16.9	11.2	1.8	4.9	4.5	3.2	6.3	5.5	6.7	3.0	2.3	0.7	30.6 9.2 21.4 0.0	43.5 18.9 1.5 23.1	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)
5.2	6.5	2.7	5.0	10.6	6.9	3.1	3.7	4.9	2.6	13.5	6.0	26.9 9.8 17.1 0.0	39.2 13.4 13.6 12.2	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%) TC
11.1		1.5		4.4	4.1	10.9	9.0	6.1	2.5	0.0	0.2	22.0 14.3 7.7 0.0	4.1 4.1 0.0 0.0	Low to Medium Concentration (<50%) Medium Concentration (50-70%) High Concentration (>70%)

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 a/			20 - 24		;	25 - 29 ^{b/}	
	•	Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	2,183	1,735	3,918	577	264	841	421	85	506
BS										
	2000	9,453	8,006	17,459	3,237	1,401	4,638	2,281	690	2,971
ВВ										
	1998	6,600	5,700	12,300	1,800	1,000	2,800	1,000	400	1,400
	1999	7,000	5,700	12,700	2,000	1,000	3,000	1,100	500	1,600
	2000	6,449	5,646	12,095	1,927	1,035	2,962	6,386	2,307	8,693
	2001	6,400	5,900	12,300	1,800	1,400	3,200	1,000	500	1,500
D-7	2002	6,800	6,200	13,000	1,600	1,200	2,800	1,300	500	1,800
BZ	4000	40.005	0.400	00.405	4.040	4.075	E 00E	4.055	405	4.450
	1998	12,995	9,130	22,125	4,610	1,075	5,685	4,255	195	4,450
	1999	12,800	9,115	21,915	4,615	1,010	5,625	4,300	215	4,515
	2000 2001	10,262 13,501	7,522 9,835	17,784 23,336	4,873 5,136	941 1,200	5,814 6,336	4,326 4,492	340 382	4,666 4,874
	2001	14,392	9,891	24,283	5,136 5,579	1,200	6,686	5,385	362 468	5,853
DM	2002	14,392	9,091	24,203	5,579	1,107	0,000	5,365	400	5,055
DIVI	1999	2,172	1,864	4,036	430	254	684	738	212	950
	2001	2,691	2,289	4,980	742	471	1,213	877	311	1,188
GD		_,-,	_,	.,			1,210			.,
	1998	3,006	2,273	5,279	803	253	1,056	560	147	707
	2001	3,778	3,074	6,852	932	362	1,294	742	182	924
GY										
	2002	25,825	17,732	43,557	19,273	4,369	23,642	18,850	2,470	21,320
JM										
	1998	138,431	125,526	263,957	38,427	19,537	57,964	45,570	9,890	55,459
	1999	142,820	125,960	268,780	42,963	20,248	63,211	52,391	9,001	61,391
	2000	147,842	130,867	278,709	43,883	19,368	63,252	8,574	32,471	41,044
	2001	165,544	142,095	307,639	54,386	23,668	78,054	52,651	13,834	66,486

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	444	69	513	461	70	531	333	71	404
BS										
	2000	2,107	473	2,580	1,964	461	2,425	1,770	427	2,197
ВВ										
	1998	1,100	400	1,500	1,300	400	1,700	1,400	500	1,900
	1999	1,100	300	1,400	1,500	400	1,900	1,600	300	1,900
	2000						•••			
	2001	1,100	300	1,400	1,400	400	1,800	1,400	300	1,700
	2002	1,300	500	1,800	1,200	400	1,600	1,600	400	2,000
BZ										
	1998	4,035	220	4,255	3,475	165	3,640	2,580	175	2,755
	1999	4,010	215	4,225	3,800	215	4,015	3,085	195	3,280
	2000	3,748	283	4,031	3,118	252	3,370	2,419	294	2,713
	2001	4,563	260	4,823	4,239	166	4,405	2,816	239	3,055
	2002	4,972	211	5,183	4,422	263	4,685	3,372	245	3,617
DM										
	1999	594	21	615	533	275	808	410	212	622
	2001	982	290	1,272	855	244	1,099	700	209	909
GD										
	1998	672	126	798	821	147	968	504	147	651
	2001	777	141	918	869	179	1,048	820	186	1,006
GY										
	2002	17,655	2,123	19,778	15,517	1,954	17,471	13,348	1,734	15,082
JM										
	1998				24,653	4,945	29,599			
	1999				24,934	7,143	32,076			
	2000		•••		25,031	5,652	30,682			
	2001				26,704	7,591	34,295			

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54			55 - 59 ^{a/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	277	76	353	320	83	403	348	106	454
BS										
	2000	1,540	400	1,940	1,581	490	2,071	1,941	673	2,614
ВВ										
	1998	1,700	500	2,200	1,700	500	2,200	2,000	600	2,600
	1999	1,400	500	1,900	2,100	600	2,700	2,000	900	2,900
	2000	3,579	1,131	4,709				5,509	2,384	7,894
	2001	1,300	400	1,700	2,000	600	2,600	2,000	800	2,800
	2002	1,500	400	1,900	2,000	800	2,800	2,300	800	3,100
BZ	4000	0.075	405	0.540	0.445	0.4.0	0.455	4.005	000	0.005
	1998	2,375	165	2,540	2,145	310	2,455	1,805	290	2,095
	1999	2,330	200	2,530	2,305	260	2,565	1,620	355	1,975
	2000	2,018	252	2,270	1,602	289	1,891	1,381	355	1,736
	2001	2,440	209	2,649	2,416	320	2,736	1,457	383	1,840
DM	2002	2,777	280	3,057	2,446	299	2,745	2,023	267	2,290
DIVI	1999	390	106	496	779	127	906	533	191	724
	2001	562	186	748	572	215	787	704	275	979
GD	2001	002	700	740	0/2	210	701	704	270	070
	1998	560	168	728	635	295	930	691	253	944
	2001	664	222	886	697	215	912	700	265	965
GY										
	2002	10,414	1,617	12,031	8,667	1,823	10,490	6,610	2,112	8,722
JM										
	1998	19,989	4,014	24,003				31,290	11,725	43,015
	1999	21,297	4,522	25,819				32,883	12,076	44,958
	2000	22,645	4,569	27,213				34,187	11,375	45,563
	2001	19,169	5,727	24,896				41,094	9,867	50,961

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64		(65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74 ^{b/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG										
	2001	472	214	686	508	299	807	510	306	816
BS										
	2000	2,550	1,236	3,786	8,124	4,491	12,615			
ВВ										
	1998	4,100	1,700	5,800	13,300	9,800	23,100	4,900	3,500	8,400
	1999	3,200	1,600	4,800	12,900	9,200	22,100	5,600	3,300	8,900
	2000		•••	•••	16,764	10,612	27,376		•••	
	2001	3,800	1,800	5,600	12,000	8,300	20,300	5,500	3,100	8,600
	2002	3,300	1,700	5,000	13,300	8,700	22,000	4,900	3,300	8,200
BZ										
	1998	1,755	525	2,280	4,965	3,010	7,975			
	1999	1,735	400	2,135	5,510	2,855	8,365			
	2000	1,275	547	1,822	4,286	2,534	6,820		•••	
	2001	1,842	530	2,372	5,264	3,128	8,392			
DM	2002	1,858	641	2,499	5,655	3,571	9,226			
DM	4000	0.44	400	4.044	0.004	0.004	0.005			
	1999	841	403	1,244	3,934	2,691	6,625			
GD	2001	926	459	1,385	3,584	2,278	5,862	•••	•••	•••
GD	1998	1,269	484	1,753	5,003	3,136	8,139			
		1,269 1,127	404 616	*	4,050	2,630			•••	•••
GY	2001	1,127	010	1,743	4,030	2,030	6,680		•••	•••
GI	2002	6,459	3,461	9,920	5,531	3,728	9,259	4,326	3,199	7,525
JM	2002	0,403	3,401	3,320	3,331	3,120	3,203	7,320	3,133	1,020
VIII	1998				80,270	44,359	124,628			
	1999				83,799	45,378	129,177			
	2000				86,906	48,122	135,028			
	2001	•••			97,039	55,741	152,780	•••		

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80 +		N	ot State	d	Total	Populatio	n 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
AG													
	2001	411	319	730	661	390	1,051	14	5	19	7,940	4,092	12,032
BS													
	2000							83	46	129	36,631	18,794	55,425
ВВ													
	1998										40,900	25,000	65,900
	1999										41,500	24,300	65,800
	2000										40,615	23,115	63,729
	2001										39,700	23,800	63,500
	2002										41,100	24,900	66,000
BZ													
	1998							30	15	45	45,025	15,275	60,300
	1999							0	0	0	46,110	15,035	61,145
	2000							0	0	0	39,308	13,609	52,917
	2001							0	0	0	48,166	16,652	64,818
	2002							41	15	56	52,922	17,258	70,180
DM								_					
	1999							0	0	0	11,354	6,356	17,710
	2001	•••						0	0	0	13,195	7,227	20,422
GD	4000								0.4		4.4.500	7.450	00.040
	1998							75	21	96	14,599	7,450	22,049
OV	2001									•••	15,156	8,072	23,228
GY	0000	0.000	4 000	44.070				4.750	070	0.405	400.000	54.000	040.044
104	2002	6,389	4,690	11,079			•••	1,759	676	2,435	160,623	51,688	212,311
JM	1998										378,630	219,996	598,626
	1996		•••	•••							401,086	219,996	625,413
		•••	•••							•••		,	·-
	2000	•••								•••	369,067	252,424	621,491
	2001	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••			•••	456,586	258,524	715,110

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		15 - 19 ^{a/}			20 - 24		:	25 - 29 ^{b/}	
		Girls	Boys	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	81	88	169	19	18	37	41	33	74
KN										
	2001	1,558	1,257	2,815	320	167	487	272	123	395
LC										
	1998	5,740	4,725	10,465	1,510	895	2,405			
	1999	5,620	4,605	10,225	1,255	645	1,900			
	2000	5,030	5,150	10,180	1,040	520	1,560			
	2001	5,977	4,476	10,453	2,182	957	3,139	2,037	583	2,620
	2002	6,815	5,245	12,060	1,650	1,330	2,980			
	2003	4,962	4,643	9,605	904	730	1,634			
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2004	5,250	4,760	10,010	1,230	855	2,085	•••		•••
VC										
-	2001	4,372	3,011	7,383	2,056	671	2,727	1,639	434	2,073
SR	2004	18,768	15,986	34,754	13,202	7,205	20,407	9,217	2,921	12,138
TT										
	1998	50,800	41,500	92,300	18,300	5,800	24,100	15,600	2,400	18,000
	1999	54,300	41,300	95,600	17,500	6,300	23,800	15,400	2,400	17,800
	2000	50,681	42,089	92,770	21,162	10,064	31,226	16,865	4,115	20,980
	2001	53,400	43,200	96,600	19,400	6,900	26,300	16,400	2,100	18,500
	2002	52,000	44,900	96,900	18,100	7,400	25,500	15,400	2,000	17,400
	2003	47,800	40,000	87,800	19,400	9,600	29,000	12,400	2,200	14,600
	2004	49,400	42,500	91,900	14,600	7,100	21,700	13,700	1,600	15,300
	2005	45,200	35,900	81,100	16,500	7,600	24,100	11,700	2,700	14,400
	2006	40,800	37,600	78,400	19,700	9,600	29,300	12,800	3,900	16,700
ASSOCIATE MI	FMRFRS									
Al										
	2001	285	247	532	82	18	100	58	22	80
ВМ										
	1999	1,034	1,102	2,136	534	722	1,256	548	607	1,155
	2000	1,089	1,058	2,147	431	311	742	316	116	432
	2001	1,304	1,312	2,616	691	787	1,478	738	687	1,425
	2002	1,281	1,280	2,561	716	935	1,651	802	750	1,552
TC										
	2001	390	337	727	157	54	211	203	24	227

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		30 - 34			35 - 39 ^{a/}			40 - 44	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	41	21	62	39	54	93	40	26	66
KN										
	2001	213	60	273	201	59	260	230	69	299
LC	4000	0.00=						4 = 00	40=	o 40=
	1998	2,385	675	3,060				1,790	405	2,195
	1999	2,030	495	2,525	•••			2,185	365	2,550
	2000	1,955	535	2,490				1,830	415	2,245
	2001	1,910	473	2,383	1,842	455	2,297	1,460	448	1,908
	2002	2,575	1,280	3,855				2,195	740	2,935
	2003	2,008	1,015	3,023				2,168	719	2,887
	2004	1,924	708	2,632				2,152	735	2,887
VC										
	2001	1,425	342	1,767	1,442	342	1,784	1,241	299	1,540
SR	2004	8,062	1,585	9,646	7,380	1,374	8,754	6,472	1,345	7,817
TT										
	1998	17,500	2,500	20,000	17,700	2,200	19,900	17,600	2,000	19,600
	1999	16,700	2,000	18,700	17,900	2,400	20,300	17,500	2,300	19,800
	2000	17,288	3,022	20,310	20,097	3,210	23,307	17,762	3,002	20,764
	2001	14,600	2,300	16,900	19,100	2,600	21,700	16,300	2,900	19,200
	2002	14,900	2,000	16,900	17,800	2,100	19,900	17,100	2,300	19,400
	2003	12,800	2,200	15,000	17,100	2,000	19,100	18,000	2,600	20,600
	2004	10,900	1,600	12,500	14,600	1,200	15,800	18,200	2,100	20,300
	2005	12,400	1,400	13,800	12,400	1,800	14,200	16,500	2,100	18,600
	2006	11,200	1,500	12,700	11,300	1,300	12,600	13,700	2,100	15,800
ACCOCIATE M	-MDEDC									
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBEKS									
AI	2001	68	27	95	73	26	99	67	30	97
ВМ	2001	00	21	30	73	20	33	07	30	31
DIVI	1999	550	186	736	153	14	167	137	- 53	84
	2000	375	79	454	432	86	518	342	87	<i>429</i>
	2001	520	7 5 75	595	339	28	367	194		191
	2001	573	31	604	264		242	249		158
TC	2002	313	J1	004	207	<i></i>	272	2-13	91	130
. •	2001	235	38	273	199	35	234	167	34	201

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year	ı	45 - 49 ^{a/}			50 - 54			55 - 59 ^{a/}	
	. Ju.	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	40	46	86	32	60	92	62	61	123
KN										
	2001	211	59	270	185	38	223	234	82	316
LC										
	1998				2,125	125	2,250			
	1999				1,890	435	2,325			
	2000				2,125	415	2,540			
	2001	1,205	323	1,528	1,307	403	1,710	1,406	500	1,906
	2002				1,920	530	2,450			
	2003			•••	2,298	685	2,983			
V6	2004				1,743	902	2,645			
VC	2001	919	263	1,182	865	263	1,128	883	353	1,236
SR	2001	919	203	1,102	803	203	1,120	003	353	1,230
SK .	2004	5,492	1,186	6,678	4,939	1,352	6,291	4,517	1,750	6,266
TT										
	1998	14,900	2,600	17,500	16,200	3,400	19,600	13,900	5,400	19,300
	1999	14,700	2,500	17,200	15,900	3,200	19,100	15,200	6,300	21,500
	2000	15,749	3,023	18,772	15,238	3,902	19,140	14,026	5,468	19,494
	2001	18,200	2,100	20,300	17,900	3,000	20,900	15,800	6,300	22,100
	2002	17,200	2,400	19,600	18,100	3,500	21,600	15,700	5,600	21,300
	2003	14,700	3,500	18,200	17,900	5,000	22,900	17,700	7,800	25,500
	2004	12,500	2,200	14,700	14,200	3,500	17,700	14,900	7,600	22,500
	2005	12,800	3,100	15,900	14,600	2,800	17,400	15,100	5,600	20,700
	2006	15,700	2,300	18,000	16,600	3,900	20,500	13,300	5,800	19,100
ASSOCIATE MEM	BERS									
Al										
	2001	81	26	107	64	31	95	72	34	106
ВМ										
	1999	226	118	344	53	- 94 -	41	326	74	400
	2000	291	119	410	352	119	471	505	185	690
	2001	183	95	278	27	- 114 -	87	220	21	241
	2002	206	28	234	- 48	- 251 -	299	179	- 63	116
TC										
	2001	128	33	161	109	41	150	86	33	119

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		60 - 64			65 - 69 ^{a/}			70 - 74 ^{b/}	
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS										
	2001	67	62	129	51	53	104	55	76	131
KN										
	2001	380	144	524	1,875	1,120	2,995			
LC										
	1998	2,655	1,070	3,725	6,010	3,795	9,805			
	1999	2,295	1,030	3,325	6,050	3,565	9,615			
	2000	2,440	1,100	3,540	7,155	4,995	12,150			
	2001	1,552	774	2,326	5,846	3,810	9,656	•••		•••
	2002	2,400	1,240	3,640	7,530	5,140	12,670			
	2003	3,125	1,287	4,412	7,455	5,459	12,914			
	2004	3,303	1,274	4,577	7,776	5,787	13,563			
VC										
	2001	1,103	595	1,698	1,126	789	1,915	2,868	1,807	4,675
SR	2004	6,119	4,465	10,584						
TT	200.	0,110	1, 100	10,001	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••
	1998	14,800	10,200	25,000	44,300	35,100	79,400			
	1999	14,500	10,900	25,400	47,100	36,400	83,500			
	2000	14,171	9,548	23,719	40,337	31,696	72,033			
	2001	15,500	10,400	25,900	47,500	37,300	84,800			
	2002	16,200	11,200	27,400	51,400	38,200	89,600			
	2003	16,700	11,300	28,000	47,900	38,600	86,500			
	2004	16,900	10,900	27,800	51,900	34,100	86,000			
	2005	18,300	12,000	30,300	58,500	38,800	97,300			
	2006	16,700	13,400	30,100	54,900	41,700	96,600			
			,	,	,	,	,			
ASSOCIATE M	EMBERS									
Al										
	2001	105	51	156	96	80	176	304	201	505
ВМ	4000	570	0.40	040	0.007	4 000	4.070			
	1999	570	242	812	3,037	1,633	4,670			
	2000	555 547	277	832	893	510	1,403	2,409	1,297	3,706
	2001	547	167	714	3,092	1,729	4,821			
T0	2002	506	178	684	3,101	1,625	4,726			
TC	2001	62	27	89	94	48	142	257	127	384

Appendix 1 Cont'd Table 4.12 (A) Economically Inactive Population: 1998 – 2005

Country	Year		75 - 79			80+		N	ot State	d	Total	Populatio	n 15+
		Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
MS													
	2001	130	129	259							698	727	1,425
KN													
	2001										5,679	3,178	8,857
LC													
	1998										22,215	11,690	33,905
	1999										21,325	11,140	32,465
	2000										21,575	13,130	34,705
	2001					•••			•••	•••	26,724	13,202	39,926
	2002								•••		25,085	15,505	40,590
	2003					•••			•••		22,920	14,538	37,458
	2004										23,378	15,021	38,399
VC													
	2001							354	437	791	20,293	9,606	29,899
SR	0004										04400	00.400	100.001
	2004	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	84,168	39,166	123,334
TT	4000										044.000	440 400	254 700
	1998		•••							•••	241,600	113,100	354,700
	1999		•••							•••	246,700	116,000	362,700
	2000 2001								•••		243,376	119,139 119,100	362,515
										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	254,100		373,200
	2002									•••	253,900 242,400	121,600 124,800	375,500
	2003 2004									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	242,400	124,800	367,200 346,200
	2004									•••			
	2005									•••	234,000	113,800	347,800
	2006									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	226,700	123,100	349,800
ASSOCIATE MI	EMBERS												
Al													
	2001										1,355	793	2,148
ВМ													
	1999										7,168	4,551	11,719
	2000										7,990	4,244	12,234
	2001										7,855	4,784	12,639
	2002										7,829	4,400	12,229
TC													
	2001										2,087	831	2,918

Appendix 2
Table 4.13 (A) Level of Harmonisation

Indicator	Point of	Remarks	Harmonisation – Limitations to
	Reference		comparibility
Unemployed Labour Force		All member states generally conform to the International and Regional Definitions with the following variations:	Of the 10 countries for which data was available 6 countries (BB;DM;GD;MS;KN;VC;BM;TC) conform to the same definition, age
	Age Group	AG: (16-60 years) BZ & JM:(14+yrs) LC: (15-64 years)	group(15+)and reference period ("past week") and source of data for the period 1998-1999. In 2000/2001 only 3 countries (DM;BM;TC) would
	Reference Period Sources	AG & BS: 4 weeks TT: 3 months All data was sourced from LFS	have conformed in every respect since data for three of the six
	Sources	except for DM(2001); BM (2000) and TC(2001) which are from the Census.	countries were sourced from the Census.
Labour Force Participation Rate		Definition used across seven Member States is comparable, but age limit is different for some member States:	The definition is harmonised across Member States and is conceptually in line with the international guidance. The extent to which these definitions are harmonized would depend largely on the degree to which the Economically Active Population and the Population 15 + are harmonized.
	Age Group Reference Period	AG: (16-60 years) BZ & JM:(14+yrs) LC: (15-64 years) AG & BS: 4 weeks TT: 3 months	
	Sources	All data was sourced from LFS except for DM(2001); BM (2000) and TC(2001) which are from the Census.	
Employed Population by Status of Employment	Age Group	Definition used confirm generally to International standards (International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE)), across seven Member States, but age limit is different for some member States; (Refer to http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bur eau/stat/download/res/icse.pdf)	Harmonisation depends on: Definition of the Employed Rules governing categories of the status of Employment The categories of the employed and their definitions. The statistical treatment of these groups. Of the 10 countries for which data was available countries (BB;DM;KN;VC;BM;TC) conform to the same definition, age group(15+)and reference period ("past week") The categories of the employed are the same for countries (BB;DM;KN;VC;BM;TC)

Appendix 2
Table 4.13 (A) Cont'd Level of Harmonisation

Indicator	Point of	Remarks	Harmonisation – Limitations to
	Reference		comparibility
Employed Population by Occupation	Classification of Occupations	Definition used confirm generally to International standards (International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO)), across seven Member States, but age limit is different for some member States;	Harmonisation depends on:
	Age Group	AG: (16-60 years) BZ & JM:(14+yrs) LC: (15-64 years)	Definition of the Employed The categories of the Employment by Occupational Groups and their definitions.
	Reference Period		
	Sources	All data was sourced from LFS except for DM (2001); BM (2000) and TC(2001) which are from the Census.	The categories of the employed are the same for countries (BB;DM;KN;VC;BM;TC)
Employed Population by Industry	Classification of Industries	Definition used confirm generally to International standards (International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC)), across seven Member States, but age limit is different for some member States;	Harmonisation depends on:
	Age Group	AG: (16-60 years) BZ & JM:(14+yrs) LC: (15-64 years)	Definition of the Employed
	Reference Period	LC. (13-64 years)	Rules governing categories of the status of Employment
	Sources	All data was sourced from LFS except for DM (2001); BM (2000) and TC(2001) which are from the Census.	The categories of the employed and their definitions.
			The statistical treatment of these groups.
			Of the 10 countries for which data was available countries (BB;DM;KN;VC;BM;TC) conform to the same definition, age group(15+)and reference period ("past week")

Concept and Definitions

All Member states generally conform to the International and Regional Definitions.

Age group:

In 12 of the 17 countries (71 per cent) the starting age of LF activity is 15+ yrs. These countries are BS; BB; DM; GD; GY; MS; KN; VC; TT; AI; BM; TC.

Appendix 2
Table 4.13 (A) Cont'd Level of Harmonisation

Indicator	Point of	Remarks	Harmonisation – Limitations to
	Reference		comparibility
Employed Population by Educational Attainment	Categories of Educational Attainment	Definition used confirm generally to the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED) across seven Member States, but age limit is different for some member States;	Harmonisation depends on:
	Age Group Reference Period Sources	,	Definition of the Employed The categories of Educational Attainment and their definitions. Of the 10 countries for which data was available countries () conform to the same definition, age group(15+)and reference period ("past week")
			The categories of the employed are the same for countries (BB;DM;KN;VC;BM;TC)
Employed Population by Martial Status	Definition of categories of Martial Status	Definition used confirm generally to UN Principles and Recommendation Rev 1 across the member states, but age limit is different for some member States;	Harmonisation depends on:
			Definition of the Employed Rules governing categories of martial status How the categories of martial status are definied. Of the 10 countries for which data was available countries () conform to the same definition, age group(15+)and reference period ("past week")

Sources:

In practice 9 countries conduct surveys annually (i.e they would most likely source their data from LFS once data is available). These countries are: BS,BB,BZ,DM,GD,JM,LC,TT,BM. However data for this indicator is only available for 7 of these countries (41 per cent). These countries are: BB,BZ,DM,GD,JM,LC,TT. For 2000/2001 Round of Census, 6 Member states (BS,BB,BZ,TT,BM,TC) used census data in 2000 while for 2001 9 Member states (AG,DM,GD,JM,MS,KN,LC,VC,AI) used census data.

Reference period:

14 of the 17 Countries (82 per cent) use pass week as the reference period.

For the period 1998-2005, **4** of the **17** Member states (24 per cent) have similar definitions, start their LF activity at 15+ yrs, source their data from Labour Force Surveys and use past week as their reference period. For the 2000/2001 Round of Census **11** of the **17** Member states (65 per cent) have similar definitions and start their LF activity at 15+ yrs. For the period 1998;1999 & 2002-2005, the data for **4** Member states are harmonized: For the Census period 2000/2001, the data for **11** member states are harmonized. Overall harmonization is Partial.

Appendix 2

Table 4.14 (A) Inventory of Areas contributing to Harmonisation of Indicators

COUNTRY	Antigua and Barbuda	The Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Dominica	Grenada	Guyana	Jamaica
INDICATORS								
Labour force participation rate by age								
group	,	1	1	1	1	,	1	1
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	√	V	√ ,	√	√ ,	√ ,	√,	√
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	\checkmark	√ 4000 4000	14+ yrs.	\checkmark	√	√	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS			1998-1999; 2001-2002	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999	1998		1998-2000; 2002
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
Inemployment rate by age group								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	√	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	V	√	14+ yrs.	√	√	√	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS	,	1998-1999;	1998-1999;	1998-1999;		·	•	
• •		2001-2002	2001-2001	2001-2002	1999	1998		1998-2000
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
Employed population by employment								
status Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	√	√
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	1	√	14+ yrs.	√ √	√ √	√ √	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS	10-00 yis	1998-1999; 2001-2004	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999	1998	•	1998-2000; 2002
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
Employed population by occupation								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	\checkmark	\checkmark	14+ yrs.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS		1998-1999; 2001-2004	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999	1998		1998-2000; 2002
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
imployed population by industry								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	√	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	√
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	, √	, √	14+ yrs.	√ √	√	· √	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS	,	1998-2000; 2002-2004	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999	1998	·	1998-2000; 2002
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						

Appendix 2

Table 4.14 (A) Inventory of Areas contributing to Harmonisation of Indicators

	Nevis	Saint Lucia	and the Grenadines	Suriname	Trinidad and Tobago	Anguilla	Bermuda	Turks and Caicos Islands	COUNTRY
									INDICATORS
									Labour force participation rate by age group
V	V	√	V	√	V	√	√	V	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.
1	√	15-64 yrs. 1998-2000; 2002-2004	V	15-64 yrs.	√ 1998-1999; 2001-2005	V	V	V	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.) Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
$\sqrt{}$	√	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other
									Unemployment rate by age group
√	V	√	V	√	√	√	√	V	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std
V	V	15-64 yrs.	V	15-64 yrs.	V	√	V	V	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
		1998-2000; 2002-2004	·	, ,	1998-1999; 2001-2006	•	·	·	Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
$\sqrt{}$	√	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other
									Employed population by employment status
$\sqrt{}$	√	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std
$\sqrt{}$	√	15-64 yrs.	V	15-64 yrs.	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	V	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
		1998-2000; 2002-2004			1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999			Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
\checkmark	\checkmark	V	V	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other
									Employed population by occupation
√	√	√	√	$\sqrt{}$	√	√	√	V	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Sto
$\sqrt{}$	V	15-64 yrs. 1998-2000;	V	15-64 yrs.	√ 1998-1999;	√ 1999	√ 1999; 2001- 2002	√	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.) Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2002-2004 2001	2001	2004	2001-2002 2000	2001	2002	2000	Census
√	√	√	2001 √	√	√	√	√	√	Reference period used - Past week
	•	·	,		3 months	,	•	•	Other
V	V	V	V	√	√	√	√	V	Employed population by industry
√ √	√ √	15-64 yrs.	V	√ 15-64 yrs.	√ √	√ √	V √	V	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Sto Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
٧	٧	1998-2000;	٧	13-04 yis.	1998-1999;		1999; 2001-	٧	Starting Age of LF Activity (194 yrs.)
		2002			2001-2002	1999	2002		Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other

Appendix 2

Table 4.14 (A) Inventory of Areas contributing to Harmonisation of Indicators

COUNTRY	Antigua and Barbuda	The Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Dominica	Grenada	Guyana	Jamaica
INDICATORS								
Employed population by martial status								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	\checkmark	\checkmark	14+ yrs.	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS								
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
Employed population by hours worked per week								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	\checkmark	\checkmark	14+ yrs.	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS		1999 -2004			1999	1998		1998-2000; 2002
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	√	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	√	V
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
Population not in the labour force by activity and age								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	$\sqrt{}$	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	√	√	14+ yrs.	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS	,		1998-1999;	1998-1999;	1999	1998		1998-2000;
			2001-2002	2001-2002				2002
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.						
Employed population by educational attainment								
Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark
Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)	16-60 yrs	V	√	14+ yrs.	√	√	V	14+ yrs.
Source(s) used - LFS		2003-2004	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999	1998		,
Census	2001	2000	2000	2000	2001	2001	2002	2001
Reference period used - Past week			√	√	√	√	√	√
Other	past 4 wks. for unemp.	past 4 wks. for unemp.	•		·	•	•	

Appendix 2

Table 4.14 (A) Inventory of Areas contributing to Harmonisation of Indicators

Montserrat	St. Kitts and Nevis	Saint Lucia	St. Vincent and the Grenadines	Suriname	Trinidad and Tobago	Anguilla	Bermuda	Turks and Caicos Islands	COUNTRY
									INDICATORS
									Employed population by martial status
$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std.
\checkmark	\checkmark	15-64 yrs.	V	15-64 yrs.	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
									Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
V	\checkmark	√	V	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	√	V	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other
									Employed population by hours worked per week
$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	√	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std
$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	15-64 yrs.	V	15-64 yrs.	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	√	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
					1998-1999; 2001-2002	1999	1999 - 2004		Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other
									Population not in the labour force by activity and age
$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	√	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Std
V	√	15-64 yrs. 1998-2000:	V	15-64 yrs.	√ 1998-1999:	\checkmark	√ 1999: 2001-	V	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
		2002-2004			2001-2006		2002		Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
V	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other
									Employed population by educational attainment
$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	Concepts & Definitions conform to Int'l Sta
√	\checkmark	15-64 yrs.	√	15-64 yrs.	√ 1998-1999:	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	Starting Age of LF Activity (15+ yrs.)
					2001-2002				Source(s) used - LFS
2001	2001	2001	2001	2004	2000	2001	2000	2000	Census
\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	Reference period used - Past week
					3 months				Other

Appendix 2

Table 4.15 (A) Classification of Status in Employment Used in Member States/
Associate Members

CLASSIFICATION OF STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT (ICSE-93)	COUNTRIES NOT CONFORMING TO GROUPS	CLASSIFICATION OF STATUS IN EMPLOYMENT USED / COMMENTS
Employees	All Member States	Paid Employee
Employers	Turks and Caicos Islands	Employer (Own Business With Help)
Own-Account Workers	Turks and Caicos Islands	Own Business Without Help
Members of Producers' Cooperatives		
Contributing Family Workers		
	Barbados, Dominica; Grenada; Saint Lucia; St. Vincent and the Grenadines; Trinidad and Tobago; Turks and Caicos Islands	Learner/Apprentice
	The Bahamas; Barbados; Belize; Bermuda; Dominica; Grenada; Jamaica; Saint Lucia; St. Vincent and the Grenadines; Trinidad and Tobago; Turks and Caicos Islands	Unpaid Worker
	Turks and Caicos Islands	Other
Workers not Classifiable by Status		

Appendix 2 Classification Systems Used in Member States/ Associate Members Table 4.16 (A) Occupational Groups

MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS (ISCO-88)	COUNTRIES CONFORMING/ NOT CONFORMING TO GROUPS	OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS USED / COMMENTS
Legislators and Senior Officials and Managers	All Countries except: Jamaica Bermuda	Professionals, Senior Officials and Technicians Administrative and Managerial
Professionals	All Countries except: The Bahamas Jamaica Bermuda	This group was merged with Technicians and Associate Professionals Professionals, Senior Officials and Technicians Professional, Technical and Related Workers.
Technicians and Associate Professionals	All Countries except: The Bahamas Jamaica Bermuda	Includes Professionals Professionals, Senior Officials and Technicians Professional, Technical and Related Workers.
Clerks	All Countries except:	
Service Workers and Shop and Market Sales Workers	All Countries except: Suriname Trinidad and Tobago Bermuda	Commercial Professions Service workers (incl. defence force) and Shop Sales Workers Sales Service
Skilled Agriculture and Fishery Workers	All Countries except: Trinidad and Tobago Bermuda	Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery Workers Agriculture, Animal Husbandry and Fishing
Craft and Related Trades Workers	All Countries except: The Bahamas Suriname Trinidad and Tobago Bermuda	This group was merged with Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers Craft, Industry, Transport and Related Professions Craft and Related Workers Production, Transport and Related Workers
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	All Countries except: The Bahamas Bermuda	Includes Craft and Related Trades Workers Production, Transport and Related Workers
Elementary Occupations	All Countries except: The Bahamas	

Appendix 2 Classification Systems Used in Member States/ Associate Members Table 4.17 (A) Industrial Groups

Major Division	MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS (ISIC - Rev.2, 1968)	COUNTRIES NOT CONFORMING TO GROUPS	INDUSTRIAL GROUPS USED / COMMENTS
	Agriculture		
1	Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	Jamaica	Professionals, Senior Officials and Technicians
	Industry		
	muusti y		
2	Mining and Quarrying	The Bahamas	Mining and Quarrying merged with Electricity, Gas and Water.
		Jamaica	Mining, Quarrying and Refining.
3	Manufacturing		
4	Electricity, Gas and Water	The Bahamas Jamaica	Includes Mining and Quarrying Mining, Quarrying and Refining
		Montserrat	Electricity
	Services		
	oci vioca		
5	Construction	Jamaica	Construction and Installation
6	Wholesale and Retail Trade and Restaurants and Hotels	All Member States except Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago	Only Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago has merged these 2 categories. The other countrires have reported them separately.
	Hotels and Restaurants	Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago Barbados; Turks and Caicos Islands	This group was merged with Wholesale and Retail Trade Hotels, Restaurants & Tourism
7	Transport, Storage and Communication	Montserrat	Transport and Communication
8	Financing, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services	Antigua and Barbuda; The Bahamas Antigua and Barbuda; The Bahamas Montserrat	Financial Intermediation Real Estate, Renting & Business Services Financing, Real Estate and Other Services

Appendix 2
Classification Systems Used in Member States/ Associate Members
Table 4.17 (A) Industrial Groups

Major Division	MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS (ISIC - Rev.2, 1968)	COUNTRIES NOT CONFORMING TO GROUPS	INDUSTRIAL GROUPS USED / COMMENTS
	Services (cont'd)		
	Services (cont a)		
9	Community, Social and Personal Services	St. Vincent & the Grenadines	Other Community, Social and Personal Activities
	Public Administrative and Defense	The Bahamas Montserrat Anguilla, Barbados; Belize; Bermuda; Dominica; Jamaica; Saint Lucia; Trinidad and Tobago; Turks and Caicos Islands	Public Administrative, Social Security Public Administration and Defense Public Administrative and Defense, Social Security
	Education Services	Montserrat, Anguilla Antigua and Barbuda; The Bahamas; St. Vincent & the Grenadines; Bermuda	Education, Health & Social Services Health and Social Work Education and Health
	Other Social and Related Community Services	St. Vincent & the Grenadines	Other Community, Social and Personal Activities
	Personal and Household Services	Montserrat Antigua and Barbuda; The Bahamas; St. Vincent & the Grenadines Trinidad and Tobago Turks and Caicos Islands	Private Home Employees Private Households with employed persons Private households Personal Services
	International and other extra-territorial bodies	Antigua and Barbuda; The Bahamas St. Vincent & the Grenadines Bermuda	Extra Territorial Organizations and Bodies Extra Territorial Organizations International Companies
0	Activities not adequately defined	All countries All countries Turks and Caicos Islands	Not Stated Other Services Computer & Information Technology Services

Appendix 2
Table 4.18 (A) Educational Classification Systems Used in Member States/ Associate
Members

Members												
MAJOR EDUCATIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS (ISCED - 1997)	Description	COUNTRIES NOT CONFORMING TO GROUPS	EDUCATIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS USED/ COMMENTS									
No Schooling	Less than one year of schooling	All Member States	No Education									
Level 0 - Pre-Primary Education	Education preceeding the first level	Antigua and Barbuda The Bahamas; Barbados; Belize; Trinidad and Tobago; Anguilla, Turks and Caicos Islands Turks and Caicos Islands	Pre-School; Kindergarden Included in the category "No Education" Nursery									
Level 1 - Primary Education	First stage of basic education											
Level 2 - Lower Secondary Education	Second stage of basic education	Bermuda	High School-RSA/BSSC; GCE 'O' Level									
Level 3 - Upper Secondary Education	Upper Secondary Education											
Level 4 - Post Secondary	Non-Tertiary Education	Antigua and Barbuda Bermuda Trinidad and Tobago Turks and Caicos Islands	Pre-University Diploma - Technical; Vocational; Associate Without having a degree/diploma Pre-University									
Level 5 - First Stage of Tertiary Education	Not leading directly to an advanced research qualification	Bermuda	Diploma - Technical; Vocational; Associate									
Level 6 - Second Stage of Tertiary Education	Leading to an advanced research qualification	Bermuda Belize	University Degree-Bachelors; Masters; Doctorate With Degree, Diploma									
		Antigua and Barbuda; Barbados; Belize; Bermuda; Dominica; Montserrat; Anguilla; Turks and Caicos Islands	Other									
Not Stated												

Appendix 2

Table 4.19 (A) Classification of Inactivity Status Used in Member States/ Associate Members

CLASSIFICATION OF INACTIVITY STATUS	COUNTRIES NOT CONFORMING TO GROUPS	CLASSIFICATION OF INACTIVITY STATUS USED / COMMENTS
House Duties	None	
Students	None	
Retired	None	
Disabled Bermuda I		Disabled / Unable to work
Others	Antigua and Barbuda Barbados Barbados; Bermuda Bermuda Worked	Wanted work and available Voluntarily Idle Other not specified Voluntary
Not Stated		

Appendix 3

Table 4.20 (A) Sources of Data on Labour Force from National Statistical Offices

Country	Year	Data Source					
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	2001	Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.					
THE BAHAMAS	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	Census Data					
BARBADOS	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	Continuous Labour Force Sample Survey (CLFSS) Continuous Labour Force Sample Survey (CLFSS) Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006. Continuous Labour Force Sample Survey (CLFSS) Continuous Labour Force Sample Survey (CLFSS)					
BELIZE	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	Labour Force Survey Labour Force Survey Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006. Labour Force Survey Labour Force Survey CSO LFS CSO LFS CSO LFS					
DOMINICA	1999 2001	CSO Labor Force Survey Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.					
GRENADA	1998 2001	Grenada Labour Fource Survey Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.					
GUYANA	2002	http://www.statisticsguyana.gov.gy/pubs/NDCdata.zip					
JAMAICA	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	Labour Force Survey, Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN) Labour Force Survey, Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN) Labour Force Survey, Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN) Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006. Labour Force Survey, Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN) http://www.statinja.com/stats.html http://www.statinja.com/stats.html http://www.statinja.com/stats.html					

Appendix 3

Table 4.20 (A) Sources of Data on Labour Force from National Statistical Offices

Country	Year	Data Source
MONTSERRAT	2001	Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.
ST KITTS AND NEVIS	2001	Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.
SAINT LUCIA	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	Statistical Department Statistical Department Statistical Department Draft NCR - Dec. 2006. Statistical Department Statistical Department Statistical Department Statistical Department Statistical Department Statistical Department
ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES	2001	Census data; Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.
SURINAME	2004	Draft NCR - Dec. 2006.
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	CSSP Labour Force Survey CSSP Labour Force Survey Draft NCR - Dec. 2006. CSSP Labour Force Survey
ANGUILLA	2001	Census data
BERMUDA	1998 1999 2000 2001 2002	Employment Survey Employment Survey Census data Employment Survey Employment Survey
TCI	2001	Census data

Appendix 3 Table 4.21 (A) Data Availability

	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Dominica	Grenada	Guyana	Jamaica	Montserrat	St. Kitts & Nevis	Saint Lucia	St. Vincent & Gran.	Suriname	Trinidad & Tobago	Anguilla	BVI	Bermuda	Turks & Caicos
III. WORK																		
1.1. Labour force participation rate by age group	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.2. Unemployment rate by age group (45. MDG- aged 15-24)	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	-	~	~	~	>	~	>	~	~	~
1.3. Employed population by employment status	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	>	-	>	V	~	>	~	\	~	~	~
1.4. Employed population by occupation	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	*	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.5. Employed population by industry	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.6. Employed population by urban/rural	-	~	~	~	*	-	-	-	-	-	~	~	-	~	-	-	~	-
1.7. Employed population by martial status	~	~	~	~	~	-	~	-	~	-	>	~	>	>	\	~	~	~
1.8. Employed population by hours worked per week	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	-	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.9. Population not in the labour force by activity and age	~	~	~	~	~	*	~	-	-	~	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.10 Employed population by educational attainment	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	-	*	-	-	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.11. Employed population by industrial group (excluding agri.) and status in employment	~	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	>	>	~	~	-
IV. ECONOMY																		\neg
1.1. GDP growth rate	~	~	~	~	~	-	~	~	-	-	~	~	~	~	>	~	~	~
1.2. GDP per capita	~	~	~	~	~	-	~	>	-	-	~	~	~	~	<	~	~	~
1.3. Average monthly earnings by occupation (groups)	~	>	-	~	>	-	-	*	*	-	~	-	~	~	\	-	~	~
1.4. Income earners in households by sex of head of household	-	>	-	~	>	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	>	-	~	~

For the period **1998-2005**, all Member states have data on economic activity for at least **1 year** for **5** of the **11** core indicators namely:

- Labour force participation rate by age group
- Unemployment rate by age group (45. MDG- aged 15-24)
- Employed population by employment status
- Employed population by occupation
- Employed population by industry

For the period **1998-2005**, all Member states have data on economic activity for at least **1 year** for **2** of the **5** core indicators namely:

- GDP growth rate
- GDP per capita

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